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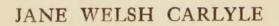


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Jane Welsh Carlyle from a painting by Gambardella in 1843.

Carlyle, Mrs. Jane Baillia (Welgh)

JANE WELSH CARLYLE:

LETTERS TO HER FAMILY, 1839-1863

EDITED BY LEONARD HUXLEY, LL.D.

WITH PORTRAITS

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INTRODUCTION

"As to talent, epistolary and other, these letters, I perceive, equal and surpass whatever of best I know to exist, in that kind."

So wrote Carlyle himself in the sad days after his wife's death when he collected and annotated the letters subsequently published by Froude, and readers of those three volumes and the New Letters will hardly disagree with this criticism, nor fail to share the feelings which found utterance after the day spent in reading and rearranging the letters of 1857-" such a day's reading as I perhaps never had in my life before. What a piercing radiancy of meaning to me in those dear records, hastily thrown off, full of misery, yet of bright eternal love; all as if on wings of lightning, tingling through one's very heart of hearts! . . . Her sufferings seem little short of those in a hospital fever-ward, as she painfully drags herself about; and vet constantly there is such an electric shower of all-illuminating brilliancy, penetration, recognition, wise discernment, just enthusiasm, humour, grace, patience, courage, love, and in fine of spontaneous nobleness of mind and intellect, as I know not where to parallel!

"... But it is difficult to make these letters fairly legible; except myself there is nobody at all that can completely read them as they now are. They abound in allusions, very full of meaning in this circle, but perfectly dark and void in all others. Coterie-sprache, as the Germans call it, 'family circle dialect,' occurs every line or two; nobody ever so rich in that kind as she; ready to pick up every diamond-spark, out of the common floor-dust, and keep it brightly available; so that hardly, I think, in any house, was there more of coterie-sprache, shining innocently, with a perpetual expressiveness and twinkle generally of quiz and real humour about it, than in ours. She mainly was the creatress of all this; unmatchable for quickness (and trueness) in regard to it, and in her letters it is continually recurring; shedding such a lambency of 'own fireside' over

everything, if you are in the secret "(p. 251).

The letters published in the Froude volumes just forty years ago (1883) number 333, besides some eight and twenty short extracts. Rather more than half were written to her husband, the remainder to various friends and relations. These letters were all that were discoverable by Carlyle himself and Maggie Welsh. In the New Letters and Memorials of Jane Welsh Carlyle, 268 were printed by Mr. Alexander Carlyle; to-day, by an unexpected chance, some 220 more have come to light, all addressed to near relations who figure in the published correspondence. Two are to Mrs. Carlyle's maternal uncle, John Welsh of Liverpool, whose personality is described by Carlyle in his Reminiscences (vol. ii. pp. 142-5), winding up with the "significant" sentence, "No wonder my darling liked this uncle, nor had I the least difficulty in liking him." The rest are to her cousins Helen and Jeannie Welsh, Uncle John's daughters; her juniors, the one by twelve, the other by eighteen years, but dearest to her of all her kindred, and growing, Jeannie especially, into the spiritual intimacy of true sisters.

Helen, the elder, only survived her father two years, dying of a lingering illness in December, 1855. Jeannie-younger sister in a string of boys, and with the pet name, Babbie, that sticks in such cases, though other sisters should follow-after a long engagement protracted by want of means, married Andrew Chrystal in 1853, and went to live in Glasgow. After Jeannie's marriage, the letters to her grow few and far between. New ties drew her out of the old orbit; the exclusive intimacy came to a sheer end. No need to hint that Mrs. Carlyle was simply jealous of the husband and child who came between them. A letter of 1849 to Jeannie herself, shows that they both had learned how a child could cut across early friendships. She was woman of the world enough to know how natural it was that Jeannie, absorbed in other interests, should have less of confidence to offer, less of response to give; and for herself, Mrs. Carlyle, where once she had pitched her friendship so high, was not one to endure its feebler continuance on a plane of incomplete sympathies. Her gift of "divination" saw too clearly into Babbie's heart and her own. Better to have done with the correspondence while it was still warm and heartfelt than let it grow cold and unmeaning.

But Babbie carefully preserved the letters to her sister and to herself, though without, perhaps, realising their intrinsic literary value independently of the freedom and the old heart to heart intimacy which kept for the years of memory the savour of a friendship so deeply woven into the lives of both. So they descended to "Babbie's" only daughter as purely family letters, to be hoarded away the more studiously because of the family's dislike to the singular and too often unedifying controversies which sprang up after J. A. Froude had given the world his strangely perverse account of the domestic incompatibilities between the Carlyles.

Thus the letters have remained undisturbed in their resting place till Miss Chrystal was persuaded by a friend, to whom they were shown, that she was keeping for herself what was

meant for mankind.

The correspondence with Helen Welsh had begun while Mrs. Carlyle's mother was still living; the more intimate correspondence with Jeannie started in full flood after the months of close companionship which followed Mrs. Welsh's death in February, 1842. For Mrs. Carlyle, hurrying north at word of her mother's sudden illness, met her cousins at Liverpool, only to be prostrated by the news that the "first stroke "had been the final one. When at length she recovered, Jeannie returned with her to Chelsea and stayed on from March to October, first with Mrs. Carlyle alone, Carlyle having gone to settle affairs at Templand, then with both, finally taking charge of the house while the Carlyles went for a change to the Bullers' at Troston in Suffolk. Jeannie's quiet charm and practical sympathy, the tie of kindred blood and love for the same persons and the same memories, the shared experience of daily life at Cheyne Row, drew the elder and the younger woman very closely together. Jeannie speedily becomes "my dear little sister Mrs. Carlyle writes to her every few days with entire freedom as indeed to a sister who knows her surroundings, her household atmosphere, her visitors, her protégés, and whose living sympathies are constantly with her.

Jeannie knew at first hand the nervous oppression which consumed Carlyle while a big book was on hand; his picturesque flow of language at all times, his doubly picturesque explosions when the little frets of every day chafed his spirit as it wrestled for full and exact utterance; the distracting noises of cocks, dogs, and pianos; the incursions of bores; the mislaying of papers; the slightest disturbance of accustomed routine by a new or careless servant; the sleepless nights provoked by the least noise in the house after bedtime; the "blue devils" of dyspepsia and the jaundiced angels of castor oil and blue pill.

Mrs. Carlyle could write to her of these things as the familiar

troubles of the "wife of a man of Genius," which Jeannie too had seen in the long months she had spent at Chelsea, and could therefore realise at their precise worth, sometimes as merely humorous absurdities in a great man, sometimes overstepping the bounds of the merely humorous and temporarily ruffling the even tenour of daily life. What might seem to be sorry complainings if addressed to one who did not know the real nature of this sort of thing, the broad exaggerations seasoned by a humorous smile or a hearty laugh, count to a large extent as picturesquely coloured details in the matter-of-fact background-elements of the atmosphere in which a letter was written-when chronicled to Jeannie, who knew just how much and how little they meant essentially, however trying for the time being, and when they are marked "private" or "to be burned," this, we are told, means that they are not to be read out to the rest of the family at Maryland Street.

From these letters the reader gains a lively impression of Mrs. Carlyle not only as a centre of social attraction for clever men and women, but as a tender and sympathetic soul under her outward brilliancy, to whom the sad and suffering turned with a certainty of sympathy and help, so long as her keen mind did

not detect humbug or vanity.

In her journal for April, 1845, she records that when they first came to London Carlyle had ironically advised her to put an advertisement in the window, "House of refuge for stray dogs and cats." "Now," she continues, "it strikes me I might put in the window more appropriately, General audit office for all the miseries of the universe.' Why does every miserable man and woman of my acquaintance come to me with his and her woes, as if I had no woes of my own, nothing in the world to do but to console others?" These letters show, in some respects even more fully than the letters already published, how truly this was a characteristic of her. She had an open heart for the stray child, the erring woman, the bereaved friend. The noblest of the French and Italian exiles gathered round her as to a responsive spirit; she could calm and guide even those whose sanity was leaving them; her treatment of the unhappy Plattnauer and her rescue of him from an asylum form the theme of several letters overflowing with unstudied pathos as well as practical sense.

With her "Shuh-ping-sing faculty of divination," like the fairy in the tale that was a household word, she picks out the inward as well as the outward characteristics of her friends and

acquaintances. With careless art they are made to live as we read; we know the lofty simplicity of Mazzini and Cavaignac; the ironic charm of Erasmus Darwin; the blundering step of good John Carlyle, "with best intentions always unfortunate." She has the gift of making us feel as she feels about her friends and her visitors, attractive or unattractive; the Prussian ambassador, the Mrs. Lyon Hunter from America, the guest who complains of his cold greeting as compared to the warm handshake accorded to Darwin; the gallant behaviour of the debonair old Jeffrey which shocked more conventional guests; the conceited cousin from Edinburgh, and the unattractive but wealthy bride who had married Jeannie's cousin; the "irresistible" ways of young Charles Buller winning his way back to favour.

Lady Harriet Baring? Yes, there is a good deal about Lady Harriet, afterwards Lady Ashburton, but by no means what the purveyors of romance would have us believe. In the autumn of 1844 (she first met Lady Harriet in May, 1843), she is ironically amused over her fascination and her efforts to add Mazzini as well as Carlyle to her train. "I begin to have a real admiration for that woman—her fascination of Carlyle proves her to be the most masterly coquette of modern times." Carlyle has been "straining his nerves quite preposterously to please" her. Early in July, 1845, Mrs. Carlyle "proceeds with her first season of fashionable life," four days of "fine wits" and four sleepless nights at Addiscombe. Lady Harriet appears to have taken to her. Being unexpectedly in town for two days at the end of September and "too ill togo out," she sends her carriage for Mrs. Carlyle—" More than gracious, incomprehensible upon my honour "-and insists "that I had promised to give her my whole winter at Alverstoke!" Very forthcoming on the part of a great lady with a reputation for haughtiness-" and yet," Mrs. Carlyle adds, mindful, perhaps, of Mrs. Buller's warning that they would never hit it off, "I have an unconquerable persuasion that she does not and never can like me!"

In November they have been bidden to Bay House; she is still doubtful, though prospects are better, since she is not in the "horribly excitable state" she was in when she went to Addiscombe. But the visit reveals Lady Harriet's strength and sincerity. "In fact she is a grand woman every inch of her—and not 'a coquette' the least in the world—if all the men go out of their sober senses beside her how can she help that?"

In January, 1846, Lady Harriet follows up with "very nice letters" inviting Mrs. Carlyle to come with her to Rome the following winter, "and she always means every least syllable

she says."

Under date of March 10, 1846, she speaks of a forth-coming visit of a month to Addiscombe, mainly tête-à-tête with Lady Harriet. "If all proceeds according to programme it will be a pleasant month. She is 'a bit of fascination' (as the countryman said of 'Tagglioni') a very large bit. I profess never to this hour to have arrived at a complete understanding of her, but that I fancy is just a part of her fascination—the insoluble psychological puzzle which she is and bids fair to remain for me!"

And in June there is a similar tribute to the sincerity in act, the reserve in words, of this "the woman of largest intellect I have ever seen."

In the following spring, when Lady Harriet has returned to town, she "seems disposed to keep up our country intimacy." Though it is her way that "she never says to anyone that she likes them," still "she proves by all her behaviour that she is rather fond of me—the mere fact of her having kissed me at parting and meeting again proves more affection for me than twenty reams of protestations from a Geraldine would do—for her Ladyship is sincere to death, and would think much less of boxing the ears of a person indifferent to her than of kissing her! For my part I love her now as much as I admired her in the beginning. She is the only woman of genius I have found

amongst all our pretenders to it."

It is from the middle of 1846 that Sir James Crichton-Browne dates the onset of Mrs. Carlyle's nervous derangement, and after the happy letter of June in that year that of October alludes to her "false position" in the Barings' house, though no one but Carlyle himself knows or can divine her difficulties. But these "difficulties," apart from her being something of a fish out of water in frivolous society, if glanced at, are not overtly discussed, though "it is a good job done" when she is home again that autumn. And as to the "false position," it must be remembered that the phrase is one of the Carlyle catchwords, and is applied to quite different circumstances elsewhere, e.g. to Miss Jewsbury's visit (p. 90) and the visit of the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar (p. 301), and the relation to the Anthony Sterlings (p. 175).

The most open allusions here to the affair are in the letter

of 20.1.47, with the thought not only of her arrival ill at Alverstoke, but of "how things would go on in another department" (though in the next letter she refers all her anxieties to the fears of being laid up and of the frivolous social round); in 5.2.47 where she notes that it looks as if Lady Harriet with her "little contradictions" of Carlyle were "systematically playing my cards for me," and in 15.10.51, where she tells of an imagined slight from the great lady.

Nevertheless there continues much on the other side of the account. Though it is a relief to escape the Alverstoke visit in February, 1848, other visits seem to be pleasurable and new friends are made there. If she ironically declares Lady Harriet's whims to be "as imperative as the ten commandments," yet she confesses to the irresistible cleverness which "even plies me round her little finger whenever she sees I am taking a reactionary turn (20.1.47), and tells of thoughtful consideration and gifts gracefully made.

How did the resentment, the jealousy which undoubtedly existed, arise after three years' cordial intercourse? She writes on January 18, 1843, that Carlyle is indifferent to all women "as women"; and on May 28, 1843, tells her cousin, apropos of her servant's remark that Carlyle "seems to take no pleasure

in new females "-

"Yes! there is one new female in whom he takes a vast of pleasure, Lady Harriet Baring. I have always omitted to tell you how marvellously that liaison has gone on. Geraldine seemed horribly jealous about it—nay almost 'scandalized'—while she was here. For my part I am singularly inaccessible to jealousy, and am pleased rather that he has found one agreeable house to which he likes to go and goes regularly. . . ."

Here shows the first spring of the romantic Miss Jewsbury's melodramatic tale which Froude swallowed with such avidity. Mrs. Carlyle herself is but happily amused at this "pleasing titillation of the philosophic spirit" by "the intellectual Circe," whom she speedily found to be "a very lovable spoilt

child of Fortune."

Mrs. Buller, who introduced them to one another, foresaw the possibility of a clash between them; nevertheless, Mrs. Carlyle confesses in September 1845 that—

"I dare say, in spite of Mrs. Buller's predictions, we shall get on very well together; although I can see that the Lady has a genius for *ruling*, whilst I have a genius for *mot being ruled*!" (N.L. i. 177.)

We may well surmise the origin of the trouble to have been the almost inevitable rivalry for intellectual leadership between two brilliant women, each accustomed to queen it in her own sphere. Mrs. Carlyle was the superior intellectually; but the scales were weighted for Lady Harriet in her own house by her position as hostess, her social prestige, her unquestioned throne among her friends, the still youthful charm and beauty of the "spoilt child of Fortune." Hers was the first word as well as the last.

The secondary effect of morphia, we are told, is to engender baseless suspicions against those who are nearest and dearest. This now came into play with Mrs. Carlyle. If she had lost the primacy in this new circle, could continuance of the friendship mean that she had also been deposed from the first place in her husband's regard? In her normal state she laughed at the mere idea. She can make fun about the sort of wife Carlyle ought to have married, a good-humoured creature with plenty of solid fat (No. 119) instead of a woman as full of nerves as himself. But baseless imaginings offer nothing for reason to lay hold of. No assurances of Carlyle's could touch it, so long as the poison remained in her system. He, and he alone, she tells us, knew of her "false position" there, if these words really refer to her imagined grievance; but he knew also of the admiration and affection which had subsisted between her and Lady Harriet for the past three years, and realised to the full that the real cause of the change lay in his wife's health. Ten years of this "mental dyspepsia" lay before her, with constant contemplation of madness or death, from the time when it first found sad utterance in her birthday letter of 1846:

"At least to quiet myself I will try to believe. Oh! why cannot I believe once for all? that with all my faults and follies I am still dearer to you than any other earthly creature."

He knew, and in this knowledge lies the pathos of such utterances of his as this:

"Adieu, dearest, for that is, and if madness prevail not, may for ever be your authentic title."

The present letters display no trace of the morbid intensity of feeling which appears in Mrs. Carlyle's Journal for 1855-6, which after her recovery and the return of love and confidence she recognised as being delusive.

She sees the futility of much of the social round; the irony of great people being slaves to the whims of their servants;

she is glad, often, to escape to her little home where she can be just herself instead of hiding her real feelings under a gay mask; glad sometimes to be kept from one of these grand visits by a bad cold.

All the same, it may be repeated, she goes frequently to Bath House in town and to the country houses, sometimes when Carlyle was away, sometimes even on a tête-à-tête visit to Lady Harriet. She recognises the grace with which the Lady makes her a valuable present, uncomfortable though it is to be unable to requite it with anything of equal value. For a long time, certainly, the balance must have been on the side of her own pleasure, with friends to talk with and celebrities to meet, though she did not feel the additional attraction that was felt by Carlyle. He found with the Ashburtons not only a second appreciative and attentive circle, both social and literary, but the company of leading men in politics and affairs through whom he might get his strenuous ideas of reform into practical currency, might himself even be called upon to share in the work.

Indeed, most of his books were written, Mr. Larkin suggests, with other than a merely literary purpose; his desire was to make history rather than to write it. His chief—and last—chance of giving such active aid came in the acquaintance with Sir Robert Peel, in whom he saw a statesman with sympathy for his fundamental ideas and with power, if he would, to carry something into effect. That Peel's sudden death was a cruel and crushing blow to his hopes is shown by the letter of July 4, 1850.

Thus there is nothing sinister or hateworthy in Mrs. Carlyle's slowly and deliberately formed judgment on Lady Harriet in the first years of their acquaintance, before the sad years when imagination was partially clouded over by prolonged insomnia and the hurtful pursuit of sleep by the aid of drugs. These letters, like others that have been published, afford glimpses of those wearing times that followed sleepless nights and useless draughts of henbane, or morphia, from the spring of 1846 onwards. They lead us also to a very full view of another character whose assiduities, tempered at length to a reasonable pitch, helped to bring comfort to Mrs. Carlyle at this hour of unhappiness. She too had long suffered from the black darkness of nervous depression, and knew how to sympathise, to distract and to heal. This was Miss Geraldine Jewsbury, the novelist, who thenceforward remained a friendly and devoted member of Mrs. Carlyle's inner circle, yet with one or two periods of misunderstanding, notably when in the late

'forties, Mrs. Paulet's irresponsible tongue—she never could keep counsel-made mischief between them. But though Mrs. Carlyle found comfort and support in her vivacious society and passionate personal devotion, and described her later as "my chief friend" (to Mrs. Russell, July 8, 1856), she knew her for an unstable, impulsive creature who possessed a "besetting weakness by nature, aggravated by her trade of novelist, the desire of feeling and producing violent emotions" (N.L. ii. 126); who made scenes of "tiger-jealousy" in the early days over a supposed preference for another woman, or of oppressive endearments over her sick-bed a dozen years later, and whose very talent made her at length, in Mrs. Carlyle's words to a friend, "the most gossiping and romancing of all our mutual acquaintance" (L.M. ii. 396 seq.; N.L. ii. 217). Even in 1858 a temporary estrangement ensued between them, "partly because her head has been pack-full of nonsense, and partly because I made no secret of that opinion " (N.L. ii. 172). The frank letters to Jeannie, who also had come to know Geraldine Jewsbury since 1842, and her Liverpool friend Mrs. Paulet, give a full and connected account of her early vagaries and emotional excursions in the evocation of Passion, many revelations of which have appeared in the New Letters and Memorials. giving good ground for the Carlyles' opinion of her unreliability on matters of unadorned fact. The papers in the possession of Froude made him fully aware of this opinion. It may have been proper to avoid mention of it during Miss Jewsbury's life; it was not legitimate to doctor the facts. Carlyle's note on the mythical nature of her reminiscences of Mrs. Carlyle is emphatic, together with his command that these reminiscences should be shown to no one but the lady for whom they were put together. Yet Froude not only disregarded this prohibition and published the reminiscences, but used the details which had been pronounced mythical as well as other unsupported romancings of this imaginative weaver of plots as the fabric of his tragical theory of Carlyle's life and of his relations with Mrs. Carlyle. His curious idiosyncrasies as a biographer have been pitilessly analysed by several hands; a very complete and accessible summary of the case appears in the Introduction to the New Letters and Memorials of Jane Welsh Carlyle, to which readers may be conveniently referred.

In making this selection, many letters or portions of letters have been omitted which deal with illness, with episodes fully told elsewhere, and with minor domestic details, but a characteristic passage has been retained, which shows her keeping on a deaf servant to her own great inconvenience, not only because she hated change, but from concern lest this disability should prevent the girl from finding another place.

Only one of these letters is fully dated. Mrs. Carlyle's habit was to date by the day of the week, and no more. The dates, given in brackets, have been in many cases recovered from the postmarks on the envelopes, where preserved, though occasionally it is clear that letters had been put back into wrong envelopes. In other cases internal evidence and examination of the Carlyle material already published give the necessary clue. A final test in every instance was the calendar giving the day of the week for every month in each year. Thus a fairly

accurate chronological order has been secured.

In the matter of punctuation, Mrs. Carlyle, writing at breakneck speed, mainly relied upon a hurried dash to represent any form of stop, and her rare use of a semicolon is very frequently at variance with established usage. Convenience demands that these marks should often be replaced by the conventional signs. On the other hand, the constant underlinings which denote stress on the word if spoken, have been retained. They help to give the written words their conversational quality. The spelling, too, and that not merely of proper names, is sometimes fitful. Even the new gold pen with a platinum tip, warranted to spell automatically, was known to betray its owner's faith. But though these casual lapses may be indications of a nervous temperament as well as a hurried hand, there is no need to preserve them.

In the frequent references to the previously published letters L.M. stands for Froude's Letters and Memorials of Jane Welsh Carlyle, and N.L. for New Letters and Memorials of Jane Welsh Carlyle, by Alexander Carlyle, with an Introduction by Sir James Crichton-Browne, F.R.S.

A copious index, including references to Mrs. Carlyle's turns of speech and "coterie-sprache," will also prove helpful to the reader who wishes to gather up impressions or recapture

passing allusions.

NOTE TO SECOND EDITION

Among the corrections I have been able to make at short notice, thanks largely to the kindness and unique knowledge of Mr. Alexander Carlyle, the more important are the redating of Letters 113 and 120, and the further evidence as to the date at which Mrs. Carlyle became acquainted with Lady Ashburton.

L. H.

23 May, 1924.

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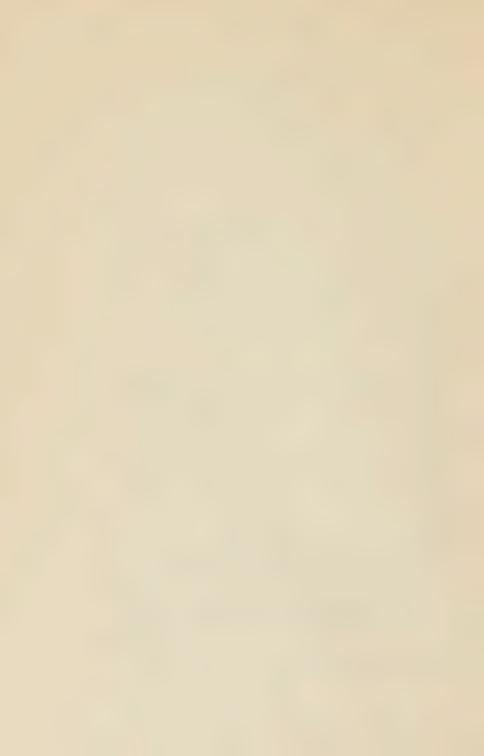
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FAMILY LETTERS OF JANE WELSH CARLYLE

I. To Helen Welsh

Penny Post impending—Return from Templand direct—Servant Helen and the household gods—Pepoli marriage.

At the beginning of July, 1839, Mr. and Mrs. Carlyle had gone to Scotsbrig by way of Liverpool. From the middle of August she had made Templand her headquarters, while

Carlyle, after taking her there, returned to Scotsbrig.

The other "Helen" mentioned in this letter is the Carlyles' servant, Helen Mitchell, famous for her apt sayings and unconscious humour, who in spite of many "breezes" and threats of parting, stayed for about eleven years, first leaving to join her brother in Dublin, and after a couple of years returning for a time. Like the other servants at Cheyne Row, she was personally devoted to Mrs. Carlyle, but varied her devotion with petulant outbursts. No doubt this lack of self-control was connected with her tendency to strong drink, of which Mrs. Carlyle cured her for a while; but though three or four relapses were repented of and condoned, drink was her final undoing. (See p. 323, and L.M. i. 121.)

The Fergus family lived at Kirkcaldy, where Carlyle kept school, 1816–18, and became the fast friend of Edward Irving. Elizabeth, who had just married an Italian refugee, Count Pepoli, a man much her junior, appears frequently in the

Letters as a constant friend and neighbour in Chelsea.

Darwin is Erasmus Alvey, elder brother of Charles the famous naturalist, a man of great charm and a faithful friend

of the Carlyles, but burdened by ill-health.

Thomas Spedding of Mirehouse on Bassenthwaite Lake, was, like his brother James the editor of Bacon, an old-standing friend of Carlyle, as well as of Tennyson and his circle.

"Old Sterling" and his family played a considerable part in the Letters of the 40's. He was the father of Carlyle's friend John Sterling, and was nicknamed sometimes the Whirlwind, from his character, sometimes the Thunderer, a nickname extended to the *Times*, because, as chief leader-writer on that paper, he had begun one of his leaders with the words, "We have already thundered forth this opinion."

5, Cheyne Row. Sunday (22nd Sept., 1839).

My DEAR COUSIN,

After the first of January, when the penny-post bill comes into action, I shall surely send "Sibilline leaves" all over the world, and you shall get your share of them. But in the meanwhile (our members being all serving their country in the moors a-shooting of innocent grouse) it is a questionable kindness to take fourteen pence out of your purse for any good I can do you by writing. For the consolation of my own conscience, however, I must articulate my thanks for your irish-collar-must give some explanation of our crow's-flight southward—must assure you that my cousinly feelings towards you have by no means been steeped out of me by my wet sojourn in Scotland, but have been preserved quite snug in a warm corner of my heart to bloom luxuriantly, I trust to the end of time—that is to say—of my time. There was in the Liverpool letters, which came while I was at Templand, indications of a beautiful delusion in the cousinly mind on the subject of my "improvement"—tho' in what, if not in the virtue of patience, I was at a loss to conceive. For my looking-glass assured me that I was growing thinner and yellower every day -and headaches, rheumatism, ennui and desperation were my portion every day and all. How could it be otherwise-it rained without ceasing, my occupation was gone, and there was One human speech to be got out of Mundells Macveahs and the like-but only inhuman clatter. I cannot conceive how my mother manages to exist in that place, yet she appears to find it quite satisfactory, nay to think it a sort of fairyland where everybody must thrive, unless thro' own perversity, and wilful resistance to its "improving" influences.

When the time came for returning Southward all heart

for other visiting was entirely cut out of me. I longed for my own No. 5 Cheyne Row with the passion of a lover; where I might at least declare myself unwell, if I felt so, without offence to mortal, and where my hands should find something to do more or less profitable. Nevertheless we were all in readiness to start for the lake country, as in duty bound, having promised Mr. Spedding to that effect for the last two yearsbut just then, a death occurred in his family which put our visit to him aside for the present-and the other two visits, my husband and I taking sweet counsel together opined might be shirked without much harm done—so we made our excuses like a couple of liver-hearted travellers, as it must be admitted we are, and tempted by my Brother-in-law John's experience who had just come down by the Preston Railroad we renounced Liverpool also, and putting ourselves into a coach at Carlyle Carlisle (is that it?), found ourselves in London twenty hours after. At twelve on Tuesday we started from Scotsbrig in our gig-at half after one on Wednesday we were in London. This was losing no time. Our little maid had arrived according to orders the night before, and opened the door to us with a half glad "half Magdeline" aspect. There was nothing a-missing—but a pair of scissors had been put in. Darwin, who had my sheets and silver spoons in keeping, was out of town, which caused a serious destitution at first. But we have got all back now except the sugar tongs and my work box, and are restored to tolerable order. Helen goes on well hitherto, and I only pray that she may not bethink her some fine day that her "resolution deserves a dram." Miss Fergus had become "La contessa Pepoli" two days before our arrival, and is now domesticated with her angelic Conte within a quarter of an hour's walk of me. They both look well content; if the romance of the thing could but hold out! She will be an acquisition to me, and I hope her bold step (not to say rash) may be justified by a better future than onlookers predict for her. Old Sterling, who had been to see her, said to me to-day "Heavenly Father! what a wreck she is! She is fifty by Jove!" But love has no arithmetic. Cavaignac says "Voilà un homme condamné à rendre sa femme heureuse! l'espère

qu'il se donnera cette justification!" I hope so too. Mr. Darwin says "Ah!"—and perhaps that is the best that can be said of the matter. London is very dead at this season—but one gets the more good of the people that are in it. It is also contrary to custom very rainy. What are you all doing in your City? How is my uncle? Is the worsted work all done? Surely you will write and instruct me of your doings and sufferings... Carlyle joins me in kind love to you all. Is my uncle going to Templand?* My mother never ceases to expect him.

Ever, dear Helen,

Your affectionate cousin,

IANE CARLYLE.

I see nothing in the world to hinder your taking a forenoon drive here. Is there anything?

2. To Helen Welsh

Delay in answering a letter—Harriet Martineau—Stay at Newby—Better view of Cheyne Row.

Newby Cottage is on the Solway coast, close to Annan. The Carlyles had spent a month there from July 26, 1841, then went to visit Mrs. Welsh at Templand, driving in their own gig. Thereafter Carlyle went to Annandale, hoping afterwards to visit the Speddings in the Lakes. Mrs. Carlyle, who "had not the strength of a robin-redbreast in her," was unequal to the visit. They did, however, visit Harriet Martineau at Tynemouth on the way home. The favourite catchword "realised ideals" is the title of the second chapter in Carlyle's "French Revolution."

Monday (11th Oct., 1841).

Who could have foretold, dearest Helen, in marking the fine glow of cousinly enthusiasm with which I perused your Newby letter, that I should only for the first time acknowledge it in the month of October! Alas, sweet one, there are depths of inconsistency in human nature which human nature's self stands astounded before, when it is at the pains to fathom them! For my part, I own at once, I am born to fallibility as the sparks fly upwards! "But then," as a certain old

* Not the village of that name in Annandale, but the farm just outside Thornhill in Nithsdale. It had belonged to Mrs. Welsh's father, and after her daughter married Carlyle, she left Haddington and lived at Templand till her death in February, 1842.



MRS. WELSH.
From a miniature in the possession of Miss Chrystal.



1841]

woman of Haddington told some charity-ladies who were reproaching her with her shortcomings, "but then, dear hinnies, I repent a great deal!" I assure you I have repented late and early of the damnatory fact above mentioned-and it has required all the illusions I could make to myself, of its being superfluous to write from Templand, whence others were sending bulletins world without end, -of its being impossible to write from Tynemouth, where Harriet Martineau exhausted in talk my every particle of intellect, imagination, and common sense,-of its being next to mad to think of writing from here, while everything about me is in a transition state-old things giving place to new-a house blooming forth in new carpets and our "rather humble way" getting itself improved into a certain modest respectability—it has required, I can tell you, all these flattering unctions to my soul to enable it to sustain its load of self-reproach in thinking of my shameful silence towards you, kindest of cousins and bonny white-skinned Missy!

Happily when I do write I have no ill news to tell you. Since my return to London I have been gradually recovering from the nervous excitement occasioned by the winds and waves and "industrious fleas" and other unimaginable horrors of my husband's "realised ideal" "a cottage by the seashore!" It went hard with me at Newby-another month of it and I must have lost my wits or taken to drinking-or died of ennui and flea-bites-but my escape was effected just in time to spare the world the cruel shock of such untimely loss of one of its brightest ornaments. And surely my husband will never tempt Providence in so daring a manner again! Since we have been here, the scales one would say, have fallen from his eyes, and he has awaked to some sense of the quiet and comfort of No. 5 Cheyne Row in comparison with all the other places he has tried and found wanting-"it must be confessed his bedroom here is the very freest from noise he ever slept in " -and several other things have been to be "confessed," which hitherto he has most sceptically denied. And so we are not to flit as he threatened me with next Lady-day—at least I infer so not only from these verbal concessions, but from the still more conclusive fact, that he is investing a small amount of

capital in new carpets for the stairs and library, which were an imprudent outlay if he had still thought of leaving in six months—and imprudence in spending is a thing which no man -or woman-can lay to his charge. You cannot imagine what an amelioration of my earthly lot it were to be delivered, tho' only for one year, from his hitherto unceasing speculations about "flying presently," he knows not whither; but to some "remote region," or "solitary shore of the sea," or even "solitary island in the sea"-where, the beauty of it is, in six months' time he would be ready to cut his throat. With some people the difficulty of realising their desires is small, compared with the difficulty of ascertaining for themselves what their real desires are. And my husband belongs to this perplexing and perplexed section of humanity. .

3. To Jeannie at 5 Cheyne Row

Restfulness of Troston and its people.

Between the Bullers and the Carlyles there was a close tie. While Carlyle was tutor to their two elder sons, Mr. and Mrs. Buller, "ex-Indians of distinction" and culture, instantly appreciated his great gifts under his "rustic outside or melancholy dyspeptic ways," treated him with the highest consideration, and were no less quick in discerning Mrs. Carlyle's talents and charm. The eldest son, Charles, M.P., was a young man of great wit and charm, the idol of society; the high promise of his career was cut short by his early death in 1847. Arthur obtained a law appointment in Ceylon; Reginald, the youngest, "an airy, pen-drawing, skipping, clever enough little creature" in the tutor days, took Orders, and obtaining a comfortable country living at Troston, "placidly vegetated thenceforth." Despite his laziness and muddling habits, writes Mrs. Carlyle (L.M. i. 171), he "deserves really the only epithet that remained to him-seeing that there was already 'the clever Buller 'and 'the handsome Buller '-viz. 'the good Buller.' "

In March, after Mrs. Welsh's death, Babbie returned to Chelsea with Mrs. Carlyle. She stayed there till mid-October, taking charge of the house in August and September with Helen the maid to help her, "bad leg" and all, while Mrs. Carlyle, and soon Carlyle also, went to the Bullers at Troston.

Jeannie was studying German, and Don Carlos is Schiller's

play, which she was reading. Creek is G. L. Craik the elder, from 1849 Professor of English Literature at Queen's College, Belfast, whose assiduous friendship sometimes proved tedious and is made fun of by Mrs. Carlyle. "Universal Knowledge Craik," Carlyle dubs him, as a leading writer for the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, and the title of one of his books, "The Pursuit of Knowledge under Difficulties," became a catchword in Cheyne Row.

"Borne through with an honourable throughbearing" was the helpless phrase of a certain conceited extempore preacher"

in his "thanksgiving of a sacramental occasion."

Mr. Ogilvie was a weak-minded patient for some time under

the care of John Carlyle.

Theresa, who appears to have grown up rather a handful, was a young girl the elder Bullers had taken under their care; her mother, living in the south of France, "a most amiable and unfortunate woman, Mrs. Buller says. But Mrs. Buller reads George Sand, like me."

Troston. Sunday (14th Aug., 1842).

My "BLESSED BABBIE,"

Another long letter—so far I find you perfect! Go on in this laudable course and not only will it soothe my pains of absence, but tend much to the good of your own soul. "The devil," they say, "is always at the elbow of an idle man"—still more of an idle woman—and to think of the devil at Babbie's elbow! and I not there to exorcise him! My dear, it would give me serious apprehensions.

But with the daily letter to me—and Don Carlos—and Helen's wants—and such Himmel-sendungs (look in your German dictionary) as the immortal Creek, I have no fear but you will

be "borne thro' with an honourable thro'-bearing."

For myself I expect to return to you "improved physically at least" (to use Mazzini's words). The first day things looked very black about me, and twenty times, like John's Mr. Ogilvie, "I wished to God that I had stayed in London!" but I have been better every day since. The place is all that a visitor could wish it—green as emeralds—with plenty of fine old trees—and just that amount of picturesqueness which is compatible with comfort and "elegancy." Some people would object to the little churchyard so near—but in these

bright days I find it rather comforting to look at than otherwise. It is a relief after the horrible London cemeteries to see a quiet spot like this where the wicked really cease from troubling and the weary are at rest. Every time I step out of the window, I go over to the little churchyard, and draw in a sort of breath of quietude from it, and think to myself, "Just so will the churchyard of Crawford * be looking in this blessed sunshine."

For the people, they are what I have always known them for, the politest, best-bred people alive. They make you feel in their house, exactly as if you were in your own, which is the perfection of hospitality. I get up about eight-when I hear the man knock at Mr. Reginald's door; dress with a deliberation !--my hair has not got as much combing nor my neck as much washing for I know not how long-not that I am more caring about the effect I produce, but that it is a pleasure to dress slowly in such a large bright room, looking out on such charming "natur!" I descend to the breakfast room about nine—where the letters await me beside my plate—and then Mr. Buller prepares the coffee, and we breakfast according to the "simplest expression" of that meal—toast and butter just as at home. After breakfast out at the window—in again at the door-and upstairs to my own room-where I have both a beautiful sofa and an easy chair-white all covered over with coloured birds. In the centre of my carpet are two white swans kissing each other among reeds! round them a hexagonal field covered with pagodas and Indian trees-and round that a border of green and rose-coloured dragons tied together by the tails! and separated into pairs by a square of hieroglyphics. You never saw such a strange carpet in your life! I am sure there is witchcraft in [it], which I shall not rest till I have found out. My bed is of bamboo-shaped like a tent-the curtains, as also the window curtains and toilet, white india muslin-embroidered-and lined with straw colour-the whole thing has an exotic character which produces an effect on my imagination little as I care for fine furniture merely fine. There is a mirror over the chimneypiece which shows me myself in the bamboo bed! I wish it showed me something lovelier.

^{*} Mrs. Welsh's burial place.

Mrs. Buller does not come down till about two—so all the forenoon I may write or read, or think, or run out and in, according to my own sweet will—hitherto what I have *done* is not capable of being embodied in words.

There is no lunch—happily—but dinner at three—no fuss about it, but everybody getting up so soon as enough has been eaten—then to the sofas for half an hour—then out for a two or three hours' drive. At eight we all make an excellent tea—last night I came in mind of poor Alick's "Aunt Jeannie, me's a terrible eater!" Before going to bed I play a game at chess with Mr. Buller, and last night to my own astonishment and still more to his I beat him! Mrs. Buller retires at ten—and after that I may read if I like in my own room.

Such, Babbie, is my life—very harmless at all events—and farewell. I do not mean to write two such long letters every day, for I am here not to write but to run about—and meditate. Bless thee, my Babbie. Give my kind regards to Helen and

take care she does not hurt her leg.

Your affectionate [Signature omitted].

Please to enclose me a dozen or two of stamps.

4. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Babbie's excellent letters—Confidence in her—Recovers power to play chess—Wasps—Mr. Dobbie and memories of Templand.

Troston. (18th August, 1842).

BABBIE OF MY AFFECTIONS,

Thanks to thee for thy nice long clever letters; which supply for me the place of John Sterling's powerful telescope—a Babbie that really shines in narration! Everything, from Sterling's champagne down to Helen's sore leg, is set before me with a most praiseworthy distinctness, and "not without" (as Carlyle would say) "a certain sly sarcasm, peculiar to the family." Continue to keep me up with the current state of my household—it is the least you can do in return for the generous confidence I repose in you! I do not mean in the matter of allowing you to run up and down stairs,

tiring your life out, and to take on yourself the charge of a sore leg—but I mean in having left you alone with my husband, without having first possessed myself of that seductive dressinggown! He writes to me the other day, "little Jeannie comes down in the morning in a kind of shawl dressing-gown, almost with the air of a little wife to make coffee to me!" Oh yes, I know very well how like a little wife she looks! and if there were a spark of jealousy in my disposition I would have taken out my seat in the next Bury coach, immediately after reading that sentence! and returned in all haste to put a check to such dangerous illusions. . . .

Our life is the most quiet and regular heart could desire the drive and the game at chess are the excitements of the day, the last indeed is becoming rather too exciting. It is long since I laid aside my chess-playing honours—and that anybody has been welcome to beat me. I was sure that I could never play well again because I had lost all interest in the game, and could not conceive myself recovering the interest-but one night soon after I came, Mr. Buller having beaten me with his usual facility, said in the most provokingly slighting tone: "I do wish you could improve a little!" And at this all my past triumphs stood up before me, and somehow I felt myself injured—he should see I was determined that I could play if I liked—and so I beat him the next game and the next—and he has had sore thrashing of his brains for any game he has won from me since. His astonishment is very amusing, but such laborious play is not a good preparation for sleep. Among our excitements I should not have omitted to mention the wasps! We have no flies here, but in their stead multitudinous wasps that take all the liberties of flies, congregate on the spoonful of apple tart one is putting into one's mouth, drown in the cream jug and the wine decanter, and keep up a continual attack on the public tranquillity-at this moment while I write they are buzzing all about me and lighting on my hands as if I were made of sugar.

I was so sorry to have missed old Mr. Dobbie,* but I must

^{*} Emeritus Rev. Dobbie, father of Mrs. Russell of Thornhill, and so connected with Templand and memories of Mrs. Carlyle's mother.

see him before he goes. I hope you were both very kind to him—and that you will tell me when he returns. I feel somehow as if he were come from the place to which she is gone, instead of only from the place she has left. Alas, alas, he—nobody can bring me any news from her more, but only the Angel of Death—in that must be all my hope henceforward—hope full of terror too—for how unfit I am to die—but, dear Babbie, I was not meaning to sadden you with any talk of this sort. God be with you, dear—and believe me,

Always your affectionate,

JANE C.

Tell Carlyle I have on his collar and cuffs to-day—and cannot sufficiently admire myself in them. I do wish Helen were better—poor little Cinderella that you are.

5. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Carlyle's walking tour plans—Visit to the Cartwrights—Virtue lies in the stomach.

Troston.
Monday (29th Aug., 1842).

MY DEAR BABBIE BUNTON,

Last night it was the thunder !—but, as John says, "there is no use at all rebelling against Providence," so we make no Jeremiahad about having been kept awake by that—it might have thundered anywhere as well as at Troston. It looks now to my weather-wisdom, as if the fair weather were broken, and we were to have a spell of wet days, which will be sorely against the white hat-and-knapsack-mode of travelling. Pray say what you can to repress his youthful enthusiasm, and to point his decision towards the Cornwallis, or the Phenomenon.* These walking-over-all-England schemes are excellent in idea—an innocent stimulant to the imagination, but they are not meant to be executed—at least by the like of him—"A long, sprawling, ill-put-together thing from the very beginning "—as his mother said of him—and with a nervous

^{*} Two coaches running, the former to Bury, the latter to Ixworth, only two miles off Troston.

system that renders him peculiarly unfit for being "thrown out, sang froid, to charity." . . .

Except Nature and the persons of this household I have seen nothing and nobody since our tea-visit to the Squire'sthan which nothing could be a completer failure—still I am glad that we went, for it gave me the idea of a new sort of man, and new sort of menage—a very detestable sort to be sure—but still as God permits Mr. Cartwright and his Priory to exist in the same world with me I should not disdain the knowledge thereof. I never saw a man that looked more like the pig pushing towards Cork while made to believe itself taken to Kilkenny—a stubborn contradictory brute—rapturising over Sir Robert and the income tax—finding all the distress of the country to be occasioned by the cheapness of victuals!! and ready to knock down any one-male or female-that dared to be of a different opinion. His wife, a most elaborate piece of formality with a very questionable fixture-smile, did what she could to keep the peace—and succeeded but indifferently—and gave us the worst tea and the most meagre supply of butter and bread I remember to have seen in this world.

On the whole, the sight of that Place with its magnificent avenues of cedars and vaulted *crypt*, and "gloomy bits of colour," and worst tea, worst talk, worst taste, to be found in Christendom, was enough to make the humblest peasant contented with his lot.—N.B. Mr. Cartwright's eyes are almost close together in his face.

... I am truly thankful that Helen's leg is restored to a state of efficiency. Give her my congratulations, and kind regards. I hope she will take double and triple care of you when you are left alone—unfortunate Babbie, what is to become of you? But it will not be for long. Mind above all things that you take your victuals properly—one is so apt to neglect that department of things when one is alone—and if virtue lies, as most people seem to believe, in the stomach, the consequence would be a demoralised babbie at my return. . . .

Bless you my good child.

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

6. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

A fireless house.

Troston.
Thursday (1st Sept., 1842).

DEAREST BABBIE,

I write you just one word of blessing in your loneliness—and if it were not for the thought of your loneliness I could not muster faculty enough to-day to send you even that much.

It is raining—and searchingly cold—and I have not slept—and am otherwise unwell—and there is no fire in the whole house except in the kitchen—where it is not very pleasant to warm oneself in the midst of four or five servants, nevertheless I have been to the kitchen fire once this morning and must go again soon—or die. Why would Carlyle put off and off until the weather broke entirely; but for his coming I should have been back to-day and had the prospect of a good fire, at least to-morrow. And why do not people above all in country houses put on fires at the shortest notice? I meant to have gone with Mr. Buller to meet Carlyle at Bury; but unless it fairs it were a wrong measure, quite knocked up as I feel myself.

I shall go in quest of Regy for the present and see whether I cannot put it into his head—as John puts things into Mr. Ogilvie's—to have a fire in his study—since Mrs. Buller does not like it in the drawing-room—it makes it, she says, "so insufferably close." Pardon me to-day, Babbie—for I am really sadly out of sorts—worse than I have been any day since I left you.

God keep you well and not quite unhappy till we come.

Your affectionate,

COUSIN JANE CARLYLE.

7. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

A chill; and a warm carriage—Carlyle arrives—Meeting with Dr. Donaldson of Haddington—Regy and his affections—Mrs. Buller described.

The New Cratylus (1839) was a treatise on Greek philology by the eminent scholar, Dr. John William Donaldson, D.D., from 1841 to 1855 headmaster of King Edward's School, at Bury St. Edmunds. He, like Mrs. Carlyle, was a native of Haddington, where his grandfather had been Town Clerk.

Troston. (2nd Sept., 1842.)

To-day also my excellent Babbykin, I cannot put you off with a mere scrap-for I am not what Mazzini calls "responsible." The cold I imbibed into my system yesterday, followed by another sleepless, entirely wretched night, has given me as bad a headache as I can well carry—out of my bed. But you will be glad to learn that Carlyle got an inside place and was picked up at Bury in a state of perfect dryness and considerable vigour. The rain abating somewhat—and having in vain tried upon Regy a cap and woollen shawl-those infallible symptoms of a fire-needing human being-I resolved to have the carriage closed and go with Mr. Buller to meet my husband, thinking that the motion with the help of a warm bottle in the carriage might put a little heat into me-would not be so bad at least as sitting shivering at home. I had met the New Cratylus riding in Livermere park the night before -odd!-two persons issued out of the same Haddington to meet, each taking exercise in Livermere Park! I had saluted him with unwonted urbanity—the creature looked so immensely delighted at the encounter; and informed him of what was expected from the Cornwallis the following day-" upon which hint he acted" and was on the ground under an umbrella at our arrival; so my husband was most abundantly welcomed to Bury. Cratylus would have us dine with him-or return to dine with him-is coming on Saturday to urge that thingvainly, I should hope-but do you know all the while who I

mean by that Greek appellative which I am not perhaps even spelling aright? I mean the horrid Donaldson-who "with his foot " (not) " on his native heath " but on his acquired Bury, is much less horrid, however, than you saw him at Chelsea. Carlyle is in high heart this morning—was fortunate enough to have fallen on a quiet night, for his first-slept very fairlybreakfasted more than fairly—and is now off on foot to Thetford, a town some seven miles off-his contentment with the place verges on the ecstatic. Regy has asked him twice over why he did not bring "Miss Jeannie." Poor Regy! he is developing into something not so bad-if he would but, as his mother suggests, "starve himself," he might indulge dreaming of Miss Jeannie-without absolute distraction. He says he will give me some honey-comb when I go away-and will send me some walnuts when they are ripe—and that he will have asparagus ready for me when I come again next year-and that I had better take Mr. Loft's house which is to let and stay here altogether-and he told his mother privately that if Mrs. Davis (the housekeeper) went away he was meaning to ask me to send him one in her place!! Poor Regy, I question if he ever before lavished as many marks of affection on any woman except his own mother.

Mrs. Buller is kind to me beyond expression—not as people are kind to their visitors generally, but as if I were the daughter of the house. She speaks to me so out of her heart as women of the world rarely speak at all—and hardly ever to a person so much younger than themselves. When I came home yesterday I found her with a large fire in the drawing-room, altho' it hurts her breathing. She had heard of my warm bottle—and scolded me for my "scrupulosity and too little selfishness," which was very amiable, she said, but kept me very uncomfortable in this world. It is all she knows about it I often think I am just the most selfish person in existence.

With all my faults,

Your affectionate cousin anyhow,

I. Welsh.

Kind regards to Helen. Tell her to look to the moths and the carpets.

To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Writes to James Baillie—Successive interruptions—The daily paper is sent on—Carlyle upsetting—His trip to Cromwell's country—Indecision about return—"Feasting."

James Baillie, Mrs. Carlyle's once-rich cousin, now broken down but unabashed, was in old days "the reigning Dandy of London"-" the leader of the Hunt in the country." In 1845 he was reported to be "getting up in the world again by speculating in Railway Shares." (N.L. i. 182, and Letter 84.)
Mr. and Lady Agnes Byng—" one of the Pagets 'whom

we all know "-were "the grandees of the district." (L.M.

i. 168.)

Anthony, the soldier, afterwards K.C.B., was Thunderer Sterling's eldest son.

> Troston. Thursday (7th Sept., 1842)

DEAREST BABBIE,

It was not headache that prevented my writing to you vesterday, and still less was it oblivion—it was a combination of petty contretemps which cheated you out of your letter. I sat down to write immediately after breakfast, but when the pen was in my hand, the first words it traced, from some mysterious and sudden movement, were not "dearest Babbie" but "dear cousin"—and I found myself, without the smallest forethought, writing first to James Baillie. In that there was no harm; as he asked me for neither help nor commiseration, nor for anything I could not give him, it was but common humanity to fling him the civil word he did ask for-in answer to his question how I did. But having told him with cold brevity where I was and how I was, something inspired me, instead of remaining his obedient, humble servant, to personate Minerva for the time being, and to write him four mortal pages of passionate remonstrance against the folly-not to say infamy-of his past and present course of life! My little sermon was so very impressive, that it made myself cry when I read it over-but I am afraid it would have no such salutary result for him. "At all events," said Carlyle, "it could

do him no ill." That don-Quixote-like speculation accomplished, I started again, "dearest Babbie"—when Carlyle knocked at my door. Would I go with him to the village to "help him to buy a box of matches and a pennyworth of pipes"? So modest a petition could not be refused by anybody with Christian bowels—so to the village we went and made the small purchases.

Again I sat down to write-to "dearest Babbie" were added another pair of words, when the manservant proclaimed outside my door that "lunch was on the table," and Regy insinuated the same fact the same moment, outside my window. Carlyle has overset all our household arrangements here as he oversets all household arrangements wherever he goes. Here were we eating lunch, and dining at six! that we might go to Bury before dinner to enquire about coaches to St. Ives, &c. Lunch eaten with more or less appetite, I was hurrying upstairs to proceed with my letter having still half an hour before the time at which the carriage was ordered, when Mr. Buller called after me: "You will not object to calling on Lady Agnes on the way?"-Lady Agnes! and I in my wearing gown !-- absolutely fringed round the skirt with rags as no woman unless lost to all sense of shame would like to present herself to a be-satined and be-diamonded Lady Agnes. I had to run and strip and re-clothe myself with the speed of a house on fire-and had just time left to make up the newspaper. Nay, after all I went—as I only discovered this morning—with two stockings of different sorts! And thus had the poor solitary Babbichen no letter written to her that day-only many kind and somewhat remorseful thoughts wafted to her over space!

This morning the Great Traveller breakfasted alone with me at eight o'clock, and immediately after set off on a horse which Mrs. Buller, who is like the beautiful lady of fairy tales had, as it were, "stamped out of the ground," for him! He felt, he said, "like a man setting out on some great commercial speculation by which he hoped to make his fortune; yet full of apprehensions and an invincible repugnance!!" It is not battle fields that he is hunting out, after all! At Huntingdon

Oliver Cromwell was born-at St. Ives he had a farm-and at Ely he was elected Member of Parliament. I tell you this that you may not, as Mrs. Buller and I have been doing, perplex people's historical reminiscences by talking of Mr. Carlyle's being gone to visit certain battle fields of Oliver Cromwell's in Suffolk-where no shadow of a battle ever "transpired"! His luggage consisted of a razor and two shirt collars:—he calculates on being back by possibly on Thursday-more probably not till Friday—when certainly he ought to be here, having invited "the new Cratylus" to dinner at six! No great treat for the rest of us! "And when are we to go back to London?" I asked, with a sympathetic sigh, "to my Babbie." "On Saturday, if you like!" That I am afraid will never be listened to-seeing that he has done nothing here as yet except throw all our still regularity into hubbub wild. Besides, Charles will be come before his return and he must in common decency stay at least one day for him. But the beginning of next week I do hope to get back—altho' I foresee great pressing on the part of all here, and great indecision on his part, which will throw all the odium of an unpersuadable resolution on me.

Mrs. Sterling writes that she is perfectly well and is "feasting on the produce of Anthony's garden." I wish her wellness may last long! The wasps have been the chief feasters with us. Did I ever tell you the Annandale woman's exclamation on hearing an account of the luxurious living at some squire's house in the neighbourhood? "Wae's to them wi' their bags!" I declare it is entirely beastly in people to go from home to "feast." If I were so "left to myself" (as the pious Scotch phrase is) that I should do such a thing, at least I should think shame to tell it! Speaking of garden produce, Regy "wishes you were here to make bags for his grapes "-positively I think I must bring you here some time to take a look at the creature. You might do such a world of good in the village!! as parson's wife—and it would be a nice rustication for me every summer! Meanwhile tell Helen to keep up her heart, that I do not seriously mean to stay for ever. And now adieu, my bambina-love me as I do vou.

Remember me to Mazzini and Darwin if you see them and if they seem to have forgotten me.

Your J. W. C.

9. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

A long sleep—Expected recital of Carlyle's travels—Charles Buller coming.

Carlyle soon after his return from Ghent in August, 1842, wrote a lively account of his journey. Passages are quoted from it in Froude's *Life*; the full journal was printed in the *Cornhill Magazine* for October and November, 1922.

Troston. (7th Sept., 1842.)

What have I to tell you since yesterday? Absolutely nothing, dear Babe, except that this morning I had a long, very interesting letter from yourself! Yes, I may add that I slept last night from twelve till six without awaking, a fact at which I felt almost frightened! No word of Carlyle. I suppose he will not have opportunity of writing—and so we shall have a fine deluge of spoken autobiography when he comes! surpassing even the voyage to Ghent!

We are rather *excited* here to-day from the anticipated arrival of Mr. Charles. Mr. Buller is just going off to fetch him, but none of us can accompany him for a drive; "Charles brings such a quantity of luggage and a valet over and above."...

10. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Charles Buller's selfish conduct, but subsequent charm.

Troston.
Thursday (8th Sept., 1842).

... I do not remember when I have been more angry at a thing I had so little business with as yesterday, when Mr. Buller returned from Bury cold, wearied, sad-looking and with no Charles! Had it been the *first* disappointment

he had given them, I should have concluded at once that he had missed the coach, and been as sorry for him as for his parents—but he has been doing nothing but disappointing them ever since I came here. He was to have come when Parliament rose, and he went instead to "Lady Harriet's "-as if he had not flirted with her the whole season thro'! Then he went to Havre "to be near the sea"! What on earth could be the benefit of the sea to a political town-wit and diner-out like Mr. C. Buller? Then he would surely come at last! but no-not yet-off to the Lady Harriet's again—then he finally fixed Tuesday—then some Thompson or Johnson asked him to dinner and he changed the day to Wednesday; and of his Wednesday's appointment this was the result! All this time his poor father and mother have tried to pretend indifference, declaring they know him too well now to care when he came, or whether he came at all but every day they have been plainly sickening with "hope deferred "-and yesterday when there had been a sort of slaving of the fatted calf—when everybody had been at work all morning to have things in apple-pie order for him-when his mother had put on her most becoming cap and gown-and his old father had gone off all smiles to fetch him-and he did not come after all, I declare I could not help crying for the poor parents of this distinguished son! and a little too, for the son himself, in thinking what a store of remorseful remembrances he was laying up for himself in after years—when he would not be able to buy back with all his blood one single hour of those caresses to which he was now preferring the poor frivolities of flirtations and fine dinners! Oh mercy, if we could but, all of us, see the present thro' the future! if we could but give to it the significance which the future will give to it, when it has for ever escaped from among our hands! how differently would we live with those we love! But never was there a truer saying than that "we only recognise our blessings when we have lost them "; and if sad experience makes us sensible of this fatal tendency of our nature, what we do is to bewail the evil that has already resulted from it, rather than to prevent future evil by striving with all our soul and strength to recognise whatever blessings we still have! You may be sure I exerted myself to help them away with their dull evening! From a sudden impulse I put my arm round Mrs. Buller's neck and kissed her. "O," said she, with tears in her eyes, "I am not disturbing myself-I am merely sorry that Mr. Buller had the long drive to no purpose!" "O well," said the poor Father, as we sat down to an unusually lavish dinner," the fatted calf, you see, Mrs. Carlyle! but no Charles!" "My dear," said his wife kindly, "I thought you had grown philosophical about Charles—as I am?" "O hang it!" says he, "so I am, but I dislike going to fetch anyone and having to come back without my errand, suppose it were only a pointer!" "Well," said she, with one of her lovely smiles, "you may be provoked to-day, for you have been cheated of both a pointer and Charles." He has been ransacking all Suffolk this week back for a dog for Charles to shoot with—and one was to have been sent in the carriage—but had not been procurable. I recommended to him Carlyle's remedy for all ills-a tumbler of hot brandy negus!—which he at last agreed to take, on my declaring I wanted some myself—and instead of one we played three games at chess! Mrs. Buller and Regy went to bed at ten-Mr. Buller and myself at eleven, when the chess was finished. About twelve I was just falling asleep when a horse in the park under my window began to neigh with all its might. "The devil fly away with you," thought I. Then there was a loud rumbling -" more thunder," thought I-then there was a great opening and shutting of doors—and finally something in creaking boots entered the room adjoining mine. "It must be Charles," I said to myself, now broad awake—and so it was. He had been too late for the Bury coach—had come by the one to Newmarket and so on in a post chaise.

I was glad at his arrival, tho' it did cost me half my night's sleep. To-day all faces have a look of sunshiny gladness—only Mr. Charles's face I have not yet seen. I had breakfasted with Mr. Buller before he came down—and have kept in my room ever since, tho' it is now one o'clock— in a sort of spirit of reaction against the extravagant homage which he is used to receive from all people, especially women. . . .

11. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Being "Charlesed"—Carlyle returns—Plans for going home.

Petrucci, an Italian exile of Mazzini's circle, whose gloom earned him the nickname of Heraclitus, the weeping philosopher.

Friday (9th Sept., 1842).

. . . According to programme I did not go down yesterday till I was summoned to dinner, when I met Charles with a certain armed neutrality. He should see that I, at least, was too wise a woman to be Charlesed, that his societygraces and society-talents should not come over me! One would say he had divined my humour and prepared himself to wheedle me out of it-I never saw him so agreeable, not to say amiable—still by a sublime effort of grumpiness, I withstood all his attempts to win from me a cordial smile! Till at last the fated moment came—we were all standing at the hall-door, looking out into a dripping world, when suddenly, as if struck with an inspiration from Heaven, he exclaimed: "I will shoot a hollyhock! Wait, Mrs. Carlyle, till I fetch my gun, I must shoot a hollyhock!" The gun was fetched—he took his aim with the most sportsmanlike intenseness, and a tall hollyhock dropt its head upon its breast! Then, flinging down the gun, he pulled a large knife from his pocket, ran up to the shot plant, severed the broken part from the stem and carrying it, dripping wet, between his finger and thumb, presented me with this his curious game! Mr. Petrucci himself in the character of Heraclitus must have laughed at this ridiculous scene—and laughing—that is to say, honestly laughing with anyone—is for me what taking salt with anyone is among savages—all ideas of hostility were dismissed from my mind and to the disgrace of my originality I am to-day disposed to subscribe to the general opinion that Charles Buller is "the most agreeable person alive."

Carlyle came in the *evening* drenched with rain but otherwise in good condition. Had seen enough to fill three octavo volumes—accomplished all he intended, and a vast deal more—

and lived that day on a quart of greengages! He still stands by Monday in spite of Regy's entreaties for "another fortnight." Whether he will hold out against Mrs. Buller's gracious mockeries remains to be seen. . . .

12. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Lady Cullum's " Museum "-On adopting a baby.

Sir Thomas Cullum, of Hardwick House near Bury, was distinguished as a botanist, following in the footsteps of his father, to whom Sir J. E. Smith dedicated his "English Flora."

Lady Bunbury, sister of Sir Charles Napier, had married Sir Henry Bunbury, of Barton Hall, Suffolk; soldier, politician

and connoisseur.

Troston.
Monday (12th Sept., 1842).

CARA BABITHA MIA,

I have only time for a good day to you! and keep up your heart! for surely to goodness we will come on Thursday; I have kept saying constantly "Thursday, Thursday," till it seems to be finally received as a settled thing, even by Carlyle.

We are going off again to Lady Cullum's-a long journey comprising a lunch and other laborious adjuncts. All her own curiosities are not enough for her-she must also see the Author of Hero worship, which book she professes to admire infinitely and therefore one would suppose to understand-tho' hang me, if I think she has ever got beyond Mammon worship, with all her high pretensions! My heart sinks at the thoughts of having to dawdle for a second time thro' all her show-roomsher "old curiosity shop" served up to suit the most aristocratic taste—to hear a second time: "This was an altar of Latona, isn't it a love of a thing?" "This is supposed to be a bronze of Benvenuto Cellini." "That silver paper cutter represents Dante's Angel!" "These gold boxes were taken from the carriage of Napoleon after the Battle of Waterloo! Isn't it nice to have them?" etc., etc. To all which I felt inclined to answer in Helen's favorite phrase of admiration: "How expensive!" If I were mistress of fifty thousands a year, I

would not make myself into a show-woman! but there is no accounting for tastes! What will Miss Hunter do with all her money? Give Babbie a marriage portion? With all her love for you I see not that she can restrict her generosity to a velvet gown and diamond ring! I wish you would suggest to her, to found a little female La Trappe, to which people of an earnest turn of mind might retire from time to time, to consider what they want!—to attain to some glimmer of an idea as to that, would be an immense step gained for the female mind in these days—and an impossible one amidst the deluge of idle babblement, and pressure of the most unlily-of-the-field-like small cares in which the most of us spend our lives—God help us poor women!—especially such of us as have not our daily bread to work for—and small children to bring up, better or worse!

Lady Bunbury was advising me to adopt an American baby of fourteen months—advertised in the newspapers as to be had for nothing. I thought that in "the present distressed state of the country" a good many native babies might be had for nothing! But a full grown babbie were a better speculation—don't you think?

Bless thee dear Little,*
Your affectionate cousin,
JANE W. CARLYLE.

13. To Jeannie Welsh at Cheyne Row

Resists being magnetized—Home preparations.

Troston, Wednesday (14th Sept., 1842).

... Well, I have undergone the process of animal magnetism,† and with the impracticability of the Bass-Rock—which proves merely, according to Charles, not that his animal magnetism is a piece of downright nonsense, but that

^{*} See p. 64.
† On September 11 she wrote, "Charles has undertaken to magnetize me provided I will give him an hour and not laugh, nor make any noise all the while—so perhaps I have supernatural revelations to report you next time."

I "have an ill-regulated mind." But what use is there in writing any more, seeing that I will follow my letter in a few hours? The coach leaves Bury at half after nine so that at the same rate of travelling we should reach London at four. You may order some dinner to be ready at half after four. Broth and boiled mutton if you like—for we shall probably be rather feverish and inclined to slops.

We are in expectation of Lady Cullum to-day to lunch here. Charles has escaped to shoot partridges; Carlyle, who is retained almost per force, looks not indisposed to shoot himself—or her.

Yours affectionate,

J. C.

14. To Jeannie Welsh

Babbie goes home—Panegyrics by Carlyle and Helen—The envy of the inarticulate—A picture to be hung.

Monday (17th Oct., 1842).

MY DEAR GOOD CHILD,

To think that yesterday I was looking at you, speaking to you, holding your bits of hands in mine, and that to-day I am writing to you with two hundred milestones betwixt us! It is one of those things which one does not realise to oneself just at once! Every time the door opens I fancy you should come in, and you do not come in! will not come in any more—for a while!—and the house looks sad and strange—and I do not know very well what to make of myself this foggy day.

Carlyle's manner of consoling me after you drove away was characteristic. He fell to pronouncing an exceedingly long and eloquent eulogy on you—particularizing everything from your "fine instinctive sense" to the "daintiness" of your person, and winding up with a prophetic felicitation to the man who should get you for his wife!

Very gratifying for me to hear under ordinary circumstances—but just then it sounded rather too much like a funeral oration!—and I was not sorry when he resumed his reading of the old Latin book. How I envy people who have the gift of putting all that they think and feel into words! Who never

lose their voice, literally or figuratively, whatever becomes of them! But this power of utterance is a greater blessing to the people themselves than to those about them—witness Helen! how often one wishes her struck dumb for the next twenty-four hours! This morning she spent I am sure a whole hour in removing the breakfast things, that she might have repeated flys at me with her Job's comfort. "Poor thing! I wonder what sort of night she had? I never saw a sweeter Cretur!" "Isn't it a pity, mem, but Miss Welsh were nearer—for it's quite surprising how fond she is about you!—and she left half a crown with me to give the Postman—I am sure he'll wonder! so you see she behaved uncommon genteel."

I flew upstairs to be out of the road of her—and when I came back—she emerged out of the china closet saying as she crossed the floor-" Poor thing, the last thing she said to me was to take good care of cousin!" You can fancy how all this worries me. To-day too we have the worst fog that has been this year-just as if it had kept off till you were out of the road of it. And Carlyle has already three times this morning requested I would "take immediate steps about getting that picture framed" and finally I had a bad night and my head aches—" and altogether," as the Dumfries Courier says, " the time is out of joint" for me. There is a frightful proposition about the picture that it should be hung over this mantel-piece to the sweeping away of all my dear little ornaments! and to the utter destruction of my privacy—for I could never feel alone with that picture over me! I almost screamed at the notion—but fortunately checked myself in time, as a passionate resistance would have clenched the matter. I merely suggested that it could not be seen to advantage—when brought so near one—as it would necessarily be in this small division of a room. so it is to be hoped it will still go upstairs.

I will not write any more just now, for I am not well enough for writing to any other purpose than the momentary gratification of my own feelings of loneliness. In truth, my babbie, I feel very lonely without thee—nevertheless, since you were to go, I am thankful you are gone! just as, had I made up my mind to having an arm or leg cut off, I should be thankful the

operation was well over. No letters this morning but one from Cordelia Marshall [Mrs. Whewell] another of the *inarticulate* people of this world—never able to give themselves fair play.

You will write to me a great deal, my dear little sister, till we meet again?—and you will love me, more in proportion to the goodness of your own trustful heart than my deserving.

Remember me to them all with kindest regards-

Ever your affectionate

JANE W. CARLYLE.

15. To Jeannie Welsh

Babbie writes at once—Dr. Adam Hunter and consumptive tendencies—Loses her way to Sloane Street—Darwin to the rescue—Robertson—Mazzini calls—Carlyle dines with the Macreadys.

Dr. Adam Hunter's cousinship was through Mrs. Carlyle's

paternal grandmother, a Miss Hunter.

Robertson, in Carlyle's words, "is the blusterous John Robertson, whom Mill had at that time as Sub-Editor, or Subaltern generally, in the Westminster Review; and who took absurdish airs on that dignity." (N.L. i. 124.) In one case at least, as we learn, the "fancy" on which Mrs. Carlyle twits him, was not mere coxcombry on his part. Jeannie had already met Mazzini and knew him as one of her cousin's truest and most high-minded friends. The "donation" she sends is in support of his Italian school, of which more hereafter.

Miss Horton was a singer and actress who charmed her world as a "delicate Ariel." A later generation knew her as Mrs. German Reed, a lady of massive proportions.

Dr. Quin was the earliest English homœopath; popular in London society, and a friend of Dickens, Thackeray and

Macready.

(19th Oct., 1842.)

You did well to write, my poor Babbie, even before taking a wink of sleep! for I should have been greatly disappointed had I not heard from you yesterday. Tho' nothing had been settled about the when at parting—indeed it were difficult to say what was settled at parting—I calculated on a letter from you yesterday with as much certainty as on the sun's rising—or more certainly, for the sun I think has ceased rising of late days.

Your letter, however, made me very wae in picturing your physical state! Had it been me, a violent headache of twelve hours' duration must have been the inevitable and mortifying issue of that amazing fluency of speech and noble disdain of sleep—but you, I think, do not (as Carlyle phrases it) "go upon" headaches—so perhaps you have escaped the reaction, at least in that its most torturing shape. Having finished writing to you on Monday, I went about a while, very much in the condition of the "wee woman who lived in a shoe"-not knowing the least in world "What to do." Finally I got up a resolution to set forth in an omnibus and call for Mrs. Buller. I had just got my bonnet and shawl on when Helen brought me up a card bearing the distinguished name of Dr. Hunter. Strange fatality! on the first day of finding myself without one cousin, had Providence provided me in another? and such another! or was it the Dr. Hunter whom John had brought us? I hurried down, not without a certain tremor-and beheld, him of Leeds sure enough! but so altered! thin, bent, feeble and in the act of unmuzzling himself from a respirator. His first words were characteristic-" Do not be alarmed, my dear Lady! at least do not alarm yourself too much! I am not so ill as I seem!" But to do the poor fellow justice, he seemed, after having got the first meeting over, considerably more concerned about my appearance than he even expected me to be about his! It was plain to the meanest capacity that he considered me a pretty way gone in consumption. "Dear! Dear!" he said, looking at my face and placing his finger and thumb on the hollows of his own cheeks—" Dear! this is not as it should be!" and then he gave his head a great many slow prophetic shakes.

He told Carlyle that his own spitting of blood (in quarts!) was all brought on by over-excitement—had nothing to do with consumption—(poor unfortunate!)—"for tho'," he added, with a courteous bow towards me, "tho' there is a strong consumptive tendency in this family, it all came by old Mr. Welsh's side!" He has been all this while in the Isle of Wight—is now in a lodging in Brompton for a week or two, and goes afterwards, by Sir James Clark's advice, to Hastings for the winter. The next winter he is to pass in Madeira—but will he live to see it?

He told Carlyle he was very sorry to see "the way his wife was in "-and that " he must freely say to him, not merely as her cousin, but as a medical man, that he ought to take her abroad and use any means under Heaven in the way of gratifying her wishes to get her out of it." (No wonder he was a well employed doctor among the women at least, if this be the sort of advice he deals in!) "At lowest he thought I should try coming to him at Hastings for a month or two-the climate was fit for weak lungs. I would have the benefit of his medical advice, and Mrs. Hunter I would find a chatty body! at all events; he did not say it to alarm me, but merely in the way of conversation "-if it was necessary for me to leave England next winter and my husband found it inconvenient to go with me (C. had looked monstrous glum at the speech about gratifying my wishes), need he say that in him, Adam, I would have a warm friend and attentive protector. Alas! would one wish to prolong existence on such terms! I mean, however, to take the opportunity of getting some reasonable advice from him regarding the pain in my side—since John will absolutely have nothing to do with it. He came in a cab and was to walk home—to Montpelier Place—near the Sterlings. Old Buller came in while he was here and told me Mrs. B. was gone to the Dentist, so there was no use in calling at Chester Place and I turned my benevolence into the channel of Adam, proposing to guide him the shortest way home, and a pretty guide I showed myself-fairly lost my way-to the Sterlings!! walked on and on, hoping always we should emerge into the Fulham Road, and finally emerged into Sloane Street! opposite my shoe-shop!! The fact was, the seeing of him-absurd ass tho' he be-had thrown me into a sort of agitation and I hardly knew my right hand from my left -so I recommended him to Providence at that point-and stept myself into an omnibus returning from town—but whither it was returning I did not stop to enquire, and after carrying me a hundred yards it set me down in Sloane Square!! I felt really altogether ashamed of myself-even the omnibus cad seemed to compassionate my case—for he would not take my sixpence! and providentially, as I was wondering how I should get home on my feet. Darwin drove up and relieved me from

all further charge of myself. That evening who should present himself but—Robertson! I thought at first he must be come to ask why I accused him of "fancying women in love with him"—but his intentions proved to be entirely amicable.

Yesterday I had to go in two omnibuses to Fitzroy Square about the framing of that picture—on the instantaneous completion of which C. seemed to have hung all his hopes for this world or the next. I returned at dinner time tired to death, having been again on the Gower Street end of the town picked up by Darwin and deposited in a regular Piccadilly omnibus! "Mr. Mazzini waits"—the disagreeableness of finding even a Mr. Mazzini when one returns from such a worrying expedition, and needs porter and animal food to restore exhausted nature !-- and moreover, it was the day of the Macready-dinner, and Carlyle was all demoralized in the awful prospect—lounging about from the mantel-piece to the table—from the table to the chairbacks-(you know his way) touching everything and contradicting everything—and neither taking the good of Mazzini himself nor letting me get the good of him-so I told him flatly to go away, and leave me to eat my dinner in peace and come again in the evening when I should be recovered and alone -which he did for three hours.

I gave him then the little donation,* but I will keep his speeches on the occasion till next time, for this letter is already too long for the time I have to spare.

C. returned at one in the morning—I having sat up for him—rather pleased it seemed with his lark. Dickens, Longfellow, Dr. Quin and the Butlers at dinner—Mrs. Dickens and other "honourable women not a few "—and men came to make a soirée of it in the evening, and Miss Horton sang them all into bliss!

And now I must go and prepare for another attempt on Mrs. Buller, who writes to me that she will be at home all day.

Bless you, darling,

Your affectionate,

JANE C.

My love and kisses—as a general rule.

• See the following letter.

1842]

16. To Jeannie Welsh

The current of correspondence—Mazzini and Babbie's donation— Visits the Hunters—James Baillie—A pamphlet mislaid— Visitors.

Gambardella was an Italian refugee driven from Italy for his too liberal political opinions, first to America, then to England, bringing an introduction to Carlyle from Emerson in October, 1841. He supported himself by painting portraits and was successful with Mrs. Carlyle and the Welshes, but not with Carlyle. His abrupt and tempestuous ways offered a lively target for Mrs. Carlyle's pen.

The Wedgwoods are the Hensleigh Wedgwoods; he a grandson of Josiah Wedgwood of Maer and a cousin of the

Darwins; she a daughter of Sir James Mackintosh.

(21st Oct., 1842.)

I am not sure, dear Babbie, that consistently with my duties to "Humanity," to my numerous friends and admirers, to my own household (such as it is), and above all to my own me, little spirit of unrest, which, that it may not fly all into shivers, needs to cultivate in itself above all things the great holding-together cement of stupidity!—am not sure that consistently with these manifold duties, I can go on writing to you at the present rate. But my imagination (surely a most fertile one!) representing you to me in these days as a Babbie getting herself weaned, how can I resist thus spiritually holding out to you (if I may so speak) a finger to suck! Alas the small nourishment that is to be drawn from it! but if the Babbie's imagination be comforted thereby, is it not well, and may not the shirts* and all other things lie over, for the accomplishment of so laudable a purpose?

First then of the donation. Mazzini was telling me that Gambardella had stopped payment! Two surprising facts respecting G. I learnt from him in the same breath—the first that he (G.) can write, the second that he has no money! "The Administrator" (old Heraclitus) † waited upon him to ask the amount of his subscription (f.1) or leave to erase his name

^{*} See next letter.

from the list of subscribers. G. told him he would communicate on the subject with Mazzini himself, and this was the purport of his communication made in writing; that he had not fit to give at present, but would send it when he had! Has he invested his whole capital in velvet linings? While M. was bidding a sad adieu to this one pound as well as to Lady Byron's five, I put yours into his hand. Having cautiously unfolded it, he asked, "What is she?" (the sovereign was it, or the writing of which he made a female?). "Read and you will see." "J. W. Jeannie Welsh "? (quite unconscious that he was taking the smallest freedom with your name). "It is of her?" "Of her." "And without suggestion?" "Entirely without suggestion!" "Well, it is good upon my honour! But I should not have thought—I mean—in a young person—I rather wonder how the thought came to her!" "I assure you she is quite old enough to have good thoughts." "Jeannie Welsh-well, do I put her by that name on the list of those who have gifted our school?" "That is her name of endearment-you had better call her Miss Welsh." "And what is Babbie? Is Babbie in Scotch the same as Jeannie?" "My dear, you are getting so abstruse that there is really no answering of your questions." "Never mind! Jeannie or Babbie as you will; she is good and our school stands in debt to her!" Well for "our school" if that were all the debt it stood in!

dened me so much that I was fit for nothing more that day. Mrs. Hunter I found a sensible, unaffected, very affectionate looking woman—suffering great anxiety of mind and exerting herself to do the best under it. She told me at the door with a very pale face and tears in her eyes that the Drs. gave her almost no hope. Their little girl, about 11 or 12, is a beauty, and a smart, well mannered little thing. She is to remain at her school here during their stay at Hastings, so I must really take some charge of the poor little thing. By the way, there seems to have been a general turning up of *Cousins* for me since you went. The day I went about the picture frame, I saw in Regent Street from my omnibus (and thanked Heaven it was from an omnibus) James Baillie, still in the white trousers and heaven-blue coat, and his

mustard unsold. It were a curiosity of rascaldom to know how that man lives, and gets his washing done!

Yesterday morning I had your letter, to hearten me after a considerable of a row about a missing pamphlet, which C. had kicked up (in pleasant consequence of the Macreadydinner), "one of those books seen for a moment—laid out of his hand, and then swept away *irrecoverably* into the general chaos of this house." It was found of course in his own book-press, the first thing I saw on opening it. But the music of our souls was jarred for the day! . . .

You perceive that I am writing without paper fit to spell

upon.

Here is the Postman already with another letter from you! a thousand thanks, my darling. I must not begin to answer it, for even of this sort of paper there is no supply *—and for time! only consider!

Yours affectionate,

JANE C.

17. To Jeannie Welsh.

The domesticities leave time for a letter—Revolution by balloon—Dickens on America.

Saturday (22nd Oct., 1842).

I have mended two of the shirts this morning—and effectually—having put entire new tails to them! So now I may do a little in the way of fondling my innocent offspring, without the sternest moralist being entitled to say to me "black is the white of your eye!" Besides, I feel as if writing a few lines to you were some small expression of thankfulness to Heaven for this particular thorough wet day! But for the conclusive rain, I could not have got staid in the house to-day—again—the third day—without having had a fight for it—and really chickenhearted as I am grown, there is nothing I can muster nerve to show fight about—nothing except my right to treat "poor Creek considerably worse than a dog!" That, with God's blessing, I will maintain to my latest breath.

^{*} The letter is written on one ordinary sheet of notepaper and three slips of ruled paper—pages cut out of a little notebook.

Mazzini was here yesterday-radiant over an "aviso interessante" which he produced from his pocket, setting forth that one Mussi, or some such name, had discovered a power for regulating balloons as perfectly as a steamboat or railway carriage, in confirmation whereof behold certificates from the Grand Duke of Tuscany and the heads of the Academy of Science at Florence, etc., etc., before whom his model had been displayed! The practical application you cannot for a moment be at a loss about! The man, having not a shilling in the world, no means of subsistence but simply this small model-balloon, is willing to sell his secret for the trifling sum of two thousand pounds. If Mazzini can find him work in the interim, the man may be induced not to part with it!—till some member of the Association in Italy may be found to make the purchase. "Then," says Mazzini, "the power of directing balloons ours; all is ours!" "You mean that you would invade Italy in balloons?—that the Association would descend on the Austrians out of the skies?" "Exactly! And I confess to you-you may think it childish-but there is something of romance, something which flatters my imagination in the idea of starting up a nation in a manner never before heard tell of!" "A la bonne heure, my Dear! but if it be decided that we are to begin the war by personating the fallen angels, adieu to mv share in the expedition."

"Now, why so?" (with a look of the most grave astonishment). "It was just in reference to you that I felt the greatest preference to this means—to think that you could go without incurring the physical suffering of a sea-voyage, and all the dangers—what shall I say?—of being sunk perhaps by a volley of cannon from the shore! and then there would be something so new and so—what shall I say?—suitable for you, in descending as it were out of Heaven to redeem a suffering people!" All this with eyes flashing hope, faith, and generous self-devotion! Surely between the highest virtue and the beginning of madness the line of separation is infinitesimally small! But is it not almost a desecration, a crime ever to jest with that man? He lives, moves and has his being in truth, and take him out of that, he is as credulous and ignorant as a two-year-old child. . . .

I am reading Dickens' Notes on America which he has sent to Carlyle. At first I found the humour too strained and burlesque—his usual fault—and the plain narrative dull; but it improves as one goes on. He is much to be commended for avoiding utterly that detestable practice with travellers of turning their entertainers' houses and almost their entertainers themselves inside out. In the second volume he gives up dancing on the crown of his head for halfpence (if I may so speak) and becomes quietly entertaining, and entertainingly instructive.

Now farewell, my Babbie, and love me well and long.

18. To Jeannie Welsh

On remembering omissions—Servants: a grave interest—Pensioners: her mother's generosity—Miss Gillespie—A local burglary—Presents to the family.

Henrietta is one of the Welshes' servants. Mrs. Martin is an old friend whose daughter Sophy afterwards married Babbie's brother Alick. Miss Gillespie, a former pensioner of Mrs. Welsh.

(26th Oct., 1842.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

having been thinking to myself that all the things I had meant to say to you had been omitted in my last letters. Yesterday it rained from morning till night without ceasing—nobody came—nothing happened—and it is wonderful how the human memory freshens all up in the vapour bath of such a day! Ever so many things which I needed to ask you and to tell you came out like invisible ink-writing held to the fire—it was as if the pitter-patter of the rain whispered them to me—Lord bless me! I am so figuratively disposed this morning! I suppose it comes of having spent all yesterday in reading Jean Paul. But I will try to check the oriental tendency of my imagination and keep to the businesses "before the House."...

Poor Henrietta! and poor Mistresses of Henrietta! God be praised it is not typhus-fever! It would have been a horrible anxiety for me to have known such a thing in your house!— to say nothing of her own and your more immediate concern with it.

One [of] the questions I had meant and failed to ask was precisely about her, and the other-how they went on? and especially the new cook?—fellow-feeling makes one take a grave interest in these sublunary cares, which young ladies think beneath the dignity of modern correspondence. Another of my forgotten questions was: Has Mrs. Martin opportunity of sending things to old Miss Gillespie, and, if not, what is old Miss Gillespie's special address? Poor old woman, I know next to nothing of her personally, but she has lost a most kind friend, and I would be glad by any little attention in my power to give her a moment's pleasure—often I used to feel vexed at my mother for spending so much of the little she had upon others, and getting so few comforts and pleasure out of it for herself-fool that I was, I made that a reproach to her which was her goodness, her wisdom. Oh, I am very thankful now that she followed the thought of her own generous heart instead of my mistaken counsels! What comfort were it for me now to think that she had for so many years of life had a little better food, and better clothes, and more travelling about, and more company at home, compared with the comfort of thinking that she made herself loved as a benefactor while she lived, and has made for herself in the hearts of so many an eternal regret? All that she enjoyed is useless to her now—and useless to me in the remembrance—it belonged to her life on earth, and her life on earth is finished; but all that she gave belongs to another and higher sphere—its fruits remain for ever and ever.

What were the other things I had to say to you? They are all escaped again—and I know they amounted to something like half a dozen. Well! perhaps I may recover them by to-morrow. . . .

Love to the whole of No. 20.

Your own,
JANE CARLYLE.

19. To Jeannie Welsh

Busy on other people's business—Carlyle's impatience, especially about the "improper" Mrs. R.—The picture framed and hung—Mazzini and the watches—Call from Mr. Finlay—A rap to the piano-player—Mazzini's English—The Italian School Anniversary—Solitude best for letter writing.

"Plato" is Plattnauer, of whom later. See Note on Letter 21.

The Geneva watches belonged to Mazzini, who was trying to sell them in order to clear off a fellow-exile's debts for which he had made himself responsible. See Letter 26.

Mrs. R. had cut an unhappy matrimonial knot by flying

to France with her lover.

Mr. Carlyle's visitor is George Finlay, Byron's companion at Missolonghi, who published his *History of Greece* between 1844 and 1861.

Saturday (probably 29th Oct., or 5th Nov., 1842).

Oh, sympathetical Babbie, sympathise with me! If I had three heads like the hydra, three pairs of hands and ditto of legs, with three times the largest female patience (setting aside, of course, such impossible examples as the Lady Godiva, patient Grizzel, etc., etc., mere creations of the masculine brain got up for its own diabolical purposes!), if I had all this tripled power to think, and do, and run, and bear, it would all have been little enough to meet the demands of the last few days! It has been too bad, "upon my honour"! so much "receiving" (as Plato calls it), so much obligatory writing, so many other-people'sbusinesses devolving on poor me-unsought, unlooked foras the kittens that came "tumbling from on high" and put out Mazzini's candle! If I could tell you all I have had to undertake for "the welfare of others" this week, you would not know whether, most to wonder at the part of Providence which my friends put on me, or to grieve for my being so little up to it! A correspondence about a housemaid for Mrs. Wedgwood-a correspondence about a theatrical engagement for the now starving Madame Fochetti !--new correspondence about the immortal Mariotti-five pounds, a journey after "inconceivably cheap chintz" to cover the delicate furniture of Mr. Charles Buller—three journeys and as many notes about the Geneva watches—deep consultations about the getting up the anniversary of the Italian School-with a running accompaniment of small household worry—such as: "Am I never meaning to take any steps about getting home that pictureframe?" "Strange! that a man cannot have a morsel of cake baked in his house, having the meal, an oven, and two evomen." And with all this and much more, too long to tell, you are to take along with you that two days ago his wisdom "kicked up a rumpus"—thereby flurrying me out of two nights' sleep. This time it was not for my inhumanity, as in the case of "poor Craik," but for my "George-Sandish excess of humanity," à propos of poor Mrs. R.! "My doctrine on that whole matter, he would have me to know, was infamous-and also, my practice in making myself the advocate of W-s-it behoved me to reform!" I should have laughed at a charge so preposterous and which he himself was ready to laugh at five minutes after. But as I had spoken of Mrs. R. merely to amuse him, when, tired and cold, I would much rather have eat my dinner in sullen silence, I felt that virtue had not been its own reward, and cried like a simpleton and so made bad worse. All this, of course, is strictly private. And the result was, as I said, two heart-beating nights.

This morning we breakfasted very late, and then came the picture-frame beautiful—for only three pounds! A deal of time was spent in dethroning poor Mrs. Sterling and hanging up the new Lady instead. She looks not at all amiss—better there, however, than here. When I told Helen Mr. Carlyle proposed to hang her over this mantel-piece she set down some plate she held in her hands with a slam, and uttered an "impossible!" from which there could be no appeal. "Oh, mercy no!" she added, "that can never be! it would be a fell sicht there!" The picture business well over I sat down at last to write to my Babbie by this day's post—but hark, the softest possible rip tip, tip! Enter Mazzini. A day's delay had been gained in paying some bill he owed, so that one more trial might be made to sell the poor watches at £6 each, instead of 5—

hours!

but only one day—so I had to start up and set off, first to Boulter's and then to Collier's the Jeweller at the top of Sloane Street. Collier, I think, will take them at that money—but would not say positively till his workmen had examined their insides. In short, my dear, I have been "troubled about many things," and so you have been kept waiting.

I remember now two of the things I meant to tell you—one dates from the day I went that far journey in quest of the picture-framer—in the evening, as I was lying very tired on the sofa, C. said quite suddenly: "He seems a great talker that Mr. Thingummy." "Mr. Whatummy?" says I—never having the gift of divination. "That Mr. What-d'you-call-him who was here to-day?" "I know of nobody that was here to-day but Countess Pepoli." "Oh, I forgot—you did not see him—it was that brother of Walter Macgregor's!" For the rest he seemed to be rather disappointed in his "interesting appearance," he supposed, because I had led him to expect too much. He, Mr. Finlay, told him he was going to write a book upon Greece—expressed the greatest detestation of London—and the interview seemed to have gone off, if not rapturously, at least amicably enough.

The other thing was still less momentous and yet worth telling to one's Babbie—it was a shock that was given to "the deep, deep sea." The young Lady had been very incessant one forenoon—and Carlyle was in a fix with his writing. He tried to vent his impatience in walking violently to and fro over my head—at last seized with a movement of fury he took up the poker, and with the head of it gave two startling blows on the wall "exactly opposite where he fancied the young Lady seated." The music—if music it can be called, ceased in one moment—and all was quiet as death in No. 6 for the next twelve

Darwin and Mazzini met here the other day and the three of us sat with our feet on the fender—the folding doors being closed—and talked about "things in general," forming the most confidential little fireside party I have seen for a good while. Mazzini said that Sismondi had at one time been "nearly lapidated." "Nonsense," said I, "you should say stoned,

Piano

there is no such word as lapidated in that sense." "Let him alone," said Darwin, "he is quite right, lapidated is an excellent word." "Do not mind him," said I to M., "he only wants to lead you into making a mistake." "But are you sure?" asked M. with the greatest simplicity—"in the Bible, for instance, does not She call it lapidated in speaking of St. Stephen?" This femalizing of the Bible so delighted Darwin that he gave a sovereign to the school! the deficit will surely get filled up in time. Nay, he almost promised to attend the anniversary when all the organ boys are to have a supper and the best learners receive medals. Carlyle will not go I fear-but if I am well enough and can front all the black, black eyes that will flash out on me if I present myself along with the Capitano, I will go and put my sovereign into "the bason or box, what shall I say?" that is to be placed at the door. Elizabeth also wants to go-but Pepoli hesitates-from political fears. Pepoli, I think, needs only to show his face to make Austria entirely at ease respecting his purposes—whether he appear as a patron of the school or no.

Dear child, I write you all this wash to-night while I have leisure—and one knows not what to-morrow or next day may bring forth. I have generally leisure in the evenings, but when C. is sitting opposite to me at the same table, besides his objecting to "the squirting of my pen," I feel always as if there was a shadow between me and the person I am addressing—you will understand this feeling better than you once could have done—having got accustomed yourself to a certain seclusion while writing or doing anything with your head! To-night C. is gone to Darwin's.

. . . My love and kisses to them all. Love me, my child, and be sure that I love you always, always like the dearest little sister.

Ever your,
J. CARLYLE.

20. To Jeannie Welsh

Mazzini and the watches—Mrs. Sterling ill—Old Sterling falls asleep while paying a call—The Laings—Irregular hours in the house.

Monday (31st Oct. or 7th Nov., 1842).

DEAR.

My letter being of rather ancient date (Saturday night) I add a line that you may know me, up to Monday, still in the land of the living and the loving.

Already (at 12 o'clock) have I been up, poor wretch, to Collier's [the jeweller]—in omnibus—respecting those melancholy watches—delivered after all—found to be "of inferior quality," so that Mazzini has nothing left for it but to sell them to the Frenchman for £15—well if he gets the money from him even at that absurd price! "Virtue its own reward"—was there ever a greater bêtise than that current among articulate speaking men! Virtue its own punishment were a maxim much less liable to exception.

Old Sterling came yesterday giving lamentable accounts

of "my poor dear wife." . . .

The old gentleman in the midst of our tête-à-tête suddenly dropt silent. I looked round at him after a minute or two, and saw him with his features all pinched together, his mouth a little open-profoundly asleep !-- and I thought it one of the most rational and friendly-looking modes of transacting a forenoon visit that I had fallen in with for a good while. He awoke after a quarter of an hour or so, exclaiming "Gracious God, have I been dreaming?" "You know best," said I. "I only know that you have been asleep." You may figure the apologies! The Laings, male and female, were also here yesterday—a pretty little thing she is but I think a considerable of a goose. She made the most loving inquiry after you. I told her I had set my heart on your marrying her Father-in-law. She laughed immoderately but said you were not to be taken in by his assiduities, for he was a very general lover of young ladies-" he said there is so much more freshness about them than older women "-naturally.

Our house is on a sort of climax of irregularity just at present —C. orders the dinner at half after four and keeps it waiting

till six—goes to bed at two—and the breakfast prolongs itself into midday. It is an evil in its way to a punctually disposed person like myself. . . .

21. To Jeannie Welsh.

A day's occupations—A housekeeper for R. Buller—A note from the Macreadys—C.'s portrait by Gambardella—Plattnauer comes to bid farewell—A difficult trio of visitors—Anne Fox's copy of C.'s portrait—C.'s hair, and cottonwool—Mazzini and the watches—Sponged on by his compatriots—Cavaignac and his character—C. forgets to post a letter—Humour and virtue.

Mrs. Strachey, Anglo-Indian by birth and by marriage, was younger sister of Mrs. Buller; her father, General Kirkpatrick. The charming Kitty Kirkpatrick, Carlyle's early admiration, was a cousin, child of their uncle's romantic marriage with an Indian Begum.

Rio, "a wandering, rather loud and headlong, but innocent-hearted, French friend, Neo-Catholic, etc." (T. C. in L.M. i. 313), and again "a sort of French John Sterling" (N.L. i. 73).

Mrs. Jameson, the indefatigable writer on art, who rejoiced

in an "extraordinary wealth of accomplished friends."

Mrs. Milner Gibson, wife of the M.P. and Cabinet Minister who was one of the apostles of free trade and free newspapers, was the daughter of Sir Thomas Cullum mentioned in Letter No. 12. Her salon in London was frequented by the literary celebrities of the day and the French and Italian political exiles, including Mazzini. She was godmother to one of Dickens' children.

Plato, nickname for Plattnauer, a German of good family connexions, at that time tutor to the Marquis of Ailesbury's son (see p. 124). His queer ways culminated in active madness; subsequent letters tell how Mrs. Carlyle, who had much influence over the poor soul, delivered him from a madhouse, and got into touch with his "hochwohlgeborn" relatives.

William Cunningham reappears as a collector of pictures.

William Weir, first editor of the Glasgow Argus, migrated to London, and finally became editor of the Daily News. His drawback was deafness.

George Darley, poet and mathematician (d. 1846), was at this time dramatic critic of the *Athenæum*. The Carlyles liked him, but conversation with him dragged, as he had a bad stammer.

The "tame Foxes" are the Quaker family of Falmouth.

Godefroi Cavaignac, "the chivalrous and grandly humorous" (T. C. in L.M. i. 248), was the one among the exiles with whom Carlyle ever had any intimacy, the superior, he thought, of his younger brother Eugene, subsequently President of the short-lived French Republic. Godefroi and Mrs. Carlyle had a deep affection and regard for one another. Cf. Letter 160.

The author of the sketch of Walter Welsh is probably the Mr. Hick mentioned in Letter 25. Harriet is Miss Martineau.

Now stop! Have you eaten your breakfast? if not, eat it the letter will not cool by keeping—the tea and toast will!

Sunday (? 13th Nov., 1842).

BELOVED BABBIE,

Take yesterday as a sample of my whole week, and then wonder, if you can, that I was so many days without writing to you!

I rose at half after seven; early enough in all conscience for a November morning! It was rough weather, both without and within-one of those mornings in which "the Devil" is requested to "fly away" with things, and does at all events fly away with one's whole comfort! The breakfast over, I sat down in my dressing gown to repair my only wearing gown -three days before I had put one new wristband to it, and now it was full time to finish with the other. As I cannot work in the Miss-Tanner-fashion it was eleven before I had got myself dressed. Then arrived, by appointment, the Housekeeper for Mr. Reginald Buller, on her way from Glasgow to Troston, to receive my instructions as to the remaining fraction of her journey and to be told by me I know not what—for the last day I saw Mrs. Buller she "did not know the least in the world" what she was saying—one of those days with her in which when she asks for a comb she means her shoes. The woman satisfied me entirely, a large, effectual, maternal looking woman, whom I should have chosen out of a thousand to put poor dear Regy into the hands of. After an hour's speech with her, I sent her off to the Golden Cross to secure her place for Monday, and sat down to inform Reginald she was under way-and would need to be picked up with her boxes at Bury-that done, the

house-keeper concern at least would be finished off, and then I would write to my Babbie in peace. But in the midst of my writing enter Helen with a letter post-marked Ixworth. Here you must stop and read the said letter, which I will enclose.

Well !—was not there a pretty mess? What on earth to do? let the poor woman go on and plump into the thick of this cabal, or try to stop her till it had settled itself—I absolutely thumped my brow in despair—at last I decided on letting Destiny take its course, but you may fancy how many more pages it required to make all the reasons plain to the capacity of a Regy, besides soothing his agitated mind. And then an equally long letter had to be improvised to Regy's mother—and that again enclosed in a few lines to Mrs. Strachey—Mrs. Buller's new address having escaped my memory—sixteen pages of close writing went among them—and I am sure there was not one superfluous line!

All this scribbling brought me to the post hour and a dinner of stewed beef-and an hour on the sofa afterwards was hardly enough to compose my distracted "brains" (as Rio says). After tea I sat down with the gathered up wreck of my faculties to mend the last of the shirts—when tap tap—another note from Mrs. Jameson (about the five pounds) the contents of which required to be immediately communicated to Pepoli. That done, again I turned to the shirt—feeling even sewing a blessedness after so much writing-but again the knocker with loud single stroke shook me to the centre of my poor beingand Helen brought me a note to which an answer was to be returned by the Bearer-I tore it up with a quite piteous "Oh merciful Heaven!" and found it a hurried request from Miss Macready that I would send Madame Fochetti's address, or if I did not know it, send the Bearer to where it could be had, as "William" very particularly wished to have it that evening some fix at the Theatre most likely—in which William had kindly bethought himself of my protégée—a note to be written to Mazzini-and another to Miss M. in case of Mazzini's being from home-and Helen to be sent off with the man to show him his way—being a servant of the Theatre ("quite a stranger

in this part of the country"). I could hardly help saying to myself when I went to bed after all this: "If ever I undertake anything for the good of any human again!"

To-day (Sunday!) Carlyle is sitting to Gambardella! In passing to Mrs. Sterling's one day I seduced him into G.'s room to see Harriet and Mrs. Milner Gibson-with both which pictures he was enthusiastically pleased and readily yielded to -nay almost anticipated Gambardella's request of another two hours to make the picture for America a little uglier and more cross-looking. I do not understand how G. should be at a loss for one sovereign—sitters seem to be pouring in upon him and paying him large prices-young Laing is done, as cleverly as the father. I declined going because it bores me to see C. sit—and also because I half expected Plato, who came, at eleven, in a cab-poor fellow !-he looked sadly wearied-and out of humour with the world—one of the fatalest symptoms of which was the accusations he made of me for being "so calm—to look at me and read my letters one would say that I had never a cross moment—a very enviable state of indifference, which he admired but was sorry he could not imitate!" Before the church dismissed a rap came to the door, whereupon he said with some emotion: "there is someone coming; now I have seen you, and must bid you farewell "-and so saying, he took my hand and kissed it rather impressively—kissing one's hand is so much selon les règles in foreign leave-takings, that I thought nothing of it at the moment, but considering afterwards, how remarkably reserved this particular foreigner has always shown himself in practical things (recollect, for instance, the washing of his hands!) it struck me all of a heap that he had taken leave of me for good and all—that he is meaning to quit his Ailesburys in Paris and return to England no more if he can help it. Several words he let fall were in accordance with such a hypothesis. If so-I shall be sorry-" This minds me," (as Helen says) of something Helen said the other day-speaking of vou she remarked that "certainly you were most insinuating! and if Mr. Plattnauer (!!!) or any nice mannerly gentleman like that wanted a real, good, most virtuous wife, and a pretty cretur, he might think himself blessed to get you "-decidedly, so he

might!—But to return, the someone who came in was Mr. Lucas, as dreadfully happy as usual, and he has worn me out with laughing at I know not what—

Evening.

Oh Babbie, such a day of human speech—I was interrupted by William Cunningham who sat two hours and a half !--sat out Craik, Weir and Darley !- Now consider that party and fancy me, with my uncertain voice, in the midst of it !- Darley who cannot speak-Craik who cannot be spoken to, and Weir who is as deaf as a post! But the three incompatibilities went before I was tempted to take my dagger to them and left me to resume an ethical discussion with William Cunningham. The motives of human action, the aims of ditto, the nature and qualities of ditto-finding there was going to be no end to it I told him at last, that the action which was always stopping at every step, to ask from whence it came, and whither it was going, and what was its merit or demerit, appeared to me in danger of getting into "a regular fix," at all events of becoming inordinately self-conceited—and that I could sooner forgive a man who did wrong unconsciously than one who lived in a continual pretension to do right.

But all this while I have not thanked you for your dear long letter. "Ah!" your little imagination moved me almost to tears—and I could have stretched out my arms and caught the visionary Babbie and "kissed" her not once or twice, but twenty times over. I kiss nobody at present—I do not know how I may look to Plattnauer, but I certainly feel "cross"—and excessively.

I was twice to Knightsbridge during the last week. Mrs-Sterling is really ill—is threatened, the Dr. says, with disease of the heart—and I must go to her often so long as I keep on foot—not because her husband asks it of me with ever ready tears, but in gratitude for all the kind nursing she bestowed on myself when she was less wearisome than now. It is to be said, however—and that is really the most serious looking symptom I see about her, that her disposition is strangely softened and improved from what it was in summer—the continual fret about

everything and nothing has quite subsided. She has become affectionate and studious about other people's comfort as of old, and seems to cling to me as of old to cheer her solitude. I am glad that it is thus—for I should have felt myself bound to be good to her, in whatever frame of mind—but the continuance of the mood she had got into in summer would have made all kindness from me of no avail to her, and very uphill work to myself. But it is a pity she is so far off in this cold weather.

The basket Harriet spoke of is come, and I wish that I could send you a sight of it. . . . Another present I have received last week of a much less satisfactory nature. One of the nice little tame Foxes has copied for me the sketch of my husband carried away in triumph from Lawrence's by John Sterling—the intention was beautiful, but the performance—never, never was anything so hideous in shape of a likeness! I not only would not hang it up on any wall for the world, but wish very much that "the devil would fly away with it" out of the house! It is carefully secured under glass too! poor little well-meaning but mistaken Quakeress, and of course I had to write her a letter of thanks! you may conceive the difficulty!

Carlyle is going on much as usual—Helen ditto—the cat only seems better than usual—its spirits are almost too much for me! Helen says "it is the strangest cat, it is just dottedly fond of her! really adores her, to say the truth, and yet it will not suffer her to touch it." In what manner it had expressed its adoration, I could not discover. Mercy, I had as near as possible forgotten—the potatoes—I can say now quite decidedly No, do not send any—the man's are so much improved that it were ingratitude both towards him and Providence to seek further.

C.'s hair is creeping slowly over the tops of his ears, but that is all the way it has got. Meanwhile the cotton is still used for one ear—in which, however, it never stays long, but is generally to be seen (not without astonishment by the uninitiated) sticking, a small white pellet, at the end of some stray hair—for all the world like a snowberry! The Frenchman did not give the fifteen pounds for the watches—would give no money

—only hopes of money—which were not available for paying a bill—and then, as I had always foretold, he got fourteen pounds to pay in addition, at the very same moment for that thriftless Scipione Petrucci—of course there was nothing for it but the old resource, borrowing on exorbitant interest from the money-lenders! He said to me with a bitter smile: "I am fortunate, you see!—I have always credit." Surely he has been so imposed on by one and another of them of late that he will become a little wiser.

Now if I have left what I am about to tell you to the very end, it is not by any means that I reckon it the least event of the week. I had a letter the other day from Cavaignac and he will come before the winter end, if all go right. With all men "appearances are deceitful," sometimes—but with Cavaignac they are almost invariably so !-- and having found this on long knowledge of him, I never now judge him by appearances; accordingly his silence all these months, which in any other so related to me, I should have accounted ungracious, not to say unfeeling—in him I accepted merely as one of his eccentricities from which no sure indication was to be discovered of his actual feelings towards me; which ought not therefore to be allowed to influence my feelings towards him. And this time as always he has justified my great faith. After alluding quite slightly to vexations he has had and illness he has had, he says with that manly frankness which so delights me in him: "n'avoir pas senti un besoin de vous écrire un mot de sympathie et d'amicale consolation qui l'importât sur tout ce qui me tenaitc'était à ne pas se reconnaître soi-même "-so long as the soi-même continues friend to me I am mighty indifferent about the rest. Oh, Babbie dear! I do think that the men in constituting themselves our judges are very unjust to us! One thing for example: how often we hear them say! that women value the small change of friendship quite above the solid gold or to speak in plain English, that we prefer those who "set in chairs" for us and pay us all sorts of small attentions, to those who, in neglecting them, have nevertheless our interests really at heart! Silly women do so, and do many other silly things. And I should like to know, is the conduct of silly men always



From a photograph by Gwyn Collier.



MAZZINI. From a photograph by Elliott & Fry.



perfect ?-But a woman of sense-I judge by myself (!) can dispense with the "small change" without a sigh, where she knows that a true affection is felt for her-only where she has no ground to believe in such an affection, if she pocket the small change with "a certain" thankfulness, is not that her goodness rather than her folly?

Monday morning.

You received my last letter a day later than you ought to have done. Carlyle took it with two others of mine to the post office-put in some letters of his own out of a separate pocket and brought back my three an hour and half after post time-"It was no fault of his" however !- "he had no recollection of ever having charged himself with them." . . .

I return Walter's image-which is indeed a rare work of art! the man who did it must have genius—at all events virtue -as according to Carlyle all genuine humour has its foundation in virtue-nay is virtue's self. Love to them all-

Your affectionate

I. C.

22. To Jeannie Welsh

Early rising and Babbie's letters-Carlyle looks askance at the Italians.

(15th Nov., 1842.)

My EMPHATIC AND insinuating BABBIE,

Be good then !--or rather--continue good! and I will not Miss-Babbie you any more. I know your difficulties, my poor child, and it is just because I know them, that I regard the first step of giving way to them as a thing to be counteracted by all means, gentle and ungentle. . . .

I want your letters for myself-they are very cheering to me in my solitary forenoons, especially when we have risen early and my enviable calm has had itself ruffled. I find that I can get thro' the rest of the day more contentedly and good-temperedly with the kind words of Babbie in my earsand so—I wish naturally to have them always in my ears—at least some audible echo of them.

It seems to me I have a great many things to tell you, but must keep them till my head is clearer, for as I said it is aching to-day still, and prudence recommends that I should allow it all possible repose—but I could not let alone giving you my blessing for two such nice long letters. Thank heaven it could not be the Italian Anniversary that has made me illor I should be hearing of it on the deafest side of my head-I did not go to the Anniversary—tho' the Pepolis offered to take me with them in their fly and I had almost got the length of wishing to go-C. had looked so thundery on the whole business —as if the education of organ boys were something nearly amounting to felony—and has in fact taken up of late such a spirit of persecution (for I can call it nothing less) against everything connected in the remotest degree with "young Italy "that I foresaw an amount of ill-humour on account of my lending my countenance (that is to say, his wife's countenance) to "a nest of young conspirators" which would be too dear a price, I thought, to pay for any satisfaction I might have or give by going—so I staid at home and was rewarded for my conjugal docility by having Craik! Mrs. Jameson and Elizabeth were highly pleased—but I will tell you all about it when I am abler. . . .

Bless you, darling—pray for me.
Your own J. C.

23. To Jeannie Welsh

Mazzini's School Anniversary—Gambardella's portraits of C. and Mrs. C.—His letter from Mrs. Reid—Gambardella and Mrs. C.'s age—Young Laing's MS.—The old Dairywoman and her husband—Fasting—The musical neighbour.

"Upon my honour"—one of Mazzini's idioms.

Dr. Rossetti was Professor of Italian at King's College, and father of Christina and Dante Gabriel Rossetti.

John Forster, best remembered as the friend and biographer of Dickens, was in his day one of the foremost figures in literature and criticism. He was affectionately known to the Carlyles as "Fuz"

Wednesday (16th Nov., 1842).

Darling—the four ill-written pages I sent you yesterday, evinced a more determined concern for your happiness, than twenty well-written would have done under more favourable circumstances! For yesterday was a bad day with me, "upon my honour," and the second bad day too which made it the worse to bear up against. Now I am "pretty well" again and hasten to make hay while the sun shines, that is to write while the rain rains—With dry weather one may foresee there will come a flight of visitors to make up for time lost—to them—I have set a sempstress to work—in the kitchen—finding that the needlework of this house was threatening to engulf me bodily. I have written a trio of other-people's-business-notes, and now I am all for my Babbie!

First of the Anniversary: "the moral satisfaction was complete, the financial rather disappointing." Thirteen pounds was the sum collected including the immortal five-from which deduct the expenses and there would remain, I am afraid zero-or perhaps even a deficit-the supper of itself must have gone with a half-forty-five gallons of beer, fifty pounds of macaroni, and roast beef of unascertained quantity! to be sure there were two hundred and fifty sat down to what the Dumfries Courier would call "the festive board," and the fine times of miraculous loaves and fishes are long gone by; tho' God knows if ever there was a time when men had more need of them! think of the boiled dead dog !- The supper transacted itself in a tavern hard-by, at the close of the business-leaving the schoolroom to more poetical purposes-to distribution of prizes—speeches of "the founder" (anglicé the Committee) and "what shall I say, strange things upon my honour"! You may be sure that old Petrucci would not let slip so fine an occasion of gratifying his melodramatic propensities and accordingly a series of scenas were most unexpectedly introduced which the audience must have been charmed to find themselves "assisting at "-for nothing-I mean gratis. Of the first, poor unsuspecting, horror-struck Mazzini was made at once the hero and the victim! When all had spoken who were to speak, he came forward—very shame-faced, as you may fancy,

and "unveiling himself as the original founder" (in defiance to Baldanoni who had said he dared not) he made a most moving address to the school as learners and as patriots. When he had finished amidst shouting like to bring down the ceiling there stepped forth from the pupils' benches the least boy some twelve years old—who advanced blushing, and laid a bouquet at his feet! then putting his little hand in his breast, he pulled out a little paper, and proceeded to read a little sonnet to his (Mazzini's) honour and glory !- Just fancy this! and consider the sort of man! and admire him that he did not turn round and brain old Petrucci on the spot-from whose goose-head of course this coup de théâtre must have emanated! Nor was that all the trials his modesty had to undergo—an Italian girl next advanced from the pupils' benches (there are nine female pupils—some English, the wives of Italian operatives—and some Italian) a very beautiful girl too,—came forward in an accès of enthusiasm genuine—for this part of the exhibition was spontaneous—and humbly besought him to give her one flower of his bouquet!! and an English woman, who would not be behind the foreigner, called God to witness that he was the *Prophet* of her time!! The moral satisfaction might well be "complete," more than complete one would say !-Nor had Petrucci forgotten himself-when the company were about to disperse one of the pupils again stepped forth, and declared that it would make their enjoyment perfect if Mr. Petrucci would favour them with an improvisation. "Oh, impossible, impossible!"—with all sorts of covish grimacing—at length he allowed himself to be so far prevailed upon that "he would read them a composed poem of his own-" which he thereupon drew all ready from his pocket—and calling to him "the Dr. Rossetti" the two old fools proceeded to deliver in horrible recitative a dramatised poem written for the occasion! What the "well-wishing English" thought of all this, I cannot pretend to say-a good deal of inward laughter must I should think have transacted itself-fortunately there were few English present-of women only Elizabeth and Mrs. Jameson, the one, half Italian by marriage, and the other, two-thirds so by nature.

Did I tell you the fate of Gambardella's picture of Carlyle? I think not. At C.'s desire I stept in to see it one day in passing to the Sterlings'-Spiridion (his other name is quite too long for writing) almost without opening his lips set it up before me. He had put in a small triangular light just at the joining of the nose and brow which gave it the appearance of smelling something to which assafoetida was a joke, and another very broad, circular one in the middle of the under lip-which I cannot describe unless you can fancy such an unheard of thing as a lip ignited by a lucifer-match !-- I looked at it for a moment with all the gravity I could muster, and then looked at the painter. Our eyes met, and both exploded with laughter! "The fact is," said G., "that poor man can not sit! and will never get himself painted in this world—unless from memory by someone who has studied his face " (in this last observation I believe there was a deal of sound sense). "But we must not tell him so," he continued, "it would vex him, and the poor man has done the best he could! just let it pass for my want of talent, and I will do him a picture of you to make up to him for his lost time!" And then he made me sit down and read two letters from Mrs. Reid which I had heard of already from Carlyle and which had "excited him very much." No wonder! The first was a honeyed production enough, setting forth the inducements of Tynemouth-and beseeching him to come and paint her a picture of her "dear and admirable friend Miss Martineau, who was just now looking unusually well." She, Mrs. Reid, would cheerfully bear his expenses, a steamer would bring him in two days, etc.—The second letter was on receiving his charge twenty pounds for the picture (not at all too much) and 6 pounds for expenses—three pounds less-observe-than what it actually costs to go and come by railway. A more coolly impertinent, ungenerous, unladvlike epistle than this of the "amiable Mrs. Reid" I never in my life read-it might well excite him. She reproached him with having neglected her directions about the steamboat and thus added several pounds to her expense "without one word of motive or apology." If he must go by railroad, at least he might have gone by the second class

train!!!-She feared such want of consideration would hinder his success among English people, "for whom nothing was more offensive than a want of delicacy in money matters!"-I absolutely blushed for the woman in reading her vile letter, and felt heartily sorry for the poor fellow. Such language to a man who had dined at her table—a gentleman by birth and breeding-shame on the old haddock! I always considered her a humbug with her virtue-doing and penny-ladyisms *and I was not deceived. He was very confidential-spoke of my letter to him about the five pounds in the warmest terms of gratitude—and also of his regrets that after C.'s "capricious" behaviour to him he could not visit at the house. "There were just two perfect women for him in the world, Mrs. Follen in America and I in England. I was not so old as Mrs. Follen (good God how old is Mrs. Follen?) but that made no difference in the disinterestedness of his friendship for me-" whenever I needed him he was ready to spill his blood for me, or go to the world's end for me "-but to visit at the house under such circumstances could be no good either to him or me-" he had said so to Dr. Bute," and a great deal more he appeared to have said to Dr. Bute which he might as well have kept to himself moreover he told me as coolly as if I had been a hundred years old—that he spent all his evenings with Dr. Bute—he must go somewhere, for his nature was social—he could not go to me—and so he went to Dr. Bute-for unless he had virtuous society he would take up with vicious-would turn blackguard-and ruin himself every way. Heaven have mercy-"that minds me!"† only think Babbie of young Laing having written a Drama and actually sent it in to Macready! Do not mention this for perhaps it is a secret—when he confided the fact to Carlyle and requested his intervention with Macready, C. said (nay wrote it to Macready himself) that he "received a sort of shock—as if his maid servant had informed him that she had fallen with child!!" If poor Laing had seen that sealed note

^{* &}quot;In Scotland the 'Penny Ladies' (extraneously so-called) were busy, benevolent' persons; subscribers of a penny a week for educating, etc., not with much success." (T. C. in L.M. i. 349 n.)
† A saying of Helen Mitchell's.

of recommendation which he unsuspectingly forwarded along with his MS.!

Mrs. Wright the large Dairywoman at the corner died the other morning, and her husband has been a great object of interest to the neighbourhood especially to Helen ever since it was a sort of Mahomet and Kadijah affair—the woman a prosperous widow advanced in years took him, a poor lad to keep not her camels but her cows-and finding him a good lad married him. She has died at seventy-two-and he-still a young man is inconsolable! "He cannot be persuaded." savs Helen, "to taste either meat or drink." "How long is it," said I, "when did she die?" "This morning at nine o'clock" -it was then eleven !-- the poor fellow may have loved his old wife, however, very sincerely, and be sincerely to be pitiedaltho's the fast was nothing to speak of. A propos of fasts— C. was reading out of one of his big books last night the only fast worth mentioning I ever heard out of them (the old chronicles I mean). A certain Sir John Compton displayed his vocation to holiness at so early an age "that when he was yet an infant on his mother's breast he fasted two days in the weekon Wednesdays and Fridays he did wholly abstain to suck!!" there's a kid !

Thursday.

... Oh that horrible squalling girl! in these wet days she is worse than ever! every morning that I get leave to sleep a little longer than usual she rattles me up with her accursed scales vocal and instrumental! the idea of any creature out of Bedlam falling to work to practise at eight o'clock in the month of November!

There is C. tramping in his boots overhead so I must seal and be ready—bless you darling—dispense my love *liberally* yet according to desert.

Ever your affectionate,

JANE W. C.

I send Helen a caricature of Forster and Dickens to put among her autographs—I need not say who did it.

24. To Jeannie Welsh

Domestic distractions—Rival MSS.: a novel and *Past and Present*—Death of Mrs. Milner Gibson's child—The old dairywoman's husband again.

Lady Morgan, the Irish novelist, lived in London for the last twenty years of her life, making the most of her position in society. Miss Jewsbury, coming to London in 1854, helped

her in writing out her Memoirs.

Mrs. Paulet, an early friend of Miss Jewsbury, and later much attached to the Carlyles, was "a strange, indolently ingenious, artistic, &c., creature," wife of a "good, cleverish" Genoese merchant (T. C. in L.M. i. 288), who lived at Seaforth House, three miles or so down the river from Liverpool, once occupied by W. E. Gladstone's parents.

Wednesday (late Nov., 1842).

My darling Babbie,

Before committing myself to the general stream of things, I must beg your attention to a brief exposition of my difficulties in the one matter of writing.

For the last week or two we have breakfasted later than usual, C. seldom coming down before half past nine-tant mieux, so far as that goes—by the time the table has been cleared for writing and oneself emerged out of dressing-gown into fit-to-be-seen-in gown eleven has probably struck. Say that I then fall to writing-first comes Helen: "What about the dinner, Mum?" "Chops!" that at least is quickly settled, but then perhaps comes Carlyle to say: "Jane, these clothboots of mine are in eminent need of some repair," or " Jane, these cloth trowsers of mine must have a new hem at the bottom," or "Jane, something or other" alike inconvenient at that particular moment—or perhaps Elizabeth Pepoli comes (she comes very often at present) " to catch me before I go out " -or perhaps the Postman brings some note or letter that makes it imperative for me to turn my writing into another channel than the premeditated one of Babbie. There is hardly a day that one or other of these perhapses does not come to pass

-then, if all the forenoon were at my own disposal, as it used to be, Babbie might still get her letter-but at one o'clock-I am forced to go out every day, unless it rainswhich at present it seems resolute not to do. Now that this odious walking forms part of my medical treatment there is no evading of it without getting myself into worse trouble. If, after coming in, there be a leisure half hour or so before dinner I am too much fagged to turn it to any earthly account—and in the evening I have neither privacy nor strength for writing—I am always wearied and sick in the evenings—the effect I suppose of the walking and the blue pills. The beautiful part of it is that this sort of thing may go on for ever so long-John tells me that " If I can trace any perceptible improvement in myself after having continued the pills for a month, it will be as soon as I have any business to look for it." Well, patience and do you dear help me to be patient by writing always as if I made you the most liberal returns.

I received yesterday by railway a bundle of manuscript from Geraldine and Mrs. Paulet—of which I am to give my opinion—partly from a sort of vague apprehension, partly for another reason I have not yet untied the parcel—this other reason is, that Carlyle has also a considerable bundle of MS., not about Cromwell at all! but about that old Abbot of St. Edmonds Bury!! which he "rather wishes me to read and give him my views about"—and until I have studied that, which will be no light matter, I must abstain, for decency's sake from showing any curiosity about the other literary production in which I have only a friend's interest. My Dear, tho' we are not trained here as in China, to "the three-thousand punctualities"—we are always needing to look to our doings that we may not stumble over some nicety or other. . . .

Did I ever tell you that Mrs. Milner Gibson lost her only child about two months ago, a little girl of eight years old? After so long she was not likely to have more children—and with her immense fortune I thought she must feel herself the most desolate woman on earth. I felt a more real compassion for her than I ever felt for an unknown person before. Well—see how one wastes one's "fine feelings"! Elizabeth went to a

brilliant soirée at Lady Morgan's the other evening, and there sat Mrs. M. Gibson, and Elizabeth "really saw no change in her!" How do people get such griefs tumbled out of their minds in that way? Why! a cat will turn sick and go about pining for as long after its kittens have been drowned! Another fact of an opposite sort I must tell you, for the rehabilitation of poor human nature. I mentioned to you the death of the old dairy-woman and that her young husband was sore afflicted by it? I saw him yesterday leaning against the lamp-post at his door-and if it had not been at his door I should not have recognised him-from a stout, middle-aged man, he was become pale and emaciated, and as old-looking as the old wife a very picture of woe-and the wife was turned of seventyperhaps Pepoli loves Elizabeth after all !--but no--it is not in Pepoli to love anyone as that Milkman-Mahomet must have loved his Kadijah.

... Now I must go and tramp thro' the ocean of mudand with such a side! I do trust it will be some better "in a month" for at present it is worse than ever.

Helen's letter has come since I began writing, give her my thanks and three kisses for it—a kiss for every sheet—Oh dear, how I wish we were all together.

Bless you, my Babbie, love to all the rest.

Your own cousin,

J. W. C.

25. To Jeannie Welsh

Experiments in paper—Gambardella to Liverpool—Uncle's portrait essential—Orthodox piety—Dining out.

Anne Welsh is one of Mrs. Carlyle's three aunts, her father's younger sisters, who lived in Edinburgh. They constantly tried to "convert" her to their beliefs, the old Presbyterian orthodoxies which Carlyle and his wife had long outgrown.

The question of writing paper was one that frequently troubled Mrs. Carlyle. Her letters are often hastily scribbled down on half sheets of note-paper, economically saved, no doubt, from other people's letters, or, as is here recorded, on

little, ruled pages torn out of one of the tradesmen's account books.

Monday night (21st Nov., 1842).

My DARLING,

To account for certain phenomena in the paper department that must have filled you with astonishment, I may as well mention while it is in my head, that we are making a course of paper-experiments at present, buying it in very small quantities from this and the other stationer, to see if by God's grace we cannot discover one man who sells "genuine unadulterated" paper of rags—not "an abominable compound of plaster-of-Paris"!—oh, that accursed Reform Bill!—Meanwhile every now and then I find myself without even plaster-of-Paris note-paper to wear the points of my pens upon and am reduced to tearing sheets out of—the Butcher's book!

I should have had a hot pressed gilt edged sheet for the present writing-to communicate such news as will cause you to dance for joy. Only think Babbie-by the time this reaches you Gambardella will be in the same town with you-ready to paint my uncle at a moment's warning! Now does there not seem to be the finger of Providence in this sudden resolution of his to start for Liverpool ?- just when I was pondering how I could put the thing into his head-so as to persuade him to go voluntarily-as John does with Mr. Ogilvie. I send the note that has just reached me from him-whereby you will perceive once for all that he can not only write, but spell-better or worse —well enough for all practical purposes. I need not bid you give the poor fellow a warm welcome; you will remember our sails, etc., and do that of your own accord—nor do I feel his going to see you will embarrass you anyhow—for I am sure my uncle will be greatly amused with him, and see the good that shines thro' his manifold folly. Now Babbie if you do not make something out of this best of all possible opportunities for getting my uncle painted, I shall make it a reproach to you as long as I live. A man should not let his modesty (however praiseworthy modesty may be in the abstract) thwart the wishes of a whole virtuous family, and me at the head of them !-

urge this on him my uncle—emphatically—there is no surer way of succeeding with him than appealing to his sense of justice.

I shall give G. an introduction to Geraldine and Mrs. Paulet —I know no one else in Liverpool that is not more your acquaintance than mine—the Sketchleys?—shall I introduce him to Miss Pen? Better not!—he would kick too recklessly thro' their cobwebs. Perhaps you will introduce him to Walter as an admirer of his Aspiration in shift and to Mr. Hick as a fellow Artist!* By the way do send me the said Mr. Hick. The man who drew that sketch can be "no fool"—and besides as he is shortly to be connected with the family, I may as well commence my relations with him betimes.

... Give my most affectionate regards to Mrs. Martin and Sophy—poor little Sophy! she used to make *her* caps I remember; and she always spoke of Mrs. Martin with such kindness! Do not let them forget *me*—I would not be forgotten by anyone she loved.

I had a letter from Anne Welsh to-day—enclosing a blockhead of a tract entitled "Knowledge of Sin" and a printed hymn about "the fullness of Jesus" these things do not make me angry—only horribly sad—to feel oneself and those one is bound to by natural affection separated so widely, widely even in the same world of the living—is scarcely less melancholy than being parted from them by death. A letter from Mrs. George Welsh, which crossed one from me about her son on the road, is much more comfortable. She seems a good sensible woman that—a remarkable instance of nothing made into something, and a very self-subsistent, creditable something, by the educating process of misfortune. . . .

I have only been once out for a week—to call for Mrs. Allan Cunningham—the weather has been heartily bad and myself ditto. The Booths came this forenoon—and engaged C. to dine on Sunday. I refused—make a point of always refusing. Dinings out are desperately fatiguing; and as an Annandale farmer said of Carlyle's Sartor, "what's 't ouse on 't?" I am better at home writing to my Babbie or even looking into the

^{*} See page 43.

fire tho' ever so drearily!—right, even-down, unconstrained sadness is better than *company-gaiety* got up at a frightful expenditure of the little nervous energy one has remaining.

Ever your affectionate

J. C.

26. To Jeannie Welsh

Miss Jewsbury and Gambardella—Passion—Asserted likeness of Babbie to Mrs. C.—Picture of Uncle John—Furniture for the house—Sketch of C. smoking—Potatoes. (8th Dec., 1842.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

. . . I had a long letter from Geraldine the other night-in which she treats the question of Gambardella as if I had sent him to her on purpose that she should fall in love with him, and either marry him, or make with him what she calls "a modified arrangement." "If she lived long beside him she could grow to love him very sisterly but not otherwise," "he is too overproof-wants body-is in fact too good and that sort of people she cannot love with passion." What is all this? who wanted her to love him "with passion"? Not I, sure enough. The less passion in the world the more virtue and good-digestion! I would have nobody cultivate passion "for its own reward" for that is even a degree more unsatisfactory than virtues. It is bad enough to love with passion when one cannot help oneself-but to set about it, malice prepense, as a piece of the natural business of life, whenever a man presents himself-and without the slightest inspection of the probabilities of being bored in return—that does seem to me an exuberance of "the social feeling" which ought to be kept down by cold pudding or anything however disagreeable that is found to answer the purpose—all this entre nous. Geraldine is a fine spirit in spite of all her vagaries—and she is mighty fond of you now as well as of me. "Jeannie," she says, "is really a charming creature and has taken root here very nicely "—and "the other sister" comes in for a share of her praise-by the way will you tell the other sister to write to me; I want to hear from her own self her impressions of this "Feast of pikes."

-Except for the continual recurrence of the monosyllable "we"! in your letters I am very much left in the dark respecting "the graceful Miss Welsh" as Gambardella called her in his letter to me. Geraldine says of you further (and I doubt not but that was meant for the crowning praise) that "you have got a trick of my countenance, and even some of my attitudes." Now as to "the trick of my countenance" keep it and welcome !-- for I have always been given to understand that my countenance was "remarkably expressive"—and so I suppose that if you imitate it in its imitable points—not indiscriminately, like Kate Gilchrist-turning up the whites of your eyes par exemple in the monstrous idea that "it looked so pooty!" there will be no harm done to your own little cherubface from this remodelling in the likeness of mine-but for my attitudes !--humph !--you had better hold by your own, Babbie, at least until a less prejudiced judge than Geraldine has told us that any attitude or attitudes of mine would not mar your natural grace. When I was so young that people could take liberties, that is to say, would speak the truth to me-I was told often enough that I walked "as if I were in tight breeches." My first dancing master used to lift me up by the two hands exclaiming in desperate accents "heavy! heavy!" My last dancing master, a highly figurative as well as exaggerative sort of man, used to ask me " if I fancied I had Arthur's Seat on my back?" Our miller's wife, a prophetic woman in her way, declared "one had but to look at me to see that I was a stickit callant "-in short, never never since I came into this world has it entered into the head of any mortal I believe before Geraldine that "my attitudes" could be worth picking upbut such are the illusions that come of loving "with passion."

I am so glad about the picture! actually I shall have it then in my menagerie! and yet last night I cried myself sick about that very picture—every thing like happiness is so spoiled for me now—it came into my head how often she had wished to have one—how delighted she would have been with this—what a joyful new year gift it would have been for her—and the thought there is only me to give it to now—only me to rejoice over it, went to my heart like a knife—and I could not help

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bursting out acrying even with Carlyle sitting there—but when I told him what had been all day in my head he said it was "quite natural" and did not *lecture* me as he sometimes does which shuts up all my sorrow in my own heart for weeks after.

He works very hard-all the forenoons till three or four o'clock-and often in the evenings also. He has got an immense bookcase erected in the upstairs room. Elizabeth's carpenter took the vile old black press at the surprising allowance of f,4 (the original cost was only f,4 10s.) and for three pounds more has made him a really handsome mahogany bookcase covering the whole end of the room. I wish he would order a little sofa for me when he is about it-for I do not see how I am to exist up there thro' the winter if I am always to be upright—however I have spoken twice for it without result, and will not, as Helen's phrase is, "so far demean myself" by speaking again. I told you the lamp was discontinued? well I washed it with my own hands, which were none the better for the potash-and in washing it had occasion to take it in bits-and could not put it together again-well every day now I am asked when is that lamp to be ready for action—because the candles it seems "smell as bad as the oil." I can readily believe it.

You are quite welcome to keep the little smoking Carlyle till all have seen it—I must not forget to tell you that there is no cause for a single regret about the potatoes—we boil them now with the skins on and find them all eatable and some of them excellent—I think they need very long and slow boiling—our man's are prettier to look at but have not such a "genuine real unadulterated" potato-taste—Having more than I saw the prospect of eating I sent one of the barrels to Elizabeth—she sent back word that she must return it "being amply supplied from the same quarter"—the deuce you are thought I!—but it turned out she fancied mine a present from Kirkaldy—as they had spoken to her of sending me some—"it had better not be sent back however" said Carlyle "desire her to send it on to Craik poor fellow—who never gets good potatoes!!"—My potatoes, my own uncle's potatoes to—Craik!! I answered

not a word but my whole face burned with righteous indignation—I must stop.

Your own

JEANNIE BIG.

[N.B. Babbie is Jeannie little.]

27. To Jeannie Welsh

Xmas gifts and memories—The cushions' magic for sleep—Little Miss Hunter—Gambardella—Geraldine's MS.—Darwin's gift of a shawl.

(25th Dec., 1842.)

My DEAR KIND BABBIE,

I fancy you almost understand by instinct, without being told, how it was with me yesterday; that I did not notify the safe arrival of those affectionate presents by return of post. I had made up the little packet for Maggie the night before—while Carlyle was dining at the Helps's—and the little packet for my uncle immediately after breakfast-and I had written to poor Harriet * of whom I have been rather neglectful lately-all before the Postman came-for he was later than usual-did not come till half after twelve-no wonder; if many people had taken the same advantage of the post that you had done! And then, when I saw those parcels—so like what used to be and yet not what used to be-and read your letter so kind, and yet not from her-I could not help a long fit of crying-which you will not think an ungrateful return for vour wish to make me feel myself still loved and cared for-it is only a very narrow hearted person that could fancy grief for what one has lost incompatible with gladness over what one has. Before I had recovered myself, Carlyle came in upon me, and urged as usual that I should "get out into the open air"oh that weary "open air" which is to do all for me and does so little !- Mazzini met me at the door, and came back with me; and so the post-hour had come before I was let alone.

The cushions are perfect beauties, and both have been already slept upon! indeed I began to think that Geraldine had taught you some of her magic †—which had enabled you to make of Carlyle's one a sleeping talisman!—After dinner he fell to examining it anew, and asking anew if I could not

^{*} Martineau.

[†] Of going to sleep anywhere.

"open it up so as to let his head in "for "it would really make a very comfortable cap "-on my advising him to apply it rather to its proper use; he said "well! how does one do with it? So?"-placing it at the back of his head against the green chair-and in one moment he was fast asleep! and slept without moving a muscle for two hours !-- I was almost relieved when Helen's entrance with the tea-tray broke his supernatural looking repose. I myself had in the meanwhile been sleeping by snatches on mine-but never profoundly enough to get rid of the apprehension that my hair might be dirtying it! Carlyle seemed really pleased with his present and letter-repeated several times over with an air of complacency "poor little Jeannie!" and I daresay at that moment you wore the shawl-dressing gown to his Imagination!* The beautiful little bag and handkerchief might have been an offering to Titania the Fairy Queen! I never saw anything more dainty! Kiss Helen for them, with a heartiness! You are very good to me my dear little cousins-and that is all I can say; for I have not little Miss Adam Hunter's knack at making speeches. Oh that preposterous child! I cannot get her out of my head-" Mrs. Carlyle, I am enjoying myself so much! and feel so much obliged by your goodness in inviting me!" "Oh Mr. Carlyle you do speak so like my papa, it is quite a pleasure to listen to you!" Once he was crossquestioning her about something she called "her Mangnall's questions" and turning to me with a look knowing enough for fifty she said "Ah! I perceive Mr. Carlyle is a dreadful quiz !--now aren't you sir a great quiz ?" And remember this creature is not struck ten yet!

Certainly, Jeannie, Gambardella is getting mad with success, like his favourite Masanello and like him will need to be shot before long !--just see such a note as I have had from him! along with a book of the most distracted poems that even this age has yet produced—and this note † you are to

^{*} See Letter 4.

† Asking Mrs. Carlyle to write a short review of it in the Athenœum, or

† Asking Mrs. Carlyle to write a short review of it in the Athenœum, or get "Someone who to oblige a friend of yours (me) will notice it. I know that you are equal to Geraldine if not greater in the questionable power of making your friends do whatever you fancy."

bear in mind must have been sent open to the author of the poems—for it came to me open inside the book which was addressed in another hand—" I must wait patiently!" and all in the imperative mood! patiently! Yes I shall wait with a patience never surpassed!—except so far as my uncle's picture depends on his coming. He is a good fellow in the main—but he ought to learn the difference between a man and a woman—I mean in addressing them.

I have read the Seaforth novel and, as was to have been anticipated, with a feeling little short of terror! So much power of genius rushing so recklessly into unknown space! Geraldine, in particular, shows herself here a far more profound and daring speculator than even I had fancied her. I do not believe there is a woman alive at the present day, not even George Sand herself, that could have written some of the best passages in this book-or would have had the courage if she had had the ability to write them-but they must not publish it, "decency forbids"! (as they write at the street corners). I do not mean decency in the vulgar sense of the word—even in that sense they are not always decent! but then their indecency looks so purely scientific and so essential for the full development of the story that one cannot, at least I cannot get up a feeling of outraged modesty about it—nay I should feel as if I were the indecent person should I find anything to blush at in what they seem to have written just for fact's sake without a consciousness of wrong-but there is an indecency or want of reserve (let us call it) in the spiritual department—an exposure of their whole minds naked as before the fall—without so much as a fig-leaf of conformity remaining—which no respectable public could stand—which even the freest spirits among us would call "coming it too strong"! I wish a clear day would dawn for me that I might give them a full and faithful deliverance upon it—for it is a difficult task they have put on me to criticise such an extraordinary jumble of sense and nonsense, insight beyond the stars, and blindness before their own nose! One thing I feel no doubt about that this Geraldine will either "make a spoon or spoil a horn"—she is far too clever to do nothing in her day and generation.

Darwin heard Mazzini telling me the other day I should "really wear a shawl in the house"—a fixed idea he has got! Darwin seemed quite indifferent whether I wore a shawl or even a shift, but the next time he came he brought me an immense gauze-looking shawl of white lambswool!—So like him, was it not?

28. To Jeannie Welsh

Xmas gifts—John Carlyle sends a parcel without paying carriage— Tennyson comes to dinner—John admires Helen Welsh more than Babbie—His prescriptions.

(28th Dec., 1842.)

DEAREST,

If all went the right road you would receive a parcel this morning which you would not be able to make either head or tail of. Not a line of explanation along with it !-- and carriage to pay for other people's things !-- but surely your imagination would exculpate me from being at the bottom of such a piece of blockheadism-altho' my handwriting was mixed up with it! When John dined here on Sunday he declared his intention of sending you a copy of Schiller-and politely suggested that if I had " any little thing to go it might be sent along with the books." I thought it would be a good opportunity of returning the Seaforth manuscript-and added the packet for Sophy-taking it for granted that he would pay the carriage, otherwise his offer was a sheer bêtise. Last night he was here again to dine with-Alfred Tennyson (Ah Babby what you have lost) and having a scientific curiosity to get to the bottom of that matter of rail-way carriage—also to form some notion of what I was indebted to him I asked: "What did you pay for that parcel?" "Pay for it! how do you mean?"--" The carriage to Liverpool? What was it?" "I never dreamt of paying the carriage! What puts it into your head I should have paid the carriage?" "Why nothing -only that it would never have entered into my head not to pay it. Then did you tell Jeannie how I came to send her my parcel?" "No-I had not a moment's leisure to-day to write any note along with it!" In fact that man does things like nobody else, even his kind actions are stript of all graciousness by the stolid way he sets about them. As to the books do not flatter yourself they are a love-token—he does not love you the least bit—loves no woman—never did, and never will—not tho' Trojan Helen should return from the shades to tempt him—"Accursed vegetable that he is!" as old Sterling said of him one day—"not a man at all but a walking Cabbage!!" Indeed if he were going to dream of setting about trying to persuade himself to consider whether by possibility he could bring himself to get up a feeling of love for one of the family—I rather think it would be for "Miss Welsh"—not you. Whenever I speak in your praise he interrupts me always with—"but Miss Welsh don't you think Miss Welsh is an interesting sort of person?" "Not a doubt of it, Sir!"...

Your own

J. C.

29. To Jeannie Welsh

New Year reflections—John Carlyle's books are only a loan—The Butcher's book provides writing paper—Happiness and life—Active benevolence: its pleasures and disappointments—The begging woman and her son—Gambardella's picture of Jeannie—Little Miss Hunter—Her innate gaiety precludes dullness—Seven barrels of potatoes—The lamp—Cromwellian oppression—Result of being an only child—Stupidity a sign of affection—Cavaignac—A visit to Seaforth—Geraldine's effusiveness—Writing paper.

He "is but a man after all"—" The Corporate Weavers at Dumfries elected a deacon, or chief of weavers, who was excessively flattered by the honour. In the course of the installation dinner, at some high point of the hep-hep-hurrahing, he exclaimed, with sweet pain, 'Oh, gentlemen, remember I am but a man!" (T. C. in L. M. i. 116.)

Sunday night (1st Jan., 1843).

MY DEAREST BABBIE,

Here we are then in the beginning of a new year! May we do as much of good in it and as little of harm as possible! for this much we may pray with an assured conscience—for all the rest, it is in God's hands, where we had best leave it! We know not what more to ask—what it were good for

us to have for the asking, whether to live or to die—to be well or to be sick—to be at ease in Zion, or to be troubled about many things. All these are transitory conditions, and their joy or their sorrow is transitory—but no joy, no sorrow, no anything I suppose is given to us in vain—and the *ultimate issues* lie far beyond our poor human vision stretching away away into eternity. So for my part I ask of heaven only what I have said—that I may live my life wisely thro' this new year—not foolishly—not wickedly, and I advise you, Babbie of my affections, to ask neither more nor less than this same.

John dined here to-day—as usual—and now Carlyle is convoying him home—and I am here alone, and shall sleep the better for having written you, if not a letter, at least the beginning of a letter.

First as to the books, for business should always take precedence of other topics. The books, my dear, are after all a loan!! "Why do you ask? What could make you suppose I should have meant them as anything else?" Aye, what indeed? The fatal romance of my character could alone have made me suppose such a thing! And yet there are traditions in the world of men who have laid crowns and kingdoms at the feet of a beautiful woman, never to . . .

Friday (6th Jan., 1843).

There is some paper in the house to-day, but I absolutely dare not go in for it, so let us be thankful for the unfailing tho' rather prosaical resource of the Butcher's book!* My Darling Babbie, the "moral satisfaction" I have in you is great! almost my only "unmitigated satisfaction" (as Sir R. Peel would say) in the present existing state of my affairs! "The trail of the serpent" is over all else that pretends to give me comfort or pleasure! My Aunt Anne writes to me—as if it were great news—that "happiness is not to be found in this world! it was not God's purpose with us in sending us into it!" Good gracious! Have not I known that much for upwards of a quarter of a century and put it into a formula too for my

^{*} This letter is written on seven half-sheets.

own behoof, before she-wise woman, as she now thinks herself-had discovered that "God's purpose in sending us into it" was not to run after "the fashion," a seeking of happiness in the very lowest walk where it could be imagined findable. It is not happiness which I ask of Heaven, however much I might like to have it (in conjunction, I believe, with all my fellow-mortals, even the most philosophical, if they would but speak without cant), that I agree to the impossibleness of, and should be a fool if I did not leave it out of my prayers—but what I do ask of Heaven, and with ever-increasing earnestness, and ever-increasing protest against the "lions in the way," is calm—let me be sad as death if God wills it so—but let me be left in peace with my sadness! that, it seems to me, one has a right to demand of one's fellow-creatures, especially of those who profess to have our well-being at heart, and the unnecessary griefs which they cause us look to me not so much of God's sending as of the Devil's! Oh, but I am wrong in taking this view of the matter! these everyday highly superfluous worries and tribulations are a part of our allotted trials, as well as the inevitable irremediable bereavements and afflictions—granted they are a part—but a part to be struggled against-protested against-only submitted to because one cannot help oneself. Why otherwise should God have planted in our hearts a sense of justice and of self-preservation! Meanwhile I have swallowed a seidlitz powder which as yet has had no beneficial results. A vision of a tea-cupful of soup crossed my mind-but Helen was ironing and I would not trouble her to make it for me. Helen. however, seeing me look ill, of her own accord broiled and brought up (with a little air of self-complacency which it would have been a thousand pities to dash) a morsel of mutton! as opposite a thing to the tendencies of my "interior" at the moment, as could have been hit upon by the wit of cook! However, like a simpleton I ate it to please her and now I am wishing "the devil had flown away with it." I am not well, certainly, but so long as I keep on my legs, and have nothing that needs to be taken care of, I should be thankful. I have no cough, only a perpetual dull headache of now a fortnight's 1843]

standing, very bad in the mornings and evenings and less so during the middle of the day. It seems to make no difference in it what I do or abstain from doing-it would be worse for me if it hindered me from writing. Fontenelle, I think it was, who observed in speaking of Hell that "he flattered himself one would get used to it "-it rather makes against this theory of the force of custom, that I still make such an outcry about headache, for certainly I have had opportunity enough to "get used to it." For the rest the weather has been more adapted for Ducks or the Witches of Macbeth than for a delicate female like me. I went out a little yesterday, however, between two showers and made excellent use of my time. I was not absent an hour and half in all and in that brief space I executed a scold on Mr. Boulter-shopped to the amount of sixpencemade three new acquaintances and did three good actions! I should have returned then with a comfortable sensation of virtue you will say. Alas, no, I returned cold and wearied. and forlorn—on the whole the pleasures of benevolence, between ourselves, are not a whit less visionary than other sublunary pleasures—at least I find them so. There is a moment of moral satisfaction in putting a starved old woman into a warm flannel petticoat, but one reflects the next instant—" of course she will pawn it "-and so on of everything else of the sort one attempts in the way of charity. That you may not be forming too magnificent an idea of my "good actions" of yesterday I must tell you that they cost me in all only half a crown, and wet feet.

Some nights ago Carlyle, in one of his dark walks along the King's Road, observed a "remarkably decent, even dignified-looking woman" sitting on some steps with a baby in her arms—"if he saw her again he would give her a penny"—he did see her again the following night and gave her not only a penny, but three halfpence. The next night also she was "still there with the same sad calm look." He addressed her and found her pretty deaf—she professed to be a soldier's widow—that night he "had not a penny" so he told her to come down to me and I would give her some old clothes. I am sure he thinks I can invent old clothes—for it was only a

few days before I had given all the duds I had to the widow of that pale-faced street-sweeper in the King's Road-now relieved from street-sweeping for ever more. The woman arrived the next morning at ten o'clock, strongly perfumed with gin!—a decent-looking woman, nevertheless—and if a poor wretch have no fire, no warm breakfast, and for three farthings can get gin enough to both warm and strengthen her, who shall say that her taking it is a fatal sign of her—not I!—So in spite of the questionable smell, I entered on a searching examination of her claims to my assistance. She told me she was the daughter of a hotel-keeper in Dublin, had eloped from a boarding-school with her soldier-husband at fourteen-had never since been taken the smallest notice of by her relatives -her Parents had died-her husband had died, and here she was a beggar-with three children-a boy of twelve who had been taken into the Chelsea Institution for soldiers' orphans—a girl of six and the baby at her breast. She "never went to see her son-for fear of disgracing him among his companions —he did not know what was become of her—but she lived here for the sake of knowing herself near him." All very touching if true. "She could sew perfectly well, could do any work she was put to-but none was to be had." I did invent some clothes for her-among the rest a most massive petticoat out of the old floor-cloth!!—gave her a shilling and promised to inquire about her at the address she gave me. And accordingly, yesterday I set forth on that errand, when it occurred to me that the truth of her story was to be got better from her son (if she had one) at the Institution than at her lodgings where they tell lies for one another. I addressed myself to the bookkeeper who discovered in his ledger the name-John Woodand took the trouble to bring the boy for me into his private room-a dear little fellow, full of spirit and intelligence, but the terrified expression of whose face at being brought in to me gave one a mournful idea of his young experience of his fellow-creatures. He looked as if he thought I must be come to tell him his mother was hanged. His answers to all my inquiries were clear as spring-water—he had seen his mother three weeks ago! she lived in Union Street! his father died

six years ago! there was no baby! (a borrowed baby!) his Mother's Mother was alive! he had an uncle in Smithfield!in short on a basis of truth I had been amused with a whole super-structure of lies-and the woman was just an inveterate never-do-well. I patted his head, gave him a shilling for his fright-and inwardly resolved to take some further charge of the son since nothing could be done for the mother—and there, you see, how imprudent it is to enter on a long story !--with limited time and limited paper—such histories are only for being chattered by the fireside. So I spare you my other good actions hoping that I may do some more another day. No-the last is soon told and you may like to hear it-it was calling on little Miss Adam Hunter at her boarding-school which, after having been vainly inquired about, at Knightsbridge and Kensington, turns out to be five minutes' walk from my own door! exactly over against Newman, the dver's! That little Miss Adam is a cousin nobody need be ashamed of-a remarkably pretty, graceful, intelligent child with a strange dash of the old Adam in it-a sort of old-fashionedness-not displeasing in a child, however, but on the contrary rather "insinuating." When she came into the room to me, instead of leaving me to do the cousinly to her, she tripped up holding out both hands and exclaiming with a tone half of "reception" half of childish gladness-"Oh, thank you, thank you, Mrs. Carlyle, for coming to see me!" The Mistress came by and by and rather checked her expansiveness—we were getting on finely! I must write to the Father to send his orders to the Mistress that she is to be allowed to visit me when I ask her-the cross-looking spinster seemed quite disinclined to much intimacy—the old fool! as if the child would not learn far more from me than from her! But perhaps that was the very reason.

I hope the picture will be speedily set agoing before Gambardella gets his head turned and raises his prices to a hundred guineas! Give him my kind remembrances when he comes again and tell him to remember that he is but a man after all!—I am glad the family of Welsh is likely to atone to him for the ingratitude of the family of Carlyle. As for my

uncle and Johnnie, I am sure they will be charmed with him, the sober Mr. Alick I am not so sure about. I am obliged to him for his sympathy over my dullness—tho' superfluous—if six years of Craigenputtock could not break me into a dull life I must have a fund of gaiety in my character little short of super-human; so that in either case, dull or not dull, I am not to be pitied on that score. The dullness truly is the least of it!

No fear of our leaving the potatoes on the quay-but seven barrels! it is difficult for me to imagine barrels so diminutive that seven of them should not be something alarming. In looking at the paper there came over my mind the longforgotten dread-inspiring yet delectable reminiscence of Morgina (was that her name?) and the Forty Thieves! Your consideration about the manner of delivering oneself from the empty barrels was worthy of you! By the by, I have to thank you also for a very nice japanned kitchen lamp and a tidy little tin saucepan! If you disclaim having made me any such present, I bid you not be too sure—I had them in exchange for the snuffers! Oh, the lamp!—it is still in action—has never failed to do its part for a single minute !- but it is ordered to be "flung out of his way" so soon as the present stock of oil is burnt out—" it makes an atmosphere that no mortal can breathe in "-as I am a living woman I have never been able to detect the impurity !- but no matter about that, it must go. Much else will have to go before Cromwell is finished—perhaps the animate as well as the inanimate.

Dearest Babbie! I sometimes wish I had you here just to assure me by your contented looks that everything in and about this establishment is not actually but only Cromwellianly fallen into a state of detestableness disgraceful to hear tell of—and then again I thank Heaven that you are not here—"Night must it be ere Friedland's star can burn"—and so is it for me tho' no Friedland!—support, tho' most soothing at the moment, only weakens me in the long run when I have much to bear. When I feel myself quite, quite alone and with only myself to rely upon—then I am true to myself!—at least have been hitherto—but the petting and consideration I have of

late been used to once more, has revived the *leaning* tendency of earlier days—and I feel dreary and helpless as in the *first unlearning* to be a much-made of Only Child. In a few weeks it is to be hoped "the winter of our discontent" being fairly set in, I shall have wrapped myself in my fur-mantle of imperturbability, and be living on my own individual resources—such as they are !—Happily one does not live for ever—nor even very long!

Saturday (7th Jan., 1843).

I am afraid, my Babbie, that your contentment with this long letter will be greater before you have read it than after. So many closely written pages containing what? fretful egoism and the story of a beggar-woman! Ach, du lieber Gott! But perhaps you may think with Cavaignac that being stupid with you is a sign of particular affection. One evening that I was talking to him rather "wittily" (as I thought) he said to me brusquely—"Spare me your cleverness, Madame. Je ne le veux pas—moi! it is not my pleasure to rank among those for whom you have to make minced meat of yourself!!" regal words, truly! as all his words were!—if that man be not an absolute monarch yet before he die, Nature will have missed her intention with him!

I left my letter unsealed last night to see what reportable thing to-day's post might bring forth—that I should hear again from yourself I was not presuming to hope—thank you all the more! Foolish "Gam"! why don't he come and dine at once and put you all out of pain—Dear! I would be the last person in the world to dissuade you from any good work, but could not you delay your visit to Everton till the picture is fairly achieved, and till you have had the visit of Geraldine and Mrs. P. [Paulet]? I know they will do the impossible to get you off to Seaforth, and I do think you would find Seaforth "very exciting," especially with Geraldine there to weep on your hands and show you how a woman of genius demeans herself!—having some notion of setting up for the part yourself, you cannot begin to study it too soon!—Helen, too, I want to go.

Carlyle finds your paper plaster of Paris also!—he is meaning to order a quantity "such as it is" from the shop in the Strand. . . .

Your own heart's-sister,

J. C.

30. To Jeannie Welsh

A rushing-about day—Geraldine's MS. not for Maryland Street—Fragment: on reasons for marrying Carlyle—Walter Welsh and Carlyle's form of praise—Visit from Mrs. Sigourney and her friends—Old Sterling and John S.'s illness—Carlyle is writing not Cromwell, but Abbot Samson.

The first sheet of the following was by way of postscript to what had been written the night before. In the original letter Mrs. Carlyle, it seems, casting back her memory eighteen years, had described the feelings that led to her engagement to Carlyle, apropos, it may be, of Babbie's engagement to Andrew Chrystal. Of this only a fragment remains. Did she counsel Babbie not to marry without the touch of romantic passion to which she denies any part in her own decision, or was she to be satisfied at the outset with what had been decisive for herself—the plain impossibility of living without the man who had come to fill so large a part in her own existence? Did she confide to Babbie what seems clear from her early correspondence, that as time went by, her feelings did grow warmer?

For "decency," see p. 66.

Monday (9th Jan., 1843).

DEAREST,

I have opened my letter to announce the arrival of yours—for mine was written last night while they were drinking their brandy-punch up stairs and sealed last night that Helen might not edify herself with the contents in the morning—according to her usual fashion—I have no time however to write a new letter. This has been one of my rushing about days, cleaning the lamp, etc., etc. (for we are returned to the poor lamp at his particular desire), and now—"Babbie I want you to do my hair"! these words will give you the liveliest image of my state! But instead of that soothing operation I must off to

Sloane Street to buy new stuff for blinds—for his room is to undergo a thorough cleaning to-morrow—" The troubles that afflict the just in number many be." . . . Geraldine was right not to let her MS. be read at Maryland Street—the religious ideas set forth in it would have seemed very shocking to those who had never heard anything said about religion except in the orthodox tone—This entre nous.

(Fragment, on a torn sheet.)

just because, in virtue of his being the least unlikable man in the place, I let him dance attendance on my young person, till I came to need him—all the same as my slippers to go to a ball in, or my bonnet to go out to walk. When I finally agreed to marry him, I cried excessively and felt excessively shocked—but if I had then said no he would have left me—and how could I dispense with what was equivalent to my slippers or bonnet? Oh, if I might write my own biography from beginning to end—without reservation or false colouring—it would be an invaluable document for my countrywomen in more than one particular, but "decency forbids!"

Walter was here the night before last—talked of being off this morning—Do you know I find him far more intelligent and agreeable away from all you young ones—He staid that night till near twelve, and I was not sleepy! You may infer from that how miraculously well he must have managed! And Carlyle too thinks him, "not at all a bad fellow! Not at all without sense"—which means in his dialect—what Pepoli in his would call "un angelo di bonta—and PIENO PIENO d'ingegno."

I send Helen an autograph of the American Poetess Mrs. Sigourney—which does infinite credit to her total want of penetration!—the evening of which she makes such grateful mention—would have been remembered by anyone else with feelings of quite another sort—even I who do not give much way to remorse, have often had qualms of conscience in thinking about it. Her coming and still more her bringing along with her two geerpoles of the name of "Johnson or Tomson," a male and a female (as little Miss Adam would say—did I tell

you of her asking me in the presence of Mazzini whether Gorgon whom she styled "one of the graces," for my better understanding, "was a male or a female?") her coming with this tag-ragery quite spoiled a pleasant party that happened to be here—the Wedgwoods, Darwin, Mrs. Rich * and Julia Smith— We had all set in to be talkative and confidential—when this figure of an over-the-water-Poetess-beplastered with rouge and pomatum—bare-necked at an age which had left certainty far behind-with long ringlets that never grew where they hung-smelling marvellously of camphor or hartshorn and oil —all glistening in black satin as if she were an apothecary's puff for black sticking-plaster—and staring her eyes out, to give them animation-stalked in and by the very barber-block-ish look of her reduced us all to silence—which effect was heightened by the pair who followed at her heels—the male in an embroidered satin vest—the female also in satin with—fancy it in that room—and in that company !- with a gold tiara on her head! These two never spoke a word but sat with their eyes fixed on Carlyle as if they had paid their shillings at the door-Mrs. Sigourney also made large eyes at him-and she took the liberty of poking at him now and then to make the lion roar, but he was not in the vein-and would not roar finely that night for all she could do. The rest of us meanwhile, feeling ourselves aggrieved at being regarded with no more curiosity or politeness than as many domestic cats in comparison of the Lion, repayed them in their own coin—I never addressed one word to them! this is a literal fact—of "her who helped to make that evening so pleasant to remembrance." Faith it is not true that "we reap not where we have not sown"-my harvests are far oftenest of that highly improbable sort.

I will send old Sterling's last note as another instance of this infraction of the laws of nature in my favour. John had again broken a blood-vessel—in lifting tables to save the servants trouble! madman that he is!—it was a hanging in the wind with him for two days—and the communication of his state had to be made to his father thro' us—for fear of doing mischief to his mother who you know has a disease of the heart

^{*} Daughter of Sir James Mackintosh.

that requires the utmost quiet. When the old fool came down here, after receiving Carlyle's note, I was prepared to be very sorry for him—but at the very outset he set all my sympathies against him by his theatrical fuss clapping his hand on his stomach and declaring "no! this heart must not break yet! I cannot afford to sink under my griefs!—I have five orphans depending on me." So little of humanity did I show him—that I answered merely "bless me!—you had better see the end of it—they are not orphans yet!" And when he sent his servant for news the next morning I wrote—"Since the accounts are favourable you had better give up your distracted project of setting out to Falmouth. Do keep yourself quiet if you can—it were the greatest kindness you can show to those you are interested in "—for this he writes to me all these little ecstatic pages!

Dear I will tell you a secret but see that you keep it to yourself-Carlyle is no more writing about Oliver Cromwell than you and I are! I have known this for a good while-you will wonder that I should not have known it all along—the fact is his papers were a good time more resembling hieroglyphics than finished manuscript. I could not be at the trouble of making them out-then when I came to find, on days when I chanced to look, pages about the present fashion of men's coats-about the rage for novelties-puffing everything or anything except "Cromwell Oliver"-I had no misgivings-I know he has such a way of tacking on extraneous discussions to his subjectbut when I found at last a long biography of that Abbot Samson! then indeed-I asked what on earth has all this to do with Cromwell-and learned that Cromwell was not begun-that probably half a dozen other volumes will be published before that. Nevertheless for I know not what reason he lets everybody go on questioning him of his Cromwell and answers so as to leave them in the persuasion he is very busy with that and nothing else. Absolutely I will not begin another sheet.

Yours,

31. To Jeannie Welsh

"Cause and effect"—Novels from the London Library in Darwin's name—Lady Harriet's appeal to C.'s charity: the cause of Mazzini's hearing a lecture on the Corn Laws—Geraldine's MS. criticised—Her invitation to Cheyne Row at Carlyle's suggestion—Gambardella's portrait of Carlyle has a gallows-expression.

James Greenacre was a notorious murderer, executed in 1837, whose modus operandi largely anticipated that of Crippen in recent days. "Betsy" is Mrs. Paulet.

(18th Jan., 1843.)

MY BEST BABBIE,

I would have written to you yesterday forenoon; if it had not rained last Monday. The connection of cause and effect here will not be very apparent to you—what the rain of Monday had to do with the writing of yesterday—but so it was—as certainly, as that my husband's having received a seductive letter from the Lady Harriet a few days since will be cause of Mazzini's hearing a corn-law lecture in the Strand to-night! "Ah" things are very curiously linked together in this little world—the Chinchinnopoli chains of invisible workmanship are not half so intricate as some of the connecting chains between the simplest causes and the simplest effects—and I cannot fancy a readier way of losing one's wits than just sitting down to consider how this comes out of that! or a readier way of settling one's pride on the great question of man's free-agency!

If you would know how the rain of Monday produced the silence of yesterday, I should be sorry to balk your scientific curiosity—so attend and you shall hear. On Monday at one o'clock there being every appearance of a clear, dry day I set out in an omnibus to buy tea and coffee at Fortnum & Mason's, meaning thereafter to pay a charitable visit to poor Darwin, who was (and is) confined to the house with cold, but no sooner had I issued from the omnibus according to programme, than contrary to all human expectation, it began to rain on me—so I made for the nearest refuge that offered itself, viz. the London Library—being in the Library what could I do but choose myself some books? Everything I asked for was as usual "out"—so as usual it ended in bringing away French

novels-a book of Sand's which I had not before seen and two of -Paul de Kock! Having still however some sense of decency remaining I coolly entered my name in the ledger for these books Erasmus Darwin! to the wonderment of the book-keeper doubtless, who must have thought me an odd sort of Erasmus! (this by the way). Well having the books in the house, it was natural that I should read them-yesterday after breakfast I took up Frère Jacques-meaning to read in it only till the table was cleared for writing-but it proved so amusing that hang me if I could lay it down till dinner time when I had quite finished it. So you see if it had not rained on Monday I should have gone to Darwin's-if I had gone to Darwin's I should have had no time to go to the Library, if I had not gone to the Library I should not have fetched away Frère Jacques, and but for the fascinations of Frère Jacques I should have written to you. So now you see how the two things hang together the same as Lady Harriet Baring's love-making to my husband and Mazzini's hearing Mr. Fox on the Corn-law! "But how is that again?" Oh you cannot guess-Well-I will tell you that also-for it is good for your morality that you should be made to reflect on this subject of cause and effect—one can never be too much alive to the consideration that one's every slightest action does not end when it has acted itself, but propagates itself on and on, in one shape or other, through all time and away into eternity. Lady Harriet writes to my husband that she is ill-that she dines at four o'clock and is allowed to go nowhere in the evenings-to do nothing, but speak-and that "there is nobody—(she may really say almost nobody in the world) she likes so well to speak with as him "-Pray mark the fine truth-giving effect of the modifying parenthesis !- "So he sees what a work of charity and piety is cut out for him "! When a handsome, clever, and reputedly most haughty woman appeals to the charity and piety of a simple man like Carlyle you may be sure she will not appeal in vain. So he writes to her engaging to visit her on Thursday evening-and forgets to tell me he has done so. Then comes a ticket of admission for one gentleman and one lady to Mr. Fox's lecture for the same Thursday evening-and he asks me would I like to go? The Devil puts it in my head to answer unexpectedly "Yes." In fact, I have been long wanting to hear this Fox lecture—for I understand him to be a first rate speaker—and observing that his place was this time on the straight line of the omnibuses I thought I could never have so good a chance—"Very well," says he rather perplexedly—"but I cannot go with you—I promised to go to Lady Harriet to-morrow evening—Can you get any other man?"—Mazzini is the never failing man in every case of need but I would not propose him—for young Italy has been horribly out of favour this long while—seeing that I remained silent he himself however proposed him. As he was going his road he felt the fairness of allowing me to go mine—so now you see that chain of consequences also—so far as it yet extends—

But I myself have written a letter the consequences of which I feel more interested in than in any conceivable consequences that can follow out of the Lady Harriet's. After reading the Seaforth manuscript I wrote to Geraldine some of my notions about it, and she answered me in a whole pamphlet of witty, devil-may-care objections to my objections-"C'est assez" I said to myself, "if she will run about the streets naked it is not I who am her keeper." However "she had sent on my protest to Betsy" and accordingly in a few days came a letter from "Betsy" also-extremely clever-and what was more to the purpose perfectly rational—assuring me that I had merely "said in other words what she had been telling Geraldine all along." Since my letters were sent from one to another I saw no need of writing to both—and Mrs. Paulet being clearly the most reasonable of the two I addressed my next to her, and certainly did not conceal the displeasure which Geraldine's levity had occasioned me. Now things said at one are more annoying than what is said to one-and so poor Geraldine "moped," and has had "sore eyes"—and seems to have been sincerely vexed—and finally writes me the best-natured, most penitent little letter in the world. As nobody knows better than I do the difficulty of confessing oneself gravely in the wrong, there is nobody more touched by such confession from another. So I could not help reading a part of her last letter to Carlyle and declaring that she was after all a good little soul-Carlyle

seemed never to have doubted it and winded up his praise of her with "You should ask her to come up here for a little while; it might be of great use to her "!--a proposition of such a novel character on his part quite took me by surprise, and I sat staring at him without making any answer. "Why," says he, "you seem doubtful about it—she is very easy to do with is she not? and you like her company?" "Oh," said I at last "as to the doing with I have no misgivings about that but-" "But what?" "Why I am afraid that having her beside me from morning till night would be dreadfully wearing!" "You had Jeannie beside you from morning to night-what would be the difference?" "Jeannie! Jeannie was not always in a state of emotion! dropping hot tears on my hands, and watching me and fussing me as Geraldine does!" "Oh as you like! only I think it would be a kindness to the poor lonely girland that her company might be useful to yourself when you have so little of mine." I lay awake half that night endeavouring to resolve whether I should ask her or no-but there was so much to be said for and against! a little of her would be very enlivening—but a continuance of her does really fatigue me and then to say the truth-tho' I am not jealous of my husband (pray read all this unto yourself and burn the letter) tho' I have not only his habit of preference for me over all other women (and habits are much stronger in him than passions) but also his indifference to all women as women to secure me against jealousy-still young women who have in them, as Geraldine has, with all her good and great qualities, a born spirit of intrigue are perilous sort of inmates for a married pair to invite -they may make mischief in other ways, than by seducing the husband's affections. Then again; it might as he said really be of use to her in several ways—and should I let my purely selfish misgivings hinder her of the possible good-professing as I do both to herself and other people to have a friendship for her? Another argument for, the invitation arose out of my consciousness that I am letting myself grow too indolentperhaps I should be the better of being roused out of my habitual still life and forced to exercise my faculties again in human speech-especially of the intellectual sort, which

Geraldine takes delight in. Still the thought of those ecstatics she goes on with introduced an immense questionability into the project—so that it was with a hesitating mind I wrote to her finally inviting her in a sort of a way to come "for two or three weeks"—and it is with an unsettled mind that I await her answer-not knowing whether I wish it to be a ves or a no-and foreseeing that if she come, there will be consequences from her coming either good or evil. I took precious good care not to tell her that the invitation originated with Carlyle-that fact would have been sufficiently flattering for her to have founded a whole prospective Romance on it! -and really the sober sadness of this life weighs too heavily on me that I should have much patience with the romances of other people !- I wish I might talk with you for a couple of hours about this and other matters—one's mind does sometimes make such a foolish uncertain figure on paper!

But enough for the present. . . . I was charmed at your discovering that gallows-expression in Carlyle's picture *—I

have all along been calling it Greenacre-Carlyle.

Your letter came in the midst of this. Bless you—Kisses to all. Write me instantly that you have news of Walter.

Your affectionate,

JANE CARLYLE.

32. To Jeannie Welsh

The excitability arising from constant stillness—Conversation with Robertson—Episode of the vinaigrette—Harriet Martineau has her letters destroyed—Correspondence—Geraldine coming: a dubious satisfaction.

Robertson's interest in the laws of pawnbroking led to a

ridiculous episode, told in Letter 68.

Spring-Rice is Stephen, son of Lord Monteagle and deputy chairman of the Board of Customs, who accompanied Carlyle on his trip to Ghent (p. 19). His sister married Sir Henry Taylor (p. 369).

My Darling,

Thursday (26th Jan., 1843).

I believe I should do wisely to make "a sacred week" of it—to wholly abstain for eight days, from writing to man,

* By Gambardella.

woman or child! / Seeing that in the week past I have nearly written myself into delirium tremens! at least, (to stick by the fact) I have written myself clean off my sleep! and that is a grave consequence in my particular case—the exception being so apt to become the general rule. This is one of the disadvantages of that "constant stillness," which you protest against; the less one is excited the less can one bear excitation. I have observed this in myself, in Carlyle, in all people that I have had opportunity of seeing into. Long continued stillness in purifying the blood, seems to have the effect of thinning the skin, so that the merest flea-bite pierces into one, and inflames, and irritates, as thick-skinned people cannot have the smallest idea of! A curious instance of this occurred to both C. and myself a few days ago. He went to dine and stay all nightnot with Mrs. Laing-but with young Spring Rice, at Lewisham -it was no party-quite a domestic transaction, and attended with no bodily fatigue. He returned with rheumatism in his back, nameless qualms "in his interior"—there has been the devil to pay ever since-and nothing less than a blue pill and dose of castor-oil have been needed, to counteract the quiet visit! Then, for my part in the illustration; it happened that Robertson came the evening that C. was at Lewisham-and sat two or three hours-so that I was under the necessity of talking a little-C. not being there to take the trouble off me. Well, this mere talking-and to Robertson-for whom anything is good enough-threw me into such a flurry, that I went to bed as excited as a young lady after her first Ball-and never closed my eyes till four in the morning! Did you ever hear of such a thin-skinned pair! Nor was this all the consequence to me of Robertson's visit that evening. He had come to request that I would put down in writing for him "my little history of the vinaigrette "-to be published along with other documentary evidence he is collecting against the present order of pawnshops-I promised quite readily, without considering the quantity of writing it would take-but it made me consider it when I found myself filling sheet after sheet-yet if I told the story at all I must do it in my own way-not in the dry way of a police-report. So there was one good spell of writing for

me !- then just at the same moment Harriet Martineau took it into her head to involve me in writing her two long letters "in quick succession" of the reasoning sort; the sort of all other which are most apt to murder sleep. Poor Harriet seems to me to be got into a dreadful state of "self-consciousness" of late—to be fancying always that the world has nothing more important to do than to occupy itself with her, and her "principles of action"!—that affair of the pension having subsided—and full time that it should !—she has got up a new excitement for herself-fully as absurd it strikes me, as Gambardella's "letting his hairs grow." She is demanding thro'out the whole circle of her correspondence which is almost as wide as the world—that there should be a general thorough conflagration of her letters—in fear of their publication at her death—and this she calls—not what it really is, a diseased anxiety about her future biography but "her protest against the laxity of society in the matter of letters." "She feels it her duty (varnish!) to set this example," etc., etc.—I felt it my duty (without varnish) to tell her that I considered the whole uproar "unworthy of her"—to tell her a great many very sensible things, which have been entirely thrown away—" she perceives that I think her a little mad—morally," but the only inference she has drawn from that is that I must be a little mad—morally -and so she goes on exciting this letter-conflagration as if it were "the burning-up of all the sins of the world." I have done the practical in the matter—keeping only an autograph for Helen—but for the rest, have told her that I must be allowed to retain my own opinion.

Besides the "history" and these controversial letters, my acquaintance here have all conspired one would say, to write me notes at one time, requiring immediate answers—more or less long! Even Anna Maria * of Falmouth writes "wilt thou have the goodness to inform me, etc., etc." They are all settled with, now however—having cost me a good deal in valerian †—and I write to my Babbie not from duty but affection. . . .

Yes, of course—Geraldine comes!—A perfectly ecstatic

* Fox. † I.e. a medicament for her heart.

acceptance by return of post made me almost angry with myself that I could not share her transports! could only look into the thing with a dubious satisfaction. I hope it will turn out well for her at all events—such faith deserves fulfilment—the when is not settled—there were shifts to be provided!! She seems herself to have some idea of my misgivings—for she assures me that I "will find her much quieter to live with than to see just for a day "—and that as she has two other invitations she will not be altogether "on my arms," as I once said to her! God grant [it] for "my arms" are of the weakest!

God bless you my own good child-my love to Helen-and

please remember me to your beautiful-eyed cousin.

Ever thine,

JANE CARLYLE.

33. To Jeannie Welsh

Uncle John's illness at the anniversary of Mrs. Welsh's death.

(18th Feb., 1843.)

My DEAREST JEANNIE,

I hardly know what I am going to write—only I feel a need to write something by return of post. Your news of this morning has quite confused me—I feel only one thing quite distinctly that you are the best wisest little soul that ever was made. Oh yes, let none of us ever more have concealments! You were right to tell me the whole truth—but how few in your circumstances could have told it in such a wise considerate way!—told anyhow, it could not fail to make me very anxious, and, somehow just in this particular month when my heart is quite full of last February it could not fail to make me very sad—but I am better pleased to be ever so anxious and sad than to be kept in the dark. Oh if all people had had your sense—what bitter regrets would have been spared me for my life long!

My child you are an example to me—for all so much older and more experienced I am—your quiet affectionate good-sense rays itself into my mind even at this distance, thro' all the tumultuous nonsense that is fussing round about me and through all the natural temptations I have to get nervously excited myself. I say with you in calmness and faith "let us hope the best." Yet it is hard for me to have to wait till Monday for further intelligence. Oh that I were beside you-to see how things go on with my own eyes. If my uncle does not get better soon—and if you feel that my company would be of the slightest use or comfort to you say so without hesitation. I am quite aware that every one of you makes a better nurse than I dothat in fact I am a very helpless being-but I feel myself so much your elder sister that it seems unnatural for me not to be beside you all, to take my turn in reading to him and all that, and to share your anxieties on the spot. You understand? I would not officiously set off in the Geraldine fashion-to "do" what will be perfectly well done without me, or may be perfectly well left undone-or to parade my anxieties among anxieties which must be naturally still greater than mine—but if my going to you could in any conceivable way make you more comfortable—you have only to bid me. I will not say any more for indeed I am very confused.

Only that I pray God to make this danger pass swiftly away—and to have you all in his keeping.

Your own,
JANE CARLYLE.

34. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine an unsatisfactory visitor.

(24th Feb., 1843.)

... it were also a good thing if Geraldine would lay it to heart that I asked her for just two or three weeks—it will be three weeks on Monday since she came—three most uncomfortable weeks—and when she received a note yesterday from a Mrs. Green in St. John's Wood reminding her of her promise to spend some time there and saying that she had actually accepted an invitation for her to a ball on the 3rd of March she asked me what she was to do? "of course you should go" I said "a ball is not to be lighted on

every day." "And stay all night?" said she—" but then the long visit?-when is that to be executed?"-"I wonder," said I, "that you should go at all on a long visit to a person you dislike so excessively "-for she had been abusing this woman the whole morning. "Oh my dear," said she, "I shall only be too happy to stay on here—till you desire me to go "-a pleasant footing to have her stay set upon! My astonishment is that she is not as thoroughly enraged at me as I am weary of her-for I have a hundred times been quite unable to conceal my provocation. Of Carlyle she sees very little for ever since she came he has sat upstairs in the evenings as well as in the forenoons-and of other people she has seen very few-and all of these decline talking to her. One would say she had the poorest life of it here that can be figured—all the mornings she scribbles letters on her knees-and all the evenings she lies on the sofa and sleeps !/ I speak little with her-for her speech is so extremely insincere that I feel in our dialogues always as if we were acting in a play—and as we are not to get either money or praise for it and not being myself an amateur of play-acting I prefer considerably good honest silence. Intellect! Carlyle made a grand mistake when he held this Geraldine up to me as something superlative—she is sharp as a meat-axe—but as narrow—there is no breadth of character in her and no basis of truth—in fact she is what Dunlop * described the Dumfries woman's hen-" nothing but just a fluff of feathers." She is off to-day to wheedle Mrs. Sterling. She is also wheedling John Carlyle at a great rate pretending all the while to have the greatest dislike to him. Every Sunday and on no other dayshe makes a grande toilette-comes down in the forenoon with a bare neck-and a black satin gown-or coloured silk !-- all wasted I assure you. I wish to-morrow were come that I might have another letter.

Your own,

T. C.

^{* &}quot;An eccentric old minister in Dumfries, buying a live fowl, weighed it in his hand, and used this expression. M. C." (Note in vol. lxxxviii, p. 306 of "Letters to Thomas Carlyle, 1826-1836," by C. E. Norton.)

35. To Jeannie Welsh

John Carlyle: a tiff and an amende—Geraldine disliked by visitors—On swearing everlasting friendships—Illness of Darwin, Forster, and Mrs. Sterling.

(2nd March, 1843.)

DEAREST,

. . . John Carlyle—suddenly taken with I know not what movement of superhuman generosity—sent lately to Carlyle a Tweed! if you know what sort of a garment that is and to me some oranges-figs-French plums and a Yorkshire Ham from Fortnum & Masons-which ham is the very best I ever ate. I believe it was a sort of amende honorable for certain purblind, impertinent criticisms which he had been making to C. on his book, the which, by the way, he has never read and so was in no very competent state to pronounce an opinion of it but he was sure that Carlyle "formed a wrong judgment of the Aristocracy—he had not had the same opportunities which he (John) had had of observing their dispositions and proceedings!!!" To which Carlyle who had been fretted too long with his blether answered "No! perhaps not Sir, I was never attached to any Nobleman or noble woman-in capacity of flunkey or in any menial capacity whatever!!"

The result of this quarrel was the above mentioned Tweed and eatables. Geraldine I dare say secretly persuades herself—that her Sunday's bare neck—and grande toilette was the moving spring of his generous proceeding—but that is incredible truly! Oh no—Geraldine does no execution on either man woman or child here. No living soul takes to her—several, Mazzini, Elizabeth, Darwin testify a sort of sacred horror of her—and the curious part of it is that every new-comer after surveying her with questioning eyes, begins immediately to ask me a hundred questions about you! Even Carlyle has come to the conclusion that, "that girl is an incurable fool—and that it is a mercy for her she is so ill-looking!!" There was a remark "indicative of several things!" I really wish she would go away now for she places me entirely in "a false position." Besides so long

as she remains I am not likely ever to have C.'s company except at meals. From all which several practical inferences may be drawn—1st. Beware of "swearing everlasting friendship" on "a sudden thought"—(a thing I might have known at this time of day without any new experiences)-2nd. Put no faith in the intellect which is purely theoretical; when you ask it for bread it will give you a stone-3rd. Choose your friends by their qualities to excite love and esteem-not by the love and esteem which they profess to feel-or may even in reality feel for you-4th. Follow your first impulses-not the impulses which you have cockered up in yourself by dint of special pleadings. That is to say-if you be a reasonable womanif you be not a reasonable woman all will be folly, the first impulses as well as the last-your best course in that case were to tie your hands together, and deliver yourself over to some wise person, begging him or her, to take the responsibility of living off your shoulders—to order you in the way you should go.

Has Helen got a cook? Poor Darwin is still very suffering—he came one day a week ago bringing with him three beautiful hyacinths in pots—a white, a blue, and a pink. The smell of

them makes me sad somehow.

Forster has also been ill, and is ill—all that prodigious "Brummigam enthusiasm" and foaming vitality bottled up in a sick arm chair—very deplorable to see! for I actually went to see him. One is so sorry for a man ill with only a tiger to look after him—tho' his is the pink of Tigers!—Poor Mrs. Sterling is confined to bed at present. Indeed everybody seems ill or miserable. Bless thee my sweet wee Babbie—I would give a crown piece for a kiss of you at this instant.

J. C.

When is that monster of a Gambardella to come home with my picture?

It is too bad to make you write every day still *—but so pleasant!

• To give news of Uncle John.

36. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine Jewsbury's officiousness—Letter and parcel from Babbie—Chinese Exhibition—Geraldine and Garnier—The piano next door subdued—Geraldine induced to depart.

Garnier—" big German refugee, dusty, smoky, scarred with duel-cuts; had picked up considerable knowledge in his wanderings, was of intelligent, valiant, manful character; wildly independent, with tendency to go mad or half-mad—as he did by-and-by." (T. C. in L.M., i. 33 and more fully, p. 247, where we learn of his introduction to the Carlyles by J. S. Mill in 1834, of the help given him by Carlyle and other English friends, and of his death in his native Baden during the risings of 1848.) Mrs. Carlyle's influence that "soothed the troubled soul of him" is told in L.M. i. 243, in her letter of August 21, 1843.

(9th March, 1843.)

DEAREST,

I was very disappointed yesterday forenoon, when no letter arrived from you-and over and above, a little out of humour—but my humour was quickly restored to its natural calm, by what was meant to aggravate it—the fussy officiousness and superfluous enthusiasın with which Geraldine struck into the concern, wondering how it ever should happen that "any one whose letters I was at the pains to wish for should not feel it worth the pains to write," etc., etc., produced a speedy reaction in your favour, just as the wife who was getting herself beaten by her husband—fell foul of the stranger who interfered in her behalf-demanding "what it was to him if her husband chose to beat his own wife? "—After dinner came the parcel truly a beautiful and most luxurious wrappage! but in spite of my admiration of it, I did not willingly leave off shaking it, and shaking the books, in hopes that a letter would fall out-"Perhaps," I said, "the letter will be coming by to-night's post "---and at that same moment Helen, who had come in without my noticing her, my attention being absorbed in the shawl, put the letter into my hand—then finally my contentment was complete! When I had finished reading it I put on the

shawl, drew the delicious little hood over my head-and stretched myself on the sofa to be supremely comfortable. I had been in the forenoon to the Chinese exhibition—which like all exhibitions had tired me dreadfully—I was soon asleep -Carlyle was stretched on the green chair and two othershe had yesterday finished his book! *-he also slept profoundly -as he had good right to do. Geraldine makes herself a bed with the priedieu-chair and a sofa cushion and the hearth rug—every day after dinner—and sleeps like a person under the influence of liquor-or drugs-a singular phasis of a young lady. Yesterday evening she was stretched out and sound as usual !- Into this enchanted looking room walked Garnierconsiderably distracted. Singling out me to catechise he asked "Why do you tender yourself in this way? or are you really not well?" Geraldine who had got on her end, and always bursts out of sleep into volubility-poured forth a torrent of words about "the poor creature having been to that confounded Chinese exhibition, etc., etc."-but she was cut short by Garnier's uplifting his two hands, and saying to me with an affectation of dismay—" Oh my goodness! how fast that lady does talk! it is quite impossible for me to follow her! Mrs. Carlyle is she a relation of yours?" She pretended to be vastly amused—and vastly amused with the quizzing which he carried on the whole evening—but I believe she had her own private misgivings about it! After tea Carlyle and Garnier went down to smoke and in the interim a gentleman sent in his card-Helen whispered it was the gentleman of next doorand that you may understand all the awfulness of this announcement for me, I must tell you that Carlyle had yesterday put into effect his long matured purpose of trying the fair musician with a letter! I was out at the time and did not see it-but he gave me to understand that it was of the most chivalrous description professing his conviction that "a young beautiful female soul working in the most beautiful element that of music would not willingly give annoyance to any fellow worker!!" etc., etc.—What he required of her practically to do-or rather to not do, was to refrain from playing all days of the year till * Past and Present.

after two o'clock!!! A modest request to a young lady whose whole existence seems to be in practising!*—I feared "the gentleman next door "must be come to make a shine. But the first glance at him as he entered, hat in hand, reassured me. He looked at me most benignly from head to foot-sat down on the chair I motioned him to and then observed, "We have had a delightful day Mam!"—I myself led the conversation to the piano—saving that I understood my husband had been invading his house to-day with a most unheard-of remonstrance -but the amiable gentleman would not let me finish-he bewailed the annovance his daughters must have given us bewailed our patience in having suffered so long without protest—would do unheard of things to spare us in future—the piano should be drawn into the middle of the floor—the top should never be opened—there should be no playing in forenoons unless when the mistress came on Wednesdays-and if she could possibly change the hour it should be done—in short there never was such a complaisant gentleman as "the gentleman of next door" since this world began!-When Carlyle came he seemed ready to fall on his knees before him to implore his forgiveness for having daughters who played on the piano— I assure you we were quite melted by his super-human politeness and he seemed to find himself quite melted by our grateful sense of it—and he stayed talking—till supper-time!—and then there was such a shaking of hands-and repetition of civil speeches on both sides. Nobody knows what he can do till he tries! The putting down of a piano under such circumstances would have seemed desperate even to me !- To-day the faintest sound of it was heard as if for trial for about a minute-it was hardly audible-Heaven knows how they have deadened the sound. So pray my dear have a fly at your chimney can !-- that is an unsupportable thing and ought not to be tolerated for twenty-four hours.

Geraldine goes on Saturday thank heaven—I did not absolutely give her notice—but I took precious good care to avoid uttering a word that could be a second time misconstrued into an invitation to stay longer. On Monday she said, "I

^{*} See Letter 23.

must write to that horrid Mrs. Green—to say when I am to pay her the long visit—she wanted me before to-morrow evening for a music party." The "horrid Mrs. Green" you should know is a pretty, gentle-rather silly-but very innocent and good-natured looking young woman who has shown her first and last a deal of kindness—and who when she came here the other day was caressed and flattered all over by Geraldine-just as she caresses and flatters me! before my face too-but that I think was an oversight she afterwards bethought herself ofcertainly it was a sad oversight, for the credit of her sincerity considering the atrocious things she had said to me of the poor young woman. I was reading when she began to speak of her visit to her-I turned over a leaf and made no answer-she scribbled a few lines—then looked up to me pen in hand and asked—" Well! when?—will you tell me when you would have me go?"-I answered dryly-" Surely it is for you to decide the when not for me "-and continued my reading. She wrote a note naming Saturday then handed it to me to read-I glanced it over, and giving it back said merely-" it seems all quite right!"-This I think was the next thing to "giving notice!"—but indeed I am sick to death of her—and I have not her gift of showing kindness where I feel only annoyance and disgust.

Your own,

J. C.

A passionate kiss to my uncle for the shawl and dozens for abstract affection. Love to all the rest—Mary's note was too short to entitle her to any special thanks. The devil fly away—or rather fly home with Gambardella—home first and then away after beyond the realm of chaos and of night if he like.

37. To Jeannie Welsh

Relief after the sentimental guest's departure—Books for Uncle John's reading—Past and Present: a great book—A gift to the lady of the piano—Dr. John prescribes a whiff of tobacco.

"Thanks God" and "What shall I say?"—phrases of Mazzini's.

Pattenisms—the mode of certain Pattens, friends of Miss Jewsbury.

Sunday (12th March, 1843).

My BABBIE,

"Thanks God," the house is quiet again! oh so quiet! so quiet!-How worthy of being remarked is that apparent platitude of a remark that "all happiness is comparative "-the mere negation of worry is indeed as much happiness for some of us, as for others would be a rich succession or the realization of "love's young dream." She went vesterday, according to programme—on her side, of course the parting was a dreadful business!—floods of tears—even a sort of mild hysterics—on our side it was transacted with dry eves, with a composure of soul impassive even for the claims of sympathy. In fact, it must have been from seeing such women as Geraldine in tears that old Burton came to his conclusion that "the spectacle of a woman weeping was no more moving than that of a goose going barefoot." Some few times in her life I will believe she has wept-really wept from heartfulness-unconsciously-not "according to programme"-But all the tears that I have seen her shed have been of the programme-sort—with no more real sorrow in them than there is in drops of rain or in the drops of steam that gather on the lid of a tea-kettle!—they are the same sort of half-constitutional, half-voluntary thing, these tears of hers, as the little nervous cough on the strength of which some women set up for being interestingly consumptive !-- and which they carry about them all their lives without being either better or worse for it!

"Dear me! how hard-hearted Cousin is this morning!"

No my angel-babbie—I am not harder-hearted this morning than any other morning—thy soft true tears—the tears of no true woman—would suggest to me on this or any other morning

"a goose going barefoot." But I am, very naturally, in a state of reaction against the cant of sensibility, which has led me such a devil of a life for five weeks back.-It is come to an end now however-she is gone and my good wishes go with her and abide with her, so long as she keeps far away! But never let us try to live under the same roof again! this time the trial has passed over without bloodshed, or any very flagrant outragebut it might not be so always !- That we have not already quarrelled outright, I will say in her praise is to be attributed to her good nature or self-possession (I know not which) rather than to any virtue of mine. My behaviour to her as my guest -and on my own invitation-has been very far from perfect -from the first day I have been for her cold, cross, ironical, disobliging-and this evil disposition on my part, instead of getting itself disarmed by her unfaltering flatteries and caresses has rather been aggravated thereby-flatteries and caresses so out of season and so ill responded to appearing to me in truth a what shall I say ?-bassesse-toadyism-or else a hypocrisyin either case a thing alike incompatible with an honest friendship, which would have found itself enraged, and with good right, by such repulsive behaviour-Carlyle seems not a whit less relieved than myself-altho' he had so little of her.-He said to me last night with a beautiful naiveté " Oh my dear what a blessing it is to be able to sit here in peace without having that dreadful young woman gazing at me!" To be sure she did gaze at him-and try all sorts of seductions on him, with a hope that seemed to "spring eternal in her human breast!"-but the poor man proved absolutely unseducible. Even when she took the strong measure of stretching herself on the hearth rug at his feet and sleeping there—in the manner of Ruth—all that came of it was a remark to me afterwards "that he looked at her face when she was lying sleeping on the rug and could not help thinking how like she was to an old snap-wife!" But more than enough of her and her Pattenisms-I only wish that I had seen into her in the beginning as I see into her nowthat I might not have committed the memorable folly of taking her for my confidential friend !-

And would not one say to read all this much ado about

her that I had not an uncle in the world to think about and write about? and nevertheless he is not out of my head for an hour together. He and all the babbies are really as much before my eyes as the portraits hanging on the wall are.

The weather has not been weather for mending rapidly and besides rapid recoveries are not always the surest so I suppose we should content ourselves with the progress he makes-still I should so like to hear of his being out againif it were only for a drive in a carriage—men shut up in a drawing room put me in mind of the wild animals in the zoological gardens!

Have you ever tried for Bamford's book? *-or the Neighbours? * You will soon have a new one of our own +-in four or five weeks—the printing is going on rapidly—I consider it a great book—calculated to waken up the Soul of England if it have any longer a living soul in it—and "thanks God" he has got thro' it with less bodily harm than was to have been anticipated. He intends sending a copy to the young lady of No. 6—as an acknowledgment of the extraordinary courtesy of that household. I do not think they have played an hour in the day since the remonstrance was sent in-sometimes I could find in my heart to send round a request that they would play—the silence becomes so oppressive to me in fancying what it must be costing them-

Monday.

The foregoing was written yesterday by way of taking Time by the forelock. I was interrupted by The Editor of the Tablet and an Artist whom he called Herbert-Robertson came just as we finished dinner, and an hour or two later Mr. Spedding. After Robertson came in I rose to go up stairs.

See L.M. i. 187, 188.
 These books she had already recommended to Helen Welsh for her Uncle's reading: the former is Passages from the Life of a Radical, by Samuel Bamford, a silk-weaver of Middleton. "He was one of those who
 got into trouble during the Peterloo time; and the details of what he then saw and suffered are given with a simplicity, an intelligence, and absence of everything like party violence, which it does one good to fall in with, especially in these inflated times." The Neighbours was a domestic novel, translated from the Swedish by Mary Howitt; but Mrs. Carlyle "is not sure that it has not a little too much affinity with water-gruel." † Past and Present.

1843]

John followed me, saying he wished to talk with me a few minutes. We went into the Library where there was a good fire-I wondering what he was about to say-judge of my amazement when he fell to asking me more questions about my side and all my et ceteras than he had done from first to last putting all together since I first complained to him !- The more I told him my side was much better than it used to be, the more he showed himself inquisitive—almost anxious about it!! and the result of the consultation was his inviting me-I should rather say prescribing for me that I should take part of -his cigar!!--" there were certain states of the stomach in which a little mild tobacco-smoke was extremely good for one! -I had better take a little more !- I had not had enough vet to do me any good." I protested that more of it would make me sick—" Oh no!—I would find it highly useful for me provided I did not send it thro' my nose, which was very dangerous -very dangerous indeed "! Can he be going out of his wits? Such attentions to me would almost make me think so-

He spoke of Geraldine as "a very unfortunate young woman"—"Did I know how she had been brought up? it would be curious to know how she has arrived at her present absurd figure!—Perhaps the best she could now do were to go into the Catholic Church, it might be the means of keeping her out of worse mischief—"

. . . Bless you my child-

Your own J. CARLYLE.

38. To Jeannie Welsh

Neglect which was no neglect—Love present and absent—Portrait of Uncle John.

(End of March, 1843.)

"It is abominable of cousin to be writing to Gambardella, writing to Geraldine, and all the while neglecting little me!" Hush my child!—there is not common sense even in what you there say! I have not been neglecting thee; but on the contrary, forwarding thy bits of interests with all my might. Listen! I have only been up to a very small quantity of writing

this last week-my headache has altered its figure from the dull sort to the throbbing which latter is always aggravated by writing -unable then to write to all of you as I wished, how would I serve your individual interests more practically, than just in directing my letters so as to fan the flame of brotherly-love which is kindling all hearts in Liverpool and promising to bring back a Parisian "Feast of Pikes" into that commercial city. Yes depend upon it! both Geraldine and Gambardella would be ready to enfold not only one another but you! Helen-my uncle (!) everybody in a more strict embrace after having had my letters, and alas my Babbie! it is a truth which even the sentimental souls must candidly admit—that present affection exercises a more sensible influence on one's daily life than that which is not present, tho' in itself far more vital—the inward exceptional life may derive its chief strength and heavenliest moments from affection thousands of miles away—even removed perhaps to another world—but it is the love of those about us that makes "the breakfast go off cheerfully" and promotes good digestion and enables one to live long-on the earth. Ergo-I would increase affection for you as much as possible in the there living and moving-Geraldines and Gambardella's and Mrs. Paulets-and I see no surer way of doing so than to keep them in good humour with myself. What an amount of headaches and heartaches it does take to drive the conceit out of one!

So the picture is done and successful—my good patient uncle, give him twenty kisses for his compliance—but Babbie—you say you wish that I could see it, and you wish that I could see it!—am I not to see it then and that speedily?—is not the picture for me?—it certainly was meant so in the beginning—you asked my uncle to send me his double and he answered "why not one of myself?" but now that it is satisfactorily done, you little avaricious gipsy, perhaps you think to appropriate it! as if I could have so far belied my nature as to take up the question merely as one of public good, and not of my own individual interest—impossible! common honesty common sense direct that the picture should be hung up in this house rather than yours—I am willing to regard it as a family possession, only! I must have the keeping of it—you understand?



JOHN WELSH.

From a portrait by Gambardella in the possession of Miss Chrystal.



39. To Jeannie Welsh

A "subdued temper"—The story of Gambardella's portrait of Mrs. Carlyle—His portrait of her Uncle.

(End of March, 1843.)

My HEARTS-BABBIE,

Never apologise to me for being "cross"—I should not like you half so well if you were always the same sweet placid Babbie "without shadow of change"—I should not feel sympathetic with you, if you had either an imperturbable temper or what is called "a subdued temper"—as Darwin says "defend me from a subdued temper"!—and the imperturbable is nearly as bad! Your last note I assure you was very much after my own heart—and I would have sent you a little word of encouragement by return of post—only that I had something else to do for you, which I considered would be of more permanent use—What?—"

"Ah that is the mystery
Of this wonderful history
And you wish that you could tell!"

But it were cruel to keep you puzzling your bits of brains! Well then—know that on Saturday I sat from twelve till four to—Gambardella—for my picture!—to be given to you!—and again yesterday from eleven till four—and you all the while expecting him in Maryland Street on his way to London!!

On Friday morning he scampered up to this door on a grey horse—and took the house as it were by storm—I found him fatter—more hairy—and more in love with himself than ever—but the same good hearted fellow as ever. He spoke of you all in grateful and approving terms—but it is my Uncle who is his passion in the family—"He was a grand man "—" a noble man—especially when excited "—"Oh there was nothing in Liverpool he liked so well as to see Welsh excited." He talked a vast quantity of nonsense, not without flashes of good sense—and ended by telling me that I must come to him immediately to sit—" without any words about it "—he had "promised the picture to Jeanie, and if he did not do it before

he began the other wo-k he would never probably find leisure to do it at all "-Of course I was quite ready to sacrifice my humility or as you consider it my vanity—when "Jeanie" was to be the gainer—so I appointed to go to him the following day— I was very unwell however the morning he came-but as he complimented me on my looks, I thought it needless to call myself ill—and besides I hoped to be better by the time I should need to go to him. Thackeray and FitzGerald were to dine with us that day (Friday)—I baked a mutton pie and a raspberry tart in a state of great suffering-got thro' the dinner -hoped to get thro' the tea, and then promised myself to go to bed-but just before the men came up stairs, my affairs reached a consummation—I fainted—and had to be carried to bed and lay for three hours alternating between fainting and retching-Helen blubbering over me-and the men, increased by the arrival of Spedding and Robertson, raging and laughing in the adjoining room. Oh I assure you I have not passed such an evening for a good while. The following morning I felt too broken to get up to breakfast and was still in bed at ten o'clock, when down came G. again—Helen told him I had been ill and was not up-" Well then "-says he-" you tell her not to be later than twelve and to be sure to bring the black veil I have seen on her head "!-" Lord preserve me " says Helen "you can never be expecting the mistress to sit for her picture to-day! The thing's an impossibility!" "Did she bid you say that?" says he—"No," says Helen, "but anybody may see by her that she is not fit for anything of the kind!" "Oh never you mind," says G. "you tell her what I say "-and off he went like a passing whirlwind! Nobody knows what he can do till he tries thought I-and so I rose and dressed myself and actually went and sat four hours! And yesterday again five hours !-- and I am not dead--only near it. I hope the result will be satisfactory for you. One is not a good judge of one's own likeness and no one else has yet seen this of mine-I incline to suppose it is extremely resembling but not very well conceived—the features are every one of them exactly what I see in my looking-glass—but the expression he has given them I never saw there—it may be that my "habitual look"

is as he says it is, this which he has painted me with—the look of a rather *improper female* DOING a sort of St. Anthony's ecstasy! and *doing* it not well—but you will see it in good time and perhaps it will strike you differently. However it strike you—you will be pleased with the great pains which he has bestowed on it. If it had been to have yielded him fifty guineas he could not have taken more.

But all this while I have said nothing of my uncle's picture my own more immediate concern. In the first moment I was disposed to quarrel with the eyes—he held it too near me—and I was not used to the want of the spectacles—still I thought it a good likeness on the whole, and was fully as content with it as I had expected to be-but after a while, rising to warm my feet at the fire, my eyes fell on it unexpectedly where he had placed it behind a screen, which let in the light on it only from above—and absolutely I gave a little scream—and ran forward to kiss my own identical little uncle. Oh it is perfect in that light—the dearest little life-like kissable thing! If Gambardella had not been by; I must have cried over it when I recognised how good a picture it was-you can understand why. Oh, I am so much obliged to him—give him a whole smotherment of kisses for me (my uncle I mean). I have not got it home vet-it was framed-beautifully framed-but he must send the frame he said for a few days as a pattern to make the others by-for he meant to frame my picture for Jeanie himself-"as a present." This is equal to "Authors giving bound copies of their works!"

... I have still an inquiry to make in Carlyle's name of Alick—Will he (Alick) be so good as discover to a nicety the last day on which it would be quite safe—without the smallest chance of being belated for a packet or parcel to be in Liverpool to go to America—Carlyle thinks it is the fourth of April on which a vessel will sail but is not quite sure. Also will he mention the name of the steamer—and give a guess if he can at what would be the probable charge for carriage from Liverpool to Boston of a packet weighing some three or four pounds—the last query is the least important to have answered with precision. Moreover could you tell me all this if possible by

return of post—as I shall have no peace till he knows about it—

I have a great deal more to say—and do not end—only interrupt my writing—Bless you loveliest

Your own

J. C.

40. To Jeannie Welsh

Servants, a most important item in female existence—Gambardella's quest—His portrait of Mrs. Carlyle a mark of his devotion to Babbie—Mrs. Carlyle goes to a party and feels like a ghost—Plattnauer again and Geraldine's letter—Lord Jeffrey shocks William Cunningham.

(27th March, 1843.)

My goodness Child! why do you make bits of apologies to me for writing about the servants—as if "the servants" were not a most important—a most fearful item in our female existence! Do you forget how I was always while you were here, finding fault with Helen and the rest, that they would not tell us about the servants?—whether they were doing well or ill? I think, talk, and write about my own servant as much as Geraldine does about her lovers—and make myself sure that everybody that cares for me will sympathize with me in the matter—that everybody who asks me with a real interest "how are you?"—would ask also if it were passed into a fashion of speech "are you comfortably suited?" With respect to these damsels of yours; I have to remark for the thousandth time what a mercy it is for us, that we never discover all the misconduct of the "vile creatures" till they are gone or going!-I shall be really anxious to learn your hopes from the newcomers, or your fears. . . .

Darwin came the day before yesterday, apparently to ask me "if I had found Gambardella a mistress yet"—for it was his first question *—He carried me with him to Michael Place to see the picture which he pronounced a master-piece—"the only picture of G.'s he had seen that gave him any idea that he

^{*} The artist's unfortunate advertisement and its consequences are described in the next letter.

could ever become a good artist "—" from which," says Carlyle, "it is plain that Darwin knows nothing at all about you "!!—G. told Robertson who asked, that his charge for such a picture would be forty guineas! and Darwin thought it not at all dear!—" He must be very much in love with Miss Welsh" says Darwin "to bestow so much work on her gratis"—" He must be very much in love with the subject" says Carlyle, "that is all!"—I suppose Miss Welsh and the subject have the love between them.

I went to a party at the Chadwicks' on Wednesday evening—and the misery of it I cannot express to you—Carlyle has been for a long while showing himself excessively discontented at having to go everywhere alone—I really think he was getting afraid that people would suspect him like Mr. Liston * of having made his wife into an anatomical preparation—some month ago I undertook at his particular desire to go to a party at the Procters' (Barry Cornwalls) but when the night came I sent him as usual with my apology—and as I was really plainly, to outward eyes even, extremely unwell, he did not force me. On Wednesday then—I determined to go—to sacrifice myself for one time and then be done with it for months to come—as I can now say to him under the next score of invitations "I went to the Chadwicks'—I have publicly testified that I am alive—what more would you have?"

If you had seen me getting under way you would not have known whether to laugh or cry over me—I rather fancy you would have preferred the latter thing. I went off at half after eight to dress myself, as pale and trembling as if I had been preparing for the scaffold—my hands would not put in the pins—and then I had forgotten how to dress for a party!—my head? first of all—to go with it in its usual state of bare simplicity—would pass for affectation—the black scarf came most naturally to hand—but no—the spiteful people would say "Mrs. Carlyle being desperate of enacting the girlish any longer with advantage, is now for doing the nun-like"—I bethought me of the wreath of your old black bonnet (the bonnet by the way Helen had sorted up for herself with coloured ribbon and

^{*} Liston was a marvellously skilful operating surgeon.

it has been her Sunday's bonnet ever since)—that I twisted round my small knob of hair-with what effect those who found themselves behind me only know—then my silk dress, which has not been on since I was in Suffolk! your chemisette-in its pristine unwashed purity !-- and Helen's beautiful little pockethandkerchief finished my decoration. When I heard my name bawled from servant to servant I was really within a trifle of fainting—and instead of getting slipped quietly into a chair, to recover myself, I was presently surrounded with acquaintances all expressing the most importunate surprise over me —! "You actually come," says one, "I declare it almost frightens one like seeing a ghost!" "How is this," says another, "are you well now?" "But good heavens," says Mrs. Booth, "will you explain it to me? how is it that I see you out?" &c. &c. till I was tempted to start up like a wild deer, and rush down stairs, and out of the house again, and home to my safe bed! Oh dear dear when I did get home to bed I cried like a child that had been lost for so many hours! And this was what people call pleasure! a pleasure to be purchased with eight and sixpence for a fly !-- And next day I was so ill-no wonder-for I really suffered that night—horrible things.

To make not only the impression but to have the sensations of a ghost—while one is yet alive, is a state of contradiction which those only who have felt it can appreciate the horror of—I shall not do such violence to myself in a hurry again—indeed with such continued ill health as I have I do not see that I need any got up excuses for avoiding general society. If nobody else can see that I am too ill for going about to soirées and late dinners and all that I at least see it, and feel it and know it—and that should suffice to justify me in staying at home, and saving my small stock of strength for more essential purposes than visiting.

Meanwhile I have got back my Sunday morning's congregation—Plattnauer presented himself unexpectedly the last Sunday and had the door opened to him by Carlyle (Helen being gone to church)—He looked much better—and strangely glad to see me again. He asked most cordially after "her" nodding towards your picture and expressed unmitigated

disgust over Geraldine's letter to him *—" One half line from myself would have been better than all that strange stuff—which of course required no answer." He never saw Cavaignac!!! C. twice left a card for him—But he dined sometimes with George Sand and found her "really very charming—for a French woman."

... William Cunningham comes here very often—he came in yesterday and found Lord Jeffrey (who was also just arrived) kissing me à plusieurs reprises and calling me "my darling"—mercifully however with the grave presence of Mr. Empson † to justify or at least palliate the procedure—William nevertheless looked perplexed. Love to them all.

Your own

J. C.

41. To Jeannie Welsh

Mrs. Carlyle's portrait finished—Gambardella's unfortunate advertisement and its consequences.

(4th April, 1843.)

Great news for thee, "insinuating" Babbie!-...

. . . your picture is finished—I sat again on Friday from ten till two! and he worked at it by himself all the rest of that day! so in point of finishing you may fancy it has had all manner of justice done to it-indeed I think Mrs. Milner Gibson looks coarse beside me! As for the likeness; you are to know for your comfort that he has now worked the estasi pretty well out of it—and it looks simple enough—Carlyle thinks too simple "for anything"! (as you say in Lancashire)—The eyes, he says, "want expression" the mouth "wants character"—but for one person that finds it less inspired-looking than the original there will be twenty finding it excessively flattered. Gambardella's own criticism on it when finished was (with a look of ineffable self-complacency), "It looks too young! I must put in some wrinkles! "-The frames are not yet readyand besides he seems to wish that I should keep it here for a few days that the visitors may see it—a harmless vanity in which

^{*} Cp. Letter, 17th April.

it were but fair to indulge him. So be patient—it is not even dry yet.

My last day's sitting was enlivened by the most extraordinary of all excitements he has yet found out for himself—I do not speak of the "wittels" he produced for me—about a hundred-weight of rusks in a great paper-bag—a whole hoop of figs—Guinness's Porter, Scotch Ale—Indian Ale—Cyder and something else with an incomprehensible Italian name!—This gigantic lunch was laughable enough but not to be recorded as in the sphere of the absolutely extraordinary. However that you may have a clear understanding of what I am about to tell you, we must begin further back.

At my second sitting he was telling me of sundry new household arrangements which he contemplated. He had engaged the two upper rooms in addition to those he had—partly that he might [have] a place to show visitors into besides his studio and partly because the gentleman and his wife who at present occupied them are so—dreadfully ugly that he cannot endure to meet them on the stairs! Then he was going "to have a gu-l all to himself; the lodging-house gu-ls being vile creatures who left fingermarks on everything "—and this gu-l should wash his brushes, mend his linen, make fancy-dresses for his pictures, according to his own directions, out of "very rich stoffs" which he intended to buy—and most important of all should "have beautiful fo-ms" and sit to him for model whenever he needed one. In fact he had already sent an advertisement for such a person to the Times newspaper!

Poor Mrs. Sterling's two hundred and eighty nursery-governesses rushed thro' my mind—and I thought; God help you! you know not what you are bringing on yourself. But as the thing was done I saw no use in frightening him about the consequences beforehand—they would disclose themselves only too soon—I asked merely how his advertisement was worded—

"Wanted a very genteel girl to do very genteel work not under fifteen nor exceeding eighteen years of age—wages from twenty to thirty pounds per annum"!!!

Could there be two ideas as to what sort of functionary this

advertisement had in view?—I groaned in spirit for the poor blockhead who, without having the smallest ill meaning (I am very sure) was thus exposing himself to the most atrocious imputations!

I called on Thursday forenoon to ask when I was to be needed again—the door was opened by himself—as mad looking as a March-hare—his eyes were gleaming like live coals—his "hairs" in a state of wildness—his whole figure expressing the most comical excitement blended with perspiring perplexity.

Tho' heretofore so respectful of my years; he on this day flung his arm round my person—as if I had been the reed of a drowning man, and almost carried me up stairs! I sat down and asked "Well! what on earth is it?"—but he turned his head to a side as if listening, then darted down stairs again to the door-then back-then down again-and so on for half a dozen times before he could find two spare minutes to tell me his story. At length I got it out of him, but with immeasurable parenthesis of opening the street door. That morning at eight gu-ls began to troop into the street from all points of the compass-congregated in groups of threes and fives-till the clock struck nine-and then there was a general rush of fifty to demand admission !-- and fresh ones were continuing to pour in—as I saw— "The people of the house were furious "-no wonder !-- "Mr. Blore had sent him up a most impertinent note "-" neither mistress nor maids would go to the door any more and so he had to open himself "-and then if I could only have seen "the detestable ugliness" of all that had come !- "vile wretches calling themselves eighteen who were thirty, if they were a day!"-To make a long tale short he had from three to four hundred applicants that day and not one of "beautiful forms"—or even passable forms among them !-he had also six and thirty letters from the country! not containing a single inquiry as to the nature of the "very genteel work "-but all passionately eager to have the place, whatever it was, for some daughter, or sister, or friend! Does not this give one a horrible glance into life—as it is at present even worse it seems to me than the boiling of the dead dog! That at least involved no immorality !- On the following day

which was that of my last sitting, they were still coming-but not in such numbers—and the people of the house having been heaven knows how restored to good humour Mrs. Blore was opening the door to them herself—and by his desire showing them all in succession up to the painting room—" that I might just see what ugly wretches they were!"-But Fortune favoured me-for among the twenty who were thus shown up, I found three very pretty—the rest certainly were hideous! One of the three himself even was pleased with—but tho' she looked to me as improper as improper could be; she expressed some hesitation about sitting as a model—she would consider of it and let him know in a couple of days—the fact was she preferred transacting with him without witnesses, I believe for she came back the same afternoon and declared herself ready to come. But when he (much to her astonishment doubtless) proposed to see her parents on the subject before coming to a final engagement she answered that they were both ill in bed and could not be spoken with-which he thought "sounded ill for her respectability" and so he would have no more to do with her! The last of the three pretty ones was a very sad spectacle, indeed she was a gentle innocent looking girl-not more than sixteen-brought in like a sheep to the slaughter by a wicked-faced devil—as to whose business in life there could not be two opinions-Gambardella hardly looked at the girl-but told the woman in a grave imperative manner that he was already suited—and the pair went off to seek a less scrupulous customer—leaving me very much shocked upon my honour !- I was at his house again yesterday-went with Carlyle to see the picture in its finished state—and stayed awhile behind him, helping the Unfortunate to concoct a new advertisement! more precise, and not so liable to misinterpretation as the first. In addition to the female help he is minded now to have a-tiger! Lady Morgan having laughed at him for having the door opened by a maid with a baby in her arms!! It is impossible to make him conduct himself like a reasonable being—and so he must flounder along like a very unreasonable one. The only comfort is that sort of headlong unbalanced character has a wonderful knack of lighting always like a cat on its feet. There I must stop abruptly —Mazzini has been here and as it pours down rain I had best send the letters with him.

You might have written to-day if you had liked—for your last was short.

Your own
JANE WELSH.

42. To Jeannie Welsh

Sympathy with Babbie and her character—John Carlyle leaves the Ogilvies; settles at No. 5—Geraldine; inconsistent—Her letter to Plattnauer—Walter.

The Walter here mentioned is Walter Macgregor, a cousin of Babbie's. See p. 122.

Monday (early April, 1843).

MY BELOVED BABBIE,

There is a tone of weariness in your last letterweariness with "things in general"—which has something more than cold at the bottom of it. But whatever be at the bottom of it: I long to have you in my arms, to cover the babbie's face of you with kisses !- I feel so sympathetic with you thus! not that you were not loveable for me in your placidity—that "beautiful equability of temper" that "disposition to be pleased with everything" which gained you such approbation from Carlyle and the rest was not thrown away upon me, only. For your normal state (as Mazzini would call it) such equability, such disposition to be pleased is good—the very best, and in an utilitarian point of view even, it was almost indispensable for living well alongside of me, whose normal state is unfortunately very different—but if you had never exceptional moments, hours, days, of longing after an unrealizable idealof protesting against the mean, worrying actual-I could never have felt thoroughly sympathetic with you-there must always have remained a Bluebeard's Chamber in my heart of which I durst not have given you the key-you would have remained my Babbie-literally. You could not have become what you are, my friend-my sister-the one being alive that I can turn

to in every mood with assurance that neither her kindness nor her sympathy will fail me. I have been thinking this morning that I have written very little from me to vou, this long while back—and that with all my writing you are not kept up as you ought to be with the current of my personal concerns. The fact is, ever since my Uncle has been confined to the house my letters have been more for him than for you-I have written more with a view to making him laugh than to relieving my own mind of what I had a besoin to say. Hence long stories of Gambardella etc.—while much more important things have remained untold. Just to think for instance, that I should not yet have told you of the breaking up of John's engagement with Mr. Ogilvie altho' it took place a fortnight ago, and will exercise a rather malign influence on my individual comfort for a pretty while to come, I am thinking !-Mr. Ogilvie went off to Cheltenham some weeks ago, with his maternal uncles—(there are two sorts of them maternal and paternal—the former considering their nephew an exceedingly wise man-the latter those who appointed John to keep him)—Well the maternal uncles wrote from Cheltenham that they considered Mr. Ogilvie needed nothing now, "except to learn to think and act for himself" (a pretty considerable of a need one would say) and that the companionship of a man of his own years—not a physician would perhaps help him better to that end. Of course John at once acceded to the suggestion considering that " on the whole perhaps they were in the right." Mr. Ogilvie sent him thereupon, his half year's salary with a quarter's over and above as "an expression of his sincere gratitude and affection"and so the thing smoothly terminated. John left their house in Chester Terrace some days ago-and went into the country for a week with Bunsen the Prussian Ambassador-but finding Bunsen's house "too full" he arrived here last evening-with bag and baggage when Helen was in the midst of a washing and myself in the midst of a headache—and now the question presses itself on me with some emphasis " what will he do or attempt to do next? Above all how long will he stay here?-running up and down stairs-fretting me with distracted queries and remarks-making the house-what he has on so many former occasions made it-a scene of worry world without end !-When one has renounced all the gaieties of life one does hold rather grimly by one's quiet-and where John is you know whether there can be any quiet. That he will ever muster energy to take up house for himself-altho he is now as able to keep a house as we are-I have not the smallest hope-he finds it always much easier and less expensive to live as our visitor-and what suits himself he is in the habit of thinking must perfectly suit other people—so that this time, as on former occasions, I see no deliverance from him, except in Providence sending unsought the offer of some new tempting situationunless indeed Carlyle gets provoked into telling him flatly that he cannot keep him here-now that he is well enough off to keep himself elsewhere—and it would be long before Carlyle's brotherly nature could get itself provoked to that point-while for me in the meanwhile—the Sister-in-law—nothing of course remains but to submit, and even with a good grace. . . .

Geraldine was here yesterday. She wrote from Essex the beginning of last week, that she was "dreadfully anxious about me." I would not tell her about myself-but "thanks God" she would now be able to see with her own eyes how I was-as she was coming to town on the morrow and would be with me the first leisure moment after her arrival-Well! she did arrive on the Wednesday and her leisure moment turned up for her only yesterday a week after !! and even then, she went round by Mrs. Hall, so as to arrive here after two o'clock when she knew that if well enough I should be out !-- unfortunately I was not well enough and so she found me in! And then the excuses !-- she had been " mad to get to me-absolutely mad " but without making "the most horrible grievance" she could not absent herself for an hour till that day; there were such endless schemes for her amusement !-- (she is with the X's at present)-What would she have said to you had you let difficulty or even impossibility keep you away so long. I was heartily obliged to her for having staid away-but such flagrant inconsistency between her words and her deeds disgusted me to a degree that I did not even try to conceal. As for Carlyle he went out to walk without coming into the room !!

Her staying with these X's after the way in which the man has shown his utter contempt for her, insulted her—even by her own showing—is in itself a horror!—even now "he will not be a moment alone with her"! But to keep a footing in the house she is laying the hair of her head under the feet of his wife and daughter—his wife! whom she told me when here two years ago "was absolutely loathsome! a creature that made your blood run cold to think of any being bound to her for life"—an excellent woman all the while—as I told her even then.

She goes back to Manchester on Monday—whence I will never thro' all eternity be the means of bringing her again—she is "a vile creature"—and that is the short and long of it.

I thought I had told you of the letter to Plattnauer at the time—It was one day soon after she came that after having fussed me in all sorts of ways she said suddenly—" Now what can I do for you? tell me something to do for you!" I was thinking of Plattnauer at the moment she spoke—how long it was that his letter from Paris had lain unanswered and I said in perfect jest of course—" really I can give you nothing to do unless you will write a letter to Mr. Plattnauer "—" Well" said she jumping up " tell me where to get a sheet of paper." "Goodness Geraldine" said I "you are not going to do it?" "Why not?"

"Because you do not know the man—and how is it possible you can write to him?"—" My dear there is no such word as impossible where your convenience is concerned "—

Seeing she was in earnest I determined on letting her proceed just to see how she would get thro it—And she wrote not only a letter but a very long letter—most free and easy—and I let it go—to amuse the poor youth—and had better have thrown it in the fire as it did not amuse him at all but made him vexed at me.

My darling I am not half done—but I must stop for my head is getting bad again.

I do wish the weather would grow milder for my uncle's sake and yours and mine—If I cannot sympathize in your feelings of cold who can? According to Geraldine it would seem that "fellow-feeling makes us wondrous unkind"—which

is quite a new reading of the proverb. I am glad that Walter even speaks of coming. Shall I try to keep him out of mischief by engaging him in a platonic affair with me?—A woman of a certain age—married and above all three hundred miles off is the safest of all possible divinities for an excitable youth like him. Bless you dearest—love to them all

Your own

J. C.

Give Alick the enclosed from Carlyle.

43. To Jeannie Welsh

A returned letter—Miss Jewsbury undamped by cold water—Old Sterling courts a rebuff from Gambardella—An advance sheet of *Past and Present*—Mr. Martin.

Wednesday (April, 1843).

My Darling,

the Dove of the ark found no rest for the sole of its foot! to think of the botheration I have caused to so many poor postmen thro' this bêtise of an address! our own post-man had been tried with it, he told me, from its bearing the Chelsea post-mark. But for James Baillie's letter inside they would not even have known where to return it—for it had no signature—nor date!—what I feared was they might perhaps have sent it to James whose letter has a date!!—I have read it over with some curiosity—and should rather like to know if "the officer appointed by Her Majesty's Postmaster-General for opening letters" read this one as well as opened it! and if he be a man that one is likely ever to meet in society!

an ample remuneration for any "trouble" I had with it—I must go and see it again finished, for there was still a good deal to do to it. But I must tell you it has cost me more than trouble—it has cost me—the adoration of—old Sterling! Yes Babbie—that picture has made a breach between us which can never surely be healed in this world! "Deevil may care"!—Sterling called here during my last sitting, and was stupidly

^{*} A letter to Jeannie dated March 20, not printed here.

enough told by Carlyle where I was gone and how occupied of course he came puffing off to Michael Place—and demanded admission. G. had given orders to his maid that "nobody whatsoever" was to be let in to him that day—that he was "not at home"—and that point settled he had turned the key of his door on me. Well Sterling insisted-persuaded the woman to take up his name-G. indignant at having his fiat protested against, roared out "No! I repeat to you stupid woman as you are-I am not at home." Sterling thereupon ought certainly to have gone away—but the thing which he ought to do is seldom that which he does-very curious to see the picture doubtless—for he has long been wanting a picture of me the old fool—he again sent up the poor maid to say it was Mrs. Carlyle whom he wished to see for a few minutes. "Are you mad?" cried Gambardella now perfectly furious—"go back you vile woman, and repeat that I am not at home "-this order was given with an authoritative wave of his hand to me on my compliance with which, I felt that the fate of your picture depended, so I kept my seat and left the thing to take its course. Tho' every word he said must have been heard at the street door and far beyond it-Sterling nevertheless, as wilful as himself, persevered—actually proceeded to ascend the stairs—without a search-warrant—to look for a woman whose pleasure it was, clearly enough, not to be found! This was too bad-for it was a liberty he would not have dared to take in the house of a private Gentleman—it was showing Gambardella that he regarded his study merely as a shop. I cannot then be very angry with G. for what followed—his behaviour was savage—brutal if you will—but he was in a state of justifiable excitement. He stood with the door in his hand looking like a concentration of a hundred lions—facing Sterling, whom I heard but did not see, on the stair.

"I wish to see Mrs. Carlyle," said S. in a tone of forced politeness. "I am engaged Sir," said G. fiercely—"I am painting—I desired my servant to tell you I was not at home." Sir," repeated Sterling warming into wrath—"it is Mrs. Carlyle that I wish to see!" "Sir," repeated Gambardella in a voice of thunder, "I tell you I am painting—I am engaged

-I have a sitter "-and with that he-slammed the door in the man's face!! The pause that followed was awful!-G. snatched up his brushes and began to paint—but his hand shook like the leaf of the lime—he rung his bell—told his maid she was "a vile creature"—then tried it again—but his hand still shook, so he laid aside his brushes, took a pinch of snuff and burst into a perfect earthquake of laughter. Sterling has not been heard of since—in fact I do not see how he can come here again-for tho' it was not personally I who so insulted him, he must know that I was witnessing the insult and letting it take its course. But his own conduct was far from perfect. Gambardella bade me tell you that he could not have called for you on his way thro' Liverpool without putting off his journey a day and he had two wagers depending on being in London on the Thursday—on the one day he stayed he began and finished a picture—which left him not a moment to go anywhere.

I send you a sheet of C.'s book but my uncle will not be able to make either head or tail of it I fear in that disjoined state—And now dear I had better stop before I become entirely

illegible. . . .

Distribute kisses as usual and little Benjamin's share to yourself—my Babbie.

J. C.

44. To Jeannie Welsh

Death of old Mrs. Sterling—Geraldine's promise not performance— Criticism on the portrait of Mrs. C.

Tuesday evening (18th April, 1843).

My DARLING,

There is a sort of hurry scurry in my moral as well as material atmosphere just now which makes it prudent for me to take advantage of any quiet hour that turns up—so I write to-night, tho' the letter cannot go off till to-morrow. . . .

You have seen in the newspaper what has happened at Knightsbridge? Perhaps not—Mrs. Sterling died last Sunday morning *—not unexpectedly—her end had been foreseen for

* April 16. The news about his mother reached John Sterling at Falmouth on the 18th, the day of his wife's death. The D.N.B., misled by an epigrammatic phrase in Carlyle's Life of Sterling, assigns both deaths to the 18th.

many weeks. The poor old fool of a man is in such a state as you can figure. Anthony mercifully arrived on Thursday last-John is still detained at Falmouth by the confinement of his wife who is critically situated at these times. I had not been seeing her for a good while back-no one was allowed to see her except her husband and Alicia Campbell who has been her most unwearying affectionate nurse—the last look I got of her was from the open door of her room where she was asleep in an easy chair-with her mouth wide open-I wish they had not made me look at her so-it was a sad almost horrible look to have itself fixed for ever in my mind as the last. I came home with a bad headache which lasted all thro' the night and next day I was too ill for rising out of bed, which is eternally to be regretted—for on that day—just that one day on which I could not go she expressed a wish "to shake hands with me"adding "to-morrow I shall not be able "-but they did not tell me the latter words till after, or I would have gone at night when I was able to get up-but Anthony came down here at night and from the way he spoke I flattered myself that she would be able to see me and know me next morning. And when I went next morning—she was quite unconscious—alternating between stupor and delirium. I was in her room but came away again without looking at her. She was talking wildly-and seeing her in such a state had no consolation in it. To add to my regrets they told me that she had said that morning during a little interval of consciousness: "there now! I said that I would see Mrs. Carlyle yesterday and you see she has not come!"-So like her! the pettish affectionateness of her nature still strong in death! Anthony who seems for his mother's sake to have suddenly taken to behaving towards me as if I were their sister, promised that if she recovered her consciousness before death he would instantly come himself with a cab for me-but she never recovered her consciousness. I went up on the evening of the day she died-and saw Anthony and Alicia—but not the old man—Anthony and William Cunningham walked home with me, trying to talk on indifferent subjects! what unnecessary restraints people lay themselves under in this world for [the] sake of something that they account manhood !-

as if manhood could consist in talking about the favour-change in the weather and the effect of St. Luke's steeple against the blue sky when their hearts were full of the dead. Truly we live all our days in a vain show. I went next morning to see the old man for I was sure he would be better for getting a good cry with me—which he had; with his head on my shoulder poor old fellow—but at such a moment he was welcome to make any use of me that he pleased. Anthony speaks of leaving the army, and bringing his wife to live there—and really I do not see what else can be made of his Father. He is as unfit to keep up a house about him as a child of five years old.

To-day I had Jeffrey again and several others besides—and among them my purposed letter to you again fell to the ground. So you see between the solemn and the frivolous I have had my hands full-Geraldine made her farewell visit on Sunday, along with her Miss Patten-she had written that "grievance or no grievance, she would and must come for two hours alone on Sunday immediately after breakfast." She came at two o'clock-I said-" I had ceased to expect you." "Oh yes," said she, "I meant—but could not get sooner"—With my heart at Knightsbridge I was in no humour to make even an attempt at patience with her—" Really," said I "it is a consolation to my self-complacency to see you in action—when you tell me there is 'no such thing as impossibility—no such word as distance where I am concerned,' I look at myself, not only recognising impossibilities at every turn, but even giving way before very slender difficulties—and think what a cold-blooded. ineffectual character must I then be in comparison !—but when it comes to the test of doing-I find that the difference between us has been merely in dialect of speech not in matter of fact!" For the first time in her life she had not a word to answer—but sat looking not unlike a fool. What think you? Walter made the very same observation that Carlyle, John and Mazzini made on her-each for himself-that "it was a mercy for her she was so ill-looking"! Do not however in speaking of her ever quote me to her disadvantage-not to do her any mischief in her own circle, even at the cost of being supposed a bad judge of women, is the last duty that imposes itself on one who committed the imprudence of constituting myself her friend before knowing anything about her. Her friend I have ceased to be for ever and a day but from the consequences of having been it in the beginning I cannot wholly emancipate myself—Heaven grant that the consequences may be only boring—not "fatal"—But our imprudences often enough cost us dearer than our crimes.

Your picture is here—and will go back I hope with Walter—but Gambardella has not yet got the frames—I am afraid that some day he will *shoot* the frame-maker or "send an arrow right thro' him." Everybody likes the picture except Carlyle and Elizabeth. *She* says "it is a *young* lady that never knew a day's sorrow or a day's ill-health "—My kindest love to all—

Your own

J. C.

45. To Jeannie Welsh

Old Sterling's wails for sympathy—The Babby picture.

Tuesday (25th April, 1843).

MY DEAREST,

I was hurried off yesterday at the early hour of twelve o'clock before I had got well begun. In fact I begin to be sick of the extraordinary occupation that has been appointed me for these last ten days, viz.: dry-nursing my great, big, obstreperous infant of an old Sterling! Actually I have not had five minutes' speech with Mazzini for the last week! At first I went to him from the impulse of my own compassion—then I ceased to go, really thinking that at least until the funeral was over they would be better without visitors. On Tuesday forenoon I was desirous of having a mouthful of quiet talk with Elizabeth whom I had not got a sight of for many days. I had not been seated more than ten minutes when we were startled by the sound of Carlyle's voice in the lobby enquiring for me—I thought the house must have taken fire, such an occurrence as C.'s coming to seek me anywhere was so unprecedented-" My Dear," says he opening the drawingroom door "here has old Sterling been to seek you roaring

and greeting! and I have had to bring him after you! You must go away in the carriage with him somewhere and keep him quiet!" I departed with a sigh on my difficult mission—and we drove all thro' the streets! crying the whole way (that is to say he crying) and I bottled up beside him in his very small carriage—looking I am sure the very picture of what Harriet Martineau defined Queen Victoria to be "a young woman in prodigiously difficult circumstances"! On Wednesday Mazzini had just come in and we had just placed our two pairs of feet on the fender when the little carriage drove up again and in rushed the old man exclaiming "Oh my friend-my dear dear friend comfort me! soothe me!" I was on the point of lifting up the poker to kill him—when he disarmed my wrath by adding—"I have a *new* disaster! John's wife has been carried off by inflammation!" You know I never felt any affection for Mrs. John but the news of her death under such circumstances was truly shocking—and I became quite sick—"Oh come with me" says he—"come and let us walk a few turns in the pure air of Battersea Bridge!!"-" I am unable to walk at this moment" says I-"Then I won't go-I must not separate myself from you! We will drive since you cannot walk-only for the love of God let me stay by your side!!" Mazzini was standing all the while-staring as you can fancy—the sound of his voice was not heard any more! So off we set again-thro' the streets! Thursday ditto-Friday ditto-Saturday ditto. On Sunday he came with Mrs. Anthony who had arrived—but mercifully I was already gone with Walter to the Pepolis'. And yesterday he came again while I was writing to you. But I begin to see he is merely prolonging his wailing in the view of exploiting my compassion and getting better treatment from me than he has been used to. His real sorrow is already pretty well cured!! already! Yes it will be just as his son Anthony told me. "You will see that in a few weeks he will be back to his Carlton Club and all his old haunts and the past will be for him as if it had never been." I thought Anthony cruel to say so but he knew his Father better than even I did. In the depth of his despair he proposed to me to go away with him to the Isle of Wight or some secluded place for a few weeks—and I in my simplicity actually did not positively refuse and Carlyle in his simplicity said "yes it would be well done." But my last drive with him has given me other thoughts. . . .*

You have seen Walter! and heard from him perhaps that all the Laings were in raptures over your Babby-picture on Sunday—taking it for a youthful likeness of Carlyle! in his "indivisible suit of yellow serge"—made mention of in Teufelsdröckh!—By the way your old Lover inquired after you in the very first breath—and the young Mamma (now) had heard you were to be married to Gambardella. . . .

Your own

J. CARLYLE.

46. To Jeannie Welsh

Robertson and the Authors' Association—A tiff with Carlyle—Walter Macgregor's engagement—Geraldine less extravagant.

Walter Macgregor, the Welshes' cousin, in love with a Quaker lady, was now in London. Mrs. Carlyle had not yet tried her gift of "divination" on his "palpitations and Quaker-mania"—only her "commonplace faculty of observa-

tion "-but never found a calmer young gentleman.

George Rennie, a nephew of the great engineer Rennie (a Haddingtonshire family), was an early lover of Mrs. Carlyle's, to whom she was engaged for a short time. He is described by Carlyle in the *Reminiscences* (ii. 92) as "a clever, decisive, ambitious, but quite *unmelodious* young fellow, whom we knew afterwards here as sculptor, as M.P. for a while, finally as retired Governor of the Falkland Islands . . . a man of sternly sound common sense (so called), of strict veracity, who much contemned imbecility, falsity, or nonsense wherever met with; had swallowed manfully his many disappointments."

(3rd May, 1843.)

My Darling,

I was hindered from writing to you yesterday by headache, the day before by Robertson—who has been hanging about us of late like a physical malady—time after time he has come here—always out of season (which is his peculiar faculty) to bore Carlyle into taking active part in something which he

^{*} The trip and its discomforts are fully described in L.M.

calls Association of British Authors. If C. be either out or "engaged" when he comes he doggedly sits down to wait for him—three or four hours it may be—an hour or two makes no difference to him! And so on Monday he came in at twelve and sat till three-in spite of all that I could prudently suggest about the risk he ran of wearing out Carlyle's patience by urging him too pertinaciously-I knew in fact that C.'s patience had already reached its Ultima Thule and that at one word more on the hated subject he would certainly explode on the unfortunate Blockhead. Accordingly when C. came down at three and was passing out determined not to see him. Robertson intercepted him in the Lobby and thrust a paper on him like a bailiff serving a writ. Had you seen C.'s look!! "Oh Heavens"! and then how he fell to brushing his hat saying the while-"Sir! I have told you already I will have nothing more to do with that business "-" Why?" says the other; "Because nobody but a madman can expect any good out of it under the present circumstances!" How far a conversation commencing in such terms would go, you can imagine without being told suffice it to say: Robertson went off in a red fury and left Carlyle in a green one. It is to be hoped however we have seen the last of him now.

Walter? Why! to be sure! Another case of wasted commiseration it would seem! for palpitations arising from a prosperous passion are neither very distressing for the time being, nor likely to terminate fatally. Poor fellow! I trust in heaven that this "emanation from the Moon" (as the Chinese call a beautiful woman) is one who will do him good—not harm. If she be an ambitious woman (that is to say ambitious on the small scale) he will be not unlikely to follow in the path of George Rennie—and end in a restless acrid egoism. She will have much in her power at the present turning point of his life to make him or to mar him—God grant she may use her power like a sensible woman and a true one!—His letter to me was excellent—I will answer it soon. . . .

God bless you my Babbie-and all that belong to you.

Ever your own

47. To Jeannie Welsh

Plattnauer and his little pupil—Carlyle's large plans for Cheyne Row—Dines too late at C. Buller's—Quarrel with old Sterling.

Plattnauer was now acting as tutor to the son of the 1st Marquis of Ailesbury by his second wife. The boy was nine years old at this time.

(9th May, 1843.)

My Sweetest

. . . To yourself, I have hardly any time remaining to write. Plattnauer having been cheated out of his Sunday visit by a sudden whim of the Marchioness's that he should go with her to church—made himself amends by putting his baby-Lord in a street cab this wet morning and bringing him here for exercise! The dearest, prettiest kissablest little Lord it is that ever I set my eyes on! No wonder he always calls him "my boy"—he is worth the appropriating. Now he is gone I must go out on divers business—the most noteworthy an investigation about houses. Since it became wholly indifferent to me, whether we remained in this house or not, Carlyle seems to have been growing in attachment towards it—even the accursed piano which "must be got rid of" does not always drive his imagination forth into new streets or a new county, but only on to the roof—or up to the top of the garden! One day he is for building a sort of well deafened observatory aloftand the next he will build a good-sized room at the end of the garden !--

But preparatory to so strong a measure, there would be need of our having the house on some other principle than from six months to six months. It would be best he says to buy the house!!!—this house which he has a thousand times over sworn to be "out of before he was a month older" as if his life depended on being out of it!—Now however he wants to buy it—and then he will build the room in the garden—and throw the Library and my bedroom into one reasonable drawing room. He would like he says "to have a soirée now and then"!! "once a fortnight or so"!—Is he going mad? or is it I who

have been mad all this while in fancying that he disliked company-and cared nothing about "appearances"? If I cannot get any satisfaction about this house I am to enquire after one in the same street—it seems we are attached even to the street!— I am at my wits' end! my bedroom turned into a drawing room -soirées once a fortnight with one maid servant? the realization of these wild dreams is still a great way off-but I confess they appal me! And this particular day I am not ill to appal—for I went to Charles Buller's to dine yesterday—the father and mother are returned-and instead of dining at six as I had laid my account with we were kept starving till eight—and eating then made me sick-and Mrs. Buller insisted on my telling three long stories which I had told to her at Troston-and when I went to bed I could not sleep and to-day I am "heavy and displeased "-Thank Heaven John is not here to "aggrawate" me!

So good-bye to you love till a more auspicious moment—a kiss to my uncle for the envelope—which was anything but a comforting sight to me—only do not tell him that!—

I had a furious quarrel with old Sterling on Sunday gone a week-I went to dine there with Mrs. Anthony-at her earnest entreaty—her husband having left her with the old goose alone. Well the way he took of testifying his gratitude was to fall foul of my husband's book which I knew that he had not readand utter the most monstrous impertinences about it. I gave him of course as good or a pretty deal better than he brought and came away-abruptly-telling him that he must learn good manners before I visited his house or received him into mine again. He had been in fact brutally insolent—as his nature is when he loses command of himself-two days after he stopped his carriage a few doors off-came to the door on footrung the bell-handed in a letter and walked away miserable in spite of Helen's officious entreaties that he would "come in and rest himself." I enclose the letter-to show you what sort of arrant fools are the Rulers of our Israel!

Ever your own JANE C.

48. To Jeannie Welsh

The mantle of Ninon de l'Enclos—Apparent high spirits—Vittoria Accorombona—a woman after her own heart—Servant Helen on widowers—The intellectual Circe—First meeting with Lady Harriet—Escape from a bevy of Americans—Mazzini makes himself mincemeat for the universe.

The present letters show that the first meeting with Lady Harriet Baring took place more than two years before the call at Bath House, September 28, 1845, which Mr. Alexander Carlyle thought probably the first meeting. (N.L. i. 184 and 175.) The latter was but the first visit to Bath House (cf. p. 254, below, September 30, 1845). After the introduction effected by Mrs. Buller in May, 1843, we read of Lady Harriet calling at Cheyne Row in June, 1845 (p. 246); of a visit to Addiscombe in July, 1845 (p. 248). Moreover in L.M. i. 344, under date of September 23, 1845, Mrs. Carlyle refers to Craik having sat out Lady Harriet one day when she called in Cheyne Row, while T.C. in Reminiscences ii. 192, gives their first visit to Addiscombe as "about 1843 or so?" A similar visit is assigned doubtfully to Easter 1844 in L.M. i. 276.

Private.

(28th May, 1843.)

MY DARLING,

I have been dissipated all this week—extremely dissipated on programme—not settling myself to anything—writing to Babbie included!

The fact is a sublime absurdity occurred to me the other day, and threw me into a sort of nervous flurry which I saw more likelihood to get rid of in everybody's or anybody's company rather than tell a tale with myself. My goodness! surely the mantle of Ninon de l'Enclos has fallen upon me! One might have thought that in this year of grace I was pretty safe from having my tranquillity assailed by the grandes passions of young gentlemen! But as the old Countess of Essex said when asked at eighty by a young jackanapes; "when does a woman have done with love?" "Ask someone older than me!"

Be all that as it may I have *done* a great deal of company this week—and talked—oh good heavens, *such* a quantity! *You* would have been perfectly *terrified* at my *liveliness* had you been by—but those, who have had the benefit of it, have seen in it,

the simple souls, only a most sudden return to good health and good spirits—on which they cannot sufficiently compliment and congratulate me! At a dinner party at the Wedgwoods' on Tuesday Miss Darwin, who was there, said to me before I came away—"Mrs. Scott and I have just been remarking to one another that everybody that has sat next you thro' the evening has been one after another in incessant fits of laughter! what a comfort it must be to have the consciousness of being so entertaining!" An immense comfort to be sure! especially when one has the additional comfort of having just made a person one likes and wishes well to, extremely miserable (for the time being) in the abstract cause of virtue.

Well! John Sterling has given me a German novel by Tieck-Vittoria Accorombona-which contains a woman he said "exactly after my own heart"-I was curious to see his ideal of a woman after my heart—and so far as I have gone which is but eighty pages I find he has made a wonderfully good hit! Poor John! he has recovered his spirits with a rapidity!* "You will see," says Helen while clearing away the breakfast things the other morning, "that Mr. John Sterling will very soon be married again !- but indeed I don't, for my part, think there is any love in the world nowadays like what used to long ago !-- If one hears of it at all it is just momentary and away! There was No. 4 how soon she got over the death of her lover !-And Mr. Brimlicombe the milkman was married seven months after his wife's death !- But I do think," she resumed after some interruption of dusting, "that Mr. Carlyle will be (admire the tense) a very desultory widow! he is so easily put aboutand seems to take no pleasure in new females!" Yes! there is one new female in whom he takes a vast of pleasure, Lady Harriet Baring-I have always omitted to tell you how marvellously that liaison has gone on. Geraldine seemed horribly jealous about it-nay almost "scandalized"-while she was here-for my part I am singularly inaccessible to jealousy, and am pleased rather that he has found one agreeable -house to which he likes to go and goes regularly-one evening in the week at least—and then he visits them at their "farm"

^{*} His wife had died on the 18th of the preceding month.

on Sundays and there are flights of charming little notes always coming to create a pleasing titillation of the philosophic spirit!— Mrs. Buller in her graceful quizzical way insisted I should " see a little into the thing with my own eyes," and promised to give me notice the first time she knew beforehand of the Intellectual Circe's coming to her house—and accordingly Mr. Buller came last Monday to ask me to meet her that evening at tea at seven o'clock-She is in delicate health you may remember and not up to parties or late hours—I said at once yes—and appointed him to bring the carriage for me at half after six. He was not long gone—when it flashed thro' my mind that a whole bevy of Americans male and female were coming here to tea by invitation at seven-Dr. Howe the man who puts souls into people blind and deaf and dumb-you would read about him and his Laura Bridgman in Dickens' Notes—his wife—a Mr. Mann and his wife and a Miss Peabody-What to do? I posted off to Chester Place to explain the necessity of my giving up the Lady Harriet for that time. But the Bullers would not hear of it-"it was my husband not me all these Americans were coming to stare at I would simply pour out the tea for them-and if I spilled it or committed any awkwardness they would go home and put it in a book"! there was truth in these suggestions and finally it was agreed that Mr. Buller should still bring the carriage for me, and unless Carlyle made violent resistance, should snatch me away like Proserpine out of the American environment! C. was at first quite furious at the project—but I got the better of him by saying "Well then there will be nothing for it but to let Mr. Buller when he comes stay here!"—the idea of that—the deafness and the trumpet was worse than anything—so he told me "in Heaven's name to do anything rather than introduce such an element into the concern."

Happily Mr. B. came first—and off I went in cold blood—leaving C. to pour out the tea himself and make what excuses for me he pleased!—I do not remember when I did such a spirited thing or one which I so little repent of doing—I have no reason to study politeness with the Americans. But Lady Harriet!—I liked her on the whole—she is immensely large—

might easily have been one of the ugliest women living—but is almost beautiful—simply thro' the intelligence and cordiality of her expression—I saw nothing of the impertinence and hauteur which people impute to her—only a certain brusquerie of manner which seemed to me to proceed from exuberant spirits and absence of all affectation. She is unquestionably very clever—just the wittiest woman I have seen—but with many aristocratic prejudices—which I wonder Carlyle should have got over so completely as he seems to have done—in a word I take her to be a very lovable spoilt child of Fortune—that a little whipping, judiciously administered would have made into a first rate woman—we staid till eleven—and as there were no other strangers, I had ample opportunity of estimating the amount of her seductions.

What she thought of me I should rather like to know—she took prodigious looks at me from time to time. In the last note to Carlyle inviting him to Addiscombe for next Sunday she says—"I meditate paying my respects to Mrs. Carlyle—so soon as I am again making visits—she is a reality whom you have hitherto quite suppressed."

Mazzini is all in a worry about a concert he is getting up for the Italian school—indeed he has been of late so over head and ears in what Richard Milnes would call "beastly little businesses" that I get next to no good of him—I never saw a mortal man who so completely made himself into "minced meat" for the universe!...

Bless you my love-Remember me to all.

Your own

J. C.

49. To Jeannie Welsh

Inferences from silence—Good works—Mazzini ill—A letter from Cavaignac.

(9th June, 1843.)

So young Lady! you must have been living fast since you have been so slow to write!—As Harriet Martineau says of me I am "dreadful at drawing inferences"!—You have written at last however—and you will say perhaps it was not your

turn-that I owed you a letter-Bah, Debtor-and-creditoraccounts between you and me are a thing not to be spoken of. Had you been in your "normal state" my silence would only have been an additional reason for your writing to me, you would have felt a besoin to know why I did not write. Well! I did not write because literally I could not-I took unto the doing of good works like Mazzini one day-rushed about from two in the forenoon till near eight at night, without having eaten from eight in the morning—verifying a case of extreme misery-preparatory to exerting myself for its alleviationand the result—" virtue's reward" as usual was a severe attack of rheumatism in the head and shoulders which kept me lying several days on the flat of my back—and which is not entirely removed even now-for I am still obliged to move myself all of a piece, and my head feels as if it had been pounded in a mortar. Mazzini too has been and is very ill-an abscess inside his cheek-headache of several days' standing and fever -I am very unquiet about him for in that accursed Tancioni establishment there is no help for a person who is incapacitated from helping himself. He persists too in declining to send for a doctor. But I have written to that Dr. Toynbee who has shown himself so friendly towards him—stating his melancholy predicament—and urging him to lose no time in going to his assistance—Mazzini will be angry at me for this but no matter if he be the sooner recovered.

In fact it has been all going ill for the last week—the only consolation a letter from Cavaignac—to Carlyle—but containing some precious words for me—he is not coming—cannot come—has to go to Africa his brother's health making him "inquiet de nouveau" and being besides "pauvre comme fob"—but he says "je voudrais bien vous voir, voir Madame, bonne et noble dme s'il en fût!"—And Madame is almost as content as if he had come!—And the letter ends with "Adieu, chère dame, je déclare que de vous on peut dire bien! toute mortelle que vous soyez, je me suis dit plus d'une fois, depuis que je vous ai quittée: par le ciel, il n'y a pas sur cette terre trois femmes comme celle-là! Adieu tous deux—Madame une lettre!"—Now such words from any other man might be mere words—

and I should not care rigmaree for them—but from him!—Ah c'est autre chose! he never praises except as it were on compulsion. . . .

50. To Jeannie Welsh

Interruptions-A Scottish Bishop-Story of the Mudies.

The Scottish Bishop was nicknamed "Cuttikins" (L.M. i. 209; cp. 207, 210, 213) from his gaiters, which formed a part of his "episcopal uniform, unsuitable to the little bandy-legged man." "Indisputable man of talent and veracity, though not of much devoutness, of considerable worldliness rather, and quietly composed self-conceit—gone now, ridiculously, into the figure of a bandy-legged black beetle, as was

thought by some."

"My poor family" are the Mudies, of whom T. C. gives an account in L.M. i. 263, the grown-up daughters of "a Mr. Mudie whom I recollect hearing of about 1818 as a restless, somewhat reckless, and supreme schoolmaster at Dundee." For twenty years he had subsisted in London as a literary adventurer; broke down and left a family "with a foolish widow and next to no provision whatever for them. The case was abundantly piteous, but it was not by encouragement from me, to whom it seemed from the first hopeless, that my dear one entered into it with such zeal and determination." In this and subsequent letters (54, 59, 60) Mrs. Carlyle gives a much fuller account of her endless trouble on their behalf—and its ultimate failure—than appears in L.M.

(15th June, 1843.)

Here is half a sheet of pretended foreign paper for you Dearest—the other half is gone only yesterday to Cavaignac—you may think what a worry I have been in since I have not answered even his pressing demand for a letter sooner!—The Devil has been in the wind for me these two or three weeks—every kind of thing that could be imagined in the shape of business and interruption has come to trouble me at one time. My business is still at the thickest but I may anticipate some alleviation from the interruptions; one fertile source of these embarked in a steam-boat for Scotland last night—not to return

these two years God willing. I think I mentioned to you that Bishop — was here—but you could hardly attach all the sad importance to the fact which it deserved. The man is mad I think—when I admired him long ago as the clever man of the place he scarcely showed any preference for me-now that I admire him no longer but on the contrary regard him as what Mazzini would call a "self-constituted impostor"—and have hardly patience to be reasonably civil to him for old acquaintance's sake; he seems to have constituted me into his Santa Maria !—has been coming during his stay in London at a rate which it is almost fearful to look back upon-staying each time three mortal hours at the least-making me all sorts of extraordinary confidences—never seeing Carlyle who hates him, and kept himself determinedly out of his way-and in short keeping me I will not say in hot water—but in a sort of luke warm water even more detestable. Thank heaven he is gone at last with his bits of black leggings and shovel-hat-and shovelheart and soul! In all the arguments we had-and they were many—it seemed to me that it was I always who defended the religious side of the question, and he the worldly—the devil's side—and he dares to go about in black leggings and call himself Bishop !-Bah!

Then that German romance which I spoke of *—I am still in the third volume of it—and the interest (to use Godwin's curious phrase) is "rather exquisite"—with all my remarkable foresight I cannot predict the catastrophe—but certainly George Sand in her most impassioned moments never wrote anything equal to it—you understand me?—But the engrossing business of all—my poor family—Heaven and Earth! what am I to do with them?—I will enclose you something that was printed about the Father at the time of his death—about a year ago—so that I need not speak of him (send me back the paper). But the family's history has been this—briefly; for it would take hours to tell it with all the details I know—The widow and five children, all daughters except one, a boy of fourteen—"a very bright boy" (the poor mother called him) were left quite

^{*} Probably Tieck's Vittoria Accorombona. See p. 127, ante, and L.M. i. 192; N.L. i. 109, 114.

destitute-a small subscription was raised among those they were known to which just sufficed to pay the undertaker's bill of £30—and some such like bills. Their rent was still unpaid the landlord put an execution in the house-and all their furniture books etc, were sold for an old song. They removed into one wretched apartment for which they paid five shillings a week and subsisted-or rather starved on what they could earn by sewing "slop-shirts" at a penny-farthing a piece-and stitching fine stays for EIGHTPENCE! With hardship of one sort and another the mother fell ill of Typhus fever-she recovered -but the boy-the one boy-her hope in life-caught itlingered six weeks—died !- another burial to pay for ! and thena chandler with whom they had accumulated an account of f,5 during this agonizing period seized the mother-and before her first tears were dried for her only son-threw her into prison-for £5! She lay there three weeks-desperate it would seem for she appealed to no one-a stranger-a Russian -heard tell of her case and set her free-another stranger gave her £5 more for immediate need—and this was her situation when I first heard tell of her. She thought that if thirty pounds were given her she could start a small school—being an educated woman-a woman that has herself written things for journalsand that by this together with needlework she and her daughters might make an independent livelihood-she talked like a practical well meaning woman-I thought one should get her a hundred pounds—to give her a fair start—too little would only be flung away in an impossible attempt-and I seemed in a fair way of getting it till there arose certain insinuations that she had been improvident in her better times-nay that she had indulged too much in stimulants-all that by the minutest investigation I have been able to ascertain to her disadvantage amounts to no more than what would be quite easily pardoned in anybody but in one who is asking help-in matters of charity however people's consciences are extremely nice! And so because in her hard labours of writing to her husband's dictation from morning till night for fifteen years-and being often very savagely used by him-and educating at the same time all her children herself-because thus situated, she may have been tempted to take more drink than was lady-like—the subscription—I am told—must be abandoned—can only at least be carried on among private well wishers—and where are they? except myself and Professor Gillespie of St. Andrews—I know of none that trouble their heads about her. I must move heaven and earth to find situations for the girls—such of them as are fit for situations—and then they if they are good for anything will be able to assist their mother. Geraldine who has continued like the wonderful being she is to write me twice or thrice a week—the longest letters—without ever getting a word of answer—wrote last week to beg that I would send one line at least to say if I were ill—so I wrote that I was occupied—with a family in great economical affliction. On this small notice she writes instantly again proposing—

Enter people——
No more then

Your own,
JANE CARLYLE.

51. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine's help; is reconciling—Carlyle's two worries.

(21st June, 1843.)

DARLING.

I am afraid you will get no good of me until the Mudie concern is off my hands either as a success or a failure—I have just been writing a long letter to Jeffrey about them till my head is all in a mash—yesterday ditto—to Geraldine!—that unwearied girl has fairly conquered me into a hot correspondence with her again after all—by taking up this matter I have so much at heart with an enthusiasm—even surpassing my own! I cannot but feel grateful to her at least for what she has done and is in the way of doing—nay at times I am almost over-persuaded back into my old illusion that she has some sort of strange, passionate—incomprehensible attraction towards me that leads her thro' what is even more repugnant to natural feeling than "fire and water"—thro' the miry puddle of teazing and begging—to do me pleasure. Whatever be her motive her

results are worthy of admiration—and lay me under a considerable debt of toleration towards her.

Then here has been Carlyle fretting himself—and family—that is, me and Helen—to fiddlestrings—having two incompatible worries acting on him at once—the thought of his Brother's departure to America with all the practical work that brings with it—such as writing of recommendatory letters—gathering of all sorts of information for his guidance, etc., etc.—And on the other hand an article for Forster's Review which must be finished by Saturday night; if he would not run the risk of Forster's hanging himself, and so—we have sleepless nights—terrific explosions at breakfast—and all the et ceteras you can figure!...

Your own bedevilled,
JANE CARLYLE.

52. To Jeannie Welsh

Youth and happiness—Summer plans—Mazzini would not wait.
(Before 30th June, 1843.)

My good darling

You must not lose heart—easy to say! but when it comes to doing!—Well—no one knows better than I do the immense difference betwixt saying and doing; still I am not ashamed to say to you you must not lose heart, because I really see good cause why you should not;—setting aside all moral obligation in the matter.

Amid all your present troubles, whatsoever they be, you have a ground of comfort which I have not, which so many have not! You are young—very young—with youth on one's side depend on it one has the odds on one's side against the sorest trials. One may not feel this at the time—nay, one may find the prospect of a long life to come only aggravation of one's suffering. But in the long life to come lie so many glorious possibilities! And some fine morning, without knowing precisely how, one awakes to a recognition of these, and can smile over the despairing past as over a bad dream! I can only guess at what ails you—I may or may not be near the truth—but of this I am certain as I live—that whatever you

are suffering I have suffered, and under more terrible conditions than can in your case be possible. And see, after all, I am here alive, speaking hope to my Babbie! Not very gay certainly -not "happy"—who in a world like this, that has any more reflection than the Brutes can be what they call happy at my age?—but I am better than happy in having learned to do without happiness—and I have this knowledge to communicate to you, drawn from my own life-experience; that the heart even of a woman can stand an infinite deal more breaking without being broken than one can form the smallest conception of at five and twenty. There is a beautiful proverb and it is as true as beautiful that "the darkest hour of the night is nearest the dawn." So have I found it, and so will you too find it-Wait and hope for the dawn in patient faith. There is no use in tormenting oneself into got-up good spirits. That is, as it were, to light a parcel of farthing candles, and call that "the dawn"! A sort of beggarly brightness that serves only to make the darkness visible—to show one how very miserable one is! But wait-Mazzini you remember did not like that word-nevertheless it is a good word-and one which if he had better appreciated he would not have lain under the reproach of having been turned back from revolutionary Italy "by a toll-bar"! and under many other consequences sad to think of. Wait-not in sloth indeed-but in inward prayer-with your face towards the East-till the true God-sent brightness comes—and pours itself afresh over all your world and into the depths of your soul-you know not how-but no matter how so it be there! Oh that is joy! such as one knew not of before having suffered! When one feels oneself again awake—alive no longer a ghost among the living and the loving—but living and loving like a newborn creature, in a newborn world! My darling, if I had you here I could make you believe that all will be well with you in good time. I could kiss the belief into you! I am sure that I could !- But the things that are in one's heart to say grow so cold on the paper—Well, the practical inference from all that is, that we must speedily meet - . . .

Your own

53. To Jeannie Welsh

On hanging in the wind—Carlyle starting for Wales—Other plans; house cleaning—Mudies' affair—Mazzini's abscess.

(30th June, 1843.)

. . . I do wish you were settled one way or other-I know no state which it is so difficult to lead a rational never to sav a contented life under as that state of hanging in the wind. God knows I have had enough of it in my time but even custom never reconciled me to it the least in the world. Carlyle has finally determined on starting for Wales on Monday or Tuesday. We have just been emptying the portmanteauful of books which you packed—to replace them with the necessary clothes—so I suppose he is really in earnest this time. He has no idea how long he will stay or whether he will come straight back or go round by-Scotland! or the moon!-He "hopes that I will go somewhere during his absence "-and then the next minute agrees to the necessity of my staying to take charge of the house until at least I can find some safe person to put into it besides Helen-Then half a minute after asks if I am not going down next week to the Isle of Wight?-I have an invitation to go to John Sterling there-and of course a most pressing invitation to Troston. But the confounded houseand the scattering in Liverpool confuse my mind beyond all power of scheming even.

When He is fairly out of the way—and the ceilings whitened and the carpets beaten and some painting done—even if I should do it out of my own pin-money—then I will try to "go

somewhere."

Meanwhile I shall not be lonely—never fear for that. I have always visitors enough and to spare—when I am single—and when a domestic earthquake is going on there is no leisure for feeling lonely suppose no one came near me. I hope to get the Mudies put into some sort of small line of business in a week or two—thanks chiefly to the active exertions of Geraldine!—and then I must positively wash my hands of them—for they

take up far more of my time and thought than is at all reasonable—I believe if I had sat down at once and written a novel in three volumes—and given them the proceeds it would have been easier work for me than the writing of all the letters I have had to write on their account, and all the talking and walking besides. . . .

Poor Mazzini is again very ill with his cheek—the swelling has ended in an immense tumour outside—which is fearful to look at and think of—I went to see him yesterday the one side of his face looked as sweet and placid as if nothing ailed the other—but the other! made me absolutely sick—with apprehension chiefly—I wish I could bring him here and nurse him—he is very ill cared for where he is. In fact we are all of us you included in a baddish way—love to my uncle and the rest— . . . I know I have forgotten a hundred things but better this than nothing.

Your own IANE C.

54. To Jeannie Welsh in Glasgow

Illness and Babbie's aid—Mazzini; Dr. Toynbee and the sympathy of his Association.

Wednesday (Early July, 1843).

rush of things laying violent claim to my time and faculty, illustrating for a millionth time the proverb that "it never rains but it pours"—a few lines, however I must send you to bid you be of good cheer, my dear Babbie—for my displeasure is only inverse affection—and also to tell you that my cold is quite gone—indeed I am happy to have had something sharp in the way of illness, for I had been going on a great many weeks with a general feeling of malaise which was taking all spirit and sense out of me, and which I felt could not be got rid of without a crisis. Now I hope to be better than I was before the going to bed—and do not you fancy that I would be either so forgetful of my promise or of my own interest as to be either "dying or near dying" or at all seriously ill without telling you, and calling

on you to come and help me though you were at the furthest end of the kingdom-but I have always an inner feeling when I am seriously ill-quite different from that which attends a passing illness however painful for the time being and I had none of that presentiment on this occasion-I knew that it was only "a summing up of many things" (chiefly moral) as Mazzini declares his face to be—and that the rest and quiet of bed would bring me speedily round. Oh dear me, Babbie, I am very anxious and sorrowful about Mazzini. After many entreaties he has at last begun to take care—some care of himself, but God knows whether it be not too late. He went with Toynbee yesterday to a consultation with Hawkins, the chief surgeon of St. George's Hospital-who probed the wound and declared it to be already at the bone-and John Carlyle told me again last Sunday night "that if it reached the bone nothing could hinder its becoming a cancer "-" Well," says Mazzini, "but my dear-even if it does-there can still you know be an operation!" Such comfort! and this he said to me to-day as calmly as if he had been speaking of a hole in his coat! He went yesterday and had a tooth drawn by order of his new surgeon to see if Nature would turn the matter perhaps into that course—and came here to-day all the way from Queen Square where he now lives! and when I scolded him for coming, he said "well, but since the tooth was pulled upon my honour the wound has not discharged anything." I could not help crying half the time he stayed—he looks so emaciated and so calm! if his Mother were near or any human being to nurse him I should not mind so much, but he has nobody but poor helpless me-helpless because the accursed conventionalities of this world would make it disgraceful to go and nurse one's dearest friend if he happened to be a young man. A strange thing took place at the Association the other night-so pathetic and at the same time almost ridiculous. After Mazzini had made a short speech—pleading his inability to speak more at one time-a working-man took the chair and moved a resolution that "Mr. Mazzini should be . . . laid under obligation to take care of himself! his life being not his own but Italy's property; that constraint should be exercised if necessary for his preservation "—the sensible working-man! And then he proceeded to move the details of his resolution—firstly for instance that if the doctor considered quiet necessary an Italian guard should be in constant attendance at his door to prevent any one passing in to him—etc. etc., and this movement was followed by a deputation of Italian men waiting on Dr. Toynbee to ask what particulars of treatment he wished to have *enforced*. The only comfort is that he *does* now *begin* to feel himself the insanity of neglecting his health to the same extent as formerly—God grant the sense may not have come too late.

I have no spirits to write about anything else after this—besides that I have already written longer than my other botherations left time for—Pray do write a few lines to Mazzini—any kindness always cheers him, poor fellow and the shortest note will be better than none—his address is 47 Devonshire Street, Queen Square, and for the love of Heaven if you stay longer in Glasgow send me your address—don't you see I have to send all my letters round by Liverpool which puts off time—to be sure I might have told you sooner without trusting to your drawing the inference.

Ever yours

J. C.

55. To Jeannie Welsh

House-cleaning — Sterling — Plattnauer and Babbie — Mazzini; ill-cared for.

This letter is written on four half-sheets of notepaper, both grey and white.

(7th July, 1843.)

Oh Babbie! Would thou wert here to do my hair!—Words cannot paint it Babbie! *Infernal?*—that is too mild an epithet by far, for the "hubbub wild and dire dismay" which I am now actually in the midst of!

[Follows a very full account of the house-cleaning already described in L.M. i. 202, which incidentally proves, as Mr. A.



JEANNIE WELSH.

From the portrait by Gambardella in the possession of Miss Chrystal.



Carlyle has pointed out (N.L. i. 110) that Froude has misdated the letter as the 18th instead of the 7th July.]

... Most days however, you will be glad to hear, that Sterling brings his carriage and drives me wheresoever I please—I have him in perfect subjection at present. On Wednesday I dined there to meet Charles Barton poor Mrs. John Sterling's brother—he told me that Sterling's phrase of invitation had been "Will you come to me at half after five—that angel dines with me to-day—that Angel of Consolation and Mercy"!!!

Last evening I had a quiet walk in Battersea fields with Plattnauer—the only good hour I have passed since Carlyle went away—we talked of "that sweet girl" as we often do—that young man improves under my "angelic ministrations"—there is an earnestness a something of noble, of self-sacrificing in him now which gives him about the same amount of resemblance to Cavaignac spiritually which I used to find in him externally—it is not very striking—but still something to be

glad of.

Mazzini is still confined to the house with his face but he professes to be quite well otherwise—I have not seen him for a week. It always puts me into such a bad humour going thereto see the mess in which these wretched Tancionis keep him; and the silly way in which he submits to be made their prey as it were—that I never go except in case of necessity—and last day the sight of his face was a sight to make one dream bad dreams of him for a week after. Had he taken care after the first abatement of the swelling it would have been all well-but he went fussing out day after day on the business of the Italian School and got more cold in it—and then the tumour came outside and burst and had to be lanced-and heaven knows when his face will look as it did-but what cares he how it looks? I wish you would write him a little note of inquiryhe needs all the kind attentions possible from without, his consolations at home are so few !-- And now what of yourself--after all this about myself—are the rest gone? I hope so for the getting of certain persons fairly off is a devil of a business, as I was fully sensible the last Sunday and Monday morning.

I have no paper—so be thankful for the backs of old notes—love to all that are at home and to Walter—I hope he will soon seek me in my chaos—Bless thee darling of my heart—

Your own

J. C.

56. To Jeannie Welsh

Sympathy; like that of the Siamese Twins—Painters in the house—A neighbour's precautions against thieves.

(12th July, 1843.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

The sympathy between us continues to be perfect in all respects-both materially and morally-to a degree unprecedented I really believe except in the case of the Siamese twins! Unfortunately it is not oftenest sympathy in bliss! at this moment ?-Oh good Heavens, after all !- The unspeakable is going on in this house !- Every morning at six of the clock a legion of devils rush in under the forms of Carpenters, Painters, whitewashers, and non-descript apprentice-lads who grind, grind, with pumice-stone, and saunter up and down the stairs whistling and singing as if I had hired them to keep me in music! At the first sound of this Legion spreading itself over the premises, I spring out of bed-dash down stairs, and "in verra desperation" take a shower-bath!—After which I feel more up to standing the noise-and smell, and hideous discomfort! I am oil-painting the staircase and passages and the wood of the Library—so you may conceive the smell in this warm weather! Sterling predicts my death in consequence -various persons remonstrate against my staying-above all sleeping-in it-but what can I do? If I were not here to look after what is a-doing I can see that there would be fifty blunders made-and to leave Helen alone during the night-or to bring any stranger in to keep her company while the house is in such disorder would be equally inexpedient—" death" indeed were to be avoided on any terms and if I saw that likely to ensue I would accept a sleeping room in Sterling's house—but by keeping my bedroom door always closed and sleeping with the two windows wide open I do not feel the smell very bad thro'

the night-" And the thieves Cousin? two wide-open windows and plenty of ladders lying quite handy in the court underneath them "?-My dear, when one is painting and papering one's house, one has no time to think of thieves !- It did occur to me last night in lying down, that "heavy bodies" * might drop in thro' the night and be at my pillow before I heard them —but my nerves are pretty strong at present—I took the precaution to lay the Policeman's rattle on the spare pillow-and went to sleep without thinking more about them-a curious contrast to Mr. Lambert next door-father of the young pianists-who sleeps in the back room of the ground floor-" for protection to his house "-he told me-and besides his quick-eared dog has ever in readiness a loaded gun-pistols he says are "worth nothing in such cases." I told him that rather than pass my life in such a state of armed defence, I would adopt Darwin's plan of leaving all the plate &c. every night on the lobby table -I told him also of your screams of delight in seeing "a small cannon" carried into his house last year-and thinking what an unexpected reception the next thieving party was likely to encounter. He laughed himself till the tears ran down but told me "the small cannon" was a small steam engine—he seems to be some sort of military engineer. All this passed between us yesterday morning when in return for an amiable note of regrets about the noise &c. which I had felt it polite to write to him, he came himself to assure me "he had never heard the noise "and to offer me " his protection "-(in the virtuous sense of the word of course)-from all he said, he left me with the idea that he stood much more in need of my protection than I did of his.

... You tell me our Walter was to meet my uncle and the others at Greenwich!! In that case had not I better go too?—but perhaps you meant Greenock my Dear? Bless you love—perhaps even in your material earthquake you will find more time to write to me than when they were all at home in the usual routine—

Your own

J. C.

^{*} A phrase of Helen's.

57. To Jeannie Welsh

Confidential correspondence—The Mudies.

Carlyle, after visiting his friends Redwood and Bishop Thirlwall in Wales, went on to Liverpool for the last week of July. There he was to meet his brother John, and proceed with him for a further tour in N. Wales. Thereafter John was planning to descend upon Cheyne Row, while Carlyle went to Scotsbrig.

The Father Mathew episode told in L.M. i. 220 is here

omitted.

Sunday forenoon (6th August, 1843).

My own Babbie,

Have you comprehended me the least in the world? I fear not—I fear that your faith in me, steadfast as it is, must have received a shock more or less, from this prolonged silence. If so, now hear "the solution" and be sorry for having doubted a moment. Babbie I could not write to you while my husband was there, because I could and would and needed to write to thee more confidentially than to him even, and I felt that it were placing you in an embarrassing predicament to send you letters which he naturally would wish to see and which you would not feel at liberty to show him-better-easier and more prudent to write always straight to himself than to be writing as it were for him thro' you or else for you to the exclusion of him. Not that I have had any mysteries of iniquity to communicate—but all my bits of household troubles—all my sympathy with you in your troubles, which with two such men must have been considerable—all my amusement at their planlessness-their lionizing &c. &c.-all my apprehensions of having John landed with me-all in short of the intimate little things which it came naturally to say to Babbie and to no person else, all that it would have puzzled you to repeat to them-and when I tried to compose a letter to you—a letter for the public— Ach Gott I found it not possible—I have got so into the way of splashing off whatever is on my mind when I write to you, without forethought or back-thought that I must go on so if at all, to the end of the chapter-Well! now the coast is clear again—and now my Babbie how do you do? For me I have been but indifferently all last week—Carlyle would perhaps tell you that I had been to Tunbridge Wells,* and that feeling out of sorts next day I took an immense dose of shower bath to enable me to do the Kay Shuttleworths. The step I believe was too energetic—all that cold water drove my cold not away but in—and so I have been in a curious and rather wretched state ever since. . . .

. . . I had letters from both Mrs. Paulet and Geraldine yesterday—full of enchantment over the "angel visit"—and comprising even John in their questionable hero-worship: "Jeannie looked nice and pretty as she always does"—Carlyle seems to have been rather charmed with Mrs. Paulet and not displeased with Geraldine—indeed with all his hatred of being made a lion of he seems to tolerate those who make him so marvellously well.

... Julict Mudie goes off to Manchester to-morrow morning and I have just packed the picture and the frame into her trunk—to the care of Geraldine who will easily get them forwarded to you—I do not think they can possibly take any

hurt-wrapped up as they are.

Babbie—and see already what a letter—again you perceive I have had recourse in case of need to the Butcher's book. Write to me here—if I am in the Isle of Wight the letter will follow me there—Love to the boys and Walter—

Your own

COUSIN AND SISTER AND FRIEND.

58. To Jeannie Welsh

A bond of sympathy—Needlework—A gift to Darwin—Her portrait being copied at Manchester.

Thursday (18th August, 1843).

My CHILD,

The sympathy that is between you and me has something of—what shall I say—supernatural in it. Morally and

* A one day's visit on July 27, with John Sterling to his aunt, Mrs. Prior. (M.L. i. 126.)

materially we go on at this distance in the beautifulest fellow-ship of worries—first heart worries that cannot be put on paper—then household-worries from cleanings, &c.—and finally indignant worries with one's maid—during the last week I have been exercising a quantity of philosophy that will never be known or estimated "here down," * in merely abstaining from taking a poker and killing Helen for the woe she has brought me.

But to start fair-After I wrote to you last I was really very ill-I did not get over my horrid Ryde expedition so easily as I expected—I had a spell of headaches and the most extraordinary aches in my limbs as well making it imperative on me for one day to keep my bed. Well I had got on foot again, Carlyle had begun to talk of coming home-I must wind up my fag ends of radical reform and get in readiness for him—and just when I was sitting down to breakfast with a feeling of the necessity of despatch making me rather flighty-says Helen "My !-I was just looking up at the corner of my bed this morning and there ye ken what should I see but two bogues (anglice bugs!) I hope there's nae mair!" "Good God "said I "you hope? It will be a precious affair if you have let bugs into your bed again after the fright you got five years ago!" And off I ran to investigate with my own eyes -I had killed two in the first instant-and on pulling the bed separate I saw-oh heaven and earth plenty of "little beings" (as Mazzini would say) moving-I told her so in despair. But now she considered her honour concerned—went and investigated after me and returned very angry to tell me "there was not a single bogue there—she had looked and there was nothing of the sort. . . . "

[Follows the devastating episode told in L.M. i. 240 seq. The newly cleaned house was found to be infested with vermin introduced by the carelessness of Helen, who angrily refused to help in the ensuing campaign of destruction.]

So you may figure that when the letters that must be written to the master of the house were written I had little faculty never to speak of time remaining—the idea of his arriving at home after

^{*} Another phrase of Mazzini's.

such a time consumed in brightening the outside of the platter and finding me in a beastly mess of this sort being an idea that has chased me all thro' the day and even haunted my dreams.

Surely some time again we shall be at leisure Babby !--It

does not look like it yet - . . .

Your own IANE C.

The garters! have never once thanked you for them—Ah—but they had passed away from me! Only think, I gave them to Darwin and said you worked them for him and the poor man blushed up to the eyes and so will you at hearing of it—never mind, I put it all to rights; after I told him you had worked them for me who cannot wear that sort and that I could not have them wasted on anybody you did not care for, he declared he should be delighted to wear them!

Just as I was going to seal I bethink me of that eternal picture—(and I have not a bit of writing paper left)—only fancy it-when I was thinking that at last you had it safe-for they were so beautifully packed in wadding-and tied up and all sealed, there comes a note from Geraldine-saying "she had received from Juliet Mudie a sealed parcel for you to her house, that she knew at once it was my picture—she struggled with her inclinations for two days-finally she could hold out no longer but broke the seals and now there I was sitting very like myself on the drawing room table!!!"-So much for confessionthe humble request " might she-surely she might get Patten to make her a sketch from it!" Considering all the dreadful trouble she has taken for me about these Mudies I could not refuse so small a mercy-nor blame her very severely for what she had done tho' it was unjustifiable-So this is why you are still without it. Better say nothing to Gambardella of this, he might chance to take it ill.

59. To Jeannie Welsh

Jeannie's letters appreciated—John in the house—His unfortunate civilities—Carlyle at Dunbar, etc.—Walter Welsh assistant minister at Auchtertool.

(About 12th Sept., 1843.)

My BABBIE!

You are good, to make apologies to me all the same when I am your debtor as your creditor; it is well-judged moreover! for the which makes in fact no difference in the impatience with which I look for letters from you and my disappointment when they do not come. I do not know how it is; but I have somehow of late cut the cables of all my customary habitudes and got far out at sea-drifting before the wind of circumstance in a rather helpless manner-not that I am become lazy or indifferent—I was never more full of energy and emotion " since I kennt the worl" (as they say in Annandale), but a Destiny seems to have taken possession of me body and soul—and orders me this way and that—and thro' my head and hands performs its will, without giving me the smallest voice in any matter. To look at me in action you would say that my whole heart and life was in it--and so it is; but then there is a something dominating my heart and life-some mysterious power which mocks my own volition and forethought. The results are good so far-useful-contributory to "the greatest happiness of the greatest number "-" never," says Bishop Terrot, "have I seen anyone so improved in amicability as you are !-- Why you seem to aim at superseding Providence on the face of the earth!" Letters come to me commencing with "ange tutelaire" and such like recognitions of my practical helpfulness-and then my zeal and superhuman success in the rehabilitation of my house makes me pass for the model of wives-and all the while Babbie-between ourselves hang me if I have the slightest natural bias either to the career of benevolence or of notableness !- Neither do I wish to act either of these rôles-I tell you they are put upon me by some superior power and I go thro' with them like a person in the magnetic state doing the bidding of his magnetiser—with a vague, internal

spell-bound protest which goes for nothing.

But I should like much better to talk to you of all this than to write about it. The only direction in which I seem to have got myself put out lately-in any thing like a voluntary spontaneous way has been, in revolting every day and hour of the last week against the infliction of John!*-Of course I do not mean that I openly quarrel with him-in Carlyle's absence that would be a sad impropriety—but I concentrate all my forces into a position of grim impassivity, which any power of teasing and boring except his own would échouer against. There is something so irritating at the very outset in having a man fix himself down in your house—palpably for its sake not yours --so that his material wants be all supplied-it is no matter by whom-nay one would say that he considered the act of administering to his wants like virtue its own reward !--for he will sit morning after morning munching away at his breakfast and gazing into vacancy without once addressing me as if I were the Chinese figure that one sees in some of the tea-shop windows! "The Devil fly away with him" for having come to hand before my husband returned. I should have been glad to have had my new house hanselled by him-rather than this other who makes confusion wherever he be-and I should have liked after so long an absence to have been a day or two with himself in peace and reason—but John's peculiar talent, as I have long known, is to be "toujours hors de propos" † so there is no help for it. In his attempts at being civil even-" few and far between," this hors de proposness discloses itself. Just one such attempt has he made since his return-On Thursday last I was feeling particularly knocked up-and just on Thursday and on no other day he would have me to go out somewhere with him. "I lived too quietly," he said, "I should go out more and see things "-" it would be good for me to go that evening to the Surrey zoological gardens "-I refused at first on the score of

^{* &}quot;Never one of the quietest men in this house." (T. C., L.M. i. 256. She speaks to T. C. of John's "self-conceit," 259.)

† "Like Mademoiselle de l'Espinasse, son talent est d'être toujours hors de propos." To T. C. on August 31, in expectation of John's arrival. (L.M. i. 256).

being too weak-but as he continued to press me I yielded at last merely to show a disposition to receive anything so unwonted as a courtesy from him! He told me the place was "close by Vauxhall" to which we were to go in the steamboat it was at least two miles beyond Vauxhall—when I was breaking down however Providence sent a stray cab to my aid. The gardens we finally reached and there I "saw things" with a vengeance! You may fancy how he would lead one this way and that, backwards and forwards, to this and the other beast and bird—and tell me its name and properties over and over and over again—in an hour I was half dead with it and declared if he did not let me sit down on a seat that presented itself I should certainly faint-" Much better come this way-there was something well worth seeing farther on—one might find a better seat than that "-so I dragged after him till we came in view of the grand wonder of these gardens, "the Indian City of Ellora" all done into pasteboard, as large as life, and shone on by the real moon! "And it was nothing now," he told me, "in comparison with what it would be by and by "-and he handed me a bill by which it appeared that at half after eight o'clock (observe it was then only half after five) the Indian City of Ellora would be "all lighted up with fire"-there would be fire in the caves in the palaces—" jet d'eaus of fire (as the bill had it) from the Lake "-fire-dragons-" A sacrifice to the Spirit of Fire "-" Brilliant Apotheosis of the Fire-God "-&c., &c.—So much fire that my poor head took fire at the bare thought of it !-- and when in addition I found it was to be waited for three hours; a sacred horror crept over my heart and I felt for the moment that my whole happiness here and hereafter depended on my getting away from that place without an instant's delay !- John protested, argued against "the stupidity of going back without having seen what I had come for "-God is my witness that I knew no more what I had "come for" than the Babe unborn! Away I came anyhow and mercifully was just in time for the last steamboat—he had no scheme for getting me home the seven miles, had we staved !there was no cabstand, no omnibuses—and for this tremendous adventure he had chosen just a day when I was pale as a ghost

and to the outward eye even more than usually suffering. Of course I had to go to bed quite ill—having realized a cruel headache—and when I was taking off my clothes he knocked at my door and proposed that I should come upstairs and look thro' his telescope at the four moons of Jupiter!! "A chance when I should see them to such advantage again!"—"Oh," I thought, "if you were in one of them!—or quartered into the four!"

How much more insupportable is that inveterate egotism which has absolutely lost all sense of other people's feelings than a good downright, spirited vice! If Helensburgh were not in Scotland I should long so much to fly away to you all! your letter gives me such a feeling of a place all sunshiny and hearts all sunshiny. Next year—if we live to see it I have a scheme for a grande réunion at the Isle of Wight—I even looked after a house for my uncle there!—I believe the place would be charming under ordinary circumstances—and so accessible!

Carlyle ic to be home on Friday I expect. He has been to Haddington (!) and Kirkaldy * and is now off to Thomas Erskine at Dundee !- It was very strange for me getting a letter from him dated Haddington. He went there for the sake of a battle field of Oliver Cromwell's at Dunbar-whither he walked-(eleven miles and back again) spending two nights with the Donaldsons at Sunny Bank. He was at Thornhill too by my desire-much against his own feeling-he saw old Mary and Margaret and the Russells.† He has seen all that remains for me in Scotland-two graves-I do not know what good it does me that he should have been there—at Crawford and at Haddington -but I am pleased to have as it were sent a message to them since I want force to go myself. Oh Babbie I am horribly sad always at the bottom of my heart-my external life is all smoothed over again, and flows on noiselessly enough-but underneath! Happily the world troubles itself little what we have deep down-and the thing to be chiefly guarded against in

^{*} So spelt invariably by Mrs. Carlyle.

† Friendship with Mrs. Russell (formerly Miss Dobbie, see p. 10), wife
of Dr. Russell of Thornhill, began in Craigenputtock days. Through her
devotion to Mrs. Welsh at Templand, she became Mrs. Carlyle's most
intimate and dearly loved friend, by whom she sent yearly gifts of
remembrance to her mother's old servants, such as Mary Mills and Margaret
Hiddlestone.

suffering is plaguing one's fellow creatures with one's individual

griefs.

Carlyle rode over to Walter's and found not only Walter but his Landlady gone—he brought down Mr. Fergus's pony and peeled one of its knees and bruised his own ankles and wrists in the business!...

How very glad I am to hear such good accounts of my uncle—a dozen kisses to him—and love to all the rest—I do not forget that I owe Helen a letter—bless you my child ever

Your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

60. To Jeannie Welsh

Reaction after activity—German novels—London deserted—Carlyle returns out-of-sorts—Earthquake on earthquake in the newly decorated house—Babbie's health.

(2nd Oct., 1843.)

D'abord, you are an angelical Babbie, to make me never a reproach for my silence—never a reproach for anything! I am sufficiently conscious, without being told, of the imperfection of my actual manner of being, but I console myself with the reflection that, if not *inevitable* absolutely, it is at all rates the *very natural* reaction against the outrageous activity and universal benevolence which I have been carrying on for the last two or three months.

My husband has been returned this fortnight back, and since then I have not written to you—have not written to anyone—have not done anything except occasionally mend my stockings and read in the dreamy novels by the Gräfin Hahn Hahn (Countess Cock cock! What a name!) She is a sort of German George Sand without the genius—and en revanche a good deal more of what we call in Scotland gumtion—a clever woman, really—separated from her husband of course, and on the whole very good to read when one is in a state of moral and physical collapse. For the rest nothing can exceed this great City in these weeks, for absence of all earthly objects of interest! Even Darwin has been gone for a month!—the last to go. But I had the pleasure of meeting him yesterday in Cadogan Place,

having returned the night before. To give you the most striking illustration that occurs to me of the desert state of things; I saw the other day a little girl of six years old playing her hoop in the centre of Piccadilly!! A cab did come at last and as nearly as possible ran over her—but skipping from under the horse's belly, literally, she recommenced her hoop-playing, with the same assiduity as before. And within doors is not a whit more gay I can assure you than without. Carlyle returned, as usual from his journeyings in quest of health, as bilious and out of sorts as he went away. Blue pill with castor oil "and the usual trimmings" had to be taken at the very outset, then by the time the distress of that was over it was time to be feeling the intolerable influences of—London!

The house was approved of as much as I had flattered myself it would be—and between ourselves he would have been a monster if he had not exhibited some admiration more or less at my magnificent improvements effected at such small cost—to him. The upstairs room is now a really beautiful little drawing room with a sofa—easy chair—ottoman—cushions—stools—every conceivable luxury!—all covered—and all the chairs covered also—with a buff and red chintz made by my own hands!!! Mrs. Carlyle's picture is over the mantel-piece—but then yours and my uncle's are on the mid wall with Jean Paul between—and you cannot think how beautiful you both look on the pretty new paper.

All this and his own bedroom new carpeted and smartened up amazingly—to say nothing of the old big press in the china closet transformed by the female genius into a glorious resplendent Chinese-cabinet! could not fail to yield him "a certain" satisfaction and obtain me some meed of praise—but—also alas—never can one get out of the shadow of that but!—but after two or three days he began to find "there was no getting on in that upstairs room for want of the closet or some equivalent to fling one's confusion in "!!—" best to accumulate no confusion" said I—" Oh there must be a place for keeping all sorts of papers for a year or so, till one has made up one's mind what to burn and what not"! This was a first ground for quarrel with the room—and then—oh then—one day when he

had been home about [a] week Miss Lambert took a fit of playing—the first—but that only made it more intolerable—for he had fallen into a false security through her prolonged silence. The next day again she played half an hour in the morning which was sufficient to set all his nerves up for the rest of the day—and it was solemnly declared that "no life of Cromwell or any other book could ever be written alongside of that damnable noise." Then Mr. Chancellor's cock had awoke him, he said, at six for two mornings, (he had not however come down to breakfast till ten) and "that bedroom was uninhabitable"—"Could one get a piece of ground to build some crib of a house upon at the Isle of Wight, did I think?"—In fact just all the old eternal story commenced again!—I must fetch back Pearson to consult about the possibility of excluding noise—etc., etc., in the meanwhile.

Accordingly Pearson was here yesterday-kept in consultation for three hours! the whole result being plenty of possibilities—and a positive order for a pair of window boards to be all stuffed with cotton! to fasten on the back windows or the front (viz. in your room) at pleasure—and as these will prevent the sleeping with windows open, zinc pipes are to be introduced thro' the walls to let in a sufficiency of fresh air! You are to observe by the way that it is only when the windows are wide open that this distant cock ever makes itself heard and—that the simple expedient which Pearson suggested—of shutting the window and opening the door would have solved the problem effectively and much more cheaply than all this apparatus of stuffed shutters and zinc pipes! But then if the shutting make even the front room quiet enough for him to sleep in—and the zinc pipe brings in air enough for him to breathe; the piano-problem is also solved! for his present bedroom where alone the piano-noise is not clearly audible, is to be converted into his study—the partition taken down between the two front rooms, that the two four-posted beds may have room to stand up there! Until we can get a lease of the house (which is not procurable) and then a silent room, twenty feet long, lighted from above, is to be built on the roof!!!*-

^{*} This silent room was actually built in September, 1853.

So here is a quite other prospect than that of quiet order which I was looking forward to for the next twelve months at least! And I assure you it is with a heart-rending sigh that I resign myself to the thought of lifting and altering all the carpets again, before they have been well down, and having carpenters plasterers and white-washers as before, besides the inconvenience of having one's spare room as it were annihilated—for could vou for instance sleep in a double-bedded room with Carlyle? However there may be many plans before the definite one gets carried into effect—and anyhow I cannot help it—and at least as Darwin says I " have always the consolation of knowing that he will need some new arrangements in six months or so!"-But indeed Babbie if you saw how pretty the upstairs floor is in its actual state and knew all the toil and scheming I had in bringing it into such order you would not wonder that I am fretted. Your room too with the blue carpet from his bedroom (his had got the drawing room one) and the position of the bed altered looked so like the Templand bedroom -all the little things in it arranged as they were there-that one could almost deceive oneself into its being the same-and all this to be overturned. Well well, I cannot help it and what is the use of talking-such woes are but very petty ones after all!

My darling I wonder how you really are—I get the most thorough conviction from your letters that you are in one of two states—either much better in health than ever you have been since I knew you or—in the preparatory stage of a severe illness. God grant the former may be the truth—but when I consider how certainly all this new-found activity—all this sensibility to natural objects—in fact all this development of gass in the blood would in my own case be symptomatic of approaching illness, I cannot be quite easy about you.

How strange it is for me to fancy you all in Scotland—my uncle in Edin.!—strange and sad—I feel so as if I should be there too—to welcome you—and yet I would not be there for the world. . . . Give Helen a hearty kiss for me—and tell her that I love her all the same as if I were writing to her every day—I will never as long as I live forget her kind and considerate management for me under circumstances in which

not mere kindness and judgment but a sort of loving inspiration was needed to do all so well as she did it.* God bless her and all of you, my child. Write to me quickly again.

Your own

J. C.

61. To Jeannie Welsh

More of the second "earthquake"—Needless personal toil now they are better off.

(25th Oct., 1843.)

I entreat Miss Babbie that you would devote ten minutes of your valuable time just to certify me that you are alive and whether you be returned to Liverpool. To be sure you may think in a commercial spirit (wholly unworthy of you) that whilst your last long letter from Helensburgh remained unanswered I could not have any desire to know about you, at all rates if I had any such desire that I did not deserve to have it gratified but I have my own idea Babbie that if a Rhadamanthus had to administer justice in this case—he would pronounce unmitigated sentence on you, whereas me he would find "guilty under extenuating circumstances" and commute my sentence to a onefarthing fine. When that letter arrived hoping that my troubles would pass over with the blue pill—I was already up to the ears in them—Pearson with his troop of incarnate fiends carpenters bricklayers whitewashers plasterers had already spread themselves per ogni dove-and Helen, at sight of such unexpected finale to her cleaning labours, had been struck with a temporary idiocy—so that I had to follow her about and supply her with wits as well as with active help at every turn, and with such heart as you can imagine—besides having to ward off the deluge of confusion from the man himself—who conducted himself on the occasion much like a half-conjuror-finding that he had not the counter-spell to allay the storm which himself had raised he raged and lamented and all but rent his garments and tore his hair. The front bedrooms were to have been thrown

^{*} This refers to the time when Mrs. Carlyle was prostrated at Liverpool by the news of her mother's death.

into one in two days according to Pearson-in ten days the workmen had finished there !- then the room had to be instantly fitted up for Carlyle's sleeping room-at least so long as the people should be breaking out a chimney and instituting a small fireplace in his dressing room, which last plan had dawned on his mind as the probablest escape from the pianoforteanother week they were messing there-Carlyle unable to sleep in the new room—not for noise—his stuffed window shutters fastened on with as many screws and bolts as if they were for the windows of a mad house almost wholly exclude all noise from the street—but merely from the nervousness always incident with him on "finding himself in a new position." There were wanderings about during the night-fires kindled with his own hands, bread and butter eaten in the china-closet! all sorts of what shall I say-strange things upon my honour done-and I all the while lying awake listening with a bouncing heart but afraid to meddle with him-even to offer any assistance. Then the sort of days sure to follow that sort of nights! I will not try to describe—to have overlived them was botheration enough-no sooner were the workmen out of the dressing room than back he must be moved bag and baggage into his old bedroom-and at this point of the business I caught a fine rheumatism in the back of my head and shoulders-in consequence of spending a whole forenoon in papering the broken parts of the plaster and all the afternoon of the same day in nailing carpets—that is a thing that Helen can not do—and the hands of me are absolutely blackened and coarsified with the quantity of it I have had to transact this season. To make the mess still thicker the dining-room grate which you may remember was a perpetual source of execration, was finally voted insupportable for another twenty-four hours-another must be got-and then-as all our things are never to be made like other people's but on some superior plan of our own-the new grate-with rows of Dutch tiles-needed ever so much of the chimney to be pulled down and a man building and plastering at it for two days and a half-of course all the carpets and furniture of that beautifully clean room had to be removed also. Ten days ago I nailed down the carpets of itand readjusted the things and to-day I have nailed down all the stair and passage carpets—at last. There is still a good piece of work for me in the front bedroom which will be all the fitter for your and our visitors' reception in consequence of what it has undergone—but if he had only allowed me to do these things when I was about it in the summer it would have spared a world of fash—and such a sickening feeling towards household good!! as I do not remember ever in my life before to have experienced. I am physically ill of the long continued discomfort and the cinderella labours in which I have had to put forth the activity of a maid of all-work—along with improvisation and inventive faculty of a woman of genius.

The fact is I have spoiled Mr. C.—I have accustomed him to have all wants supplied "without visible means" until he has forgotten how much head and hands it takes to supply the common resource of a good round outlay of money. When one had not any money—it was all well—I never grudged my work—but now that we have enough to live on it would be good sense in him to say "get in a carpenter to nail your carpets" and a few other such considerate suggestions—no matter. I shall get my hands kept clean and put into mitts for a time so soon as I have patched together a carpet for the new bedroom—and will lie on the sofa by heaven for two weeks and read French novels!

It was not that I was so eternally in motion from morning till night that I could not write to you—one can always find a half hour during which it is possible to sit still if one looks for it, but my temper was so bad that I could not compose it to write even to you—and as I have said my health has been bad as well as my temper—indeed these two things with me pretty invariably go with one another.

I will tell you of all the rest—that is about people &c. &c. next time. Write you little false hearted gipsy. Love to them all

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

62. To Jeannie Welsh

The aftermath of a double "earthquake"—The piano players finally quelled—John in lodgings—C.'s irritability under "Cromwell."

Sunday (12th Nov., 1843):

OH MY OWN BABBIE,

An hour's talk with you were "welcome as flowers in May "-or what were a more delicious novelty surely-tho" no one says it—as flowers in December! Why the devil then do I not write more diligently if I feel such need of talkingto write is to speak after a sort—ay—but " with the reciprocity all on one side" and that makes such an irksome difference! and another difference is that one cannot in writing eke out one's words with tones of the voice-looks-gestures-an occasional groan-an occasional kiss! and speech reduced to bare words is so inadequate for certain "beings"—like me! Besides talking comes natural to every woman-writing is an acquirement-and between the exercise of one's natural and one's acquired faculties there is no comparison in point of ease! And oh if you knew what a grand object one's ease becomes for one; when there is absolutely no ease to be had for love or money. It may be an egoistical exaggeration but I cannot help thinking that I have been of late months one of the most worried of modern wives. I do not mean the most ill-used by men or things-thank Heaven no !- I have always the "consolation" which "No. 3" found so efficacious under the death of her lover that "she knew several women who had been still more afflicted by Providence than herself!" but I say the most worried the most teased with petty annoyances—not one of which singly would seem worth the consideration of the philosophic mind, but such an accumulation of them, like the packthreads of the Lilliputians, induces "a certain" desperation! Nor do I foresee when the worry will get itself fairly ended-any more than when the Life of Cromwell will get itself fairly begun! All that has been done—and that is not little has not yet cleared away the material impediments to writing. The little study at the top of the house with its wee curiosity of a grate—with the writing table transferred to it—with a cast of Oliver Cromwell's face-taken after death-fixed up on the wall—is admitted to be "warm—light—and as silent as the heart of man can desire" but "it is an abominable confined hole of a place "-" one cannot have one's books about one there-one spends half one's time in running between it and the Library" —and then "the paper is a perfect solecism! it would need to be new papered in some reasonable way before one could feel it anything but the last refuge of a poor reduced beggar!!" "Well then let it be new papered!" "Oh no—that will have to lie over till *you* can get it done when I am away somewhere." In fact the cruelty of having no place in which a man can write is the burden of his morning and evening song-and the nice Library is only an eternal source of lamentation—" such a large comfortable room rendered perfectly uninhabitable by an accursed pianoforte!" And so we move up and down thro' the house—trying ourselves there and then trying it here—and nowhere can any adjustment be effected—a sort of domestic wandering Yew he is become !-

A gleam of hope has arisen for us since last night that it may finally be rendered possible for him to fix himself in the Library. The piano to say the truth has been nothing like so deadly as it was in the beginning. Ever since the protest was sent in, the Misses Lambert have testified a certain respect for our feelings, trying—with more or less success—to abstain from playing till two o'clock—which was the compromise he proposed to make with them. But they seem tempted as often as they pass the seductive "instrument" to tinkle out of it a few "town-notes wild" or run over a scale or two just as if in saving to themselves "le bon temps viendra!" If he had the confidence which results to most of us from repeated experience he would rely on it by this time that their passion would lead them into no further excesses and could hardly feel disturbed by such transient aberrations. But he has an inveterate tendency that poor man, always to hope the worst-and so if "the accursed thing" sounds at all, he expects that it will go on sounding for hours, and when it terminates he expects that it will presently recommence—thus it is fear of the piano more than the piano that drives him into the "beggar's refuge" up stairs. During a week however—they have scarcely except on Wednesday (lesson day) committed any nuisance before the appointed hour—not I believe that they have been more self-sacrificing than usual, but that they have been making more morning visits.

However it might be, a bright thought struck Carlyle that he would take this plausible moment for sending Miss Lambert a copy of his last book with a pretty letter of thanks for the attention she was showing to his wishes and an eloquent entreaty that she would go on with the same observance of the two o'clock system during his present labours. To be such a single hearted man, he can word such things with a delicacy, an insinuating poetry of expression sure to reach the heart of a plump young damsel like Miss Lambert !-- and so the same evening brought a note from her as ecstatic as his own -promising implicit observance. I will enclose it here that you may see the foundation of the hope of a settlement which I said had dawned on our minds since last night. The "love to Mrs. Carlyle" indicates a young lady still in the first enthusiasm of her faith in human nature! She has spoken with Mrs. Carlyle just twice on this planet-one day the two sisters found me in a shoe shop, rushed up to me, as if minded to embrace me and decidedly-but it went no further than a shaking of hands-owing to my backwardness who in the darkness of the shop and the dazzle produced by their painted velvet scarves-could not at first tell the least in the world whom it was I was transacting even the lesser ceremony of shaking hands with. "It was such a long time," they said, "since they had been dying to speak to me !- Would I call for them? they should be so delighted!" I promised anything to get my boots fitted on in peace-but when it came to performance, as Homer says "terrible was the thought to me!"-Determined to carry their point however about a week after finding I did not call on them they "took the Initiative" and called on me-fine healthy chatty girls !-- I left a card for them one day in passing—having seen them go out a little while before this is all the passages of friendship that have taken place betwixt us-a slender groundwork for love! However I will accept their love and even do the impossible to reciprocate it if they will only be quiet in the mornings. Considering the clatter I make about my troubles it is odd—is it not? that I should not be more liberal of thanksgiving when any of them is removed. I have reflected several times with wonder at my own forgetfulness that I had always in writing to you forgotten to say a word to you of the blessed deliverance from John. He established himself in a lodging near Gambardella's on the morning of the day when Carlyle was to return from Scotland. Plainly Carlyle and he had been getting on very badly together at Scotsbrig, and he made it a point of honour to be in a place of his own when they should meet again—for he never seemed to think of any change till Carlyle had fixed his day-me he seemed to consider as there entirely for his convenience so long as he pleased—which I was glad of on the whole—for ill as I liked to have him I should have liked worse had he taken such a grand step during my incumbency. As it was; Carlyle saw in his sudden removal "a natural shame of facing him again on that absurd principle after all his magnanimous assertions of being able to manage his own life without help or advice from anyone "-and was moreover heartily glad to find the coast clear-for he did not know any more than I had done how another spell of him in his actual distracted state was to have been endured. He comes here very seldom-and never stays longflaps about in the old fashion among indifferent people—seems to me a very absurd figure in God's working world-but so long as he keeps his absurdity so well out of our road we have no business to interfere with him. If he does not choose to practise his profession or do any but study his own bachelor comforts and eat the dinners which Carlyle declines-for that seems to be the principle on which he is invited out—" since we cannot get Carlyle we may always have his brother," one may regret that a man of some talent—and certainly without any vice should so waste himself—but he is not a child that he should be lectured for it-so enough of him.

I had a nice letter from Maggie the other day for which I was duly thankful—Pray do write to me oftener when you are at home again. This winter is going to be for me what I

predicted the last would be and was not—a time of dreadful tribulation with that book. Already he is beginning to get up and smoke during the nights and his irritability and unsettledness in that state of nerves is something that cannot be figured but by those who have witnessed it. However I hope I am more seasoned now than I was during the writing of the French Revolution—thank God, tho' we have now our November fogs and the air is intensely cold I keep free of coughs hitherto and can come down to breakfast at any hour—neither have I any pain in my side—but well? Ach Gott, that were too much to ask! bad nights and a continual malaise thro' the day keep my spirits in a state of depression which the less that I say or think about the better.

... Oh I have plenty more to say—but there is enough for one time—Bless you my good Babbie—love and a kiss to Helen—

Ever your affectionate

I. C.

63. To Helen Welsh

Babbie's delays in writing—Illness; Carlyle's engrossment in Cromwell—Different kinds of writing—Caricatures of Geraldine—The Mudies—Gambardella—Old Sterling improves.

Friday (early Dec., 1843).

DEAREST HELEN,

I will try you with a letter this time and see whether you will not have the grace to answer, a thought sooner than that little villainous Babbie has answered my last !—She is sure that "my kind heart will find excuses for her"—the pretty phrase!—the insinuating faithless Babbie!—My kind heart you may say feels flattered by her good opinion, but has too much rational work laid out for it, that it should dream of expanding itself in quixotisms like that! Far from finding excuses for her, I find in her shortcomings excuses for all my own shortcomings of a similar sort, past present and to come! I say to myself with the mild injured self-dignity of a Pecksniff, "when I fail in writing it is because I am sick, or because I am over-worked or because (as Edward Irving once wrote to me) 'the Lord has other views

with his servant, than that he should write so many letters of human love as in the bygone time '"!—it is never because I am amusing myself—the fact being that I never amuse myself by any chance!—moi!

I daresay however I should not be so implacable were it not that I have been feeling so horribly in need of letters just at the particular time thro' which Babbie's have failed me. For I have been quite ill for a week or two—with that anomalous thing which to save trouble we call Influenza—and you who have always lived in a family can have no notion what a dreary thing it is to lie all day in bed with no company but one's own, which is little better than a death's head under such circumstances. About thrice a day—on the average—Carlyle pops in his head between the curtains and asks firstly "how are you now, Jane?" Secondly; "have you had anything to eat?" Thirdly, "you are not thinking of getting up yet?"—then off to his Cromwell in which he lives, moves, and has his being at present—as is always the way with him when he is writing a book. Oh dear me, if all book writers took up the business as he does, fidgeting and flurrying about all the while like a hen in the distraction of laying its first egg, and writing down every word as with his heart's blood; -what a world of printed nonsense would be spared to a long suffering public! What a host of distinguished Mr.'s and Mrs.'s and Misses would to the great relief of Society be eating their victuals in resigned obscurity!—Harriet Martineau used to talk of writing being such a pleasure to her. In this house we should as soon dream of calling the bearing of children "such a pleasure"—but betwixt writing and writing there is a difference, as betwixt the ease with which a butterfly is born into the world and the pangs that attend a man-child! Well! the Cromwell will be got fairly under way by and by! and in fulness of time will by God's blessing be got on the shelf. And meanwhile I am recovered from my Influenza as well perhaps without any making of as with it.

I had a precious batch of caricatures from Mrs. Paulet lately professing to be "illustrations of Miss Jewsbury's late matrimonial speculation"—in my life I have seen none cleverer,

they would have made old Petrucci himself " in the character of Heraclitus" (vide Babbie) burst into laughter!-They were sent at Geraldine's own request-which was infinitely creditable to her good-nature-for a more absurd little tick of a creature than she is represented thro'out never figured in truth or fiction. I will ask Mrs. Paulet to let me show them to you-but she charged me "to keep them from all stranger eyes"-she lives always in a dreadful apprehension of consequences, that dear woman, which is odd in a person who nevertheless seems not to conform to les règles in any one particular. Geraldine had been staying there and is now gone back to Manchester-she writes to me with an assiduity and disinterestedness that verge on the superhuman. I do not remember whether I told Babbie that one of my Mudies, the one last despatched, had been returned on our hands as wholly inapplicable to any practical purpose-the drop which made the cup of her Mistress's anger overflow was her having sewed a black apron with white thread-whereupon her Mistress remonstrated "very mildly" and the young person "threw herself on the kitchen floor and kicked and screamed "-of course her immediate dismissal was the result. The other (Juliet) is conducting herself to one's heart's content. Her Mistress, a Mrs. Hervey of Strangeways Hall (?), wrote me a very pleasant and pleased letter about her some weeks agoso that one saved is all the percentage out of this destitute family which Christian benevolence has to congratulate itself upon-I am told it is as much as Christian benevolence usually gets.

I do not hear a word of Gambardella—I suppose he never goes to Maryland Street which proves decidedly that he is not in "a state of grace." A pity!—one of those heaps of excellent good bricks which one sees here and there on this earth which for want of some sort of lime to build them together remain to the end of the chapter—rubbish!

But here is the Sterling carriage come to take me a drive it seems kept up just now more for my use than anyone else's, that dainty little *Brougham!*—And the old fellow himself has mended his manners lately—indeed there was only one day he expanded into such a munificence that I feared he was going to die! only think of his buying me in one shop a packet of wax lights (which by the way I put in the pocket of his carriage and saw no more of) and a few minutes after at Howell & James's a couple of guinea pocket handkerchiefs!—a windfall really to me who never had a dress-pocket handkerchief in life except the little beauty that was given me by you. And then he took me home by Grange's * (vide Babbie again) and gave me hot jelly and cake and the offer of cherry bounce! but I must go—a kiss to you dear and to my still dear tho' reprehensible Babbie.

Ever your affectionate,

I. CARLYLE.

64. To John Welsh, Esq. Me's Uncle

On keeping Christmas—Dickens' Christmas Carol—An ingenious matchbox and extinguisher (cb. N.L. i. 133).

A pair of these same extinguishers was sent to Mrs. Russell of Thornhill; it is curious to compare the description here with that in N.L. i. 133: the same ideas and humours, but with, often, a different turn of phrase as they are dashed off.

Father Mathew, a great apostle of temperance.

(23rd Dec., 1843.)

MY DEAREST UNCLE,

It is not everyone that can keep the Christmas after the most approved fashion;—in gormandizing over roast-beef and plumpudding, and defying Father Mathew in bumpers. For some of us the Drs. prescribe to "eat abstemiously" and to "drink not at all" while for others, "poverty, penury, need-cessity and want" (as the Scotch preacher had it) enforce the same or a still severer discipline. I fancy you and little me will dine on Christmas-day with the usual simplicity; at least I am sure we ought to! And should Mirth even dance on the crown of its head round about us, I do not see that we need be unusually merry, nor indeed how we could manage to be so if there were need—either you or I, dear Uncle! It is all very well for those who are still young and hopeful to "put up the

^{*} Cp. L.M. i. 269. Grange's was the Gunter's of the period.

Christmas" and keep it merry, and go jigging out the old year into the new one, as if they were playing at blind man's buff! But when one is arrived at this with one's life; to be pretty certain beforehand that new-years will "come with the rake and not with the shule" and to be morally certain that, whatever they come with, not all their best possible bringings can compensate for what the old years have taken away from onethen, it is not with mirth that one can welcome the new year any more! One may still welcome it as of God's sending,—as another year of life at all events, and "while there is life there is hope "-of one sort or other. But there is no use in pretending to be merry over it or indeed other than very sad! Is it not so, dear Uncle? You will not call me unsocial, " misanthropic," and the like, because "I, as one solitary individual" (my husband's favourite expression) prefer to remain quietly by my own fireside on the Christmas-day, and all such days; keeping them, not merry but holy-in the silence of my own thoughts, with all whom I have loved on this earth for company, instead of one little, noisy party! Whether far or near, living or dead, infinite Thought can bring them all round me to give my new year their blessing! but for this I should break my heart in looking round me on the actual, and missing so much that has been!

My husband sends you the last literary novelty—a Christmas-Carol, no less!—It is really a kind-hearted, almost poetical little thing, well worth any Lady or gentleman's perusal—somewhat too much imbued with the Cockney-admiration of The Eatable, but as Dickens writes for "the greatest happiness of the greatest number" (of Cockneys) he could not be expected to gainsay their taste in that particular.

I also have a book to send you but I am afraid not by this parcel, the bookseller having "failed in his truth"—if it do not come in time to-day however you shall get it on new year's day. At all events behold a match-box of the latest pattern and of course out of sight the best! the force of improvement one would say could no further go! but we shall see! You draw the matches against a side of their little cell in pulling them out and they come forth lighted without more ado—and in

this state of separation they do not contract damp-which has been the ruin of so many matches. When the box needs to be replenished you open it at the bottom—and put the matches in with the un-brimstoned end foremost. This for the production of light—for the contrary purpose behold a Nun and a Fesuit hollowed out into extinguishers!! Whether this novelty, which is having "a great success," indicates a growing favour for Catholicism, or a certain burlesque of it-whether the inventor be a Pusevite or Anti-pusevite or what he be, I can form no positive theory. "The new extinguisher" is plainly enough "significative of much"! but of what? "God knows" (as the universal Cockney answer runs). It is no easy matter to read in the deep brain of a Cockney-Inventor, especially when he commits himself to the sphere of the "Symbolical"! He wanders in Idea through the whole universe of things at his own sweet will-collects, combines, confounds, with such a glorious indifference to fitness, probability and common-sense, and such a stoical disregard of consequences; that one stands amazed before him and his works "as in presence of the Infinite"!

But oh my dear Uncle I am hard up for time, and I wont write to you a great deal longer! Take twenty or even a hundred kisses to make up the difference between my wishes and my inability—And God send you a good New Year!

Your ever affectionate

JANE WELSH CARLYLE.

65. To Jeannie Welsh

Improvised dinner parties—Nina Macready's birthday party—Dickens as conjurer—A dance with Forster—The pleasantest company according to Burns.

Thursday (23rd Dec., 1843).

A thousand thanks my darling for your long good Christmas letter and also for the *prospective foot-stools*, anything like a worthy answer you have small chance of getting from me to-day or any day this week. I have just had to swallow a bumper of my uncle's Madeira (which is capital drink!) to nerve me for

writing at all! A huge boxful of dead animals from the Welshman * arriving late on Saturday night together with the visions of Scrooge—had so worked on Carlyle's nervous organization that he has been seized with a perfect convulsion of hospitality, and has actually insisted on improvising two dinner parties with only a day between-now the improvisation of dinner parties is all very well for the parties who have to eat them simply, but for those who have to organise them and help to cook them c'est autre chose ma chère! I do not remember that I have ever sustained a moment of greater embarrassment in life than yesterday when Helen suggested to me that I had better stuff the turkey—as she had forgotten all about it! I had never known "about it"! but as I make it a rule never to exhibit ignorance on any subject "devant les domestiques" for fear of losing their respect-I proceeded to stuff the turkey with the same air of calm self dependence with which I told her some time ago, when she applied to me, the whole history of the Scotch free-church dissensions-which up to this hour I have never been able to take in! "Fortune favours the brave"the stuffing proved pleasanter to the taste than any stuffing I ever remember to have eaten-perhaps it was made with quite new ingredients !—I do not know! Yesterday I had hare soup -the Turkey-stewed mutton-a bread pudding and mincepies-with Mrs. Allan Cunningham, Miss Cunningham-and Major Burns (son of the Poet) to eat thereof. On Monday hare soup-roasted Welsh mutton, stewed beef, ditto pudding, ditto pies-with Robertson, and John Carlyle, and the disappointment of Darwin-and all that day, to add to my difficulties, I had a headache—so bad that I should have been in bed if I had not had to stay up to help Helen-whose faculties get rusted by disuse. On Tuesday evening I was engaged to assist at Nina Macready's birthday party—but felt so little up to gaieties on the Monday that I had resolved to send an apology as usual when voilà—on the morning of the appointed day arrives a note from Mrs. Macready imploring me almost with tears in its eyes not to disappoint her and her "poor little daughter" by sending an apology—that a well aired bed was

^{*} Mr. Redwood.

prepared for me &c. &c.—this forestalling of my cruel purpose was successful—I felt that I must go for once—so after spending the day in writing-not to you-but to people who, not having the reason you have to believe in my love, needed more than you to have a visible sign from me-I dressed myself and sat down to await the fly-" my dear," says Carlyle, " I think I never saw you look more bilious; your face is green and your eyes all blood-shot!" fine comfort when one was about to make a public appearance! "the first time this season." In fact I was very ill-had been off my sleep for a week and felt as if this night must almost finish me. But little does one know in this world what will finish them or what will set them up again. I question if a long course of mercury would have acted so beneficially on my liver as this party which I had gone to with a sacred shudder! But then it was the very most agreeable party that ever I was at in London-everybody there seemed animated with one purpose to make up to Mrs. Macready and her children for the absence of "the Tragic Actor" and so amiable a purpose produced the most joyous results. Dickens and Forster above all exerted themselves till the perspiration was pouring down and they seemed drunk with their efforts! Only think of that excellent Dickens playing the conjuror for one whole hour—the best conjuror I ever saw—(and I have paid money to see several)—and Forster acting as his servant. This part of the entertainment concluded with a plum pudding made out of raw flour, raw eggs-all the raw usual ingredients-boiled in a gentleman's hat—and tumbled out reeking—all in one minute before the eyes of the astonished children and astonished grown people! that trick-and his other of changing ladies' pocket handkerchiefs into comfits-and a box full of bran into a box full of—a live guinea-pig! would enable him to make a handsome subsistence let the bookseller trade go as it please-! Then the dancing-old Major Burns with his one eve-old Jerdan of the Literary Gazette, (escaped out of the Rules of the Queen's Bench for the great occasion!) the gigantic Thackeray &c. &c. all capering like Maenades!! Dickens did all but go down on his knees to make me-waltz with him! But I thought I did my part well enough in talking the maddest nonsense with him, Forster, Thackeray and Maclise—without attempting the Impossible—however after supper when we were all madder than ever with the pulling of crackers, the drinking of champagne, and the making of speeches; a universal country dance was proposed—and Forster seizing me round the waist, whirled me into the thick of it, and made me dance!! like a person in the tread-mill who must move forward or be crushed to death! Once I cried out "oh for the love of Heaven let me go! you are going to dash my brains out against the folding doors!" to which he answered—(you can fancy his tone)—"your brains!! who cares about their brains here? let them go!"

In fact the thing was rising into something not unlike the rape of the Sabines! (Mrs. Reid was happily gone some time) when somebody looked [at] her watch and exclaimed "twelve o'clock!" Whereupon we all rushed to the cloak-room—and there and in the lobby and up to the last moment the mirth raged on—Dickens took home Thackeray and Forster with him and his wife "to finish the night there" and a royal night

they would have of it I fancy !- ending perhaps with a visit

to the watch-house.

After all—the pleasantest company, as Burns thought, are the blackguards!—that is; those who have just a sufficient dash of blackguardism in them to make them snap their fingers at ceremony and "all that sort of thing." I question if there was as much witty speech uttered in all the aristocratic, conventional drawing rooms thro'out London that night as among us little knot of blackguardist literary people who felt ourselves above all rules, and independent of the universe! Well, and the result? Why the result my dear was, that I went to bed on my return and—slept like a top!!!! plainly proving that excitement is my rest! To be sure my head ached a little next morning but the coffee cleared it—and I went about the dinner for Mrs. Cunningham without much physical inconvenience.

See what a letter I have written !—and such writing !—but I must stop now for the post hour is at hand. . . .

Your own

J. C.

66. To Jeannie Welsh

Babbie as Consuelo—Carlyle's tobacco—Mazzini as "first foot"— Helen goes to a party—New Year's letters—Gifts from Helen and Carlyle.

Tuesday (2nd Jan., 1844).

I am glad to see dearest Babbie that there is a revival in your moral department since you got back into the atmosphere of home—that you write to me oftener and longer—and more like a Babbie whose wits had not all gone "a wool-gathering"—in a windy day! But you must continue in this praiseworthy course for a while to come; before I can recover that implicit belief in your virtue (for virtue is writing to me, is it not?) which made you so long the comfort of my life—my Consuelo!

This is washing-day; and further the ground is covered with snow and further I have a headache. Better to have waited till to-morrow so far as you are concerned. But Carlyle told me last night "to be sure when I wrote to Liverpool to-morrow (he supposes I write every day it would seem) to send a message for Walter MacGregor-it went much against his conscience to plague Walter, in the midst of complexities which seemed to be thickening and darkening around him, with speech about tobacco-but really it was essential to the comfort of his (Carlyle's) existence that Walter should be made aware that his good tobacco was entirely done and none to be got here for money which was fit for a human being to smoke-ergo, if Walter would send him some of the right sort as soon as convenient (anglicé: possible) it would be esteemed the highest favour-he was not to wait for opportunities but send it by railway at once "-" damn the expense" of carriage where anything so vital as tobacco is concerned. Now will you give this message to Walter not in the phraseology in which I have given it but courteously and modestly as your sweet lips will know how.*

^{*} Of this we hear again on January 20: "I must not leave out C.'s message to Walter M.' the box of tobacco arrived all exquisitely correct'—except for one little omision—the bill—which he (C.) had expressly requested might be sent—but he hopes to have soon an opportunity of settling with himself here at Chelsea."

We had a most quiet New Year day. I saw nobody but Mazzini who came thro' the snow to be my first foot-and my first words of thanks were—" What on earth could tempt you to come out in a day like this "! He looked most pitiable with big drops of sleet hanging from the ends of his mustache. Helen went to a party in the evening! At Chalmers's-There were twenty to dine with the family—(in a room the same size as ours!) and nine friends of the servants in the kitchen!ecco la combinazione! l asked Helen what they did-Oh says she "it was just a sort of guddle of a thing-all eating and drinking and no fun at all "-a pretty good description of most dinners-" three of the servants' visitors were kept all the time washing and polishing glasses for upstairs"! I ought in gratitude to say however that even I who am superstitious about the beginnings of new years-who watch all their outs and ins as the Roman Augurs did the flight of birds, had reason to be satisfied with vesterday-it brought me nobody but Mazzini-it brought me a good long letter from my Babbie with another as long from Miss Donaldson bearing a great post-mark Haddington-so plain and large that one would have said it had been stamped in that particular way for my express behoof-and in the morning when I sprung out of bed half asleep-the room all dark-on hearing Carlyle go down, I was received into the arms of-Helen !--saluted with two hearty smacks on my two cheeks! while an immense ginger-bread cake-which she had had baked more gingery than usual to suit my taste, was thrust into the breast of my night shift-and my whole room was filled with a most savoury smell of ginger-bread. From this delicate attention you will perceive she is very good just now-indeed since the fright she got last spring she has done her uttermost to keep a guard on her temper-and has on the whole behaved very well. Then on my toilet I found a hair-brush and redd (as they call it in Annandale, anglicé Comb) placed there the night before by Carlyle-but such a brush and comb as never were in my possession before—they are best described in Helen's words who declared them to be "most noble." The comb is tortoise-shell -the brush-oh Heavens !- it is the size and shape of an ordinary pancake—might have been made on purpose for Goliath of Gath!—the bristles are at least an inch and half deep—and you would say at first sight that it was some instrument of torture! I do wish it had been about one fourth of the size, but Carlyle has just one rule in buying anything, to buy what is the best that is the dearest, and his meaning was so kind that I must show my sense of it in learning to wield this tremendous implement.

I am glad of the hope you hold out of our seeing Walter—tell him to be sure and come straight here—and to warn me that I may have his bed well warmed. Love to them all—my head is very bad—and I must stop.

Your affectionate

J. C.

67. To Helen Welsh *

Mrs. A. Sterling's idée fixe.

Mrs. Anthony Sterling, who had for some time suffered from nervous derangement, now conceived an *idée fixe* that her husband was in love with Mrs. Carlyle.

(9th Jan., 1844.)

My dearest Helen,

... Mrs. Sterling is grown very peaceable, her Husband says—" takes everything now by the soft handle "—but there is no reason to believe that her private feelings towards me have undergone any favourable change. Since her Doctor commanded her to cease from railing at me she has obeyed—but one day there occurred a little incident which showed her silence was mere compulsory. She was dressing the hair of one of her little nieces and the boy, Edward, who was looking on (just come home for holidays) exclaimed (surely inspired by the Devil!) "Oh, that is very pretty! that is just the way Mrs. Carlyle wears her hair!" Whereupon his aunt threw down the comb and said sharply "We do not speak of

^{*} The undated letter printed as No. 120 on p. 284, should probably precede this No. 67.

that person here." Afterwards, on the children leaving the room, she said to their Governess, "Just think of that !-even that boy must talk about her!" She professes to be grown so fond of her husband again that she cannot suffer him a minute out of her sight—"which," says Anthony, "is really excessively tiresome," but besides the fondness he fancies she is always in fear of his coming here. And so he comes rarelyand by stealth-without carriage or servants-like a man going to rob a hen-roost !- which I consider a quite false position in which to place either himself or me. He ought decidedly either to come in the face of day -to say to the woman "these people are my friends and I will go to see them reasonablyand there is no wrong in my going-and so you had better just reconcile yourself to the idea of it, or go mad again, if you like that way of it better "--or else if he considers humouring her to be his properest course, he ought to come here and say-"you see how I am oppressed by a distracted wife-she is my wife, however, and I must consult her whims before all else-and so since I cannot see you any more without pain to her, farewell and God bless you "-either of these courses would be seem him-but the middle course-coming here in secret—beseems none of us, and if he do not get to find this out for himself pretty soon, I shall tell him or make Carlyle tell him to stay away. I have plenty more mad work to tell you of but I am tired for to-day. I am still confined to the house -my cough is very obstinate this time, tho' I eat raisins for it world without end-I really think they tend to make me sleep!! . . .

Love and kisses in profusion.

Ever your own

J. C.

68. To Jeannie Welsh

No free moments—American visitors; James; Gen. Baird; Coleman; Greig—Craik and Helps—Robertson's letter and Miss Swanwick—Dinner catastrophe at Liverpool; Gambardella—Mrs. Reid and Dickens' child—Mazzini's looks; his visit and Eliz. Pepoli.

Miss Anna Swanwick is the Greek scholar, translator of Æschylus.

(Jan., 1844?)

Oh Babbie Babbie! "I am a-weary a-weary," as ever was "Mariana of the Moated Grange!" Every day I pray to Heaven for just two things, quiet and the free use of my faculties, and Heaven turns a deaf ear! If any approximation to outward quiet be granted I am sure to have along with it a headache or "real mental agony in my own inside" (as Helen phrases it) or if both my head and "mysel" be comparatively easy, then there are a hundred and one interruptions to snatch me up, like a feather borne on the wind and whirl me away, far away, out of my little sphere of industrial projects and good intentions. Till Cromwell is finished I am not to be held "responsible."

Last Sunday I had thought to write you such a letter, as long as my arm—and as interesting "as—as—anything!" But "The Countess" * came and made me go out with her "against my sensations," and I came in so chilled that I had to warm myself with brandy and nestle on the sofa under that big shawl; that I might be resuscitated for a party of Americans that was to take effect the same evening—and the wretches all came—and there was such a drawling and sir-ing—I would have given a crown that you had been there for "it was strange upon my honour!" There was a Mr. James with a wife and wife's-sister, "not a bad man" (as C. would say) "nor altogether a fool," but he had only one leg!—that is to say only one real available leg, the other, tho' the fellow of it in appearance consisting entirely of cork—Now a man may be as agreeable with one leg or three legs as with two but he needs to take certain

precautions. The one-legged man is bound in mercy to all people with merely ordinary nerves to use some sort of stick instead of trusting to Providence as this Mr. James does, so that every time he moves in the room it is as if " a blind destiny " had been set a-going and one awaits in horror to see him rush down amongst the tea-cups, or walk out thro' the window-glass or pitch himself headforemost into the grate! from which and the like imminent dangers he is only preserved by a continual miracle! For me with my nerves you may fancy the awfulness of such a visitor! Of his two women what could anybody say? Unless that they giggled incessantly, and wore black stockings with light colour dresses. Then there was an American "General"!—General Baird—the very image of Mr. Pecksniff, without the shyness. His ample breast was covered with a white waistcoat open very far down to shew the brooch in his shirt-hair set round with pearls-the whole thing about the size of a five-shilling piece! He seemed then, as a living confirmation of Dickens's satires on the American great men and several times I burst out laughing in his face. The General was brought by a Mr. Coleman who was sent us last summer by John Greig-an exceptional Yankee !-so full of life and glee, tho' turned of sixty! A sort of man one feels tempted to kiss, so benevolent and good without any cant about it—and with such affectionate eyes—I daresay I shall kiss him some day-the other night I found to my surprise that I had got the length of standing with one of my arms round his neck!! which must have been a cruel sight for Creek who was also of the party-brought by Arthur Helps and his beautiful little atom of a wife in their carriage. He had been dining with them the promoted Creek! and they had asked my leave to come and see the Americans and "took the liberty of bringing Mr. Craik along with them." He behaves very well now, the " poor fellow "!-does not come above once in the two months -and still his devotion survives even this self-inflicted absence -if I fling him one civil word he looks as if he would fall down and kiss my great toe! and answers in the plaintive tone of a love-lorn shepherd in the Poetry of the Middle Ages. I begin to be wae for "poor Creek"! Such unrequited devotion I have not found in all Israel! "That minds me" of a most absurd little incident which befell a week or two ago which I must tell you if my pen will hold out—for the general amusement of your breakfast table.*

I received one day by post a letter the handwriting of which was not new to me-but I could not recollect in the first minutes whose it was-I read the first line-" Oh those bright sweet eyes "!-I stood amazed" as in presence of the Infinite"! What man had gone out of his wits? What year of grace was I in? What was it at all? I looked for a signature—there was none! I read on-" There is no escaping their bewitching influence "! "Idiot"! said I "whoever you be"! (having now got up a due matronly rage) "to write such stale nonsense to me! and to send it by post "! But I read on-" It is impossible but that such eyes must be accompanied by a feeling heart—could you not use your influence with their possessor on my behalf? The time of young ladies is in general so uselessly employed that I really think you would be doing-Miss Swanwick a kindness in persuading her to-translate for me those French laws of pawnbroking"!!! Now it was all clear—and I had the ridicule of finding that my virtuous married-woman blushes had been entirely thrown away! The "bright sweet eyes" were not mine but Miss Swanwick's and the writer of the letter was Robertson, who had repeatedly raved to me about those Swanwick-eyes to a weariness! But have you often in your life heard of anything more absurdmore stupid (even for an Author) than this beginning of a letter to one woman with an apostrophe to the eyes of another! And when I told him afterwards the misconception thereby occasioned, instead of feeling ashamed of himself he only laughed till the tears ran down!

Oh what an awful adventure—a dinner party of eighteen and a cook with a cut vein! I can never understand how people outlive such things—had I been the *Mistress* in such a case I would have immediately sailed for America, or gone up to the housetop and suspended myself from a rafter! Remember me to Gambardella since he has emerged again into the sphere of

^{*} Cp. No. 32.

visibility. You may tell him I met his Mrs. Reid at that Birthday party *- and had the honour of being regarded by her with a marked terror and dislike—happily she went away soon-you would have laughed to have heard her as I did trying to indoctrinate one of Dickens's small children with Socinian benevolence—the child about the size of a quartern loaf was sitting on a low chair gazing in awestruck delight at the reeking plum-pudding which its Father had just produced out of "a gentleman's hat." Mrs. Reid leaning tenderly over her (as benevolent gentlewomen understand how to lean over youth) said in a soft voice professedly for its ear, but loud enough for mine and everybody else's within three yards' distance-"Would not you like that there was such a nice pudding as that in every house in London to-night? I am sure I would!" The shrinking uncomprehending look which the little blouzy face cast up to her was inimitable-a whole page of protest against twaddle! if she could but have read it!

Mazzini was here yesterday so bright as I hardly ever remember to have seen him. I saw one sunny flash in his eyes which might have been the first waking to life of Pygmalion's statue! his face is all but well now. But besides that, some "change has come over the spirit of his dream "-I know not what it is-I know only that he looked almost dazzlingly beautiful yesterday and that this beauty was plainly the expression of some inward new-found joy! Elizabeth came in-"the white face with which I had left her on Sunday had haunted her all the afternoon and she could not be easy till she knew how I was "-" but I see " said she with a peculiar look and tone "that you are QUITE well now." The fact was, Mazzini and I had just been regaling ourselves with wine figs and gingerbread, and when the rap came to the door I bade him put away the glasses and he put them into-my writing desk! so that when she opened the room door we both presented an unusual appearance of discomposure which Elizabeth, whose head is always running on "what shall I say-strange things upon my honour "-interpreted doubtless into "a delicate embarrassment." Elizabeth to have been always virtuous,

^{*} See letter of December 23, 1843, No. 65.

as I am sure she has been, has really a curious incapacity of comprehending the simplest *liaison* between man and woman. She would not *sit* down—but having quite *looked us thro'* and *thro'* (as she thought) went home "to write letters."...

Ever your own

T. C.

69. To Jeannie Welsh

A mistake about blue pills—A reshuffled dinner party.

(20th Jan., 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I said that I would write yesterday God willing but God was not willing and the manner of it was thus-on the preceding night I had five grains of mercury (!) introduced into my interior by mistake—instead of one half grain the quantity I am in the habit of taking at one time—and which is quite enough "for anything." So much for my husband's false refinement! I had been wretchedly bilious for some days and sent him to Alsop's for my blue pills—he also being in the practice of getting pills there—of five grains—which he swallows from time to time "in werra desperation" (as you know) and in fellowship with an ocean of castor oil—the pills came and I swallowed one; merely wondering why they had sent me only three instead of my customary dozen—but ten minutes after when I became deadly sick I understood at once how it was. Carlyle frankly admitted it was quite likely there had been a mistake—" when he went into the shop a gentleman was with Alsop and he did not like to say send the blue pills for Mrs. Carlyle but said instead send the blue pills for our house." Alsop of course had preferred the masculine gender as grammatically bound to do-and so was delicacy another person's "own reward." All yesterday I was sick enough you may fancyfor I felt too weak to deliver myself from the confounded stuff thro' a great dose of physic-I thought it safest to let it work away there in the unfortunate interior of me until it had its humour out. Carlyle comforted himself and tried to comfort me, by suggesting that "it might possibly do me a great deal of good in the long run!" It may be "strongly doubted" (as they say in Edin.)—anyhow it has not begun to do me good yet—for to-day I am still passably sick and the pill and the new onslaught of frost at the same moment—are making me as miserable as Mrs. Anthony Sterling (my only enemy) could wish! But I write not to seem a promise-breaker, so long as

I can help myself. Well my Dear just think of my having had a dinner-party last Sunday! the botheration of which was in fact the cause of feeling the besoin of blue pill. John Fergus and Miss Jessy were in town and Carlyle asked them "quite promiscuously" to dine. Miss Jessy "had a cold" but John would come "with pleasure." I was very much shocked-under the circumstances—but proceeded to meet the emergency as I best could-schemed a dinner, had the ingredients provided-and asked Darwin for party. The acceptance of Darwin arrived on Saturday along with John Fergus's excuse. He had bethought him, like a good soul as he is, that I was not well enough to be plagued with a dinner and so, on the plea of next to nothing, he wrote that he could not come to dine but that he and Miss Jessy would come in the evening-if I would not give myself the smallest trouble for them. The trouble alas was already under way—the dinner had been got in and Darwin asked and coming -so "who was to be got to meet Darwin?"-" perfectly unnecessary to get anybody" said I-but no, Carlyle had a fixed idea of giving a dinner—exactly at the wrong moment and so at ten o'clock of Saturday night Helen was despatched with an invitation to Arthur Helps-worse and worse-for Arthur Helps does his dinners in eminent style-and the idea of dining him was rather awful for me. He accepted of course—then people came without intermission from one o'clock on Sunday until the dinner hour five-so that I could not so much as get the room cleared for the dinner table to be set out until half an hour after Darwin and Helps were come to eat their dinner and at the last moment Carlyle invited John and Monckton Milnes of all people in the world to stay and assist at the dinner which seemed never likely to be served up! I was never so nearly upset by a household complication in my life before—and how Helen got thro' with it even with the aid of Martha (!) * I have no comprehension—everybody did get dined at last better or worse-and the novelty of the style I daresay rather charmed Milnes and Helps blasés on fine dinners. Certainly Milnes tho' I have seen him give himself the most insolent airs at great people's tables was modesty's self here. And as Carlyle feeling the whole thing to be his own most voluntary act talked like an Angel—and there was always my uncle's Madeira excellent; whatever else might be humanly imperfect—the whole thing went off like a sort of firework crackers of wit exploding in every direction—Darwin spoke only in epigrams—Carlyle in flights of genius—Milnes in poetical paradoxes—Helps in witticisms, rather small, but perfectly well turned—and John Carlyle did his best to resemble Solomon. As for myself—you may fancy what the preliminary fret made of me!—Shu-ping-sing was a spoony in comparison—every opening of my lips was sensibly felt—and Miss Jessy must have gone away with the feeling that she had seen for the first time in her life a woman of superhuman intelligence! Pity that one can only be superhumanly intelligent in dadding one's nerves a-abreed !—I went to bed feeling a decided tendency to fly—and lay the whole night thro' without once closing my eyes. By breakfast time I had got instead of the inclination to fly, a horrible headache—and so I have been bilious ever since and needed blue pill-and got it!

There is no paper in the house so I am writing on backs of notes and have written already more than seemed possible when I commenced—I have something to tell you—what shall I say—strange! upon my honour—but not at this writing for several reasons—Love to all—kisses especially to my uncle—

Ever your own

I. C

For thee no gaudy, monumental shrine; Hester, a Husband's riven Heart, be thine—

Old Sterling's epitaph on his poor wife!!!

* Martha—" a child, whom Jeannie knows to her sorrow "—who used to be called in to help in emergencies, no one more efficient being available.

James Baillie—Plattnauer away—Mazzini and his new plans.

Saturday (27th Jan., 1844).

... The subject of extravagance leads me in turn to those documents I sent you belonging to our elegant cousin *—you take no notice of them, which is highly discreditable

to your nice sense of family-honour.

How he ever could seek me again after I had refused him two sovereigns !-- and having been allowed to come, how he could immediately propose to me a transaction at a pawn-shop! -and such a vile transaction-for this picture of his son (illegitimate of course and worse than illegitimate—the poor child being there merely in virtue of its mother's small annuity) was swindled out of the hands of the painter in the first instance and pawned by themselves-and his object in getting me to buy it back was simply to get two sovereigns out of me by a roundabout process. All this, with my natural talent for sounding into the mysteries of rascaldom, I have preciséed at the pawnshop and at the Painter's-and have of course taken no notice of the beggarly commission and seen nothing of him since, except out of Sterling's carriage one day on the street. If I had been as rich as William Cunningham perhaps I would have taken the image of the poor child out of the pawnshop window where it still stands, and kept it-merely that nobody with one drop of my blood in his veins should occupy such an ignominious position—but as it is, I did not feel myself justified in preserving intact the family honour at the large outlay of two sovereigns.

Plattnauer is still at Brighton with the Ailesburys which is a great loss to my Sundays. I might replace him with Arthur Helps or Count Krasinski†—but it goes against my feelings to fill up living blanks. Mazzini keeps better and has much need; for he expects, with "a faith the like of which is not in all Israel" (nor to be wished that it were) to lead a new "Savoy's expedition" into Italy as early as the end of this February!!! (Keep this from the knowledge of Gambardella, of course.)

^{*} Captain James Baillie. See Letter 11. † See p. 187.

I listen to his programme and miraculous hopes with an indifference that drives him to despair—for I have a modest reliance on Providence and "the Laws of Nature" that if he does cross the Channel with his tail of enthusiastic shoemakers and tailors and Balloon Inventors and what not; he will be "turned back" as on the former occasion (according to Carlyle) "at the first toll-bar." To be sure there is chance enough of his being laid hold of and sent to meditate on his folly in the Spielberg or at "the bottom of a well" in St. Leo, for the remainder of his life—but as he is quite indifferent as to that, I do not see why I need get into any worry about it—indeed, I feel so downright angry at his delirium that I cannot care just now what becomes of him, the madman that he is!

And now, goodbye, dear child, I must proceed to "walk for my health," that most toilsome of sublunary duties. Love to all

Your own
JANE CARLYLE.

71. To Jeannie Welsh

Babbie and Andrew Chrystal.

Tuesday (7th Feb., 1844).

My VERY PRETTY BABBIE,

a month—but I do not think he had any care about my assisting at the sacrifice, at least he expressed none—his chief motive in getting me to Liverpool seemed to be a generous anxiety about—you! —who he seems to have a fixed idea are always in need of my Shu-ping-sing faculty of seeing thro' stone walls and setting all sorts of entanglements to rights. Now, it seems that you are spoken of with Andrew Chrystal—and he (Walter) "does not know what to think of it," and whatever he (Walter) does not know what to think of there is a need that I should think of, and descend as a Deus ex machina (a god out of a machine, since you have no Latin you poor child!) into the thick of! Now really dear Babbie granted that you are

^{*} W. Macgregor, who had been in London.

becoming as great a bore with the number of your "suitors" as Penelope was; I do not feel sure, that even if I were there, transported by a wishing cap or other miraculous means applicable to my circumstances, with all my eyes and ears opened as wide as wide could be and my "Shu-ping-sing faculty" to back them out; I do not feel at all sure that I could penetrate the "grande mistero"—inasmuch as I am still in a state of modest doubt whether there be one to penetrate—and suppose I could, did ever young lady since the world began take counsel with the flesh and blood of her cousin on the private affairs of her heart—she will regulate these by her own discretion or indiscretion let the sapient cousin say or sing what she likes. And really as she is the person chiefly implicated therein one cannot take it ill of her !- This however my good little girl I beg of you to lay to heart, that if I find at any time that you have been getting up a little matrimonial transaction without (not asking my advice which of course you would not follow) but without letting me into a secret which I am so much interested in, from the very first moment in which it assumed an utterable shape, I shall think you a very graceless Babbie and shall tell you no more secrets of mine !- By which arrangement you are likely to be a prodigious loser.

In sober sadness Babbie of my heart are you thinking to marry this Mr. Chrystal-or even thinking of thinking to marry him? "Why not?"-I am sure for my part I see no good reason unless it be that neither of you ever happened to conceive the wish-In that case it were certainly inadvisable but otherwise? Mr. Chrystal could keep your bit soul and body together could he not? he is as Carlyle would express it "not a fool nor a bad man "-is he not? And if these conditions be fulfilled-why should not Babbie marry Mr. Chrystal and Mr. Chrystal marry Babbie if they be both of that mind? You observe that I do not know him the least in the world all the while-I once I think met him on your upper stair-but I have not even the faintest recollection how he looked. Now do like a good child write me a letter to the point-if to that point and some other points included you would be doing me a sensible kindness, for I cannot help giving a certain attention

to these on dit's when anything so precious to me as your future is in question. Tho' I do not make much complaint on the subject I may just as well take this occasion to tell you frankly, that these letters which contain all sorts of things, except just the things in your own heart and the very things I want to be told about, if they do not anger me do always afflict me more or less. The wearing of one's heart on one's sleeve is a thing which I neither admire nor practise, but the utterly shrouding it up and hanging it over with all sorts of frivolous disguises, with the person who perhaps is in the whole wide world the likeliest to understand it and sympathize with it, does seem to me a piece of unwisdom, a wilful rejecting of "the good the gods have provided "one! Do I tell you all that make me ill just now and the time look "out of joint"?-No-but only because a word to the wise—that is, to the sympathizing, is enough—and I have spoken enough of these words to you, for enabling you always to divine all that I keep to myself. But you have yet given me no such talismanic word—or else I have not been wise enough to make it do.

Now you see dear this is a sort of preaching—or rather praying letter, and I will even let it stand for such without attempting to make the amende honorable by tacking any extraneous matter in the shape of news to the end of it—I am still very sick in spite of my airing yesterday and I write with effort tho' with infinite facility of good will.

Mazzini was very glad of your letter tho' he did complain that you had evidently "mended your pen at one place" a proceeding which I felt to be inconsistent with a due trustfulness of friendship.

My kindest love to them all—and say yes I will come and cover them all with kisses but not yet—Bless thee my dear little good Babbie with many suitors—

Your own

JANE CARLYLE.

A matter of handwriting—Proportionable sympathy in illness— Sterling's carriage—Bores and complaints, an unequal division—A faux pas of Thackeray's—Andrew Chrystal—Miss Jewsbury's rewritten MS.

(15th Feb., 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

If I had not given some sign of life at Maryland Street before receiving your last; I would have written on the instant to explain the phenomenon of the unknown address, which had caused your sympathizing little soul a quite needless disturbance. But oh Babbie to think of your mistaking the handwriting of a cousin-german to the last reigning King of Poland-ci devant Chamberlain to the Emperor of Russia-Author of various works including a History of the Reformation in three volumes—a Polish noble, and popular member of the most aristocratic English society, for Helen's ! the maid-of-allwork's !-Babbie, where were your eyes, not to see in those sprawling characters of his the carelessness of a Noble and Author-instead of the incapacity of a maid-of-all-work?-Just as I had finished my letter to you that day two events came upon me within the same five minutes-Count Krasinski and a basin of soup-the latter being decidedly the most essential at the moment I told Krasinski by way of taking his attention from my physical operation, to fold and seal the letter for me-which done; he proposed with great glee to address it also-and I foreseeing nothing but a little pleasant stimulant to your curiosity, assented at the first word-

> So this is the history, Of the wonderful mystery!

For the rest I do not ever give way—moi—like Harriet Martineau (in her Life in a sick room) to dreadful qualms of conscience on the ground that people "overrate my physical sufferings and give me more sympathy than I am in strict justice entitled to"!!—I am always very thankful for sympathy and pocket all I get as my due, without calculation, or the

slightest touch of remorse. And so the sympathy you bestowed on me under the idea of my having become too sick to address my own letter-may stand for my having been too sick to get any good of my life ever since the writing of it and for a good while before—with no children whatsoever, I am quite as puzzled as Goody two shoes "what to do"? How to make myself go to sleep before three or four in the morning-and then only for a few minutes at a stretch—or how to get up the necessary appetite for keeping soul and body together-I have the most perfect conviction that no medical advice could set me to rights -only time may do it if it like-but meanwhile-I am a-weary a-weary. Sterling's carriage—a close one now, and very comfortable, is a great temporal consolation to me under the existing circumstances. He comes almost every day and gives me the option of driving out with him-and worries me as little as is " in the nature of the Beast" to do. Indeed he is much quieter generally, since he returned to putting out his superfluous energy in Times-Thundering. All the while, I have to do the amiable to company as usual, and take all the principal bores off Carlyle and go about indoors as if nothing ailed me-for as Carlyle has long since appropriated the chief right to raise an outcry-and put all his miseries into poetic language and as possession is nine points of law-it were in vain for me to take the field as a complainer, even if much relief were to be found in that line, which I don't believe to be the case. So I say as little about my "Interior" as need be-only indulging myself in an occasional miserere like the present to you—and sometimes a brief protest against "things in general" to Elizabeth. Mazzini sets one such an awful example of stoicism in the physical that with all the confidence in the world of his sympathetic nature one has not the face to say—" to be sick is miserable" in his presence. I have not seen him for a week and am anxious that he may come to-day-for his "affairs" were to be deciding themselves about this time-"Savoy's expedition" to be or not to be.

As I am really too stupid to write you either an amusing or edifying letter this day I send you a note from Dickens which is decidedly the former—and which you must return to me

without showing it to anyone out of your own house-for it is in the highest degree indiscreet (God bless him)—the matter it alludes to was an absurd mistake of Thackeray's who put five shillings into Robertson's hand one night in the idea that he was reduced to the last " extremity of Fate "!! and then (what was much more inexcusable) told Dickens and myself of the transaction before witnesses in Mrs. Macready's drawing room! The real fact of how the money was put into R.'s hands with certain mysterious words-and how R. stared after "the odd mortal" as he ran away, in total bewilderment as to what Thackeray designed him to do with the said shillings! and how he called next day to return them and ask the meaning-and found him "out"-and on the next day again and found him "gone to Paris"—all that coming to my knowledge after, thro' the unconscious alms-receiver (!) himself-I thought it but fair towards him to set his case in the right light to Dickens who along with myself had heard the extraordinary charge-This note is his answer—

Well I will not mind any more of Walter's clatters—but you are wrong I think in supposing he would have *liked* you to marry Mr. Chrystal—he seemed to me to think you would be *thrown away* on that hypothesis *also*.

I have all Geraldine's MS. now and by the powers it is a wonderful book!—Decidedly the cleverest Englishwoman's-

book I ever remember to have read.

Ever your own

J. C.

73. To Jeannie Welsh

A persecuted woman-Practical sympathy.

The cause célèbre of Fraser v. Bagley lasted four days, from Monday, February 19, to ten at night on Thursday, February 22, 1844, when the verdict for the defendant, exonerating Mrs. Fraser, was received with loud cheers in court. The dashing Fraser, who had married a well-to-do widow, it seems, for her money, went bankrupt in 1837 after speculating wildly, and departed to other fields of activity, bidding his oldest friend,

a barrister like himself, look after the interests of his deserted wife. The friend did his best, and was rewarded by this action based upon the flimsy evidence of dishonest servants. John Carlyle, who had attended his old acquaintance, Mrs. Fraser, was called as a medical witness in the case.

Bay House, Alverstoke. (End Feb., 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

Before I forget will you tell my Uncle with a kiss that I consider him the most virtuous father of a family I have ever known, and that having thus a whole "Society for the Suppression of Vice" within his own breast, there is every ground to believe that his Daughters will pass thro' life like living snow-drops! ! And do not you embezzle this message because you cannot understand it—to my uncle it will be quite as intelligible as his message was to me.

For the rest Babbie you must be content with a small return this day for your two long letters. All the last week I was kept in a very violent state of nervous excitement about a thing which you will think lay a good way out of my road. But when one is disposed to be excited it makes little difference whether the immediate cause be personal or no—and so my blood has been kept at the boiling point all last week by a—crim. con. process before the Guildhall—in which I was neither a principal nor even a witness—but John was a witness and I made it my own affair—from esprit de corps Carlyle says.

There never was I believe a more infernal prosecution raised against any woman than this which occupied the Guildhall Court for four whole days of last week and has been filling many columns of the daily Papers. Did you ever hear us speak of a William Fraser—it was he of whom John said so many times over that "with the best intentions he was always unfortunate"—till the phrase became a by-word in our house. Now and for a long while back he has been worse than unfortunate with good intentions—having performed one atrocity after another till he has consummated all by a crim. con. process against the best friend he ever had in the world and his own ill-used long since deserted wife.

I cannot enter into the details of the transaction—if you were to read the papers the impression left on your mind would probably be that Mrs. Fraser was guilty but with such extenuating circumstances that no really just and humane person could lay his hand on his heart and say that she was really very blameable for having been guilty-but Carlyle, John, all the men and women who have known personally the sort of woman she is, and the sort of life she has led, firmly believe her innocent in spite of all the perjured circumstantial evidence brought against her which after all was only inferential. Think of its being made criminal to say to a man who for years had been dining four or five times a week in the house by her husband's invitation " my dear will you ring the bell "!! Merciful Heaven-what criminalities have I walked over the top of without knowing it! At length on Thursday night she had a verdict in her favour-and tho' from what passed in Court it seemed to have been due to the evidence of her husband's monstrous usage of her rather than to that of her own innocence—it was received with "tremendous cheers" in the Court house and all along the street. John had been in Court all the four days and sent me a daily bulletin of the proceedings-always, like a Job's comforter as he is, winding up with "that in spite of internal heartfelt convictions, there was every chance of its going against her." And then Sterling sent me daily the Times-and there I sat fumingwishing to be in the Court to show up misstatements which nobody seemed to notice, to draw palpable inferences which nobody seemed to draw, or at all rates to be with the poor woman comforting her-but as I had never seen her but once in my life just after my first coming to London I feared she would not receive me while she was enduring the horrible uncertainty. "So soon as it is decided" I said to Darwin "I will go and

"So soon as it is decided" I said to Darwin "I will go and nobody shall prevent me."—"Whichever way it goes?" said Darwin—"Yes" said I "and all the faster if it goes against her "—"Bravo"! said he—with a benignant smile—"Oh" said Carlyle "the woman is not that sort of woman at all—if you knew her you could not for a moment believe her to have done anything beyond imprudences—such as calling people my Dear and all that "(looking significantly at poor me)—"Ah!

-for my share" says Darwin "I cannot even see the imprudences!"-" Thank you for that" exclaimed I with effusion!—The day after the verdict I had meant to go—having sent her word before by John that I must see her-but that day I had my hands full at home; from six in the morning till six at night I carried on one incessant alternation of fainting, retching, screaming, even Cromwell had to give place to me !-- and Carlyle was out and in fifty times during the day—not with the usual "how are you now Jane "-but-" merciful heaven what is this?—what can I do for you?" These superlative headaches coming back with "a certain" regularity are "a bad outlook" as Helen says. I have had as bad many years ago but then I had more stuff in me for resisting them-and they were in some measure compensated by having a perfectly clear head during the intervals—which is not the case now—for they leave me all beaten into impalpable pulp—to speak figuratively. Next day however by help of Sterling's carriage I got to the poor woman-whom I found in bed-in such a state as you may fancy a modest woman to be reduced to who had just been dragged before the public is such a shameful way. To-morrow I go to her after breakfast to stay all day and Carlyle God bless him will come to fetch me home. So soon as she is able I will fetch her here for a few days and if anybody thinks it " an improper connection," they are at liberty to cut my acquaintance. I really see no such natural way of showing my gratitude to Providence for having had my own reputation always mercifully preserved, [as] in affording the countenance of it to one who has been less fortunate. I will tell you all about her next time, at present I have written as much as is prudent-for my physical state-bless you all.

Your own

I. C.

I have seen nothing of the Walters—except a most *poisonous* looking piece of Bride cake, which came in a little box from a Liverpool confectioner.



DR. JOHN CARLYLE. From a photograph.



MISS GERALDINE JEWSBURY. From a photograph by C. A. Duval.



1844]

74. To Jeannie Welsh

On inability to write—Finds a publisher for Geraldine in return for help about the Mudies-Notable books and their reward-Accident with Carlyle's hot water bottle.

(16th March, 1844.)

DARLING.

I write just a line to-day to prevent you fancying that I have lost either my life or my senses. You are not one of those unimaginative characters who cannot believe in inability to write unless it be attended with the outward visible sign of confinement to bed-and so I need not fear your turning away your sweet face from me with an incredulous and unsympathizing smile, when I declare that my silence has really been the result of inability, though I have been all the last week on my legs-yesterday however I sat down to write to you at last a long letter-when behold the Sterling carriage drove to the door-" without encumbrance" putting itself at my orders for the forenoon-and as I very much needed to go to the Strand to enquire the result of Chapman & Hall's cogitations as to Geraldine's Manuscript which has been laid on my arms and left there (!) very much as the baby which the gentleman in the omnibus incautiously undertook the holding of, while the mother stept out-I judged this an opportunity of getting that business transacted without fatigue which in my present feeble condition I ought not to neglect. You know that with all my laziness when there is real business to be done, I make it a point of honour never to let it linger or miscarry for want of exertion. Geraldine was extremely helpful to me about my Mudies-I owe her a service "decidedly"—and besides by putting her into the way of getting her "superfluous activity" vented in printed books I consider that I shall have done a real act of charitywhat is to come of her when she is old-without ties, without purposes, unless she apply herself to this trade? and how is she even to have a subsistence otherwise, should her Brother take it into his head to marry? All these considerations have made me very anxious to find a Publisher for her first book; and contrary to Carlyle's prognostications—beyond almost my own hopes I yesterday found that her MS. was accepted. (Do not

speak of this publicly, for it will be some time yet before the book gets out)—Certainly it is a very remarkable book, and well worth being tried—but when I think how John Mill's Logic which he spent ten years over-and Carlyle's Sartor a real "work of Genius"—had to hawk themselves about thro' all the trade before they could so much as get printed free of cost— I do wonder at my good luck and hers in having this philosophical novel accepted by the first man I offered it to—on the principle of half profits. Their counsellor as to the publishing of new works-whoever he may be-told them that it had "taken hold of him with a grasp of iron." Think of little Geraldine having a grasp like that in her! Well, this morning as in duty bound I have had to write her the good news and now I am too wearied after all the "explaining and expounding" of my letter to her to write another letter of any magnitude even to my Babbie. Last night my incautious husband shoved his stone bottle of warm water over the bed-and the thump which it made on the floor just over my head in the dead watches of the night—just when after weary hours of tossing about I was falling into sleep, of course put all ideas of sleeping far from me and I have risen after a horrid night in a condition more dead than alive—curious coincidence of bottles!—there has also been a curious coincidence of rings. Two days after my last headache I missed a little ring from my finger which I wear constantly—one that was my Aunt Jeanie's—I made a strict search for it and finally had to give it up for lost—when Carlyle putting his hand into the inside pocket of his dressing-gown felt something and drew out in wonder the ring !--in my agony that day my hands were clutching at every thing within their reach and had clutched it seemed into his pockets and left the ring there! But I trust in heaven there will not be a coincidence of chimneys—here the disgrace is the least of it, for we have to pay a fine of five pounds! . . .

Oh my good Babbie what a wretched scrawl to put thee off with—but indeed I am good for nothing just now.

God bless you all-

Your own

The Lion's wife—Deals with the bores—Mazzini and his disappointments—Carlyle, Cromwell and staying in London—A Glasgow servant for Liverpool.

(13th April, 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I am sitting here to wait my Lord Jeffrey who came to town yesterday—he may be here in five minutes or not for a couple of hours—anyhow I may as well be turning my hand with the fleeting moments as they pass, tho' under the circumstances you are likely to find me "very much detached."

Often in these weeks I have had accesses of Carlyle's mania for "a house in some perfect solitude" (only not Craigenputtock): there are so many interruptions to fritter away one's time in this No. 5 Cheyne Row that my serious conscience begins to protest against them. "When the Devil was sick, the Devil a Monk would be; the Devil got well and the Devil a monk was he." But I-have not got well yet, and do not feel as if I should ever get well enough to relish my existence of Lion's-wife-especially so long as the Lion's self will not take his part on his own shoulders but rolls over that also on mine. Decidedly I begin to be weary of doing all the boreswhile if ever perchance an exceptional human being drops in that one is carried off to smoke in the garden or talk tête à tête in the Library! Last night for example we had here the Captain Mackenzie who played such a distinguished part in the Afghanistan affairs—a real Hero and no mistake—and along with him his wife and wife's sister. It is like listening to the Mysteries of Udolpho in the first blush of one's youthful enthusiasm to hear that Mackenzie telling "the dangers he had passed "-but not a word of this was I privileged with hearing last night-while Carlyle talked with him and John Carlyle with the clever little wife's sister I was left with the deaf young wife "all to myself"—who adds to the misfortune of being exceptionally deaf a perpetual need of hearing what is going on, so that by the time they were all got out of the house, my throat was too sore " for anything." . . .

Nobody of mine is thriving just now. . . . Mazzini looks as if he had been boiled in tea leaves, and is sad beyond all words to say. These disturbances in Italy, that will not cease and can not come to anything worth while, keep him in a perpetual slow fever. He has been for the last two months ready to start at a moment's notice to throw himself into any part of the movement where anything positive, no matter with what success, seemed in the way of being done, but these prospects of revolution so magnificent at a few weeks' distance always melt into nonentity like the garden of Adonis on a nearer approach. Meanwhile he is to be deeply pitied, for however useless his feelings may be to himself or his country they are natural and noble. . . .

Carlyle works away at his Cromwell without a word said of the *country* as yet. Of course we shall have a vast deal of mental locomotion before any *material* mile is travelled. Nay, I should not wonder if after his last year experiences he should decide on staying in London this summer—it is possible, the more so that I am so eager to be out of it. . . .

I trust in heaven that small specimen of Glasgow humanity which I have sent you will turn out a good bargain in the long run. Make her my compliments and say that I hope to find her going on bravely when I come—it is good to keep up expectations of that innocent and affectionate sort. I found most of my hopes of her on the power of attaching herself which I read in her face and voice and in the few words that fell from her when I gave her my parting benediction. If you exploiter that judiciously, I think you will be able to teach her young idea to shoot any way you would have.

Bless you, dearest love. Tea comes. Love to them all.

Your own

JANE CARLYLE.

Cavaignac's story and a visit to the Indians-Plattnauer shocked by Jeffrey-James Baillie in prison.

Mr. Empson had married Jeffrey's daughter Charlotte.

Tuesday (23rd April, 1844)

DEAREST BABBIE,

. . . Then I went another day quite alone, in sober sadness, to see the Indians. And another day with Mrs. A. Sterling to see Tom Thumb-Tom Thumb I had the greatest possible wish to steal away in my pocket. The Indians were below my ideal of Indians—but I shook hands with them as all the hundreds of people present did, and can now say thro' all coming time when asked "have you seen the Indians?" "Yes I have seen them!" The cause of my going there, and alone, was that-Cavaignac is again writing in the Revue Indépendante! You may not see the connexion at first sightbut the one thing followed out of the other quite naturally I assure you. Mazzini had told me that Cavaignac was becoming decidedly a literary man-that he had an Algerine Tale in the last number of that Review, exhibiting " a calm and spiritualism -as opposed to action "-which he, Mazzini, considered to be proof positive of his being "a lost man"-but which he doubted not I would find "the right frame of mind for a Demi-god"—" while even he" must confess that the thing as a literary composition far surpassed anything he had read of his before. The story was of a Father who had an only son "in whom the soul had not awaked; "the Father, however, confident that the boy has a soul, could it only be got at, tries all means natural and magical to inspire him. The first part of the Tale ends in his trying the influence of an adorable woman upon the youth " but that" said Mazzini "even that does nothing at awaking his soul "-and there the Tale stops for the present. Now as I saw in this curious idea a design on C.'s part to produce his own confession of faith under an allegorical form, I was most impatient to read it for myself and set off early next morning to get a sight of the Review in the Reading Room of the London Library—but the Revue Indépendante was just the only French Review which they did not have. So being there so early, tired, disappointed, not knowing what to make of myself for the rest of the forenoon—(a walk in the morning always unsettles me for doing any work at home) being thus circumstanced I could think of nothing so suitable as to turn in and take a look at the wild Indians! Their war-whoops would probably harmonize with my discordant feelings better than the human speech of anybody I might go to call upon!

My dear I would have given something considerable that you had been here last Sunday morning to have seen Plattnauer's face—while a much more fiery trial was appointed him than that of having to wash his hands before Ladies-while we were sitting very peaceably together Lord Jeffrey and Mr. Empson were announced—I sprang up delighted of course to see Ieffrey who had not warned me this time of his being come back to town. As it was not our first meeting however, and I had kissed him sufficiently when he came ten days ago, I was not thinking of going thro' that ceremony—but he having a strong natural tendency for cuddling people (without the slightest earthly harm in it) and taking advantage of his being now near seventy years of age to indulge this innocent taste to the fullest extent, took me all in his arms as usual-regardless of the presence of Plattnauer, Empson and Helen (as indeed he would have done the same before twenty starched Dowagers) and gave me one kiss after another, not "on the brow" or any of those delicate spots, but plump on my lips !-calling me "my darling Jeanie!-my sweet child! my dear Love!!!" and then when we had got over the brunt of the business and sat down on the sofa he ceased not a moment from kissing my hands, stroking my hair, patting my face—and saying the tenderest things in the tenderest tones! Now all this was nothing at all for Empson or myself, or anyone that knows Jeffrey's ways and that knows his age-and that knows the sort of Paternal affection he has entertained for me upwards of fifteen years. But if you will just look at it with Plattnauer's eves! My attention was attracted towards him by his convulsive snatching up of a newspaper—over which he stooped

his head, blushing!—Oh merciful heaven how he was blushing the poor young man!—He seemed only to sit witnessing such superhuman indecorums from the total inability into which his astonishment threw him of going away!—At last he reeled across the floor and bade me good morning with a look "significative of much!" I have since heard that he went from here to Elizabeth to compliment her on the extraordinary character of Scotch salutations as illustrated in the meeting he had just witnessed betwixt Lord Jeffrey and Mrs. Carlyle.

Elizabeth begged him for God's sake "not to take the practices of Lord Jeffrey and Mrs. Carlyle as a specimen of the national manner"—but said she "I tried to comfort him by the assurance that Lord Jeffrey was 70 which he would not however believe for he was quite struck with his handsomeness"!! Certainly if he had got that view of the subject

the procedure was perfectly awful!* . . .

James Baillie writes to me again in spite of all my hard-heartedness—and this time I must answer for he writes in Prison—I will send his letter next time—I wish he would give me up for—merely to hear of his troubles which I cannot help him out of—which only God can help him out of by putting some sense and principle into him, makes me very uncomfortable without doing him any good. I would take any pains to find some situation for him if there were any situation for which he is fit—save that of Marker to a Billiard Table (!)—which I have no interest to procure him—but as to lending him trifles of money merely to keep him afloat from day to day, he had better at once blow his brains out—Love to them all and kisses—Be sure to tell me of little Glasgow.†

Ever your own

J. C.

^{*} The story continues in Letter 78.
† The Scotch servant at Maryland Street, who had been found for the Welshes by Mrs. Carlyle. See p. 196.

Madness in the air—Garnier and his delusions—Mazzini and an impertinence from Sterling—Robertson and Helps—A letter to E. Pepoli from the Welshes' servant (see p. 212)—Mrs. Crowe.

(? 6th May, 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

My life for some days back has been "as good as a play" (to use Mrs. Macready's favourite simile) or one might even compare it to a novel by Mrs. Crowe—futile in the extreme. but so full of plot that the interest (such as it is) has never been allowed to flag. Take Friday forenoon for speciment (Robert Macturk). I sat down to write to you and while I was still seeking a pen that would write, "there came to pass" a knock long, lugubrious, distracted, which, skilled as I am in the physiognomy of door-knocks, I knew not what to make of. On the door being opened "a heavy body" walked in, of which I heard Helen inquire "your name if you please Sir?" "I have no name," was the answer in a sepulchral voice—" sarv'd her right": for she knew it well enough without asking—as appeared by her flinging the door open and announcing "Mr. Garnier." I rose to give him a cordial welcome for I had not seen poor Garnier these many months and heard in the interim a vague rumour of his being in Prison. But when I saw the figure he was I could scarcely swallow down a scream. He looked bigger than ever-blown up in fact-his grizzled hair hung horrible about his head like a mop—his face, hands. and clothes were in the last stage of dirtiness—his shirt all open in the breast disclosed "what shall I say? strange things upon my honour!"-and the rolling of his eyes clearly indicated him to be as mad as a March hare! I concealed my dismay as well as I could and bade him sit down and began asking him the usual questions. If his look had frightened me his speech frightened still more—" He had discovered a nest of murderers in the court where he lived, he knew of twelve who had been murdered by them-'it was quite a Burking business'-he had heard the screams of a woman in the night, had looked from his window and seen the murderers of whom his Landlord was the chief, hide the dead body in a dilapidated house—there were blood stains on the floor next morning and in spite of all this the authorities would not inquire into it-disbelieved his wordhis-damnation, he who in his own country had fought twentyfive duels to preserve his honour from stain (that's a fact) was to be insulted with impunity by the English-no by God-he had sworn to be revenged—the blood of the whole English nation should wash out his disgrace! (pleasant talking!) Henceforth he was the deadly foe of every Englishman!"-"Well" said I trying to seem unconcerned tho' my eyes were intently watching his least movement-" I am not an Englishman, but a Scotch-woman, so you need not look so furious at me!" "I have done for Mazzini however" said he-" and that is so far good !!!" then suddenly turning on me the most benevolent eyes in the world he said with a quite paternal tenderness "you look better than when I saw you last! a little better, but always pale!" No wonder that I was pale just then !-- and then the tears rushed over his face and he turned his face quite away from me as if I were awakening some consciousness in him which he could not endure. After half an hour of the bloodiest talk (during which I had the fortitude not to send for Carlyle—his mad fury seeming to have men rather than women for its object—and my heart really quaking at what might happen if I brought a man to my rescue) he rose and stalked to the door-there he stopt and held out his hand to me turning his head in the opposite direction—I gave him my hand boldly which I had soon reason to repent for he crushed it in his as if he meant to reduce it to a jelly. I screamed and fell half fainting over his arm-and tho' I cried several times "oh for God's sake!" he held it at least a minute in this horrible grasp. When he quitted it I held it up all red and swelled-He looked at it for a moment with a devilish satisfaction—then his expression suddenly changing he said kindly "oh you are hurt—well I am sorry—but it was necessary!" then he walked slowly away-Heaven preserve me from any more such necessities! My hand could take no hold of anything for many hours after and it is not quite right yet.

He had not been gone ten minutes when Mazzini came

to show that he had not been "done for" in the worst sense of the words—and while we were still gravely discussing poor Garnier's state and consulting what could be done for him—in the way of discovering his mother—or getting him put up before he does any mischief which he is in the fair of—Old Sterling came—and finding M. here and something grave going on betwixt us He was seized with a fit of "temporary insanity" in which he permitted himself to utter an impertinence, whereupon my humour being already jarred I told him that he was an old fool and had better get about his business—not exactly in these words, but that was the purport. So with a look which Mazzini said was like that of a wild beast—I was not heeding for my part how he looked—he started up and took what was intended to sound—as an everlasting farewell!

"Will he ever come back?" said M.; as the door was slammed behind the irritated John *—"Yes," said I, "the day after to-morrow at furthest—he will rage out to-day—sulk to-morrow—and come back on his knees (figuratively speaking) the day after "—and so it was—or rather he did better for he sent me the carriage yesterday with a touching message that he was too ill to write or go out—but sent me the carriage for my own use—of course I sent it back again unused—for I do not forgive him all at once in these cases and besides when it came—Plattnauer was here.

Then after Sterling, came Robertson whose normal state is a certain insanity. I rung for boiling water and made myself some Brandy negus to brace my shattered nerves—then I went out with Mazzini and him seeing they were determined to sit each other out, and not choosing to remain quietly the victim of this conspiracy—on coming in there was a boy leading about a horse before the door and I found Arthur Helps lying on my sofa asleep!!!

And so on! the air is full of madness at present—I could give you more extraordinary instances than the above out of my own experience—but one cannot write everything. You have read in the newspaper our murder I hope—you cannot

^{*} The familiar name of John Sterling slips from Mrs. Carlyle's pen instead of Edward.

1844]

think how much more interesting a murder becomes from being committed at one's own door.

I saw a letter from your house the other day to Elizabeth. It was to the following effect:

" Countess Puplow

"I am arrived here saf I hope you did not tak it amis that i have not written to you—i have been very busy since I cam to this town—I am very comfortable—thy are very kind to me—but I have a good deal of wark. Tell Cownt Sartoriow that I will write to him when I can find time—Your obliged

MARGARET "-

the hand was strong—and flowing—Elizabeth dreaded that it was a man's—but I comforted her with the assurance that the spelling which I have not at all done justice to could be nobody's but the girl's own.

I was glad to hear that you had a prospect of seeing Mrs. Paulet again. I was just going to have asked if she had

melted into thin air.

But I must conclude for several reasons—the best that my letter is already long enough. Kindest love and kisses to them all

Ever your own affectionate JANE CARLYLE.

... I forgot the address Margaret gave Cowntess Puplow—Mr. Welsh's 20 MERYLAND Street.

78. To Jeannie Welsh

A sequel to the scene with Jeffrey (No. 76).

Tuesday night (15th May, 1844).

... Plattnauer did come back—(I saw him out of the carriage to-day that is why I [am] bringing him in so oddly)—he told me that Elizabeth, when he was expressing his astonishment to her—turned to Pepoli who is going with her to Kirkaldy in July—and said in an encouraging way—"I assure you Carlo

you may travel from one end of Scotland to the other without meeting anything of the sort "—great comfort for the modest Carlo no doubt! He told me also being unusually communicative that on his remarking that Count Krasinski was preposterously fond of Mrs. Carlyle Elizabeth said dryly "oh all the men are that!!" Slightly splenetic don't you think? and monstrously stupid if it was meant to warn Plattnauer—...

79. To Jeannie Welsh

Carlyle's exacting ways—Miss Bölte goes at last—Anthony Sterling follows the rest of his family.

Miss Bölte was a German governess, whose devotion to Mrs. Carlyle outweighed her occasional obtuseness. Mrs. Carlyle had taken her in, for "'that damned thing called the milk of human kindness' is not *all* drained out of me yet" (15.v.44), the sea captain's phrase, as in L.M. ii. 324.

Kirkcaldy Helen had taken a holiday: Maria, the substitute, was sadly flustered by Carlyle's exigent little ways.

For Theresa see p. 7.

Friday (31st May, 1844)

. As she is she [' the new woman'] might be gone on quite comfortably with in any other house but this, where it is considered the sin against the Holy Ghost to set a chair or a plate two inches off the spot they have been used to stand on! and where the servant of a week is required to know all the outs and ins of the house as currently as the servant of seven years! Men are very unreasonable really and this man in particular is enough to turn one's head—at times. . . .

Just fancy Bölte staying on thro' all my difficulties, from week to week, and when I had only offered her a bed for two days betwixt her coming to town and Mrs. Buller's. Indeed her stay was assuming an air of permanency which made my blood run cold, and not only mine but everyone's that frequents the house—for you know her way of sitting gazing at one's visitors without ever speaking a word—Anthony Sterling requested as a particular favour that I would "marry her to Plattnauer

and so set the two pairs of gazing German eyes to gaze at one another!" She is gone now however "thanks God!" is engaged to Sir James Graham at a salary of a hundred guineas a year! Mrs. Buller told Lady Graham that she was recommended by me, and that she had considered all other recommendation perfectly superfluous—whereupon Lady Graham was pleased to say" oh certainly! Mrs. Carlyle's recommendation is to be received as conclusive!" So "the first chapters of Genesis" are silenced for ever!—and now having done my duty of general humanity so successfully by her, I recommend her to Destiny and her own deserving—for I really am sick of my protegée!—She is an excellent governess; the miraculous improvement she had wrought on Theresa proves that beyond all doubt—But for a companion to me! the cat is an angel in comparison!

... Somebody has just sent me the present of a new sort of coffee pot—I fancy it must be Anthony Sterling, who is taking up the family-feelings towards me—he gave me a large jug the other day!—bless you my darling. Pray for me. . . .

Ever your own

Postscript in Mazzini's hand, at the head of the first sheet:

Read approved and confirmed. Jos. Mazzini. May 31. I want to write a long epistle to you, and will do so one of these days. I believe, from approximative calculations, that you want a fresh supply of *progressive* paper for your curls. Meanwhile have the homage and good wishes of Your devd. J. M.

80. To Jeannie Welsh

Need of consolation—The Cromwell atmosphere—Inspires devotion in her servants.

(After the 10th June, 1844, the date of the enclosure.)

Yes Babbie! I do need to "have my hair combed"—need it horribly! and—by the Lord Harry your hands shall do it before I am much older!—there now! that sounds like a positive promise I think, and the next thing will be to get it accomplished—I have put off writing till I could bring my

longings and purposings to something like a fixed determination and now I tell you, that so far as one can make sure of anything in this Destiny-ruled world I make sure of seeing you in a fortnight or so from this date. What a pleasure to kiss my own Babbie again! to kiss everybody!—If I had once got over the journey—the going into your house again—and all which will at first remind me too sadly of my last fearful visit; I shall be very happy I am sure!—as happy as I can be under any possible circumstances.

You see my dear "the Reign of Terror" is raging itself wild here now! and I begin to be weary of it—moi! and it begins to look a stupidity rather than a heroism in me to stay till my life is crushed out in it—seeing that my life is precious to many deserving persons besides myself. And then where on earth should I fly to, but just into the "bosom of my family"—of all that is left of family for me here on earth?

My uncle's "tell her to come at once" has sounded in the ears of my heart ever since I heard it—And then it is so plainly "a duty" to go!—for I shall return after a week or two of your kindness, and of abnegation of worries, in a much more philosophic temper of mind, and more up to the necessary efforts and endurances of my lot of Man-of-Genius's-wife. . . :

Helen arrived last night betwixt eleven and twelve—... She seems as glad to get back as the other is sorry to go away—Poor Maria! she had been crying off and on for the last two days—certainly I have a wonderful luck for inspiring fervent passions to servant-maids! She is going to Blount the Chemist in Cheyne Walk, this Maria, which I am really glad of; I should have quite suffered to see her bundling off with her bits of bundles and boxes into unknown space! There I shall have my eye upon her and be cheered occasionally with the sight of her innocent good humoured face— . . .

81. To Jeannie Welsh

Sir James Graham and Mazzini's letters.

On June 14 Mazzini's complaint that his letters were being opened in the post was brought up in the House of Commons. Sir James Graham admitted his responsibility. He had

acted as other Home Secretaries before him under a statute of Anne. But with his genius for being unconciliatory he did not proceed to explain that in this case he had only acted at the request of Lord Aberdeen, who thought it right as Foreign Secretary to discover if plots were hatched in England against foreign Governments. The matter was referred to a secret committee of nine, who reported fully to the House (p. 209).

(19th June, 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I have fixed my day—and mean to keep it—on Monday next, God willing, I shall be deposited in your arms—transmitted by railway in better or worse condition—I cannot

yet specify the hour in the evening.

Meanwhile I am "very much excited"—more than ever needing to have my hair combed—if you have been casting your serious eyes on the Public Prints you may have seen the affair of "Mazzini's letters"—I will tell you all about it when I come—it is no news to me for I have been in the secret for months—but it is news for this free country of England—disgraceful news—and the thing which is setting up my blood just now is the cool way in which Englishmen take the acknowledgment of a fact which before it was acknowledged they declared to be too bad for being credited!

Carlyle has written a glorious letter to the "Times" on the subject—but the "Times" with its accustomed personal

prejudices will possibly decline inserting it.

Darwin advises me "to apply for copies of all my letters to M. at the Home Office"—but my letters have a long while back been written more for the Austrian embassy than for the person they were addressed to—nay I lately said at the end of a note requiring despatch that "Mrs. Carlyle would be particularly obliged to the embassy to lose no time in forwarding it!" God bless you all—I have no patience for writing now—Your own.

I. C.

Geraldine's "tiger jealousy"—Other guests—The Bandieri.

Seaforth House. Friday (12th July, 1844).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Thanks for your letter,—doubly welcome that I was not expecting it—for the justice of the matter was clearly that I should write rather than you. My cold is not quite gone—at least I do not feel it safe to take the smallest liberty with myself—durst no more, for instance, drink two tumblers of porter and two glasses of champagne and a glass of Madeira all in one day than eat fire; but I am able to keep out of bed and go a little into the open air which is here very open indeed—and am no longer the miserable being I was in the first days.

I have had another trial of temper however substituted for the cold in my head—an out-break—in practical form of what Geraldine rightly termed her tiger-jealousy—I will tell you all about it when I come on Monday, suffice to say meanwhile that Mrs. Jordan in The Jealous Wife acted no more astounding vagaries than Geraldine has been treating us to here for the last twenty-four hours. Thanks God—my temper happened to be in an unusually placid state—and the thing has been got put down without any poisonings or suicides tho' not without great annoyance to Mrs. Paulet and the whole household. Really the fondly cares of those who love us are more agreeable proofs of their passion than tiger jealousies.

Frank Jewsbury and the Spaniard Montero were here last night and the Spaniard played on the guitar and sang—fandagos and 'all that sort of thing "—I take him to be somewhat of a pinchbeck Hero, this Spaniard; but he does very well for the provinces—Mrs. Ames was here also yesterday forenoon, and sang like an angel and talked "like—like—anything!"—I never heard such talking since I was born—it is quite a thing worth hearing once and away, just to know what a woman, merely human, can do in that line!

I am very sad about Mazzini; the two young Bandieri are shot! God help their poor Mother.

Love to you all and kisses—till Monday—adieu— Ever your affectionate JANE CARLYLE.

83. To Jeannie Welsh

Sympathy—Mazzini and the Government—The Bandieri—Lady Harriet and Mazzini—Babbie's wooers.

Friday (26th July, 1844).

My GOOD CHILD,

It is not to-day that I can answer your most welcome letter as it deserves—I must keep myself very quiet to-day "morally and physically." But I will write a few lines just to certify you that I do love you as well as before—perhaps even better—for I feel more sorry for you than before. Take that consolation, such as it is. . . .

Mazzini came the first morning-I asked him "how he knew?" He shrugged his shoulders and said "the wonder would rather have been if I had not known "-I find him looking better than I expected. He awaits the decision of the secret committee with supreme indifference. On Lord Brougham's great idea of the "Gaming house" he remarked that he wondered so imaginative a character as Brougham had not rather accused him of having "kept a cook-shop of human flesh!" If any attacks are made on his character in their Report he will make a public justification of himself-and the Editor of the "Westminster Review" has been applying to him for particulars of all the "murders" he has committed and projected that he may have a vindicatory article upon him in his next number. There are plenty of honest people now to take up his cause. But all that is as nothing for him compared with the troubles in Italy—the Bandieri are not certainly known to be taken—far less "shot"—all that stuff in the newspapers was unofficial and he has had no private communications as yet-but still he has grounds enough to fear the worst. Lady Harriet has been

making new advances to him—which for a Tory woman of her distinction connected with the enemy as she is, does infinite "credit to her head and hort." He was engaged to her last night and she had brought divers persons in authority to meet him and Carlyle was there of course. But Mazzini will not be caught by that syren—the insensible man that he is!—He did not come!!!—It must be strange for the Lady Harriet to have found one man that can resist her fascinations and refuse her invitations.

But I must stop, Babbie, I am doing myself hurt by writing even this sort of babble—God bless you my own Babbie—only beware of marrying Mr. B—— and all will be well some time. But that would be a fatal step if I have any spirit of divination in me! I dislike that man at once and for ever—ask me not why—for I cannot tell you—only he is antipathetical for me. My first look into his eyes satisfied me that he would never make a deserving husband for my own upright gentle Babbie.

Kiss my uncle for me—alas—that I should need a proxy for so pleasant a duty—and give my kindest love to all the rest.

Yours ever affectionately

JANE CARLYLE.

84. To Jeannie Welsh

Method in self-improvement—Lady Harriet's fascinations (C. and Mazzini)

(1st Aug., 1844.)

... I have been in a most dejected state all these days and have been holding on like grim death by the safety-rope of method amidst the general shipwreck of my powers of body and mind—doing certain small things—such as one can still do—with a certain regularity and a certain determination of purpose is I always find the best resource in these conditions. If one attempt anything great—or exerts oneself only by fits and starts—nothing comes of it but failure and deeper discouragement. Of a heap of letters that had accumulated on my conscience I have been making it a law for myself to write just one each day—and each day I have hemmed two towels!! and each day

read two articles in Jeffrey's miscellanies. This is very humble work certainly but with so much headache and sickness it is a fair conquest from the *Inane*.

Yesterday I ate the wing of a chicken—and received the congratulations of the house thereupon—on the strength of

this I am writing longer than usual to-day.

Carlyle is to dine with Lady Harriet again to-day—and this time poor Mazzini must go—I begin to have a real admiration for that woman—her fascination of Carlyle proves her to be the most masterly coquette of Modern Times!—A hundred kisses to my Uncle—I shall never get that paying for my seat out of my head—there was something so very unclish—so fatherly almost, in the way it was done . . .

And so God keep you my Babbie.

Ever your affectionate I. C.

85. To Jeannie Welsh

Proportionable sympathy for illness (again)—Improving health and occupations—Geraldine and her publisher—"Loves with the Painter"—Servants back at Liverpool.

Margaret, the Welshes' servant, had just lost her mother.

Monday (Aug., 1844 (?)).

DEAR,

Harriet Martineau has clearly shown in her Life in a Sick Room that to accept more sympathy than one's accurate due is a turpitude little short of stealing a purse.* I hasten to tell you then, that I am now in my usual, can eat and sleep again in a reasonable sort of way, and if there be any truth in looking-glasses, have changed my colour from seagreen to a modest yellow. At last I shall receive those compliments on my "improved looks" which even the force of habit as respecting persons who have had "change of air" has not yet obtained for me from an observant public. But then, alas, "the wished-for comes too late" now, as always, for the public is all gone or going "into the country." Only two or three scattered individuals still remain to one, left by the ebb of

fashion like weeds on the beach! tant mieux, for moral purposes. The soul gets leisure to listen to itself in this silence, and to form "good intentions"—if it could but keep to them!

With my improved health the standard of my occupations has proportionately elevated itself. I sat down the other day to a determined critical reading of Voss's Homer—the only translation which gives a person ignorant of the Greek any adequate idea of the real Homer. I am horribly rusted in my German I find, so that I get on with it very slowly, but the task is very well worth the pains. That employs two or three hours in the morning. Then I am translating-or to speak accurately—I have bought foolscap for translating something which I did one half of years ago and which I should like to see in print before I die. Then I am making extensive and enlightened repairs of the household linen !- I mean to have a piano!—and I think a great deal! Perhaps like the old woman at Haddington, I also "repent a great deal." But I do not cultivate that branch of morality. I have always indeed considered remorse the most wasteful of all the virtues, devouring a great deal of good faculty which might be turned to practical account.

I have written to Geraldine since my return but had no letter from her. I suppose she is over head and ears with her manuscript and her Loves with the Painter—who was to be in Manchester at this time. Her Publisher has just been here with me for two hours—unmerciful human being; boring me about alterations to be made! I had better have written the book all over myself than have had so much intermediation to transact!

I am very glad that poor Margaret is back with you again, and that the cook looks promising. Give my kind regards to Margaret and say I have deeply sympathised in her affliction. I will look when I go up stairs for some little thing to send her just to show her my goodwill.

Love to them all. Kisses.

Your own

The rescue of poor Plattnauer.

(12th Aug., 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I have been reading no German Homer last weekmending no linen-and my method has been scattered to the winds! Still I have been much and actively employed with a matter which has indeed taken up much of my thoughts ever since I returned to London. A person whom I am deeply interested in-(I will not name him as connected with such circumstances-you may divine him perhaps-and if you do, I desire that you will keep his name secret—as it would be of the worst consequence to him in every sense that the facts I am about to tell you should be spread about concerning him)-Well this person had disappeared out of my sphere in the most perplexing manner. A letter from him lying on the mantelpiece for me at my return showed him to be got into some very questionable state of mind-laid hold of all on a sudden by some of these "new ideas" that are infecting this lower world in these days. He talked of being "completely regenerated so far as he could see," of being now become from the most wretched the happiest of human beings &c. &c.--and "what mostly occupied him in these days was how he could be of use to me and Mr. Carlyle!"-" but alas," said he "with regard to the latter I fear his hour is not yet come-if it ever will come!"-he concluded with stating his intention to return to London the following day and to see me immediately on my return-to which end he begged me to write to him at his usual London address, saying when he might come.

I wrote to him accordingly to come the first morning he could before one o'clock—adding that I had read his letter three times over and did not know what to think of it the last time any more than the first—but that I looked to him for helping me to the solution—That I congratulated him on having arrived at Happiness by whatsoever inconceivable means, but wished he would name that word as little as possible—" for I

always heard it with a superstitious shudder—Happiness if there was such a thing at all seeming to me of the nature of those delicate spirits which vanish when one pronounces their name"—The sequel has shown that I wrote those words in the true spirit of prophecy! It did cross my mind that he might be falling into insanity—but I struggled against the idea as too horrible—Still it was a strange letter from a man not given to foolish enthusiasms and who has the utmost detestation for all sorts of cant and humbug.

Day after day passed on and he did not come-neither write any more. At the week's end I wrote again expressing my fears that he was ill-and begging that if such were the case he would either write or make somebody write for him-No answer-Thoroughly alarmed I wrote again reproaching him for his indifference to my anxieties and entreating him " as a favour" to make me understand what all this meant-Silence as of death !- This was more than I could sit still under. But for the English ideas of propriety as recently illustrated in the case of Mrs. Fraser I should have got at once into a street cab and driven to his house to inquire after him. This I was regretting in the presence of Theresa* could not be done -and the child exclaimed "you shall take Godpapa's carriage and Godpapa himself and the servants-and then there will be no impropriety!"-And off she ran, and came back in two minutes, and told me all this precautionary equipage would be at my orders in half an hour-clever Child! off then I went-Old Mr. Buller driving me thro' the rain, and having with some difficulty found his lodging, some five miles off, I made Escott inquire if he were returned and well-No-he had not returnedhe had written that he was coming and then again that he "would not come any more!"-" And his letters?"-" Had all been punctually forwarded to him "-" Then they could give me his actual address?" The servant went to inquire and returned presently with a slip of paper on which was written

Accordium
Ham Common, Surrey
* The Bullers' godchild. See pp. 7, 204.

This in itself was a revelation—The name—and situation taken together suggested to me at once one of those dreadful vegetable, fraternal, universal-religion establishments, which Alcott and the like of him have originated on this long suffering earth!

Well, I thought, it might have been worse—no wonder that he dared not confess to me he had become a member of such an establishment!—To be sure for the time being it is sad—pitiable—but he is too manly a person to be long humbugged by such creatures and too honest to live in a humbug a moment after he has recognised it as such. So I set myself down in forced composure "to await."

And I might have awaited long enough had not a letter come from a mutual friend asking "can you tell me what on earth has happened to —— I hear something dreadful has happened to him—it is too horrible—they say he has become insane!" There then was the horrid word put into so many letters for me by another!—All my own vague fears turned almost into certainties by being given back to me by another!—

My tongue and my feet were at once loosened by this word as from a sort of enchantment. I went immediately to Carlyle and told him something must be done-" Well," said he, "I will go to Ham Common myself and see after him next week if you can get nobody else to do it or do not like to go yourself (!)-or perhaps I will go to-morrow "-I could not wait till "next week" nor yet on the strength of a "perhaps" -I put on my bonnet and set off to-Craik! That man desired no better even than to be suffered to do me serviceand in such an emergency I felt no delicacy in using him. As I expected; Craik being informed of such particulars as I could give him flung by his work and set out on the instant for Ham Common, from thence to one place after another, and came back to me here between ten and eleven at night with a clear and full account of the whole sad affair-He had at the time mentioned, entered the Accordium-which he had been visiting occasionally for some weeks before. For two or three days he worked in the garden and appeared well enough-but soon he began to reproach them that they did not carry out their own principles (noble detestation of humbug surviving even in the wreck of reason!)—The Pater as he calls himself was angry and resisted his disciple's innovations—whereupon burst into frightful violence and proceeded to strike at them all and break everything within his reach. The Pater as the easiest way of ridding himself of the poor young man-got a Magistrate's warrant and had him conveyed to the nearest gaol where he passed the night in a dark cell and was found in the morning raging mad. This the wretch himself did not confess but Craik thinking he was holding back something hunted about in the neighbourhood till he found one that could tell him. A young man of fortune, who had recently made ---'s acquaintance in their mutual walks and taken a great fancy to him, heard tell of the thing-got him out of the prison and conveved to a private house in Richmond-but what to do next?—There was nobody who knew anything about him there -and how to discover his friends if he had any?-He had torn the letters he received into such small pieces that they could not put two words of them together—the last which came, when he was no longer in a state to read it the young man ventured to open—and found it without date (of course, being mine) and signed only with initials. There was no light to be got from it-except that I had mentioned one name-which name they had traced to its owner and thence the letter I had received. -Meanwhile his madness continuing too violent for any individual person to manage he was conveyed to Wandsworth Lunatic Asylum—as a person belonging to nobody!—

What I felt in hearing all these particulars you may partly conceive—I wished it were morning—to do something—tho' what I knew not—all night I thought and thought. To go to the Asylum and see the locality and his doctor to get him proper medical assistance—if the advice he had seemed inefficient—to discover the address of his relations and write to them in case of the worst—to discover also the address of his only intimate friend that I knew of in London and communicate with him—to see himself if the Dr. would suffer it—all these things at least were clearly enough to be done—and I got up with an agitated mind to do them. Craik again kindly under-

took to go in quest of the gentleman I wished to see—and discovered him—or rather the place where he had been—for he was gone to France for some weeks. I myself having written some letters of questions—in the midst of which came a Lady to pester me about James Baillie for more than an hour—went off to Wandsworth via Marlbro' Street which is precisely in the opposite direction to pick up Darwin's carriage and himself—that I might go with such an appearance of respectability as would impress the people favourably as to — and ensure me lucid answers at all events civil ones.

I fortunately found the consulting physician there at the time—and one look into his face carried the consolatory assurance along with it that my poor friend had fallen into excellent hands—And he told me—oh God bless him for the comfort!—that he had no doubt but my friend would soon be quite cured—that all this phrenzy had been merely the consummation of long neglected physical disorder.

From all that I saw and heard it was clear that he could not possibly be better than just where he is—And the hope of his soon being well again !—and that we shall talk over all these woes together as past! Oh what an unspeakable relief was that visit to the Asylum.

But I must stop-for I am writing myself into delirium

tremens.

They will wonder what all this writing can be about—
if you do not tell—so I do not forbid you to communicate the
circumstances—it is only the *individuality* that I would keep
concealed.

Ever your own

J. C.

87. To Jeannie Welsh

Babbie's illness-Plattnauer, the third scene.

Sir Alexander Morison, M.D., was a leading authority on mental disease, and from 1835 physician to Bethlehem Hospital. The Marchioness of Ailesbury was the mother of Plattnauer's pupil.

(22nd Aug., 1844.)

POOR DEAR BABBIE!

Sitting there a martyr to toothache and all that—and not even receiving the slender consolation of frequent letters from me! But oh my Babbie tho' I have had no toothache, nor any physical thing absolutely forbidding me to write; still I have not been "at ease in Zion" moi. I have had so much writing to do about that poor man, and worse than any conceivable amount of writing so much mortal anxiety about him—that my conscience really does not reproach me for having failed in writing to you—...

For my poor friend; thank God he is saved !-- and the Blessing of Heaven be on the head of that good old Sir Alexander Morison, who has treated him so skilfully and so humanely in other hands I have not a doubt but that he would have been driven into permanent insanity—for this man is the only real physician I have seen since I lost my own Father! and the case was most critical. How so many of his friends had discovered his state of mind—and yet not one of them discovered till I did where he was, I am perfectly at a loss to comprehend especially as they are all at a distance—not a soul interested in him left in London at this moment except myself—but the fact is that one after another has written in the most feverish anxiety to me-one, the most truly concerned to judge from her letters, had been referred to me by a gentleman now in Dublin! To her only of these unknown persons have I written with perfect openness—for I judge her by her letters to me in spite of her emblazoned coats of arms and all her magnificences to be a really warm hearted, helpful woman, a very woman tho' a Marchioness! (hush). With the others I have staved off "the particulars" which they asked, and confined myself to assurances of his being under the best care and rapidly recovering. But no sooner do I answer than they write again—and—I am tired in fact.

But he will soon be able to answer their inquiries himself—Already he has written to me a long excellent noble letter!—And what is more I have seen him!—When I went to the Asylum the day before yesterday—the Dr. invited me to judge

of his improvement for myself-declaring that he would now be the better for seeing me-I wondered if the Dr. knew well what he was saying-but I followed him into the garden, trusting in God,—where my poor friend was sitting on a bench apart from all the other patients. He recognised me a great way off—further off than I could possibly have recognised him except by his starting up, passing his fingers thro' his hair (the only little movement of human weakness he betrayed)-and then with a free erect air hastening towards me-no awkwardness-hardly any surprise-but such joy !- He was dreadfully pale and in the uncouth dress of the Establishment so that the first look was sad enough—but in a minute we were walking arm in arm thro' the garden as if we had met after our long separation under the most natural circumstances in the world. During all the half hour that I staid with him he was perfectly rational and composed (more so I am afraid than myself for I was "too happy for anything")-recognising his actual position with a mixture of stoicism and humour-which rendered it rather absurd than horrible—nothing could be more manly and dignified than his whole way of taking the thingeven to his last action—insisting dressed as he was—in attending me to the carriage in which he knew Darwin was waiting for me, and apologizing to him in the most courteous manner for having detained me so long.

You may fancy Darwin's astonishment !—And now having told you this good news I must answer a letter from Anthony Sterling at present in the Isle of Wight. The Dr. promises that my friend will be dismissed cured very shortly—but he needs at present to be kept where he is till the excitability remaining from his illness be calmed down—love to all and kisses—My dear Uncle why cannot I give him one myself—

88. To Jeannie Welsh

The rescue of Plattnauer (continued).

The authoress of *The City of the Sultan*, is the vivacious Miss Julia Pardoe, a copious novelist and memoir writer, whose knowledge of Turkey was unequalled by any woman

since Lady Mary Wortley Montagu. She was afraid of Plattnauer.

(After 22nd Aug., 1844.)

DEAREST,

You may well say in this instance at least that while others talk I act. Certainly I have been acting-with a vengeance! You will wonder if I have not become insane myself when I tell you the sequel-would to Heaven I could call it the solution! Last Sunday evening Carlyle and I had just finished an early dinner preparatory to setting off on a Cockney-Sunday-excursion to the Regent's Park to be helped out with tea at Mrs. Macready's-when I heard a gentleman's voice at the door inquiring for me. I had heard that voice only once before in my life but I recognized it instantly as Sir Alexander Morison's. What on earth had brought so busy a man to my own house?-Was he come to tell me that He had committed suicide or escaped? I rushed upstairs to him as white as milktearing my muslin gown by the way to an extent that would have tried even the temper of Ann Jane.-With an impassive air, that operated like a shower-bath on me at the moment, the good old Doctor delivered me a letter from my friend-stating that he had appeared before the Committee on the previous day, been pronounced cured and now only waited till some friend should "take him out"-a formality it seemed which could not be dispensed with. Would I send someone? I told Sir Alexander of course that I would come myself next morning if C. could not leave his work. But what then?-suffer him so soon as I had emancipated him to rush out into space under the first excitement natural to recovered liberty-and without either money or plan from all I could learn? The thing was not to be thought of, so when Sir Alexander asked: "But where will he go?" I looked imploringly at Carlyle who, good as he always is on great occasions, said directly "Oh he must come here for a while till he sees what is to be done next." And so it was settled and I had no difficulty in bringing himself to consent to the arrangement!!

Thro' unavoidable hindrances I was obliged to spend nearly the whole day in the Lunatic Asylum and a happier day

I hardly ever passed [in] my life. At seven at night I landed him here in a fly and here he has been ever since and will be for some time yet. Whether it be the consciousness of having done a good action—or that he discovers a faculty and nobleness of Character in him which he had before not allowed himself opportunity to discover; I cannot say-but the fact is that Carlyle seems to take to him most lovingly and shows him the uttermost kindness!! Still I have much to keep me anxious for not only does his future lie most perplexedly before us but whatever the Drs. and Committee have judged, I do not consider him by any means sane. He is horribly excitable—and has many wild whims in his head which might at any moment by injudicious treatment be exploded into madness-and his whole bearing and manner of speech is quite changed-for the better so far as that goes-never did he seem half so clever or noble or highbred—but this very superiority alarms me. I know that I can keep him from any new crisis so long as he is beside me-my influence over him is without limit-but then he cannot be always with me-and I tremble at the thought of what will become of him when left to himself. God knowsperhaps I frighten myself needlessly and his present state is but the natural consequence of the past five weeks.

Mrs. Buller is worrying herself to death with the fear of his killing me—in these days of *insane* murders. Just as Jeffrey used to warn me against William Glen but no madman will ever hurt a hair of my head. I have too much affinity with them.

You will understand now it is not easy for me to write in these days. There is still a deal of writing to be carried on with the Marchioness—the authoress of The City of the Sultan and others—which is merely boring me without doing the slightest practical good to him. And then Lord bless you he has torn all his linen entirely to rags, as he did all the ropes they bound him with. It is somewhat awful to hear him say in the midst of a calm tête à tête—such a thing crossed his mind when they were "carrying him to such a place in chains"—or "when they had chained him down on the floor of the House of Correction!"—He remembers accurately everything

that happened only fancies that he was all the while quite in his right mind and merely that the other people were "so stupid." But I was saying his clothes are all in rags and as I have constituted myself his sister for the present I am kept very busy repairing them. What things I have done for him to be sure! in the way of familiarity. Poor poor Soul his body is still all lacerated with those infernal chains, and Sir A. Morison assured me that had any judicious Dr. or friend been beside him at the commencement nothing of all that need ever have been!

But there is his rap at the door so I must conclude for the present.

I cannot help regretting that monster was not hanged in spite of all my sympathy with his children.

Love and kisses to all,

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

89. To Jeannie Welsh

Carlyle visiting Lady Harriet—Mrs. C. cleaning house and attending to Plattnauer, still very mad.

(12th (?) Sept., 1844.)

DEAREST,

Carlyle is gone on a visit to Lord Ashburton's in Hampshire—Lord Ashburton being the father-in-law of Lady Harriet who with her husband is now residing there, and as the Lady Harriet like the Queen must have her Court about her wherever she goes or stays, she has summoned Carlyle down to The Grange for a week at the least—and he never by any chance refuses a wish of hers—the clever woman that she is !—So he went last Tuesday morning leaving me as many things to do in his absence as if he were going to stay till Christmas—his dressing room to be papered—various paintings to be done—a new carpet to be got and put down in the two rooms—his Library to be cleared out, and all the books dusted oh heavens !—with ever so much more—and all the while a madman to attend to !—who needs to be cared for more than the most impatient of spoiled children—who gets quite beside himself when I even

talk long to anyone else in his presence. Strange is it not that Carlyle should never have looked at the fact of his being here in the light of an impediment to his own going?—Everybody else was terrified for my being left alone in the house with him. But C. has no idle apprehensions; he paid me the compliment of supposing that I had presence of mind and clearness enough to manage perfectly well without any protection-and I am quite of his opinion.*

How long you ask is this going to last-not very long I daresay for as Darwin says, such eternal solicitude will make me as mad as himself in process of time. He gets no better-his madness is far deeper in him and more complicated than we at first suspected-I cannot cure him I can only keep him safe until his natural friends take him under their own care-I wrote ten days ago-telling all the sad truth to the Count of Reichenbach † and begging him to come directly to Englandengaging for his safety in the meanwhile-it will be a week longer at the shortest before we can possibly get an answer. He is wanting to start, so soon as Carlyle returns, on his travels! -out of this house for three days, alone, in his actual state, and again he would need to be chained !-- Carlyle is as sure of this as I am and will on no account suffer him to go till some answer arrive from his Brother-in-law. With all this you will excuse my rare letters—the occupation and the anxiety eat up my whole thoughts between them.

Love to them all, God bless you-He desired me to " give his love to Jeanie "-adding-" how this world seems to be

all full of Jeanies!"

Ever your own

I. C.

† Plattnauer's brother-in-law.

^{*} In L.M. i. 292, T. C. notes, "Plattnauer she had just rescued from a madhouse, and was (with heroic and successful charity) quite taming here into his normal state; our perfectly peaceable guest for about a fortnight! Dismissed, launched again, with outfit, etc., after my return."

90. To Helen Welsh

Weariness—Mrs. Paulet's visit: impression left on Mazzini and Sterling—Her feeling for the Welshes—A" bed-talk": impossible at Cheyne Row.

Monday (7th Oct., 1844).

DEAREST HELEN,

new tragedy in my life since I wrote to you—only excessive worry and hurry—in the midst of this, rendered more wearing by a long spell of sleeplessness, there walked in on Wednesday morning last Mrs. Paulet with her husband and daughter—they staid three days in London and good part of the time she passed with me—I wished I had been in better trim for her—but such as I was I still got good of her sunny looks and stirring words.

She saw here Mazzini much to her contentment-and I think also to his-I have not seen him since to hear all he thought of her but I am sure he liked her by this token—that he talked to her a good deal instead of sitting staring at her with his great black eyes—the only notice which he usually bestows on new people. Nay, Heaven knows how, they fell within the first ten minutes into an animated discussion on Love-of all topics! I taking a trifling part, according to ability-I am not aware that any new light was thrown by any of us on this interesting subject—tho' many pertinent observations were made—as for example this of Mazzini "woman is always desiring to be loved, man rather to love "-if so one can but admit that man has chosen the better part, "upon my honour." She saw also old Sterling, Bishop Terrot and the Count Krasinski-all of whom I must candidly confess seemed rather startled than charmed with the beautiful Phenomenon. Old Sterling indeed passed the subsequent night as he afterwards informed me in questioning himself "how it was that being indisputably pretty, witty, good humoured, and gracious, one nevertheless could not fall in love with her?" The reason I should have fancied plain enough-without need of the clairvoyance of a sleepless night-and to lie simply in "one's" seventy-four years of age !--with the additional fact that having

iust lost by death the noblest of sons * " one " might have had something else to think of than falling in love with other men's wives-but he flattered himself to have found a more comfortable solution of the grande mistero and what think you it was ?- "her face was too exclusively intellectual"!! Oh the thrice grained goose! as if any woman's face was ever too exclusively intellectual, and as if Mrs. Paulet's particular face had not-what shall I say?-decidedly a dash of the impropervery lovable "improper" I admit—but still something that would bid a man who loved her-in spite of the glaring fact of a Mr. Paulet-not utterly despair-provided he were a man after her own heart-which being not easy to find-poor Mr. Paulet may keep himself easy. Darwin is come backmissed her by half an hour which was a pity-one likes a person one likes to know the people one likes—till that is the case there is always a certain extraneousness about them—the new friend I mean.

By the way—or rather by the direct—Mrs. Paulet seems to have a real hearty regard for you. Babbie also she likes—but you I think suit her best—Babbie's stillness has indeed no affinity with her animated manner of being and she admires her accordingly as one admires "the sleeping beauty" of the fairy tale. I tell you this not as a mere insipid piece of compliment—but as a practical hint—one can always get on better with people when we have a clear notion how they feel towards us. And now tho' late, thanks for your speedy and amusing letter—another will be gratefully received. . . .

God keep you dearest Helen and all of you—I wonder when I shall have another long bed-talk with you—not in this house will that ever take place—for here no one must stir or whisper even, after being deposited in their own rooms. If Carlyle were even to suspect you were combing your hair after he was gone to bed he would not be able to go to sleep—not he—he would rise and smoke! But you will accommodate yourself to the caprices of a house of Genius!

But there is four striking-adieu-

Your affectionate

J. C.

^{*} John Sterling died September 18.

91. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

A stiff neck—Receives visitors in the black scarf—Darwin's accident— His new house—The Pepolis' visit to Scotland—A letter from Plattnauer—Babbie getting demoralised.

(21st Oct., 1844.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I have had a "crisis"—not such as the Italian exiles are liable to, which means neither more nor less than what we term in the Scotch dialect "cleanness of teeth"-but a bilious crisis—dans sa plus simple expression—viz! violent rheumatism in the head and neck-for five mortal days had I to lie on the flat of my back, incapable of turning this way or that except with my eyes! a spectacle of "heartrending interest" to all beholders-for I would be beheld-moi! would lie on the sofa rather than in my bed—that red bed is such a horrid sojourn for me in the day time !--so associated with "all things most unpleasant in life!" Of course I mounted the black scarfnay even a new black scarf—instead of the night-cap customary in such cases-and so escaped having as Fanny Kemble would have said, "a ba-wd effect." The reverse of that—I was told by Mazzini-who never lies that I had the effect of --- the Priestess in Norma. So everything has you see its compensations -as we are religiously instructed-even that most inconsolable looking thing a stiff neck.

Meanwhile Darwin let "a piece of iron heavy and sharp" fall upon his foot—and will have to "lose a nail" and was without hope of getting a boot on for two months—but he was here yesterday in a sandal—or rather to speak without flattery with his foot in a black silk handkerchief neatly tied round with ribbons. He Darwin is about to remove into a new house—which he calls "the baby-house"—not that there is the faintest shadow of an idea of its ever being applied to the purposes of baby-hood—but because of its exceedingly diminutive size. I cannot imagine what is inducing him to cram himself into such a Melusina's box—it would make you quite uncomfortable to see him touching the dining room ceiling with his forefinger—and stepping the floor at three strides. And for this crib of a place, dark too being overshadowed by the houses

opposite, he is to pay a hundred a year—but then says Miss Darwin, "it is near Hyde Park—and he will not have half the number of barrel-organs." He says, poor soul, that "he is sure I will view it with more favourable eyes, after having eaten a nice little dinner in it." And he has already got the programme of this proportionable dinner in his head—"one smelt, one patty, and one pigeon, with a little bottle of Canary." But surely that would have suited the little Helpses better than him.

The Pepolis are returned to Felsina Cottage more than a week ago, I have seen her just once and that only two days ago, she having been doing a cold while I was laid up with my neck. She talks much of her enjoyment of Scotland, but in that indescribable tone, with which Mr. Alcott used to tell us that "he was always serene and happy"—and which made it impossible for us [to] believe him tho' he had sworn it on the Bible! Pepoli she also says "enjoyed himself very tolerably." But I take his own postscript in a letter of Elizabeth's to Plattnauer as a more truthful picture of his feelings—After praising "Scotzia melanconica" he adds "fa freddo" and that was in the heat of summer mind you.

[Plattnauer writes sanely but for mental restlessness.] What is to be done for him if he return to England as he left it?—But sufficient for the day is the evil thereof.

By the way Babbie—talking of evil it seems to me you are demoralizing more and more. When I smiled at your promises of energetic exertions to rehabilitate your spirit, if you were only somewhere else than just where you were—you looked rather piqued and said "you don't believe me; but you shall see." Well! now I have seen!—I told you that the great things which were to be done when this or the other change in one's circumstances took place—never so far as I could speak from experience came to much—"Here or nowhere is America;" must one say to oneself if one is not (to) be turned back by the first difficulty or disgust. There you are now "in the Country"—are "with Walter"—and stocked with German books and all sorts of preparations I doubt not for "making your soul" (as the poor Irish say)—And what is the result?—visitings—among people

you despise—and compensation for the same in "sitting with your feet on the fender" (a very idle posture let me tell you) quizzing those you have visited!—If [I] am believing you it is on your own showing—oh Babbie, Babbie I could give you a good shaking!—especially just now that being myself in a rather energetic state of well-doing—in spite of my biliousness—I have less sympathy to bestow on "good intentions always unfortunate." God bless you anyhow—my love to Walter and Maggie—

Your ever affectionate

JANE C.

92. To Helen Welsh

A tea party—Explanations demanded for a cool reception as compared with Darwin—A call from Tennyson.

The Wilsons were warm and helpful friends, wealthy, cultivated, and of orthodox type, first met at the Henry Taylors'. [L.M. i. 23.]

Moxon, the publisher.

(31st Jan., 1845.)

DEAREST HELEN,

. . . I am tired to death to-day and as stupid as two or three donkeys for I did not get to sleep till after four this morning—the consequence I suppose of having excited myself too much in doing the honours of a tea party. I do not remember when there was a party here by appointment before and I was forced into this one by an offer from the beautiful and deaf Mrs. Mackenzie to come-and I dreaded having her all to myself, so asked Miss Wilson and her brother-and that bedevilled husband No. 2 whom I told you of-I did not ask his wife but he took it for granted that he might bring her. My programme when I last told you of them was to cut the lady and wean the gentleman away from the house-but neither would she be cut nor he be weaned. After I had treated him with the most marked coldness and even impertinence for many weeks, he came one day and finding I was alone sent away his carriage saying he would walk back—" Humph!"

thought I, "Heaven send we are not going to have an explanation!"-So it was-presently he began to complain of my repulsive manner to him—he "was persuaded I had the greatest dislike of him—he thought it very unjust—he—THEY had always liked me so well !-He had wearied his patient (oh!) wife with wonderings what I could mean &c. &c. &c. but the cruellest of all had been for him to see the other day my reception of Darwin! "When he contrasted my sunshiny cordial looks of welcome, and hearty shake of the hand for him-a person whom I really liked—with the apathetic air and the fingers presented to himself he felt finally convinced that I not only had a dislike to him but wished to mark it." I was quite touched with the weakness of this confessed jealousy of Darwinand told him good humouredly that everybody could not expect to be received like Darwin-that I had known Darwin these ten years-and besides that Darwin was quite an exceptional man !-but that if he would not take on so about it; I would do my best in future to look pleased when he came in, and to shake his hand with a certain emphasis!—He was quite comforted with this and since then I have not found it in my heart to treat him ill-for himself is really a good man-of considerable talents and acquirements—besides the wife seems to have got ashamed of herself and is ready to make me all sorts of advances and submissions now-last night she was quite endearing and be hanged to her! was going to have a dinner-party a fortnight hence and "absolutely could not do without me"-and then she laid hold of my arm and said "Oh do do come we quite depend on you for helping us thro' it." I daresay!-for tho' very beautiful to look at she can no more entertain a dinner-party than my cat can-and it is the feeling of all that I suppose, that she is not up to her husband or her position that makes her take into jealousies—so I must be sorry for her I suppose. I shall not however go to her party —for her parties bore me to death—Mrs. Sterling is now quite well-outwardly. Her feelings towards me remain in full force to judge from the terror her husband is in lest it should come to her knowledge that he sometimes sees mebut she gives dinner-parties and conducts herself with all

the propriety that ever she had which was not much to begin with.

Carlyle went to dine at Mr. Chadwick's the other day and I not being yet equal to a dinner altho' I was asked to "come in a blanket and stay all night"! had made up my mind for a nice long quiet evening of looking into the fire, when I heard a carriage drive up, and men's voices asking questions, and then the carriage was sent away! and the men proved to be Alfred Tennyson of all people and his friend Mr. Moxon-Alfred lives in the country and only comes to London rarely and for a few days so that I was overwhelmed with the sense of Carlyle's misfortune in having missed the man he likes best, for stupid Chadwicks, especially as he had gone against his will at my earnest persuasion. Alfred is dreadfully embarrassed with women alone—for he entertains at one and the same moment a feeling of almost adoration for them and an ineffable contempt! adoration I suppose for what they might be-contempt for what they are! The only chance of my getting any right good of him was to make him forget my womanness—so I did just as Carlyle would have done, had he been there; got out pipes and tobacco—and brandy and water—with a deluge of tea over and above.—The effect of these accessories was miraculous —he professed to be ashamed of polluting my room, "felt" he said "as if he were stealing cups and sacred vessels in the Temple "-but he smoked on all the same-for three mortal hours !-talking like an angel-only exactly as if he were talking with a clever man-which-being a thing I am not used tomen always adapting their conversation to what they take to be a woman's taste-strained me to a terrible pitch of intellectuality.

When Carlyle came home at twelve and found me all alone in an atmosphere of tobacco so thick that you might have cut it with a knife his astonishment was considerable!—Twenty kisses for your long amusing letter—the books came perfectly safe—love to all.

Your own affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

93. To Jeannie Welsh

On feeling the need to write—Men friends more attentive than women when she is kept to the house—Plattnauer like Byron's bear—Miss Jewsbury's novel—Her publishers' fears—Appreciation in unexpected quarters—The "Darwin hand-shake" again—A learned Egyptian—Improvement in Geraldine—"Cromwell" desperation.

Mr. Fleming was something of a society fribble, who danced attendance upon the Bullers and others.

Thursday (6th Feb., 1845).

I pray thee dear Babbie, do not get into the "apologetic" vein—when there is a real grievance apologies mend nothing when there is no real grievance they are uncalled for; so that in any case apology-making is sheer waste of human faculty. Write to me when you like and can, and be sure that to no one are your letters more dearly welcome—provided always that they be written on "the voluntary principle," but do not take up writing to me as a duty; nor accuse yourself of "ingratitude" or any other vice when you have preferred doing other things than writing to me or even preferred doing nothing at all. When I am pained by your silence; it is not because you have not written but because you have felt no need to write and the worst I think of you in that case is, that (as they say in Scotland of certain human imperfections) " it is the waur for yoursell." To exact of you that you should feel a need to write were exacting that which does not lie in your own power. Such needs grow up by grace of God-like the lilies-and ourselves can neither make nor unmake them-if we obey their impulse when there, it is all that can be reasonably required of us. Perhaps too we may do a little towards the blossoming of such good needs by attending to the general culture of the soil—as we may promote in ourselves wholesome tastes in diet by "attending to our general health " (as the medical phrase is). But when one sees a person eating raw vegetables or chalk even-and leaving his nourishing broth or roast meat-one does not dream of calling him ungrateful or any other bad word-one says merely that he will certainly do himself a mischief

and that it is a pity he should not know better what is good for him.

I have been attending to my "general health" here in the literal sense of the term, till I am become thoroughly sick of the occupation and doubtful whether keeping alive is worth all the fuss one makes about it. All the last week I have again been confined to the house and breakfasting in bed-the extreme cold threatening to bring back my cough—in fact I have only been four times out in all for the last nine or ten weeks *- and then never further than Sloane Square. It is in such seasons that I find the advantage of having numerous lovers (!) The women, to their shame be it spoken, like me best when I am well, and when there is a chance of getting me to their stupid parties. But all my men vie with each other in delicate attentions to me when I am shut up-and I have really more society then than at other times, so that I can but keep out of my bedroom where it would be judged improper for an English woman to receive. There is one however whose attentions I would gladly deliver myself from if I only knew how with safety, I mean poor Plattnauer who is not only a severe trial to my own nerves whenever he comes †--but a positive terror to the rest. Arthur Helps was saying the other day that I seemed to "keep that madman to frighten people away as Lord Byron used to keep a bear for that purpose." It is not anything that he does or says that inspires apprehension so much as an idea which seems to haunt the mind of everyone who sees him even as it haunts my own mind, that he will do some dreadful mischief before all's done. I quite despair now of his ever being quite recovered-the madness looks to have got ingrained in him, and the best to be hoped is that he may subside into a half-sane half-fatuous state like Mr. C---. But it will depend I think on his life going on much more smoothly than is at all likely, that he do not make a second outbreak-and the second I am sure will make him a maniac for life. So no wonder that I fear to drive him away or do anything to hasten this horrid possibility.

^{*} She continued ill another three or four weeks. † He had returned from Paris in January.

Sometimes he will transact the whole visit without saying anything that would give a stranger the impression he was mad, but there is an everlasting chase of strange expressions over his face and his manner has lost all its calm and courtesy. Last Sunday Mr. Fleming came while he was here, and very soon he gave indications of thinking that his (Mr. F.'s) visit was prolonging itself needlessly. He started from his chair at last, seized the Cat—danced her in the air a while like a Baby—then pitched her on the floor—and asked if he might go upstairs for some of his books still here. I said by all means—and he went off—not upstairs but down to the kitchen where he marched to and fro smoking and talking very loud to Helen.

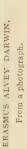
I am certain in my private mind that he went away because he felt that if he stayed he would do Mr. Fleming a mischief. He told me once already how tempted he had been to "seize the poker and dash out the brains" of a little Aberdeen man who sat "talking the horridest stuff to me, which no woman but myself could have listened to; for three deadly hours"! Oh for a good inspiration how to put a peaceable end to these visits, the chief indeed sole interest of which has come to be the question ever in my mind; will he or will he not to-day or some other day do to myself or one of the others some mortal harm? Poor Mr. Fleming! he is the greatest coward, that man, out of petticoats! . . . So there he sat all in a tremble perceptibly to the naked eye—and then hurried off an hour before he would have gone in the course of nature.

Geraldine's Publisher has just been here and said he would apply to me to bail him if he were taken up for bringing out Zoe!—divers individuals, among the rest Mrs. C. Hall (Geraldine's kind friend) having told him that it would do him no good as a publisher, that it was "a most dangerous book shaking the foundations of all sound doctrine!" I engaged to bail him with my head against the book's having any serious consequences of any sort. He seemed all the while content with its success so far—it is talked about and that is the great point—for a publisher; whether for praise or blame is a secondary question—besides it has been more praised than blamed as yet. Among

those who have read it of my own acquaintance its warmest admirers are just the two whom I should have said would hate it most—Darwin and Arthur Helps—Darwin who is what you know—the type of English gentleman, the "Sir Brown" (Indiana's Ralph) in real life-Arthur Helps again is a man of the deadly sensible sort, moral to the finger-ends, holding much by all the existing respectabilities—he is the author of Intervals of Business-Claims of Labour and two Tragedies remarkable for their prosaic rationality. Mr. A. X .- (to satisfy your idle curiosity) is No. 2-and I suppose you are none the wiser for I believe you never saw either him or his pretty little button of a wife. By the way who was the other who "once before remarked on my manner of shaking hands with Darwin "-I have quite forgotten. But don't you see that there must be something "truly" extraordinary (as Elizabeth Pepoli would say) in this Darwin-hand-shake! Since Mr. X. complained of it, Plattnauer has said to me; that I "shook hands with Darwin as if I wished to show all others how little I cared for them"!!! And poor good Darwin never himself to have noticed this "the least in the world"! like the Shepherds in Virgil "too happy in not knowing his happiness"!

Geraldine is to send me this week a learned Egyptian of all things in the world! actually a living, breathing follower of Mahomet, who has at home in Egypt a harem and all that sort of thing, and is a man of many virtues and talents, selon Geraldine. He is to bring something that she has made or rather got somebody to make to keep my feet warm. I must say so far as I am concerned she has been showing to advantage of late months. In the fuss and flurry of finding herself just emerged into publicity, and busy too as busy can be, in translating a pamphlet for Mazzini who has not allowed her half time enough; she has nevertheless not failed a single time to send me the long weekly letter which a while ago she made it a fixed rule with herself to write me every Sunday-and the best of it is that she never so much as speaks of expecting an answer! If I give her one letter for four or five she thinks I have done well. When Mazzini saw her last half dozen little sheets he held up one hand and said quite touched-" but my







THOMAS CARLYLE. From the lithograph of a daguerreotype (1848) in the possession of Mr. Alexander Carlyle. Photographed by Macnab, Glasgow.



Dear, that is goodness! that is more clever than Zoe! for upon my honour I have sent her last week work enough to leave her not time to eat, and it is all done"!

Mazzini thinks Zoe full of talent, and the boldness which may be fault for "an English" is for him "rather good"—but he dislikes the book for its want of womanness—"it is the book of what shall I say—a man upon my honour!"

Carlyle is now got about as deep in the *Hell* of his Cromwell as he is likely to get—there is a certain point of irritability, and gloom which when attained I say to myself "now soul take thy ease—such ease as thou canst get—for nothing worse can well be!" Desperation in that case induces a sort of content. Still I wish the Spring would make haste and favour my getting out of doors—for the (moral) atmosphere within doors is far too *sulphury* and *brimstoneish*. . . .

Ever yours

J. C.

94. To Jeannie Welsh

Carlyle and Cromwell—John's futile advice.

(21st Feb., 1845.)

. . . Carlyle is very much out of sorts—nervous and a man of sorrows not acquainted with silence—tho' he does love it "platonically" *—in fact his book is lasting too long for his strength—so that we are a grim pair—and I feel a rather irksome necessity of being patient under my own illness and saying as little about it in the house as possible. I do not think he has the smallest idea how ill I am—at least never for above a few good moments together. As for John!—he sees me here coughing and suffering month after month and the only advice he has given was to "make a point of getting out a little—not of course while my cold lasts—but so soon as it is gone"!!! if it were gone I should not need his sapient advice or anybody else's. . . .

* So Mazzini remarked.

95. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine's book and its improprieties—A love affair springing from it.

(26th Feb., 1845.)

. . . It is quite curious to see the horror excited in some people (and these the least moral) by Geraldine's book while the moralest people of my acquaintance either like it or are not at the pains to abuse it. Even Miss Wilson to whom I dared to lend it-tho' she confessed to never having "ventured on reading a line of George Sand in her life" brought it back to me with a certain equanimity—" It is avowedly the book of an audacious esprit forte, and so of course you did not expect me to approve of it, nor do I, but I think it very clever and amusing " -voilà tout! While old and young roués of the Reform Club almost go off in hysterics over-its indecency. The oddest thing of all is that Geraldine seems to me in the fair way of getting a Husband by it!!!-Q. in a fit of distraction took to writing her letters of criticism about it which have led him already further than he thought-and she-has taken or is fast taking "a fit" to him—and both I can perceive contemplate a lawful catastrophe. There is encouragement to young ladies to write improper books-dearest love to my Uncle and the rest. Write soon, it will help to keep your soul warmyour poor body must take its chance.

Your own

J. C.

96. To Jeannie Welsh

Ill—Miss Fox's portrait of Carlyle—Book I. next spring—Publishers call.

(Feb. (?), 1845.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

Both yesterday and to-day I am so sick—Elizabeth Pepoli might say so "truly" sick! that I absolutely cannot set myself to write a handsome letter such as your merits entitle you to expect. But I send you meanwhile something to keep your heart up—a scrap of my execrable handwriting—

and a sight of Miss Fox's horror which she calls Carlyle! I say a sight for it is my positive will and pleasure that when you have laughed your fill over it and all the rest have enjoyed the same "questionable" pleasure you are to lay it on the coals and there consume it until it be dead—the only fate which beseems such a chimera! If you do not contrive to lay yourself up with a bad cold by means of all these temptings of providence with white muslin I shall consider you quite an

exceptional little girl.

Carlyle's first book * will be ready for printing in the Spring—he is getting on like a house on fire—there is even a prospect of their giving him a little money for this one. Twice during the last week "we have had the visit" (as Mazzini phrases of it) of Mr. Chapman and Hall (Helen announced him so) to propose—I may mention at the same time that Moxon another bookseller took the opportunity of coming here with Alfred Tennyson and has since sent a magnificent present of books, his new editions of Shakespear, Ben Jonson—Massinger and Ford—Beaumont and Fletcher—Wycherly Congreve etc.—Curiosities of Literature—Miscellanies of Literature—Charles Lamb's works—Cicero!!! Does it not look as if the Millennium were at hand—attentions from Booksellers are more infallible proof of rise in the world, for people in our line than a whole string of coroneted carriages at the door.

Oh what a disgusting world it is after all! especially with one's inside all in a worry from continual blue pills. Bless

you my darling

Yours J. C.

97. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine's "affaire."

(8th March, 1845.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I ought to have returned thanksgiving for the improved state of the weather in writing to my natural friends—but if you knew the worry of correspondence I have been engaged in! I am absolutely sick of the sight of paper and

ink. My dear there has been the Devil to pay in Manchesterthat was my secret—now however I feel at liberty to speak of it to you and Helen, so little discretion having been observed by the parties themselves.

A fortnight ago Q. went off to see Geraldine who had already accepted him or to speak more accurately I believe offered herself to him on paper!! I had from the very starting of the correspondence warned them both against committing themselves, and declined so much as forming an opinion as to the feasibleness of the match—so that I had no occasion to have been dragged into their mad doings as I have been. But "the living-on earth have much to bear." * A few days after Q.'s departure came a letter from Frank Jewsburyentreating me to interfere to stop proceedings or at least to give recognisances as to Q .-- and every day since; I have had at least two letters on the subject from the several partiesvesterday there were four-two in the morning and ditto at night—this morning I have three and heaven knows what the evening post may bring. To all these letters from Frank-Geraldine-Q. and Mrs. Paulet-with whom Q. now is-I answer as briefly as possible—in the spirit of Cassandra, telling them they are all mad-and yet they grow none the wiser. I would not answer at all; if it were not that there is always in their distracted letters some practical question to be answered or some assertion to be refuted. Such letters were never I think since the Minerva Press began showered on the head of any rational woman!

Q.—a very goodnatured somewhat chicken-hearted fellow has been doing the Mirabeau of Zoe, thinking I suppose that he could not make love to Geraldine more agreeably than after her own ideal of Love-Frank Jewsbury has suddenly revealed himself as a second Geraldine-full of "madness"-"ready to die" in fact reduced to such conditions by his sister's precipitate resolve as man never was before-Geraldine went off in great style as a Heroine of the first magnitude but that spaened † very shortly and has been looking of late days

^{*} See p. 327.
† A Lowland Scots word meaning to "wean"—and so "change."

less like a Heroine than a bladder with the wind let out of it. Poor Mrs. Paulet "dreams they have both gone mad" and has had her quiet Seaforth turned into a Bedlam—Q. demanded explanations of Patten—and Patten "rung the Hall Bell" to the rescue.

Q. has told Mrs. Paulet last letter that he must return to me (oh poor me) who have so many times comforted him when no one else could!

Frank Jewsbury concludes his last with "Please to write to me and comfort me if you can!" (comfort thee thou poor Manchester dud!)—I do not exercise my mission so indiscriminately as that comes to!—Geraldine writes "oh write to me can I break off; for I am frightened out of all love." "Certainly—I answer, only fools marry for the sheer sake of keeping their promise."

Thus Babbie my head is a mess of Manchester diablerie—moreover I am getting well—and the first stage of wellness for me is always a long spell of headaches—that will wear off however now that I can walk out a little and in consequence get sleep. I have not been down to breakfast yet—have not breakfasted with Carlyle (except during a few warm days in the middle of January) for four whole months—I mean to try to-morrow.

Did you not feel that dedicatory letter of Mazzini's to Giacopo Ruffini to be the heavenliest thing you ever read in this world?...

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

98. To Jeannie Welsh

Health—Domestic employment as reaction against Manchester—Geraldine's affair; continued—Sir J. Graham and Mazzini's letters.

(5th April, 1845.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

Expect no comfortable letter from me this day either. . . I should like to have a feeling of being well again

tho' it were only for five minutes—I feel as if I should be able to do such wonderful things, if I had only the physical force and freedom from physical depression which so many people enjoy without knowing their happiness—but there's no use wishing—I "should be thankful" as the Annandale man suggested "that I am not in Purgatory"—I wonder after all if Purgatory be much worse than the sort of thing one has to go on with here week after week, month after month—year after year—heigh-ho!

. . . Actually since Monday I have made covers for the large sofa, four pillows, the two easy chairs and one footstool!! not before they were needed, but what set me on them just this week with such particular vengeance was a sort of reactionary movement against all that Minerva press nonsense which has been transacting itself at Manchester.

The whole affair is blown up—for the present—but I am greatly mistaken if Geraldine so soon as she finds that the man takes no further notice of her, do not be at him again—and he is such a simpleton poor O., that anybody with half Geraldine's

art might wheedle him into anything.

Frank Jewsbury has conducted himself like "a mad" thro the whole business, and his two last letters to me were not the least mad part of his behaviour. Seeing there was no likelihood of his ceasing to pester me with his nonsense I poured out a few drops of vitriol on him last Saturday which brought him to his senses with a suddenness !- Also on Geraldine a few drops of vitriol, which brought her to her senses so far as I was concerned—by Monday's post I had a letter from Frank Jew, making humble apologies-from Geraldine Jew, making impossible justifications, from Q. goodnaturedly regretting "the immense botheration he had given me who so little needed it," but the greatest consolation of all has been a packet of caricatures from Mrs. Paulet which made me laugh till the tears ran down. I have seen poor Q. twice since then and have brought him pretty well to his senses-his "madness" is the only excusable madness among them-for besides that it was really a mortifying thing for the man to have a second marriage break down with him within two months, a marriage too which was none of his own seeking—he has poor fellow a *constitutional* tendency of blood to the head which when anything *excites* him violently produces a sort of *brain-fever*.

Geraldine's conduct thro the affair has been that of an arrant fool, tho' she should have written not one, but twenty clever books. Now she is off to Paris to get the cobwebs blown out of her brain—off with Frank and the—Egyptian!! I am disgusted upon my honour, and she judged well not to see me on her way but to defer that pleasure "till my provocation had subsided."

Have you been reading the "debates" on the Mazzini question? Good heavens what a dirty animal that Sir J. Graham is! he does things which a street sweeper would not stoop to!—The Murderer takes it all calmly calmly—as is his usual—and we his friends can also afford to take it calmly knowing what a man he is!

Ever your own

J. C.

99. To Jeannie Welsh

Uncle Robert's son, John Welsh-Geraldine improved.

(10th June, 1845.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

Robert's eldest son from Edinburgh *—He wrote me a letter a good number of weeks ago—taking me on my weak side—exploiting our relationship and saying very pretty things in the tone of regret that he should know me only by name. He might perhaps "run up to London for a few days in June," when he had undergone his law-trials and "wished to know if he would find us then here." You know I had not seen him since he was in petticoats—and I detest his Mother—but my own Father's nephew—I must be kind to him at all risks. So I asked Carlyle in fear and trembling if it would bother him much should the Boy come here to stay during "the few days" he talked of—"Oh, I suppose you will sedulously keep

^{*} Cp. N.L.M. i. 160, where this young man's visit is very briefly touched upon.

him out of my road "said C." and in that case he can do me no particular harm "—And so I asked him to come here at once instead of going to a lodging—an invitation seized on with avidity—and which was of course the aim of his sudden development of "natural affection" for me his unseen cousin.

It is now near a fortnight that he has been here, turning the house, at least all one's regularity and quietness, upside downand then he is not one of those lovable people for whom one can resign oneself to be put about. He is a long sprawling ill-put together youth—with a low brow, a long nose and hanging jaw a sort of cross betwixt a man and a greyhound !--He never sits—and his boots always creak as if they had a Devil. He is argumentative and self-complacent beyond anything that one can conceive out of Edin. Not a bad fellow absolutely—with a certain shrewdness and a certain honesty and even naiveté-but so disagreeable! And then of course he is out every night at some theatre or other devilry-and I never get to bed till far on in the morning—and then he cannot be got wakened in time for our breakfast but after repeated assaults on "the wooden guardian of his privacy" which he carefully locks every night as if he were a delicate virgin—he comes sprawling down at ten or eleven o'clock and needs a second breakfast made for him—and in the same manner he runs after sights at our dinner time and needs a second dinner made for him-and all this fuss in such hot weather drives me to despair. I sincerely hope he will be got home to Edinburgh next week-where he had better remain for the future-Carlyle could almost kill him I see-but there is no help for it now. If you heard him spouting off his Edinr. Logic on Carlyle!-with no more respect for his superior years and wisdom than if himself were the Archangel Michael! or if you had seen him the other night dashing in with the rudest questionings and contradictions into the talk of Lady Harriet who unluckily had come to tea *-- you would wonder we have let him continue to breathe so long! One comfort is that he is in the fair way of going home with what he calls his Principles entirely subverted-for

^{*} An earlier date for the acquaintance than is given in N.L.M. i. 184.

the first few days I was bored to death with the free kirk-and the respectabilities and "the three thousand punctualities"and now-to-day for example-Sunday (the better day the better deed) he is stretched out on the green (thank God) reading-Zoe!-with intense enthusiasm-feeling he says as if it were "to constitute a new era in his spiritual existence." He saw Geraldine on her way thro' and she gave by her profane talk the first shock to his principles, but the Book is still more effectual—I told him a few minutes ago that "having ascertained the slight tenure by which he held these respectabilities of his; it was to be hoped he would henceforth cease from twaddling about them!" and he took the advice quite gaily. Geraldine was two days in London and spent most of her time here while the Brother and Sister-in-law went after sights—I received her very coldly but there is no quarrelling with that creature! Before she had been in five minutes she sat down on the floor at my feet and untied my shoe-strings-"What are you doing?" I asked—"Why my dear I am merely going to rub your feet-you look starved-I am sure your feet have not got well rubbed since I did it myself last year !!" and all the two days she did not leave off rubbing my feet whether I would or no for a quarter of an hour together. I never saw her look so well—she actually looked like a woman not as formerly like a little boy in petticoats. Whether it be her love affair that has developed some new thing in her I cannot say; but there was now and then a gleam on her face that was attractive—I could now fancy a man marrying her! . . .

Ever your own,

I. C.

100. To Jeannie Welsh

The Scotch cousin, John, proceeds to Liverpool.

Thursday (19th June, 1845).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Orson alias The Grampus alias Leviathan—alias our rural friend (Carlyle's various names for my unexampled Scotch cousin) departed this morning to do Oxford—from

Oxford he goes to Liverpool to-morrow, and home in the steamer on Saturday night. I was swithering whether to introduce him to you or no-it seemed odd to let a cousin of mine pass by you unseen-and then again he is such a floundering blockhead! that question was however settled for me by his own modest assurance in plumply asking me for a note of introduction, which I had not the moral courage to refuse. So he goes provided with my card and some books for Maryland Street-that eternal Camp of Refuge which Helen never could find for my Uncle and some erudite little volumes for Sophy to enlighten her innocent mind. Do not bother yourself with him "the least in the world." He will ask what is to be seen in Liverpool-suggest the Docks and voilà tout! -By the way I may as well mention that he professes to be "extremely susceptible" "falling in love with almost every goodlooking girl he sees-and in that way being often very much in love with several at one time "-so that if he testifies any sudden raptures towards you or Maggie you need not be too much alarmed.

My house is in ineffable disorder and my soul—what with one devilry and another I have not had an hour's peace these three weeks—and the night has been about as bad as the day—for this youth goes after sights at nights also and of course I had to sit up for him—the crowning grace of the business has been that all the while he was professing the uttermost weariness of this sight-seeing—was doing it wholly from a sense of duty—that sense of duty is the devil— . . .

101. To John Welsh

Encounter with James Baillie—Mrs. Ames—Visit to the Opera—A Carlylese letter from Glasgow—William Gibson.

William Gibson "was a massive, easy, friendly, dull person, physically one of the best washed I ever saw; American merchant, who had made, and again lost, three fortunes; originally a Nithsdale pedlar boy Black Wull, by title;

'Silver-headed Packman,' he was often called here." (T. C. in L.M. i. 36; again in N.L. i. 80)—" to the last he was loyalty's self to all that held of Walter Welsh or Family."

5, Cheyne Row, (28th June, 1845).

DEAREST UNCLE,

I have a small piece of family news, and "I feel it my duty" (as Sir James Graham says when stating the most superfluous things) " to communicate it " to the Head of the family direct. Finding myself the other day tired of my life and in need of what Helen calls "a fine change," I flung myself into an omnibus to be carried away into the remote regions of the City, where I might get out and enjoy a solitary walk, for the solitude of the peat bog at Craigenputtock was hardly more solitary than that of a great never-ending thoroughfare where there is not a human being to be met with that one ever saw before or that knows or cares the least in the world about oneself. I had myself set down beyond the Royal Exchange on which I had never set eyes till that day, and was sauntering along "in maiden meditation fancy-free," casting an occasional glance at shop windows; when suddenly a male person placed himself right before me in an elegant attitude, and hoped he saw me well. In the first surprise of the thing I let him take my hand, but so soon as I had time to think I drew it away and said, "Indeed James" (for it was our scamp of a cousin himself), "I cannot speak to you, will absolutely have nothing to do with you." "Pooh Pooh," said he, looking a very incarnation of the cool of the morning, "but you shall speak to me, you shall not go till you have said that you forgive me for that blockhead of a letter I sent you. You must know, my little Cousin, if you do not know it already, that I am mad at times, and what can a poor devil who is mad do but madnesses-Come, it is not my fault if I am out of Bedlam and scandalizing sensible people like you." And so he rattled on looking so confoundedly goodnatured that I could not be disdainful to him as he deserved but actually stood some quarter of an hour listening to his recent history, which was of course all lies, tho' I could not but see that the passersby all stared at us, in wonder what such a decent looking woman as myself could have to say to a member of the swell mob-for decidedly that is the style of man he is grown into-the shabbiest of done up Dandies! He was living at Greenwich he said with "a splendid prospect from his window, but deuced little to eat occasionally "-expecting some windfall of money from some "settlement of his affairs" (!) (I fancy his affairs are pretty well settled by this time) perhaps too some of his friends might find him "something under government. He would take a situation on the railways anything." "It was confoundedly difficult, he found, for a man to live in London without money-in honesty." Beginning to fear that our lengthened colloquy was exciting the attention of the Police, I told him he might walk a little way back with me, but must absolutely leave me before I got into known territory—which he did quite cheerily—asking nothing of me but that I "would not be sorry for having stumbled on him and forgiven him after a sort."

I wonder if he could not get an engagement at any of the minor Theatres? What is to become of him "in honesty"—were hard to say—a man whose word cannot be believed, and who has come thro' so much, without ever discovering that what he calls misfortunes are the natural consequences of his misconduct, cannot be recommended to anything. One dare not charge oneself with the responsibility of recommending him. How he lives at present is however as great a mystery as how he shall live—if he be managing it in honesty now, why then he may for anything one sees carry on to the end of the chapter—in living on air as in walking without one's head it is only the first step which is the difficulty.

I wish he were not so good natured for there seems no possibility of ever getting quarrelled with him.

We had Mrs. Ames here last evening singing like a linty. Carlyle liked her very much, thanks to my management in keeping her singing so as to allow her no leisure to talk. I have had rather more of singing however than I can well digest. I was taken to the opera the night before with Lady Harriet Baring—my debut in fashionable life—and a very fatiguing piece of pleasure it was, which left a headache and all

uncomfortableness which I have not got rid of till this hour. Carlyle too was at the Opera, God help us !—went to ride in the Park at the fashionable hour then returned and dressed for the Opera!! Nobody knows what he can do till he tries! or rather till a Lady Harriet tries! This morning I thought I would begin the day with an energetic effort of virtue which of course has not been "its own reward." I got up ill and took a shower bath to make myself well par vive force—but these efforts of virtue never succeed with me so my headache is getting worse and worse, and this note to you which the spirit moved me to write, instead of darning the family stockings, is probably all the activity that will be got out of me for the day.

Thanks to Babbie for her long letter—the Orson writes from Port Glasgow that he was "greatly delighted with my cousins" and "wished the weather had permitted of his taking home some shrimps!" His note was in such a Carlyleish style that I could hardly understand the rest of it—a certain Bishop he mentions as "a hopelessly mendacious phenomenon, and entirely supernumerary biped on this earth"—upon my honour this is coming it a little too strong "even for the Provinces" (as Babbie remarked). I forgot to tell that some weeks ago William Gibson walked in out of a deluge of rain, the old man to the minutest hair of his clean-scrubbed head. He was complaining that in Jersey sugars was "rizz" and that Mr. Wilson was very disappointing in his "remittances."

God bless you, dear Uncle,

Your affectionate,

JANE CARLYLE.

102. To Jeannie Welsh

A prospective visit to Liverpool—Onset of nervous depression—Weary days at Addiscombe—House cleaning needful during Carlyle's absence—An appeal for help in her mother's name. (Cp. p. 262.)

Wednesday (9th July, 1845).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Heaven be praised for all its mercies! except for those recognised in the Annandale man's grace "the blessings

made to fly over our heads "*-I am to see you! I am coming! I am going!-my husband would not let me not go now if I were even indisposed to go! I wish I were already there to tell you all about it. The fact is I have been in a sad way for a long while, and was not saying anything about it to anyone-indeed I was ashamed to talk of illness which had taken the form chiefly of frightful depression of spirits-giving me occasional apprehension that I was going out of my sane mind—I knew that the thing was physical but that consciousness did not make it the less painful and alarming for me-on the contrary the feeling that this illness lay in a part of me, viz. my body, which was quite beyond my own control made me only the more afraid. But everybody's fortitude has limits, and so my determination never to tell Carlyle or anyone what I had been swallowing down and was still swallowing down in the shape of suffering did not hinder me the other day from giving way to a dreadful fit of crying and telling him all about it. He was not a little horrified at my revelations and immediately declared that I must get away into the country as fast as possible—But where To Dumfriesshire with him or before him?—impossible—he may call it "weak" "unworthy of a rational creature "-I cannot help it-I cannot go there vet-it is just weakness and irrationality that I complain ofif I were strong-rational there would be no need for my flying out of London at all. To Haddington-to the Miss Donaldsons?--that also were painful enough-but I felt as if after the first horror of it I should rather like being theremany places were spoken of-but in everyone a lion was in the way-Haddington remained the most possible looking-when I had to dry my eyes and go off with the Lady Harriet to Addiscombe for four mortal days! Fancy it! in such a state of mind-having to get up fine clothes and fine "wits"! having to proceed with my first season of fashionable life while I was feeling it the dreadfulest problem to live at all! In the whole three nights I lay in bed at Addiscombe I slept just one hour and forty minutes by my watch! the first night an

^{*} Extempore prayer: "Lord, we thank thee for the many blessings Thou art making to pass over our heads." (T. C. in L.M. i. 23-4.)

hour and half-the second none at all-and the third ten minutes! Oh dear dear what do the glories of upholstery help one when there is no sleep to be had-how gladly would I have exchanged my Throne-like bed-with cambric sheets bordered with lace (!) to have had the deep sleep of a Peasant on the top of a dung cart! The house was full of fine people among whom there was only one (Lord Ashburton) who did not feel it his duty to make "incessant wits." These said "wits," in my sleepless state of nerves, grew to look like a shower of fire sparks falling falling for ever about my ears till I had not a grain of common sense remaining—one night that I walked in the dark for an hour with Lord Ashburton I felt myself human again-able to talk-and it was a mournful little satisfaction for me that he at least might recognise me for something a few degrees above an Idiot. At Addiscombe I received your letter-Carlyle brought it with him when he came to spend his Sunday (as usual) (he has established a small permanent wardrobe there!). Your letter decided me what I would do and I have unfolded my plan since I came back and it finds acceptance.

He is going to Scotland-in he expects a month hencenot for any long time-Lady Harriet will need him at the Grange—at various places—now I should not like to be absent all the time he is absent. The carpets must be lifted and various things done which need my superintendence—besides Helen would go mad if left long without us both-and I know not where to find a man to sleep with her-who would be more trustworthy than the thieves. That is one reason for not going to Helensburgh-another lies in the sea voyage-which I am not strong enough just now to encounter-to be sure I might go by land-but then I should have to pass thro' Dumfriesshire and "spend a few days at Scotsbrig"-I am not strong enough for that either. Scotsbrig! and no further to go !--my heart stands still even thinking of it here at this distance! So I will get off as soon as I can-having set my house in order for the thieves—so as to be a week or so with you before you go-and then for country air I will take a week with Mrs. Paulet and so come back to Chelsea and look after my affairs. This will be easily managed—altogether pleasant—and I know I shall get as much good of it as of a more laborious expedition.

All the rest I will tell you when I come.

I enclose a letter which came this morning (can you imagine anything more heartbreaking than that address)—you are to give it to my Uncle—and ask him if the person it is from is a proper person to help—she seems so from her letter—if there is no reason to disbelieve her story I will send her five pounds—and be very glad of an opportunity to do a kindness which she assuredly would have done. Answer me this immediately—for the letter has been long on the road doubtless. Oh it had far to seek! I have seen John Greig too who cried like a child—oh me I wish I could sleep for six months.

Send me back the letter.

I. C.

103. To Jeannie Welsh at Burnside, Helensburgh

Refreshing indolence at Seaforth—Geraldine still improves.

Seaforth.
Tuesday (19th August, 1845).

DEAREST BABBIE,

After all it is but a fortnight past on Friday that I have been here, and it was the end of the first week when I got your letter. Not that I would justify myself the least in the world. When one is from home—out of one's usual routine the weeks look like months and this for me as well as for you—so that I have been thinking my own silence as long as you have done. The fact is simply that I have been indulging in a quite oriental fit of indolence—"consulting my sensations" all day long—and so forwarding the great object of my being here, viz: accumulating atoms—and getting my nerve-strings screwed up to something like living-pitch. I come down to breakfast betwixt eight and nine—dinner is at half past one—that I may dine at such an early hour without doing violence to my stomach I have to take plenty of exercise before—indeed it is wasting the goods of Providence to be in the midst

of " Nature" without running about in it at all hours, so I have always to take a drive in the gig, or a walk on the shore, or somewhere, before half past one-and as the post leaves at two my writing must be done immediately after breakfast and must not take up too much time in the doing-and just consider that I am bound by my marriage obligations to write to my husband almost every day!! After dinner we-speculate! (Geraldine being still here) and I get my feet rubbed-and I saunter on the lawn inhaling "change of air" and I glance into French novels—do anything rather than write—then after tea at half past five comes music and chess-and we are all in bed by ten!!!

This life is not very industrious but it is very favourable to the accumulation of atoms; accordingly the fatness which I got at Hoylake has been growing more and more solid-nay Geraldine and Mrs. Paulet have even fancied to perceive a dawn of colour in my cheeks-but that I must say seems to me a mere fancy. Certainly I feel much better than when I left London-and have a "wholesome desire" (as Carlyle would say) to continue my present life for the next six months—nothing can exceed Mrs. Paulet's kindness which is as judicious as it is cordial—and Geraldine is very nice this year—much calmer than I ever saw her. Decidedly that explosion of folly with Q. has done her good—I protest against company and am allowed to have my way in that as in everything else. . . .

My gold pen is intolerably stiff this day—the paper does not suit it. Carlyle sees no chance of getting away before the 1st of September-I shall probably stay here till he comes and give up all idea of Wales—I am not a hunter of the Picturesque and in all other respects I fancy Seaforth more after my heart than that Welsh mansion would be-and I shall have opportunity of cultivating my "everlasting friendship" with Miss Wynn* in London-a hundred kisses to my own dear Uncle-

Ever your affectionate JANE CARLYLE.

^{*} Charlotte Williams Wynn, a literary light in the Baring and other circles, who is said to have added to her other distinctions by refusing three Dukes.

104. To Jeannie Welsh at Burnside, Helensburgh

"Earthquaking"—Private theatricals by Dickens and Forster—A call from Tennyson—The "earthquake" drives out John Carlyle—First visit to Lady Harriet in town—A long visit urged—Lady H. does not really like her.

"Hell and Tommy," T. C. explains (L.M. i. 345) as "Buller's definition to me of a Martin picture (engraving rather) on Macready's staircase one gala night. Picture mad—mad as Bedlam, all, and with one 'small figure' ('Tommy') notably prominent."

Monday night (30th Sept., 1845).

Well, Babbie dear! You do not fancy that I am waiting on here, in the romantic expectation of receiving another letter from you! Oh no! that were too romantic "for anything!" I know that your epistolary benevolence at least has limits, and these, for the time being, of the narrowest. So I resign myself, with such grace of resignation as is given me, to let our correspondence stand "on the broad basis" of "a suitable return" (as William Gibson * would say). "Blessed are they who do not hope; for they shall not be disappointed"—at my years, it is time to have laid in a tolerable winter-stock of that blessedness, such as it is—and I cannot accuse myself of want of providence.

I have been and am busy, as "little ant or honey bee that speedily away doth flee "—turning up my whole house from top to bottom, painting, sweeping chimneys, beating carpets, making the house into "Hell and Tommy" (I "Tommy") and when it will be all subsided into its normal state lies beyond my immediate sphere of contemplation. To complicate my household difficulties, I found on my return two wool-mattresses perfectly swarming with moths! had all the wool to boil and dry—and the heavens constantly pouring down rain! Did you ever see the wool of a large mattress all afloat? If not; pray the superior powers that you never may! it is a

sight before which the female human mind is struck stupid with a sense of the Impossible! Moreover I have had an immense letter-debt, at first almost as hopeless looking as the National Debt, to discharge—in addition to the letter every second day, required of me by Carlyle. Happily I am not much taken up with visitors—" nobody in town "-at least nobody ought to be in town at this season; still stray human beings do occasionally drop in upon me-enough to keep me in mind that I am still in an inhabited world-a still more forcible reminiscence of the same was our recent "Amateur Play "*-the "realized Ideal" of Forster and Dickens. It was—what shall I say—best perhaps characterized by Helen's favourite phrase of admiration "Oh how expensive!" The "fule-creturs" † must have spent a mint of money on it—a public Theatre engaged for the occasion—scenes painted by Stanfield—costumes according to the strictly historical style of Macready-cost "no object." In fact Macready himself could not have got up the material of the thing any more sumptuously-and all this for one night. "To think of the loaves Babbie" that their frolic might have supplied to "the poor people!" "the working classes eating boiled dog"! For the acting; it is much praised in the newspapers-much praised by the majority but there is a small minority of one at least that thinks it was nothing "to speak of." There were six or seven hundred people invited and there present by Heaven knows what amount of locomotion at this season of the year! from hundreds of miles they came-among them were many of the leading aristocracy; I was told-but to my matter of fact eye they looked rather a rum set. To be sure the Duke of Devonshire did sit opposite to me, with his nose "looking towards Damascus," and old Lady Holland graced it (not the nose but the play) with her hideous presence. I must confess "as one solitary Individual" that it needed me to be always reminding myself "all these actors were once men!" ‡

^{*} Performed September 21, 1845.
† Definition of poetry, "Pack o' lies, that fuil craitures write for diversion." (T. C. in L.M. i. 206.)
‡ Speech of a very young Wedgwood at a Woolwich review, "Ah, papa, all these soldiers were once men?" (T. C.'s note in L.M. i. 341.)

to keep myself from being shamefully bored. With John Carlyle for my only companion, it would have needed a rather unexampled excellence of acting to have awakened me into anything like enthusiasm. I saw Alfred Tennyson in the lobby-and that was the best of it! And better still he came to take tea, and talk, and smoke with me-me-by myself methe following evening—such at least was his intention, not a little flattering to my vanity considering his normal state of indolence—but the result was, that he found Creek, and John and they made a mess of it-" The Devil fly away with them both!" In fact the Devil has flown away with one of them (John) within the last few days. I fairly painted him out! blessings on my powers of invention! There he was; waiting to "see his way clearly" and never so much as wiping his spectacles-babbling and boring, and holding oyster-like to the external accommodations of one's house-without a thought beyond! an element of confusion hindering all my efforts at order! But never let a living woman despair-I wielded the Earthquake in my small right hand, and one morning he awoke and found himself " in his old lodging "-where there was no vestige of a reason why he should not have been all this while! Carlyle has not fixed a time for his return but says in every letter "it will not be long." Lady Harriet is unexpectedly in town for two days-" too ill to go out." She sent me a note to that effect and the carriage to take me to see her. More than gracious! incomprehensible upon my honour! She insisted that I had promised to "give her my whole winter at Alverstoke!"—and yet I have an unconquerable persuasion that she does not and never can like me! Well by and by I shall (like John) "see my way clearly." A bushel of kisses to my own Uncle-with so many daughters all taught the art of writing-pity that I can hear of him so seldom.

Ever your affectionate,

J. C.

105. To Jeannie Welsh

Difficulties of letter-writing.

(November, 1845.)

It seems to me I must have a volume of things to tell you by this time, but my head is of the muddiest at present, & I have no facilities for writing such as I used to have. Carlyle sits always in the same room with me since he returned, with no work on hand, & you know I cannot write in the presence of a fellow creature, especially one who is apt to say when I have finished a letter: "Now read it to me!" When he walks before dinner some one is sure to come in & take up the happy moment.

106. To Jeannie Welsh

Description of Bay House, Alverstoke—The Paulet difficulty solved—Lady Harriet's charm and its limits—Plattnauer and the letters to his relations.

Mrs. Paulet was bringing her husband to London for an operation on his eyes, and Mrs. Carlyle was unwilling to leave her friend alone.

Bay House, Alverstoke. Sunday (16th Nov., 1845).

DEAREST BABBIE,

I must not leave you so good a pretext for not writing to me as doubt about my actual address. Of course a letter addressed to Cheyne Row would be sent after me even to Timbuctoo—but these simple ideas are slow of suggesting themselves to those who find the state of uncertainty favour their natural tendency to sit still, with their hands gracefully crossed in Indian-God-like adoration of the Forces of Circumstances. Know then, to leave you without excuse, that I am here—very accessible to letters—and much in want of them—here being—Bay House—a large fantastical looking New Building on the shore of the Sea, belonging to Lord Ashburton but made over for this Winter to Lady Harriet.

It is not in the Isle of Wight as I had fancied but opposite to it. I daresay it is a charming place in Summer but in Winter all that body of cold water which immense ranges of windows look out on makes me feel like William Gibson "rather chilly" -and then the gardens about it have lost their bloom for this year and the woods are as yet prospective-more like nurserygrounds than anything else. Inside, it is warm enough and magnificent as money and taste can make it-Carlyle and I have two rooms * which I stipulated for before I would undertake to come at all—and the first principle of living comfortably in another person's house is granted one amply viz: one is "well let alone"-may do as one likes within reasonable limits. But the grand happiness of friendly intercourse viz: leave to be "as ugly and stupid and disagreeable as one likes," that of course is out of the question here—tanto peggio per me!

My cold thanks God was considerably abated before I left home-and is no worse for the "fine change" (as Helen would say)-and I was cut out of my complication with Mrs. Paulet in the most unexpected manner. As I had feared just when we were on the eve of setting off they arrived in London for the operation !- giving me just twelve hours' notice. I was in the horriblest quandary; to go away and leave them alone there with their troubles was impossible for me—to renounce the visit here equally impossible—in another sense—I meditated a sort of compromise between the two impossibles—to let Carlyle go without me and follow in a week or two-but the following morning in rushed Mrs. Paulet fresh and rosy like a lump of coral and told me they were all to go back the road they had come that very day-the eyes were not ready to be operated on. Instead of sympathizing in their provocation I was heartily thankful that all that money had been spent and trouble undertaken for no end-by the time they return I hope that I also shall be returned—in a month or six weeks she said. Lady Harriet insists we are to stay here "all the winter"—to stay "till parliament meets in February "-but I fancy Carlyle's need to be ugly and stupid

^{*} Cp. N.L. i. 183. (October 10, 1845—" all to myself.")

and disagreeable without restraint (never to speak of my own) will send us back to London in a month or so.

I feel as if I should get on here in an even, middlingly pleasant sort of a way. I am not in the horribly excitable state I was in when I went to Addiscombe *-I take things now very calmly - almost coolly. Lady Harriet seems a woman of good sense and perfect good breeding-and with a person of that sort one need not, unless one be a fool oneself have any collisions—at the same time she seems to me so systematic and superior to her natural feelings that however long and pleasantly I may live beside her I am sure I shall never feel warm affection for her nor inspire her with warm affectionher intercourse will remain an honour for me, never be a heartfelt delight—as it might be if she were as loving as she is charming and Bay House will consequently not suit me as well as Seaforth House.

Plattnauer returned from Germany some weeks ago-not changed the least in the world-except that he is now entirely in his natural senses. He had in rummaging in a Cabinet of his Brother-in-law come upon all my letters about his madness!! read them-and even "taken a copy of one of them"-his vexation had been considerable—especially over my "excessive eagerness to have him kept in Germany for the rest of his life" -but he spoke even of this contretemps with a courtesy and justness which proved as much as anything his sane state of mind-he brought me a beautifully embroidered card case from his sister-it might have been done by Titania Queen of the Fairies!

And now it will behoove me to go and dress for dinner-at seven in these days instead of four Lady Harriet's usual hourbut after to-morrow thank goodness we are to return to christian habits. A Mr. Senior who is here causes the present formalities. . . .

Love and kisses to all of them-no-only to my Uncle the rest are undeserving of remembrance.

Ever yours

I. C.

107. To Jeannie Welsh

Later in the month gaiety palls.

November, 1845. The last week however has sadly abated my courage for eight o'clock dinners, and dressings, and sittings in state. I look round on my snug little room here with a sigh, & am not so grateful to Providence as might be expected for having opened to me the Golden Gates of the Aristocratic Paradise, such as it is!

108. To Jeannie Welsh

The charm of Lady Harriet—And of life at Alverstoke—Reasons for staying on.

Bay House. (4th December, 1845.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

I snatch one quarter of an hour "out of the Black Dog's jaw"—the Black Dog at present being the Genius of "strenuous Idleness," tutelary Deity of this Place,—just to tell you that I am still alive and experiencing, as Darwin wished for me at parting, "as few disagreeablenesses as could reasonably be expected."

Lady Harriet is kind as possible and has not done said or looked a single thing since I have lived beside her to justify the character for haughtiness and caprice which she bears in Society—in fact a woman more perfectly regardless of rank I never happened to see. Strength is what she goes upon; a weak Prince of the blood she would treat with undisguised scorn, and would behave herself quite sisterly towards a strong street sweeper. In fact she is a grand woman every inch of her—and not "a coquette" the least in the world—if all the men go out of their sober senses beside her how can she help that? Meanwhile she is not so well employed as she might be—but floats along on the top of things in a rather ignis fatuus sort of way. She is making a great fly at German however—and as looking in the Dictionary hurts her eyes I am serving her in

room of a Dictionary, then there are occasionally outbreaks into battledore and shuttlecock, and—in the evenings an almost normal state of chess playing. All this carries off my day, before I know where I am—or get anything done towards my own individual affairs.

There is no talk of going home—but I must go—alone if necessary when the Paulets return to London *—which will be before the eighth of January I fancy—the soonest that Lady Harriet will hear of our going!—Now that I am fairly settled into the thing I feel no haste to encounter London winter—if the sea be "somewhat chilly" it is at least very clean to look out upon—and to be relieved from all charge of material things in cold weather is a great preservative from colds. And really there is as little of burdensome state here as can possibly be made to do—not so much dressing as you have to transact in Maryland Street—rational hours—and no strain on one's wits—for Lady Harriet does all the wit herself; and nobody "feels that it is his duty" to amuse—if it lie in his way to do so well and good—but things will go on briskly enough without him.

When I had written so far Lady Harriet opened my bedroom door and asked me to come into her dressing room to hear great news—not the repeal of the corn laws—but that snow had fallen to-day near Winchester—whilst here we have had almost summer sunshine—another reason she says why I should "write to Mrs. Paulet on no account to let her husband have his eyes operated upon till after the eighth of January." Meanwhile Mr. Baring returning from Gosport brought your letter—thanks for your movement of the spirit. Pray do muster your energies and actually go out to Seaforth—that woman has heart and soul enough in her to fit out a whole regiment of the sort of women I see about you and you let her lie unused!—It is a pity that you get so little good of her—a still greater pity that you do not care to get such.

My kindest love and warmest kisses to my Uncle—none of the rest deserve a kiss from me idle as they are.

^{*} Mr. and Mrs. Carlyle returned on December 27.

109. To Jeannie Welsh

A grateful Christmas gift—Trouble over a new edition of Cromwell.

5, Cheyne Row. Sunday evening (29th Dec., 1845).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Your letter and the beautiful purse were a great god-send to me on the Christmas morning—it was my only letter—and away there *—amongst entirely new people and new things I felt dreary to death on that day, so unlike any Christmas day that I had ever lived before; and your letter was a link between past and present that I could have ill dispensed with. . . .

I will write by and by God willing at more leisure than I have been able to command these many weeks, meanwhile my conscience is not easy till I have written a simple

acknowledgment of your kind remembrance.

Carlyle is as cross as the Devil since we came back because—they already want a new edition of his Cromwell—the whole twelve hundred being almost sold off!! An odd thing to be cross about one would say—inasmuch as a new edition will bring him in some three hundred pounds—but he abhors the trouble of new correcting of proofs. There is no satisfying of that man. Bless you—love to all

Your own,

J. C.

* At Bay House.

110. To Jeannie Welsh

Plattnauer tormenting—Geraldine and Miss Cushman—Lady Harriet pleasant: asks her to Rome—Carlyle and a house in the country—Ann Summers.

After telling how she cares for the Paulets in Hanover Street after the operation on Mr. Paulet's eyes, and describing pretty little Julia's ball dress, Mrs. Carlyle continues:—

Monday (19th Jan., 1846).

DEAREST BABBIE,

. . . Plattnauer was very crazy some weeks ago—but is considerably subsided again—I suppose he will continue off and on in this sort of fashion to the end of his life. Mazzini does not go mad—but I do not know whether it would not be better for him if he could—these long many years of failed hopes and destroyed illusions seem to be taking effect on him—not on his health—or sanity—but on his temper—he is grown so captious and silently irritable that one knows not what to make of him—every word one says provokes a contradiction or a reproach—and it does not help the matter that like Geraldine he torments me simply because he loves me so much. I prefer people's love for me should stop just at the point where it becomes tormenting.

Geraldine by the way is all in a blaze of enthusiasm about Miss Cushman the Actress—with whom she swore everlasting friendship at Manchester just when she had got jealous of me and Mrs. Paulet. Ever since her letters have been filled with lyrics about this woman—till I could stand it no longer—and have written her such a screed of my mind as she never got before—and which will probably terminate our correspondence—at least till the finale of her friendship for Miss Cushman. Lady Harriet returns to town on the 2nd February. Meanwhile she writes me very nice letters. Lady Ashburton sent me a huge pot of honey the other day and some game and a kind little note *—so that I do not seem at all events to have kicked the bottom out of my "new position" yet!

* Subsequently sent for Babbie's inspection.

For the rest; Carlyle is in quite as fine a worry with his second edition as he was with the first—is moreover of unsettled mind again—our stay at Alverstoke awakened all his enthusiasm again for country life-and horror of London. He talked of building a house on the shore—but there was a hideous man who went about shooting-without his nose-and after encountering him some twenty times Carlyle discovered that it would be impossible for him to live where he was liable to meeting that man. "Perhaps poor old Annandale would be the best place after all "-now he says he would like to go to Prussia for a while !- I wish I might know what is to become of me !-that is all I pretend to-a modest request !-but with such uncertain views of the future there is no getting any use of the present. Lady Harriet asks in her last letter "will I come to Rome next winter?" and she always means every least syllable she says. I am very sorry for that poor Ann Summers *-did my Uncle say anything of continuing help to her from time to time?—It is so sad for a proud woman to have to ask just when she is at her last farthing-I would willingly join him in giving her something regularly—love to all.

Ever yours

J. C.

111. To Jeannie Welsh

The ottomans—Maggie Welsh "The Morning Star"—Mrs. Walter Macgregor described—A mixed dinner party—Miss Rigby and Mrs. Helps.

Miss Elizabeth Rigby (b. 1809), whose Letters from the Shores of the Baltic had won her fame, lived in Edinburgh, and met the Carlyles on her first visit to London in 1844. She married Sir Charles Eastlake, P.R.A. in 1849. She was "awful," in Mrs. Carlyle's phrase, as a Quarterly Reviewer and as standing but an inch under six feet high.

DEAREST BABBIE,

(5th March, 1846.)

The little ottomans "(stools is quite too mean a word for them) arrived a few hours after your letter and—curiously enough—were unpacked by Walter! † while his

^{*} Presumably her mother's poor dependant, p. 250. † Walter Macgregor.

"what shall I say "? wife was taking off her boots in my room. Such beautiful little ottomans human eyes never rested on! I am glad to know who did which—when I am to be sitting on Babbie and when on The Morning Star-but it is impossible to give a preference to one over the other-both having reached the highest perfectionability point! To find myself the possessor of such decorative pieces is quite a new sort of feeling for me,—all my hitherto furnishings having stopt short within the sphere of the purely utilitarian-when I look on these realized ideals of female taste inspired by affection, I fancy myself "one and somewhat," and that nobody can any longer deny that we too have a drawing-room as well as other christian people. A great many thanks and kisses to each of you-and you may both assure yourselves that worsted-work was never in this world better bestowed than just on me who had none of it-and who, judging by myself, am apt to rate people's attachment by the number of their stitches. Certainly nothing but the most intense, self-sacrificing passion could have carried me through one such stool! For the tea it was a great idea! worthy of the conceiver. One would say he had guessed in the spirit of divination the enormous run that had been on my tea-caddy all the last week! and wished to inspire me with a due trust in Providence. I shall not fail to report the result when I have tried it. We pay at Chelsea 5/6 per pound-in Pall Mall I can get it as good for 5/- but it is not I think safe in London to venture lower than that.

And so I have seen Mrs. W. Macgregor—that I have with a vengeance! And my impression of her? Oh mon Dieu! my impression of her is one of immense unmitigated aversion! Everybody here is ready to scream at the very idea of her. They called last Tuesday or Wednesday—I forget which—and found me gone to Elizabeth's whither they wandered in quest of me—but missed the road. I asked Helen what sort of looking woman she was? "A most uncommon ordinar woman indeed—nothing the least insinuating in her face that I could see! She may be intelligent—may be! for that I can't say—but she looks so displeased—just rale gloomy and disconsolate!" An odd description of a Bride—but I am not

in the way of attaching much importance to Helen's descriptions. What chiefly interested me was the thought of what I should do with them—ask them to dinner of course, as John Sterling says * " when you want to be civil to anybody nature prompts you to ask them to dinner." Easy to say—but in the present afflicted state of this household a dinner even dans sa plus simple expression is the fearfulest of bores. I have not strength or fortitude enough to take even the slight handful of it which I am in the way of taking—Helen left all to herself goes to nonsense and Carlyle, "gloomy and disconsolate" as he is at present for ever and ever, looks like a chained tiger, when doomed to sit stuck up with company especially when it is my company not of his own asking—and there I sit in momentary expectation of Helen coming to a dead stand, or of Carlyle brandishing the carving knife and ordering his guests to "vanish in God or the Devil's name lest a worse thing befal them"! In virtue of being like the Pigs "used to it" I preserve an outward calm through these scenes of trial which might lead people to fancy me either the most obtuse or most philosophical woman that ever sat at the head of a table—no matter which, so long as my pretended impassivity has much the same effect as Caleb Balderston's impudence—viz. that of making people doubt the evidence of their senses—and keeping them from rushing wildly into the street to dine on a passing muffin or on nothing at all, rather than under the singular conditions that attend the dinners of a man of Genius-when the Devil has taken him and his under his own particular patronage.

At all risks however the New-marrieds must be invited—and this conclusion was hastened rather than otherwise by a note from Walter, which came a few hours after his call, inviting us to dine with them—preposterous! that would have been still worse, if it had not been impossible. So I asked them for one of three days and they accepted for Saturday. I called in Sterling's carriage but missed them again, so left the note which I had provided myself with in case of such contingency. To provide them with some entertainment such as lay within my peculiar sphere I asked a Lioness to come in the evening—

^{*} Mrs. Carlyle speaks of this familiar friend as if he were still living.

the last new Lioness-a rare creature indeed-the Miss Rigby who wrote Letters from the Baltic etc., and who is now setting fire to the Thames as a Quarterly Reviewer. Besides being a Woman of Genius she is a world's wonder for personal attractions-six feet high! but so beautifully proportioned that you could not wish her a cubit less-with the most magnificent statuesque head-the expression of a Corinne, and the gracefulest manners. When I told Carlyle that I had done this thing he was like to go out of his senses-" what could Miss Rigby make of the Macgregors or they of her?"-" he had never seen me guilty of such a piece of pure distraction, many as were the distracted things I had done in the way of bringing incompatible people together!" There was no end to his desperations—for Miss Rigby appeared to have taken an immense place in his (Carlyle's) imagination. It was done however-" with the best intentions always unfortunate;" and so now "I must ask anybody, everybody, to dilute the horrible combination." So I asked just everybody I saw and the produce was John Carlyle at dinner-Old Sterling, and Arthur Helps and his wife in the evening besides the awful Miss Rigby. You may figure what sort of anxious affair it was for me-and I was never thankfuler than when the door closed on the last of them and I could reflect that after all there were no lives lost.

The Macs came at four—to dine at five—if they had been ten minutes later they must have arrived drenched to the skin for they had got into a wrong omnibus (!) and had to walk from Sloane Square—and it came such a torrent of rain just after that Carlyle had to come home in a cab. The first look of the Bride did not shock me much—I was prepared for something unprepossessing and she looked rather better than I had expected—but when she had laid off her things and sat down on a chair as if she were nailed to it—with her lean little figure without so much as a handkerchief to break its angularity—and when she spoke—in that acrid brusque tone of hers—my dislike grew every moment stronger till I was absolutely afraid of looking Walter in the face, I was so sure that he must read there "merciful heaven how could you sell yourself for

that woman's thousands?" It is impossible Walter can love that woman—"amiable?" she is not amiable—she is a limited, splenetic, dirty little thing—"an ignoble rat-trap"—an "insufferable little wild cat," as Carlyle among many other eloquent denunciations said of her. Carlyle has never ceased since lamenting over "poor Macgregor's fate." Walter himself was not so agreeable as he used to be here—he was too noisy—too excited—very affectionate—poor fellow—and trying to look content with her—but if he were really happy just now he would not take such pains to persuade people of it.

As the Devil would have it Miss Rigby sat alongside of Mrs. Macgregor on the same sofa and if I had taken pains how to contrive a mortification for Walter I could not I am sure have fallen upon a greater than showing him the two women in such near contrast. And then Mrs. Arthur Helps is like Titania Queen of the fairies! as lovely in her diminutive proportions as Miss Rigby is beautiful in her gigantic ones! But when a man marries such a woman as that he must have abjured forever his faculty of drawing comparisons, or have privately pre-determined to take a mistress! Now do not think I am attaching absurd importance to looks-I care less for beauty so called than most people—indeed I am certain that the women most truly and passionately loved are very rarely if ever regular beauties—but it is the expression of a mean meagre soul that is stamped on Mrs. Macgregor's face and manners and whole bearing which I cannot abide and I am the more vexed at Walter having chosen such a wife because I am persuaded he was at a turning point in his own inward life—and that this new influence which he has subjected himself to will prevent all the good aspirations that lay in him from ever working themselves into a practical shape. Henceforth he is doomed to ambitious mediocrity—the pitiablest state in nature. I ought to say however that John Carlyle thinks "Walter has got a pretty little woman for a wife!!"

And now my dear I have written myself into such a passion on a subject which I have really after all no special concern with—that I must leave the better things I had to say till another opportunity.

I saw Mrs. Fraser on Saturday forenoon. She was out of bed on a sofa—but still very feeble and dreadfully excited. She had heard that her husband was ill—had also been delirious for some days after the trial—and absolutely you would have said that she was dying to go to him and comfort him! She loves the man passionately—there is not a doubt of it—after all the woe he has wrought her! And in this moral slavery lies the fearfulest prospect for her. It would make anybody weep to hear how she defends him—finds out excuses for him—always ending with "Oh poor William!—God pity him! where can he wander?" They are selling prints of him about the streets under the name of the handsome Husband.

Again thanks and kisses to the Morning Star and your sweet self and love to them all and do not think me ill-natured to your new kinswoman. You will find when she returns that the aversion is quite mutual or I am greatly mistaken.

Your own,

JANE CARLYLE.

112. To Jeannie Welsh

Sleeplessness and drugs—A month at Addiscombe—Lady Harriet "a bit of fascination"—The Paulets delayed—Pressure of Carlyle's work—William Chrystal (a brother of Andrew).

Tuesday (10th March, 1846).

Here goes Dearest Babbie! just to try whether the Devil or I shall be strongest to-day, in the matter of writing to you—how often he has had the upper hand of late, to the utter suppression of the many things I have wished to say to you, I am ashamed to think! for if one cannot make head against the Devil in a world where one meets him at every turn, one may as well take a little arsenic at once and spare oneself the sin and sorrow of being nothing but a Spooney in God's universe. For ten days I was nearly out of my wits with want of sleep—and I say this not figuratively nor even exaggeratively but in simple truth. Four nights in one week I never once closed my eyes, and henbane even in large quantities of no

more use to me than cold water. The consequence was such a state of nervous excitation as nobody ever saw in me before—Carlyle declares me to have been "quite mad" for half an hour—and I can well believe him—I have for a long while back been dreadfully haunted with the apprehension of going mad some day—and I am only too thankful to have got off with "half an hour" of it thus far. For the last week I have been sleeping—and in the reactionary state—that is to say dead stupid. Oh! the blessedness of stupidity at times! I feel as if I would not make "a wit" just now for fifty guineas.

On the 20th I am going with Lady Harriet to Addiscombe for a month-and that will be good for me I suppose. Carlyle is so hard at work that he will not miss me-besides if he takes a notion of seeing me at any time he can be there by railway in half an hour. We two women go alone. Mr. Baring and Charles Buller of course-will be there on the Saturdays and Sundays-and we are to come up to town once a week for two hours, her Ladyship to take a Drawing lesson (!) I to bless my family with a sight of me and regulate the week's accounts. If all proceeds according to Programme it will be a pleasant month; but I cannot fancy Lady Harriet anywhere leading a life of privacy; however she may propose it to herself. She needs the excitement of company, imagining all the while that she is bored with it-and so many people are ready to follow her into Siberia-if she chose to take her flight even there! She is "a bit of fascination" (as the Countrymen said of "Tagglioni") * a very large bit. I profess never to this hour to have arrived at a complete understanding of her-but that I fancy is just a part of her fascination—the insoluble psychological puzzle which she is and bids fair to remain for me!

The Paulet servants and children go off home to-day—Mr. and Mrs. Paulet must wait a few days longer till Alexander † is pleased to give them leave. He had fixed this day a week ago—and in consequence the house was given up, which is the reason of despatching part of the family. Now he says

^{* &}quot;Two London mechanics paused at a print-shop window where I was. 'Ha!' said one to the other in a jaunty knowing tone. Tag-li-oni! Bit of fascination there.'" (T.C. in L.M. i. 314.) † The oculist.

better wait "a few days longer"—and so they have had to shift into a new lodging. I am vexed to death I could not insist on their coming here for these remaining days but Carlyle is in such a fuss with his work and so nervous and bilious in consequence—that altho' he would have submitted to my bringing them I know such an interruption of the silence he needs about him would have driven him to despair. This rewriting of Cromwell has been very hard on him—and on me too—we thought to have washed our hands and hearts of it for ever and a day when the first Edition went to the bookseller.

Only think, I was sitting here with Mazzini one day, when in walked Mr. William Chrystal! looking as pleased as Punch—evidently considering he was giving me the most joyful surprise! Alas it was not joyful the least in the world! I have "mads" enough on hand without taking up him—even if I were disposed from benevolence to be civil to him, I could not get it done—for C. no sooner heard of his visit than he exclaimed in imperative terror—"I desire my Dear that you will absolutely bring no more mad people about this house!" He (Mr. Chrystal) informed me that he lived in Knightsbridge (alas too near!) and left his card with an invitation that when "I felt tired I should come in and rest myself and take a glass of wine "—Helas! . . . Dearest love to my Uncle and the rest. Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

113. To Jeannie Welsh*

Lady Harriet's sincere affection—Getting-on in Society—William Chrystal again—Mazzini and the children.

Thursday (1846).

. . . Lady Harriet is returned and seems disposed to keep up our country intimacy—she sends her carriage for me often in the evenings and sends me back—treats me in all respects with a consideration for which I cannot but be grateful to her. She never says to anyone that she likes them—she goes upon

^{*} It seems that this letter should be dated May, and therefore should follow No. 114.

the silent system as to all the thoughts of her heart-it is only the thoughts of her head which she gives one the benefit ofand so she has never said what one could call a kind word to me-but she proves by all her behaviour that she is rather fond of me—the mere fact of her having kissed me at parting and meeting again proves more affection for me than twenty reams of protestations from a Geraldine would do-for her Ladyship is sincere to death-and would think much less of boxing the ears of a person indifferent to her than of kissing her! for my part I love her now as much as I admired her in the beginning. She is the only woman of genius I have found amongst all our pretenders to it-I only wish I had got to know her twenty years ago when I was better capable of enjoying the advantages of such an acquaintance—the "getting on-in-Society" part of it looks to me often enough a practical irony at this time of day rather than a good fortune to thank my stars for.

You would be amused to see the increase of charm I have for the smaller gentry since Lady Harriet took me up! I could not help answering a kind note I had from Lady Monteagle the other day after a twelve-months' silence—in a tone of

very frank sarcasm. . . .

I had almost forgotten to tell you that some weeks ago, walking thro' Piccadilly one day I came bang against-William Chrystal,—our eyes met—so I saw nothing for it but to speak. He told me in a pettish sort of way that he "did not know me" and when I laughed at that, he asked " how are your friends up there" nodding towards Hyde Park Corner! I supposed he meant at Liverpool and answered accordingly. When we had gone our several ways Mazzini who was with me asked "who is he?" "A distracted lover of my two Cousins" said I-"Are these his children?" said Mazzini. "What children?" "The two little, little things-so high"-pointing to his knee -" and dressed both alike, whom he was leading when you stopt him-and whom he joined again." "I tell you, said I, the man is a lover of Jeanie's—was not married before that I know of-how then can he have little things dressed both alike?" "Oh, said Mazzini, I did not know-I thought perhaps by your laws poligamy might be allowed to a Mad."

Do you understand about these "little things"-it cer-

tainly had a suspicious appearance.

God bless thee Babbie, a kiss—a hundred of them to my Uncle—love to Maggie. I felt rather jealous the other day when Mrs. Russell wrote to me that they got newspapers addressed in my Uncle's own hand. Write soon again I need it.

Ever your affectionate

J. C.

114. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool, Fife

Home quiet after Addiscombe—A present of "Lady's work"—Plattnauer invades Buckingham Palace—His new delusions—Addiscombe: the Charteris—Heavy depression.

"Came to pass." "A poor Italian painter, protégé of Mazzini's, living in some back street of Chelsea, had by ill luck set his chimney on fire; but, by superhuman efforts, to escape the penalty, got it quenched in time. Still, in time, as he hoped; 'when,' said Mazzini, reporting in Mazzini English, 'there came to pass a sweep' who smelt the soot of him, and extorted from him still a guinea of hush-money—the greedy knave." (T. C. in L.M. i. 278.)

5, Cheyne Row. Wednesday (22nd April, 1846).

DEAREST BABBIE,

You are saying to yourself with as much of a sarcastic smile as your good little face is capable of; that I must have been full of occupation indeed, if this be the "first possible hour" for writing that has come to me. I do not however take my stand on a position so little tenable—several hours or at least quarters of hours "came to pass" (like Mazzini's sweep) during my last week at Addiscombe in which I might have written to an indulgent Babbie—but only with a mind all churned into froth, and since Monday evening that I have been here again in my own quiet establishment, I have purposely put off, that my letter might get double welcome by reaching you on your Birthday—good luck to it (the Birthday) my dear Babbie! and may the "good resolutions" which are sure to come up in you on its advent not go altogether to

the paving of the Place that is nameless! but some little fraction of them go to the building of a tight little wind-andweather-proof house for the Babbie's soul to live in long and happily. And here is a piece of Lady's work-of all things in the world—to remind you that "all is vanity"—I confess I do not see much other use it is for; but it is very beautiful; is it not? Is it the fruit of my intercourse with fine people? -have I at last taken into this sort of thing? Thanks God! No !-I did not work a stitch of it-and yet you may regard it as the proof of my active virtue or virtuous activity which vou like—for it was the reward sent by the Gräfin von Reichenbach for my kindnesses to her Brother! *-which Brother, by the way, is again entirely distracted—and what is some comfort -his insanity has now taken a form which greatly diminishes one's interest in him—the form, namely oft botomless vanity. The day before I went to Addiscombe-a gentleman with whom we were dining at Lord Ashburton's mentioned as the news of the day that a young Prussian-Plattnauer by name, had just been forcing his way into Buckingham Palace and when laid hold of, and asked his business by Lord Somebody, had said "the Queen was just going to be confined and had sent for him!" The Police had to be called in to remove him and he was carried away to the Marlborough Station House. I looked in all the newspapers for some days to see the issue of the business—to strike into it practically with the prospect of figuring in Police-reports was more than human friendship felt up to—besides the Government takes excellent care of the insane destitute however it may leave the sane to shift for themselves, only they must seem to have no friendsotherwise the Government washes its hands of them. So that, unless I meant to take the charge of him again myself, I was doing best for his interest in leaving him in the hands into which he had fallen. Somebody however must I suppose have interfered for the case did not appear in the newspapers. A week ago Mr. Fleming met him on the street "looking extremely ill and dreadfully dirty—his hat broken in the brim—he said he had just come from Paris the day before, for the purpose

^{*} Plattnauer.

of superseding Peel and that he was to return to Paris next day to settle Poland "! A Lady of his friends writes to me that she had had a letter from him wanting money to carry on his political affairs in which he stated that "during the preceding week he had been in several Asylums and Prisons in France." I doubt however if he has ever been out of London—probably in some Public Asylum here—and dreaming all his travels. Fortunately for me I provoked him so much the last day he was here by putting down his pretensions that he went away in great wrath—and is not I think likely to come near me while this fit lasts.

My visit to Addiscombe went off quite well. Her Ladyship was as usual without caprices or any sort of questionabilities for me. Carlyle came every Saturday and staid till Monday -Charles Buller and Mr. Baring did the same-and besides there were other incidental visitors—on the other days Lady Harriet and I were tête-à-tête-but for ten days at the endthe Easter Holydays-the house was quite full. It was very interesting to me to make acquaintance there with a young Grandee from my own East Lothian-Mr. Charteris *--prospective Earl of Wemyss-he has the beautifulest young creature for wife I ever set my eyes on-and as good seemingly as beautiful. I took quite a liking to the pair, and it seemed to be reciprocal for Mr. Charteris painted a picture of me!! and Lady Anne promised to come and see me so soon as she had finished Zoe which I lent her—so my aristocratic connexion goes on extending itself. Ach Gott! if I had not such an eternal hundredweight of leaden thoughts on my heart I might live pleasantly as other people do, but once for all, life is not pleasant for me and the best I see in it is that it does not last very long. Ever your loving Cousin.

* Francis, afterwards Lord Elcho and Earl of Wemyss; married, 1843 Anna Frederica, daughter of 1st Earl of Lichfield (born 1818, died 1914).

115. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Death of Mr. Liddle—Thoughts on dying young—Escape from suffering and disillusion—Conceals her own feelings—Is congratulated on perpetual cheerfulness by Mrs. Macready—Her talents are deserting her—Plattnauer's escapades: is in Paris—Has become a bore as well as dangerous.

Tuesday (19th May, 1846).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Few deaths could have surprised me more than Mr. Liddle's; he had so little the look of one born to die young! I can well believe that all who were in habits of intimacy with him will long mourn the loss of such a cheerful kindly soul. For me, I am got to that with it now, that I can no longer feel sorry for the one who dies but only for the friends he leaves behind to miss him-one escapes so much suffering by dying young !-- all the good one could possibly have enjoyed in longer life is not it seems to me to be put in the balance against the evil which one must necessarily have suffered, surviving one after another of all one loved—one after another of all one's beautiful illusions and even most reasonable hopes, surviving in short one's original self! You cannot understand yet how life may grow to look no such blessing—even for those who have no claim to be considered exceptionally unfortunate—long may it be before you feel this as I do! it is a weary, dreary feeling, almost making one regret the feelings of acute sorrow out of which it grows. And yet it is well to be prepared for it—that one may have it in as gentle a degree as possible by beginning early to pitch one's hopes from the world rather low—and by laying in as many good thoughts and good actions as one possibly can to look back upon for comfort, when one ceases to feel any comfort in looking forward. I have not got into a Socinian zeal for the "pleasures of a good conscience" tho' the foregoing sentence might lead you to that idea. I do not pretend to know by experience what the "pleasures of a good conscience" may really be-but I fancy them like all other pleasures that I have experience of, a feeble refuge against the pressure of existence as it hardens gradually into old age-stript of all its early poetical illusions—but without any Socinian self-conceit.

per fried

I may say to you of my own knowledge that the natural sadness of the latter part of one's life may be cruelly embittered by the reflection that one's best years, which might perhaps have produced something good have been suffered to run to waste, fertile only of tares and nettles!—But enough of moralizing.

I have not been well—as Mrs. Paulet said—but not more ill than when Mrs. Paulet spread such fine news of my improved looks !- People must talk-about other people's looks and much else that comes readiest—but what they say for talking's sake is not worth a minute's recollection. Ach Gott! how little even those who like one. divine of one's actual stateunless one put oneself into words and hardly even then can the generality of one's friends tell whether one is glad or sorrowful -feeling pain or pleasure! I called at the Macreadys' the other day-in a humour that a person under sentence of death need hardly have envied. For days and weeks a cheerful feeling had not been in my mind-but of course one does not make calls to show oneself as a spectacle of woe. I talked talked-about the feats of Carlyle's horse &c .-- and they laughed till their tears ran down. I could not laugh-but no matter-perhaps my own gravity made the things I was saying only more amusing by contrast. By and by Mrs. Macready who is in the family-way began to talk of the dreadful "depression of spirits" she occasionally laboured under. "Ah said I, everyone I suppose has their own fits of depression to bear up against if the truth were told." "Do you say so?" said Miss Macready. "Oh no surely! some people are never out of spirits-yourself for example, I really believe you do not know what it is to be ever sad for a minute!!! one never sees you that you do not keep one in fits of laughter!" I made no answer-but congratulated myself on having played my part so well. I wish I could find some hard work I could do-and saw any sense in doing. If I do not soon it will be the worse for me.

Meanwhile all around me goes on as usual—C. is just getting done with his work—speculating about "where to go." The usual people come about; but seldomer I think—seeing that I am less disposed to amuse them—new people come—

but I have lost my talent for "swearing everlasting friendships."

All my talents seem to be going one after another.

Did I ever tell you that Plattnauer had gone quite mad again—committed follies rather dangerous—for her Sacred Majesty the Queen—and finally been obliged to leave the country. I hear he is in Paris—still at large, the very man for actually shooting Louis Philippe!—God grant he may not come back here anyhow—he had become really dangerous and what I considered worse to tolerate—a dreadful bore from his fatuous vanity.

God bless thee Babbie, love me while you can.

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

Kind regards to Walter.

116. To Helen Welsh

The burdens of High Life—Lady Harriet a perfect ornament to Society—In the valley of the shadow of Cromwell—A threatened move—Babbie's dawdling courtship—Lady Harriet's acts of affection—Character of Mrs. Paulet—Geraldine's proofs—Miss Bölte's "new ideas" from Germany.

Friday (26th June, 1846).

DEAREST HELEN,

I would have answered your letter in the enthusiasm of the moment if the moment had not been needed for more practical purposes. There was much to be put straight on my return morally as well as materially, and I had not even my normal amount of force either moral or material to bring to the work: for the excitement of a houseful of the most exciting and excited people during the last ten days had been a prodigious overbalance to the "pure air" and other advantages of Addiscombe. The more I see of aristocratic life, the more I wonder how people with the same system of nerves as oneself, and with the same human needs, can keep themselves alive in it—and sane! Lady Harriet especially, who is the woman of largest intellect I have ever seen—how she can reconcile herself to a life which is after all a mere dramatic representation, however successful, fills me with astonishment and a certain sorrow.

But like the pigs they "are used to it," and nobody, I fancy, knows till he try how difficult it is to tear himself loose from the network of Lilliputian pack-threads in which our nobility grow up from their earliest days. A poor woman has enough of serious occupation cut out for her by the nature of things -sometimes more than is good for her-and therein lies her grievance—we in our sphere have also something given us to do-how far it may suit our taste is another question and a secondary one—we see at least how our activity may be turned to account better or worse. But a great Lady-should she take a notion to wrap herself in a blanket and go to sleep like Beauty for a hundred years; what would stand still that needs to go forwards? Only herself! And should she take the better notion to put away Great-Lady-things and lead a rational useful life, how is she to set about it? How extricate herself from the imposed do-nothingism of her position? As Lady Harriet herself once said to me "one would have to begin by quarrelling with all one's husband's relations and one's own " -a beginning that one may be excused for finding rather questionable !-No! it is not easy for a Great Lady in these days to be anything but "an ornament to Society in every direction," and that her Ladyship succeeds in being-to perfection! The old illustration of the camel passing thro' the eye of a needle still holds good. Let those who are not in the camel's shoes, among whom are you and I-be thankfultho' cooks may sometimes give one a deal of trouble-and holed stockings may accumulate into a small Ben Lomond while one is away on a visit-and other the like nuisances render one's career of household activity often enough anything but a pleasurable one !- Now, what has tempted me into this moral-essay style, I have not the slightest conception !-When I sat down to write I did not feel at all preachingly disposed. But I am in the habit of letting my pen go its own way, and this is the way it has gone.

The Cromwell-turmoil is again subsiding and the second edition will be out in a few weeks. "Thanks God!" and now I hope we shall really be done with that man! if he had been my husband's own Father he could not have gone thro' more

hardship for him! We have lived "in the valley of the shadow" of Cromwell now, as of Death, for some three years. But everything comes to an end if one have patience. What is to come next Heaven knows. We have been enquiring all about for houses in the country—without, it seems to me, much chance or even much intention of a practical result. Sometimes—in desperately bilious days Carlyle speaks of returning to Scotland and living there" in seclusion for his few remaining years." I do not look for much practical result to that idea either. Still this perpetual talk of moving takes away all one's pleasure (such as it was) in Chelsea—I feel myself no longer in a home but in a tent to be struck any day that the commanding officer is sufficiently bilious.

When the warm weather comes and it is coming fast—the present restlessness will mount into a crisis of some sort—a journey somewhere. But as yet I do not see a fortnight before

my nose. . . .

What is Jeanie about with Andrew Chrystal? I do not like these dawdling courtships at all-in the Laird of Noloss's phraseology "they are a great off-put of time." If people do not know what they would be at in love they may depend on it what they call love is no authentic love or it would tell them. The most important thing that has happened to me since my return has been the gift of a splendid Indian scarf (from Lady Harriet) almost "too splendid for anything." But I was greatly pleased with it because of its being the facsimile of one she had got for herself. She rails at sentiment and never puts any into her words, but it peeps out often enough in her actions. She would not put an affectionate sentence in her letters for the world but she will put violets-leaves of the flowers one likes -sometimes sends me envelopes by post containing nothing else!! What a contrast I often think betwixt that woman and Geraldine! the opposite poles of woman-nature! . . .

Ever your own,

JANE CARLYLE.

(26/6/46.)

[Half page torn off.]

Bölte is returned from Germany all agog with something that she calls "the new ideas"—above all quite rabid against marriage. Varnhagen, Bettina, all the Thinkers of Germany she says have arrived at the conclusion that marriage is a highly immoral Institution as well as a dreadfully disagreeable one—and that the only possible . . . [incomplete.]

117. To Helen Welsh (a Fragment)

Geraldine helpful.

In the summer of 1846, Mrs. Carlyle's long-continued ill health appears to have reached a critical point with a nervous breakdown. On July 4 she went to seek quiet with Mrs. Paulet at Seaforth, where Carlyle joined her from July 23 to August 6, on the way to Scotland and Ireland. Then she went to stay with Miss Jewsbury, returning to the Welshes at Liverpool until she went home in September. unequal to joining Carlyle in the short Scotch trip with the Barings, which followed his visit to Scotsbrig. In L.M. i. 370 her husband exclaims of her "ill spirits, ill health," he himself having left for Scotsbrig, Ireland and Liverpool "sorrowfully enough, but not guessing at all how ill she was. She had gone to Geraldine's quiet place in Manchester, rather as in duty bound than with much hope of solacement or even of greater quietude there; both of which, however, she found, so beautiful was Geraldine's affectionate skill with her, delicacy, silent sympathy and unwearied assiduity (coming by surprise too) for which she never forgot Geraldine."

This is borne out by the present letters, however briefly they tell of her stay in Manchester, which lasted two weeks instead of two days. (Cf. N.L. i. 209.) Thereafter Geraldine ranked high among her friends, although a further outbreak of jealous sulks is recorded in May, 1847 (N.L. i. 227), besides her "want of common sense in her new book," January, 1848

(N.L. i. 238 and 242).

Manchester. (16th August, 1846.)

My DEAR HELEN,

I "find myself in a new position," not knowing my own mind!-so much has Manchester fascinated me! I am not going to-morrow either-Geraldine arranged a pleasure excursion for me to-morrow to the house of Bamford " The Radical"* and my love of punctuality was not equal to putting a veto on it, and then for Thursday the Brother Tom settled that I was to be shown a foundry and a ware-room. In fact the pains taken to keep me and amuse me is something that exceeds my comprehension, considering how little I feel myself capable of making what William Gibson would call "an adequate return." I am certainly, however, much better since I came here, so their virtue has had its reward in one way. I will never more think of Geraldine as an unpractical womanthe practical good she has done me since I came under her roof is something to be grateful for as long as I live. I mean to go on Wednesday but she entreats me not to say this in my note to-day; but merely that I will write again before . . .

118. To Helen Welsh

Geraldine a real help in suffering—The Scotch expedition will not restore health—Home best.

Wednesday (probably 19th Aug., 1846).

DEAREST HELEN,

Geraldine will not hear of my going to-morrow, nor do I feel, myself, in any desperate haste to leave her. This noiseless, well-ordered little house of hers—the very pink of Martha-Tidyism—is so calming-down after Seaforth and herself so good and quiet and sensible! I should like to see the perfectly rational proper Mrs. Ellis of a woman that could have managed as well with me as this poor little authoress of a questionable Zoe has done in these days. People who are at

^{*} Samuel Bamford (1788-1872) the weaver-poet, "a fine sturdy old fellow," tried to relieve the workers from trade oppression, but without violence, and was imprisoned for his pacific share in the Peterloo meeting. Mrs. Carlyle appreciated his recent book, "Passages in the Life of a Radical." See p. 98.

ease in Zion—I myself when I have been so to a certain extent
—may have found Geraldine very teazing and absurd—but
let one be ill—suffering—especially morbidly suffering—and
then one knows what Geraldine is! All the intelligent sympathy and real practical good that lies in her!

1846]

I shall return on Monday and beyond that I have no certain purpose. The Scotch expedition grows to look more difficult for me every day—and the wisdom of squandering a quantity of money and bodily fatigue on it more doubtful. If I were sure of having my health mended by it I should think that to be attained at all costs and risks—but I am sure of no such thing—and think sometimes that my own house at Chelsea were by far the fittest and safest place for me in my present state. I shall get to some conclusion before many days are over—and this much is certain that I shall be with you in Maryland Street on Monday—God willing.

Love to them all and to Isabella.

Ever your affectionate,

JANE CARLYLE.

119. To Helen Welsh

Depressed state after returning from Manchester visit—The sort of woman Carlyle should have married—Stimulates the moral as well as the physical circulation—Helen Mitchell leaves to join her brother.

After two years, Helen Mitchell's arrangement with her brother terminated ingloriously. Then, as her admirable successor, Anne Brown, was leaving to get married, she begged to be taken back, but returned only to relapse into drunken ways. See Letters 150, 156.

Tuesday (Sept., 1846).

DEAREST HELEN,

Two letters for one is a windfall that never came to me out of Maryland Street before—and claiming double thanks—for the *novelty* of the thing as well as for its *generosity*. I would have written sooner if I had had anything *pleasant* to say: but to tell you that I was down at *Zero* again, seemed a

thing there was no haste about communicating.\ I came home wearied and gloomy—with no work to fall to—nothing to do but ray out darkness on all my human attempts at occupation or amusement-and these alas! are never so energetic nowa-days that they should make any long stand against that sort of thing. C. should have had "a strong-minded woman" for wife, with a perfectly sound liver, plenty of solid fat, and mirth and good-humour world without end-men do best with their opposites. I am too like himself in some thingsespecially as to the state of our livers, and so we aggravate one another's tendencies to despair! But there is no altering of all that now-nothing to be done but make the best of it-which I candidly confess I am far from doing. I do try however to the best of my humble ability—and having found small profit hitherto in mending and tinkering at my soul, I am for the moment modestly directing my faculties to the repairing of my body-trusting that the soul may be ultimately reached thro' that outwork. Every morning I take the shower-bathquite cold and three pailfuls of it! The shock is indescribable! and whether it strengthens or shatters me I have not yet made up my mind! but at all events when I have taken it, I feel to have accomplished a very decided act of volitionand that makes my moral blood circulate a little; however it may be with the physical! then I eat all that ever I can and drink bottled porter-not so good as yours by any means-but tolerable—and I walk as if the Devil were in me—and so, I fancy he is-six and seven miles in the day on an average! I also try, to be neither solitary nor idle—which old Burton recommends as the grand cure of "melancholy." Still I must not put too much reliance on these laudable efforts. Whenever one gets into the self-complacent idea of being able to put down Destiny by one's own Deserving-then, if ever, is one sure of being "made to eat dirt!"-more of it than one has the power of digesting.

I was wondering one day what effect a great practical misfortune would have on me—for instance being burnt out of house and home and reduced to work for my bread! and twenty four hours after Providence kindly gave promise of

gratifying my curiosity—in a small way—prepared as pretty a little practical misfortune for me as one could have imagined.

Helen came with tears in her eyes and smiles on her lips to tell me she was going away! Never could such news have found me less prepared for it-or less disposed. Her conduct has been so exemplary of late that, I saw no more danger of needing to put her away, and her attachment to me seeming greater than ever, and her matrimonial chances none to speak of, I had no apprehension of her going of her own accord. But Helen also, insignificant as she looks, has a Destiny !-- is liable to great Events !-- and what is most extraordinary of all, is going to be an exceptional instance of virtue really getting its own reward! At least one hopes so !-A Brother in Dublin-a pushing sort of fellow-has got into trade on his own basis-manufactures coach-fringe for which there is immense consumption at present on the Railways-and so well has he prospered (by his own showing) that he has now three hundred girls in his employment-a genteel house and plenty to keep it with! Himself however (for I saw him the other night) remaining a particularly un-genteel man. He never did anything for Helen hitherto beyond calling on her for a quarter of an hour when his business brought him to London never gave her to the value of a farthing in his life—tho' sometimes asking her if she would like that he brought her a poplin gown!! "Don't you wish you may get it!" Now however he is seized with a sudden fit of brotherly love and invites her "to come and be his housekeeper and mistress" and she has of course accepted at the first word. I wish it may end well for her—the man looks to me a flustering incredible sort of man and very selfish with the two black eyes set close together in his head! His conduct hitherto has been so unbrotherly!that I cannot help fancying he merely wants a good servant in Helen on his own terms. Then he may marry shortly and turn her adrift—" tho' he does promise in that case to settle a handsome provision on her," but will he?-On the whole I wish for her own sake that Helen had taken a little time to investigate and reflect. It is not I, however, who having a manifest interest in retaining her can urge prudence with any effect. So go she must and take her chance. "Poor thing," says C. "perhaps she may get married to some decent man in Dublin and become mother of a mighty Nation" —the last part of the possibility I should think in the highest degree improbable!... It will be a while anyhow before another can suit me as well as this one who has been with me ten or eleven years—but as John Carlyle says "there is no use in rebelling against Providence." You may believe I am rather unsettled for the moment. Nor do I know more of our own plans than when I left you. Lady Harriet is not returned and nothing has been said about Alverstoke. But all will arrange itself by and by better or worse—and some time within winter or spring you will come and help to cheer me up. . . .

120. To Helen Welsh †

Helen's promptitude in action—Margaret scalded—Mrs. Anthony Sterling's jealous monomania—Another similar case—Carlyle's chaff of her "profligate life."

Tuesday.

DEAREST HELEN,

If your letter had not been so long or so amusing, if it had been in fact less " creditable to your head and hort "; the chances are it would have been answered sooner. I should have flashed you off a few lines "at the earliest opportunity" -but being a meritorious letter, I wished as poor William Gibson used to phrase it, "to make a suitable return"—and for that, one has to await the "convenient season." Thus you see, my dear young lady, there is always "something very particular" occurring "here down" (che che) to prevent virtue having its "own reward"! There is one touch in your letter which has filled me with genuine admiration. You were not at all aware I daresay (for merit is ever unconscious) when you historically mentioned the fact; of the importance I was likely to attach to it, and the favourable inferences I should draw from it respecting the general state of your soul. You said that on being told how Margaret had poured boiling soup " all over her " you ran for cotton, and then down stairs etc., etc. Now that is what I call having one's wits about one, that is

^{*} A Carlyle family saying.
† This undated letter, formerly assigned to 1846, should probably precede No. 67 (p. 174).

really being a useful member of society. There is not one of a hundred young Ladies who would have run for cotton FIRST, who would not have run to see the state of the accident firstand so lost time which is always precious but never so precious as in cases of burning. I make you my compliments on your calm ready helpfulness my gentle cousin-it would be well if there were more of that sort of helpfulness circulating in this fussy little world. And when I meet with an accident-"happen a misfortune" as my first London servant used to say-I hope you may be at hand to help me-you-with your " little cry and much wool!"

If I had not been very busy in these weeks, I really think I should have been tempted to send for sixpenny-worth of Arsenic-and put myself out of pain. Everlasting rainthe air a solution of soot—the universe one abominable " clart " -no possibility of taking outdoors exercise, and no faculty of sleeping without it-and everybody that comes in, sworn (one might think) in a general conspiracy, to tell one something tragical or disagreeable. I really do think sometimes that a sort of things occur to ME which occur to no one else, at least they occur with a frequency which has no parallel. There is another of my intimate acquaintances gone mad! madder than twenty March hares-and as if I must needs be mixed up with all the madness that occurs in my sphere-the idea of her monomania is, that her husband is my Lover!! The poor creature (Mrs. Anthony Sterling) has done nothingabsolutely nothing—these many years but read novels—and now I suppose we are witnessing the consummation of her futile existence! It is more than a fortnight ago, that hearing accidentally she was ill, I put on my things like a good Samaritan, and went off in the rain, to see whether I could be of any help. The servants looked strange at me—the Master looked strange the whole house had an atmosphere of strangeness, which puzzled my unsuspecting mind. Anthony shut the door of the Library cautiously on himself and me-and then told me his wife was "out of her wits simply and shortly." "Good gracious!" I asked, "do you seriously mean that she is gone mad?" "Yes," said he-" she is at present in a decided state of monomania—which the Drs. say the slightest contradiction may drive into Hysterical-phrenzy." "Monomania?" said I, "and what is her particular idea?" "Her 'particular idea," said Anthony with all the military composure in the world, "is, that I have fallen in love with you—that you are a dreadful person and that I ruin myself in making you presents!" Actually the poor wretch was raving one day about his (Anthony's) having given me my new dining room carpet and new piano—" She was sure it was he!!!" And all these base visions growing out of the one poor little fact of her husband's having once given me a crockery jug!! You may fancy if I sat very comfortable in my chair after this revelation. He offered me wine, which I declined tho' really needing it—as I also declined his offer to send the carriage home with me; tho' I should have been the better of that too-in short I conducted myself like an angel of discretion and came away with all despatch—but MY discretion never succeeds, the unhappy woman was told by one of John's children that I had been there, and forthwith fell into the phrenzy which the Drs. apprehended. For several days the poor Husband's state was truly pitiable he could not leave her room a moment without her shrieking out that he was "going to walk with Mrs. Carlyle"-and flinging the poker all about. At last she suddenly took a violent dislike to him and would not suffer his presence, which was so far good. . . . Anthony tells me this jealousy has been an affair of some standing—tho' neither of us can recall a single circumstance that could have given a rational or even irrational ground for it. . . . Happily I never liked her much, so that I can bear her misfortune like a Christian—and her madness is of such a very repulsive sort that one cannot feel any tender sympathy with it. . . .

Curiously enough—another married lady of my acquaintance—not mad—has just at this moment—misfortunes never coming single—taken up a rabid jealousy of poor innocent me! Has done such absurd things in evidence thereof and made her husband do such absurd things that even Carlyle "has no longer a doubt of it." He, Carlyle, is making himself very merry at what he calls "the judgement come upon me" and calls me

oftener than "Jane" or "my Dear" "Destroyer of the peace of families!" This morning as I was sitting very half-awake over my coffee, he suddenly exclaimed—"just to look at you there, looking as if butter would not melt in your mouth, and think of the profligate life you lead!" As John Carlyle would say "it is very absurd."

He-John Carlyle-is expected to arrive here this evening-

God's will be done! . . .

And now with kisses world without end to all and several —I bid you adieu.

Your affectionate cousin,

JANE CARLYLE.

Send this letter on to Babbie. She has not had many lately—nor long ones—and I forgot to tell her of Mrs. Anthony Sterling.

121. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Unhomeliness of life at the Grange—Her false position there, only appreciated by Carlyle—Lady Harriet is kind in her own way—New feelings drive out all native shyness—The place and the people—Family prayers: not attended by Mrs. Carlyle, Rogers, or Lady Harriet—Lady Bath.

Old Rogers is the poet, famous also for his breakfast parties. Mr. Byng—the man of fashion, nicknamed "Poodle," who was so shocked at discovering that the second Lady Ashburton had a woman cook instead of a chef. (N.L. ii. 258.)

Whether the "false position" in which Mrs. Carlyle finds herself refers to the incongruity of her frivolous surroundings or to the beginnings of her idée fixe about Lady Harriet Baring, is uncertain. Certain it is that her physical health was "very feeble," as T. C. says in L.M.i. 391. Returning home she was prostrated by the domestic hurly-burly caused by the new servant from Edinburgh, Isabella. Old Betty of Haddington had recommended her—as being of perfect Free Kirk orthodoxy. But if grace abounded, work did not, and she earned the title of Pessima. In the unhappy three weeks between her departure and the coming of the faithful Anne Brown, who stayed till her marriage two years later, Mrs. Carlyle was a wreck, mostly keeping her bed. Fortunately Helen Welsh had come on a visit (see next letter) and helped to smooth out things.

The Grange, Friday (30th Oct., 1846).

DEAREST BABBIE,

I have no prospect of being able to write you a deliberate letter even at this late date. Tho', for the moment, I have not a room merely but a suite of rooms all to myself, where no one may come to molest me-still my soul is in a state of hurry-scurry which makes deliberate writing quite impossible. The very look of this bedroom with its immense dimensions, its vaulted and carved ceiling, its princely magnificence of every sort makes me ill at ease—I feel to have got out of my latitude—as much as if I were hanging on to the horns of the moon! and then the recollection of all the idle restless people under the same roof with me-whose idleness and restlessness is so contagious! In fact this is "a country house" with a vengeance! and I do not find that my Destiny has done amiss in casting my lot amongst "the poorer orders." We are here professedly on a visit to the Ashburtons—virtually, at least so far as C. is concerned, on a visit to Lady Harrietand besides Lady Harriet and Mr. Baring, there are some dozen visitors, the Marchioness of Bath, Lord Ashburton's eldest daughter, with two tiny ladyships and their French governess-Old Rogers-an Honble. Mr. Byng-a beautiful Miss Dalton—a rich Mr. Portal etc., etc. In all my life I never drew my breath in such a racket! Some of the People go to-morrow and then others will come. It is the ruling Principle of the Host and Hostess to keep the house always full. We shall remain till the end of next week and by that time I shall have had enough of it I fancy. The Ashburtons one and all of them are excellent people-very homely-and very kind—they make me as much at home as it is possible for a fish to be in the air. Lady H. also continues kind to me after her fashion. But, as you can easily conceive, I feel myself in a false position—and find it very difficult to guide myself in it. I have always however the consolation of feeling quite sure that nobody knows nor can divine my difficulties except C .who since I make no noise about them is bound to recognise them with respectful toleration. "One fire," they say, "drives out another!" or (another version of it) "one devil drives out another "-and that at least is something to be thankful for! My natural shyness and over-modesty (of which I have a great deal, tho' neither you nor anyone else perhaps ever found it out) has entirely given place to more powerful feelings-so that I have no more care than a cat about things that would have fussed me once on a time. I used to be apprehensive that my toilette might look defective, that my manner might look gauche-that my speech might sound flat-amongst sumptuous, self-possessed, brilliant people. Now I am so entirely absorbed in thoughts far away from all outward appearances that if I had been brought up at court all the days of my life I could not feel more perfectly regardless on these

points

But it were more amusing for you to hear something of the Place and People than of my feelings towards them. The Place is like, not one, but a conglomeration of Greek Temples set down in a magnificent wooded Park some five miles in length. The inside is magnificent to death—the ceilings all painted in fresco-some dozen public rooms on the ground floor all hung with magnificent paintings—and fitted up like rooms in an Arabian night's entertainment—but the finest part of it is the entrance hall and staircases—which present a view of columns, frescos and carved wood and Turkey carpet-that one might guess at a quarter of a mile long! In the Hall which indeed resembles a church Lord A. reads prayers every morning to a numerous congregation consisting of men and womenservants ranged on opposite sides and his own wife and daughters kneeling beside him. The effect as seen from the gallery above is very pretty!! but I did not meddle with it personally further than looking over the balustrade-and I saw old Rogers this morning doing the same. They are very good in the religious sense of the word—the whole family of them-except of course Lady Harriet-who goes on nothing of that sort—but they are not bigotted and let one hold one's own opinions. They have had their own trials poor peoplea favourite daughter the beauty and genius of the family—when grown to womanhood was burnt to death in Italy some years ago-and the Marquis of Bath drank himself to death-this poor Lady now here . . . has still such a suffering patient look! And this morning she was maintaining against me the Beauty and holiness of marriage even in these days!!! Every mortal woman I fancy is born to be made miserable thro' one cause or other. And with this moral reflection I will conclude. Ever your affectionate.

J. C.

122. To Helen Welsh

An invitation to Chelsea—Visits to Lady Harriet—Helen leaving.

(7th November, 1846.)

DEAREST HELEN,

I am just returned from the Grange-that is one good job over-and I may calculate now on being let alone till after Christmas-so I write to urge with all solemnity that you should immediately fling some clothes into a trunk and come off to me. The programme is that after Christmas we shall go for a month to Bay House where we were the last year. So the Lady Harriet wills at present—and her Ladyship's will is become the law of this house !- even her whims are as imperative as the ten commandments! In March she will be at Addiscombe-only twelve miles from here-and if she wish us to amuse her ennui there also, of course, it will be so arranged-then in April what Darwin calls "the 5 Chevne-Row-spring-fever" begins-frantic speculations about where to go-etc. etc. So that it seems to me on the whole, there is no time so good as the present. We have six clear weeks till Christmas—if you start immediately you may have a tolerable view of London in that time. So let me have a letter by return of post to say what day you will be here—the journey is the simplest thing in nature—nothing in the shape of escort need be waited for. You have only to bid a Policeman at the station get you a cab-(meeting people is impossible in Euston Square) and you will be fetched safe here without a word spoken. I am too much occupied with the prospect of seeing you to enter into any detail of my visit-it was grand to Death!people with eighty thousand a year can afford to do things in style. I will tell you things that will amuse you when we meet. Helen does not go till the 20th when I expect a new woman from Edin.—but the change will not put you about—who are used to changes. Say to my uncle that I bought with his five pounds a beautiful plaid shawl, boa and fur cuffs—a whole equipment for winter!

Ever your affectionate I. CARLYLE.

123. To Helen Welsh

Belated Christmas correspondence and its surprises—Carlyle evades her prohibition of New Year's gifts.

Carlyle's "kind and considerate motive" for now giving his wife birthday and New Year presents was to fill the gap left by the death of her Mother, who had always sent presents on those anniversaries. The pathetic remembrances they awakened sometimes made her weep over her husband's gifts. (L.M. i. 150.)

Friday (1st Jan., 1847).

DEAREST HELEN,

Your kind letter and gift along with a packet from Babbie were brought up to me in bed yesterday morning with my breakfast—at an hour when there is no post from either Liverpool or Scotland! To-day I have ascertained the meaning—your's had been missent to Camberwell! and, the postmen having half a holiday on Christmas, Babbie's packet having arrived by the afternoon post was not delivered till the following morning. Provoking enough that my dear little cousins should have been thus hindered in their good thought to enliven my Christmas day—but so far as myself was concerned I am not sure that I was not a gainer by having the pleasure arrive so "promiscuously." Kindness is kindness on the 26th of December all the same as on the 25th, and at that unusual hour of the morning it came with the additional charm of a most complete surprise. . . .

I had another surprise—very great—on the Christmas day—almost "too great for anything" in fact. You know I daresay Carlyle's sacred horror of shopping. To such an extent had he brought it, that he could never be induced to order even his own coats and trowsers at the tailor's until

three or four years ago, that having sent me to get him a coat; I ordered one sky blue with yellow buttons which made him "an ornament to Society in every direction"-and quite shook his faith in my judgement (he told me) "So far as the dressing of him was concerned." You may imagine then what a thing it must be for a man thus puzzled to buy his own indispensables when he has not only to buy but devise a present for someone. Accordingly he never dreamt of making me presents till in these last three years that a most kind and considerate motive has induced him to give me something on birthdays and new years' days-but the pleasure of receiving his little gifts is always spoiled for me by thinking of the plague he must have had in realizing them-with such a habit of mind! So I asked him the other day to promise that he would do what I asked without knowing what it was-on assurance that the thing was easy and rational-and then when he had promised-I told him he was not to give me anything on new year's day! He laughed very much and repeated that he would not. But to reconcile his promise with his wish to show his kindness-what does he do but sally forth and buy me a present for Christmas, and in a fit of audacity almost incredible the thing he chose to buy was-a cloak !-- a woman's cloak !-and when he came in on Christmas morning to ask how I was he cunningly slipt it down on the chair at the bottom of my bed where I first noticed it when I was putting on my clothes at midday. It happened that just at that moment I was thinking of the warm dressing gown which used to be sent him every Christmas by her-and all the flannel petticoats and night-caps and thoughtful things of her own making for myself; my heart was full of sorrow-and just then I saw on the chair what seemed a new dressing-gown-like the former ones—there was something perfectly bewildering in the vision. I stood staring at the thing uncertain if I was going mad and merely fancying to see it, at last in a sort of desperation I laid hold of it and found it was a woman's cloak-and then I understood the whole matter-but I was made horribly sad and nervous by it for the whole day. Poor Carlyle! his gift deserved to have excited gladder feelings-however I did my best to look glad over it before him—and he was much consoled by my assurance that it could be worn. He had bought it "by gas light" he said and "felt quite desperate about it when he saw it in the morning." But it is a wonderful cloak for him to have bought—warm, and not very ugly—and a good shape—only entirely unsuitable to the rest of my habiliments! being a brownish colour with orange spots and a brown velvet collar!!

But oh the head of me does ache to-day. So I must have

done. Love and kisses.

124. To Helen Welsh

To Bay House despite illness—Lady Harriet's consideration—Length of stay—Lady H. gives up German—Her parrot: the "green chimera"—Her cleverness: even manages Mrs. C.—Lady Ann Charteris—Alternation of splendour and squalor—Leaves the mind in its even tenor.

Honble. W. B. Baring,
Bay House,
Alverstoke, Hants.

Wednesday (20th or 27th Jan., 1847).

DEAREST HELEN,

Here I am then-not dead-nor dying-just yet. On the whole better every way than I had room to expect. My nervousness at starting was "rather exquisite." Everybody had taken such solemn leave of me that I felt much as tho' getting into a fly for the purpose of going to be executed. Then the feeling of a bonnet on my head etc., etc., all that was so new to me-and the thought of what would become of me if I arrived unable to keep up appearances and the thought-worst of all alas !-- how things would go on in another department ! But all has gone better than I expected. My black blanket coat-cloak-with the woolen jacket under it effectually kept all cold from my body and my respirator hindered any from entering in. In fact before I had been half an hour on the railway-what with the movement and what with being worn out by the violence of my emotions I fell fast asleep and slept to the station!! I who could not sleep like a Christian in my own comfortable red bed!

I arrived here hardly so tired as I have been on getting up from the sofa of late weeks to make tea.

Lady H. received me most kindly with a certain recognition of my weak state—hardly to have been hoped from her. She actually ordered me some hot soup—before dinner—and had assigned me the largest bedroom this time and C. my old little one. There is no soul here but herself. Lady Anne Charteris is in the neighbouring house and comes in during the heat of the day—but she is a prisoner after sunset. . . .

I do not go out here either-it feels quite as cold as in London and I have got some cold in my head, but that is nothing to cold in my left lung. Nothing could exceed Lady H's tact so far-and I feel very grateful to her-as I am not up to much agitation just now. . . . I do not know how long we shall stay, Lady H. does not mean to go to Town till the 1st of March—and "really does hope that now I am here, I will stay—and let Mr. C. go back by himself if he wishes it—he might really spare me a while for my good." She will read no German with him. "Now that her health is so improved she has no longer any pretence for giving up society-and she cannot carry on that and find time for studying languages." Moreover she has got a green parrot—to which she pays the most marked attentions even in spite of his calling it a green chimera. And the Parrot does not mind interrupting him when he is speaking—does not fear to speak thro' him (as the phrase is) and her Ladyship listens to the parrot—even when C. is saying the most sensible things! By Heaven she is the very cleverest woman I ever saw or heard of. She can do what she wills with her own-I am perfectly certain there is not a created being alive whom she could not gain within twentyfour hours after she set her mind to it. Just witness myself -how she plies me round her little finger whenever she sees I am taking a reactionary turn.

Lady Anne is a dear little soul—true to the backbone—and so beautiful! How ridiculous my life is as a whole! such shifting scenes—such incongruities—material splendour alternating with material squalor. One time unable to get a cup of tea without two or three men-servants mixing themselves with the concern—another day advertising in The Times for a maid-of-all-work—and thankful to get one who can boil a

kettle! Ach Gott! I like more "even tenor" in one's life—it requires a versatility of genius to adapt oneself to these abrupt changes—which if I have it—I should prefer not being required to use it. My mind at all events keeps in the even tenor of its way—always with more weight on it than it can well bear, always enveloped in London fog (figuratively speaking). . . .

125. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

The journey to Alverstoke—Lady Harriet a successful diplomatist.

Bay House. Thursday (28th Jan., 1847).

DEAREST BABBIE,

. . . The idea of setting out for this Place to lead the life of last winter-in my actual state of weakness-to fall ill perhaps, and be laid up in bed here! was too awful-nevertheless after several refusals I had to give in-for the Lady being all alone in the House for most part (Mr. Baring only coming down-with Charles Buller and others for the Saturdays and Sundays) she could not have C. to stay with her alone by them two selves without me-and when she gave him so to understand he made a sort of point of my going—and I was too proud to stand in the way with my sickness or anything else. So here we are! I walked straight out of my two hot rooms into a fly which deposited me at the Railway and Lady H.'s carriage met me at the end and brought me safe here. For the first two or three days I thought I had reason to congratulate myself on having caught no new cold and on having had nothing to encounter which I was not quite up to. When Lady H. likes to manage me she is always able to do so-and a greater proof of her diplomacy could not be given than the fact that she can wind me about as she pleases—even now— . . .

. . . Best write to Chelsea in any case as my letters are

forwarded from there the same day.

Ever your affectionate

126. To Helen Welsh

The bad throat and Sir J. Richardson—Neglectful attendance: a helpful footman—Dr. Christie: empty sympathy of the great—Impending visitors: Clanricardes, Buller, Lansdowne, Clarendon—A Cabinet meeting adjusted for dinner—The parrot—Lady H. appears to "play Mrs. C.'s cards for her."

Sir John Richardson, famous as Arctic explorer and naturalist, was at this time physician to Haslar Hospital, and therefore not far from Alverstoke. It was on Franklin's first Polar expedition in 1820 that he was compelled in self-defence to shoot an Iroquois voyageur, Michel, who had murdered Robert Hood, a midshipman.

Bay House. Friday night (5th Feb., 1847).

DEAREST HELEN,

. . . I had a sore bout of illness after I last wrote to you-was confined to bed several days with a feverish sore throat -so ill that Carlyle fetched Sir J. Richardson (the man who shot the Indian) to see me. If he had prescribed that I should be carried out and flung into the sea, I would not have offered the least resistance, for in my life I never felt more desolate than lying here in my exposed French bed-at the mercy of the housemaids who did not find it "in their department" to attend to sick visitors. Lady H. of course never once came near me-and it was by a sort of continual interposition of Providence that I could get a cup of tea or anything I neededone morning my breakfast was brought in and placed on my bed by one of the footmen!!! who had been entreated by C, to see after it, and who could not find any woman servant at leisure! But when I got down to the drawing room againwhich of course I did as soon as possible-nothing could be more gracious than the Lady's reception of me-and in a few days she managed by her kind manner to make me quite impute her neglect to the manners of her sphere. Thank Heaven I was not born in a sphere where it is made a point to ignore all sickness and sorrow so long as they do not touch oneself! Poor Dr. Christie! Mr. Hawes "has no more work for him" and his poor wife died last Monday-I have had the sorrowfulest letters from him. What to try next I know not. I got Lady H. to write to C. Buller about some Custom-house or other work—but C. Buller replies he is "obliged to save all his influence for his own constituents." I talked to Mr. Charteris about him till tears came into his eyes; but none of these great rich people dream of doing anything for anybody—except their "own constituents" (literally or figuratively speaking). And all that I can do is to lend or give him some money. Ah me.

We continue very quiet—Mr. Baring mostly in London. But to-morrow there will be an influx of people which will last till Monday. Certain daughters of the Marchioness of Clanricarde (very dowdy young ladies) come to lunch—then by the evening train Mr. Baring—Buller, the Marquis of Lansdowne and Earl of Clarendon. They were to "get over a Cabinet early so that they might be here to dinner"—if the nation knew how its affairs are managed! The "green chimera" continues much in C.'s way—and he meets with other little contradictions which I cannot pretend to be sorry for—I cannot make out what Lady H. is after—but to look at her one would say she was systematically playing my cards for me. Please do not read that aloud. . . .

Ever your affectionate

J. C.

127. To Helen Welsh

About to leave Bay House—Works purse for Mazzini's bazaar—Mrs. Bancroft's faux pas about Lady Palmerston's children.

Bay House, Alverstoke. Wednesday (17th Feb., 1847).

... Lady H. has been really very kind to me—and I feel extremely obliged to her in every way—as well for what she has not done as for what she has done. I do not pretend to understand her better than heretofore—but this much is quite certain that from one motive or other—systematically or involuntarily she had staved off a deal of vexation from me which might easily have attended my visit and made it very wretched.

Thanks for the silk which I have already worked up into a purse for Mazzini's Bazaar. . . . Lady Anne is working for a Scotch Bazaar and Lady Joscelin for an Irish one. Lady

Joscelin you may remember is that daughter of Lady Palmerston who had Count Giuliano for Father-and is living close by here with her Husband for sea air. Since they came she has been over almost every day-and I must tell you an absurd thing that took place. Your acquaintance Mrs. Bancroft was dining one day at the Palmerstons'-and the discourse turning on children Lady Palmerston observed that sons generally resembled the Mother much more than the Father-whereupon Mrs. Bancroft, not aware that Lady P. had been married before, and that she had professedly no children by Lord Palmerston-only two of Lord Cowper's children being Lord Palmerston's, exclaimed "Well I am quite astonished that your Ladyship does not see the most wonderful likeness in your second son to Lord Palmerston!!!" And at a party afterwards where some of the Palmerston people were the poor fool said publicly-" is it not strange that Lady P. sees no likeness in her second son to his Father?"!! Lady Harriet had been telling me this story in presence of Mr. Charteris. Well one day that Lady Joscelin was here and Mr. Charteris and Lady Anne at the same time-Lady Anne said something of being unable to get on with Bancroft's book-whereupon Charteris exclaimed to Lady H. "what was that good story you were telling me of Mrs. Bancroft?-Some dreadfully stupid thing she said somewhere?" Lady H. being right opposite to Lady Joscelin could make no sign to him-merely said confusedly "I don't remember"-and he continued insisting about it till Lady Anne took hold of his arm and gave him a dreadful pinch. Afterwards he went away and I went upstairs-and Lady Harriet sitting with only Lady Joscelin and Lady Anne fancied somehow that the strangers were gone and that she was left with Lady Anne and me-and began "I really think Frank is going mad! did you ever hear the like of that about Mrs. Bancroft?"!! and then Lady J. turning a look of inquiry on her she came to herself and had to get off the matter as she best could. . . .

God bless you all.

Ever your affectionate

128. To Jeannie Welsh

Mazzini a true friend.

Mazzini, whose letter was enclosed, had written to inquire anxiously after Uncle John Welsh.

(22nd Feb., 1847.)

My DEAREST BABBIE,

Yes Mazzini is a friend worth having-one that is always best in the hour of need. If he had heard of the illness of his mother in Italy he could not have been more anxious than he has been in these days to learn the last news from Liverpool. He has a power of identifying himself with those he loves—at least in their sorrows, which I never saw equalled.

129. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Exchange of letters—Plattnauer returned "no madder than most" says John—Praised by Carlyle—Does not mind his latent madness: a faithful friend-Mazzini and the Ashursts-Geraldine is engrossed with new friends, but will come back.

Saturday (24th April, 1847).

X

DEAREST BABBIE.

If you really desired to hear from me again, you did well to write-for, upon my honour, I had made up my wicked mind that if I at my time of life, with my miserable health, and my endless botherations was to be held to letter for letter by you, I would once for all "protest and appeal to Posterity." * When people treat me better than I deserve, I am still capable of being roused into a wish to justify their faith, but when they give me my bare due-or less-I leave them to receive their recompense from the sense of their own accurate justice. My due is so little in fact that they may keep that too if they like and I shall hardly feel myself poorer. . . .

Did I tell you ever that Plattnauer was returned to England -half a year ago? . . . He gives no signs of derangement at present; unless his almost superhuman insight and elevation can be called derangement. He comes here about once a week -or seldomer and it does me good to talk with him. He

^{* &}quot;Vous êtes des injustes," said a drunken man, whom boys were annoying; "je m'en appelle à la posterité!" (One of Cavaignac's stories.) (T. C. in L.M. i. 169.)

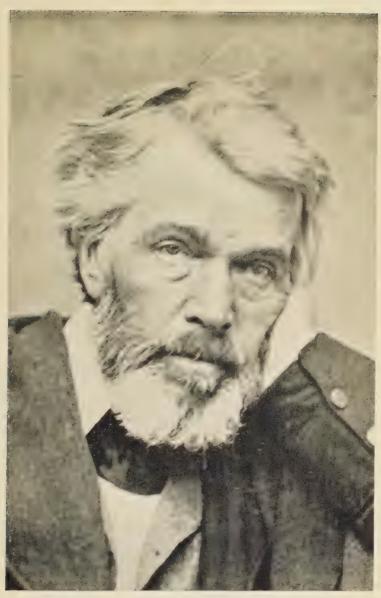
goes also a good deal to John Carlyle who has fallen into profound admiration of his character and "transcendent eloquence" and will not admit the possibility of his being still mad—hardly will he admit that he has ever been mad—"that is to say any madder than the generality of people are." Even Carlyle is greatly struck with his "earnestness" and "keen intellect." But they may all say what they like, the madness is lying in him the same as ever, only deep down—ready to burst up any day. That I know—but I also do not mind it—have got to regard his fits of insanity much as other people's fits of biliousness—or influenza. And one cannot but feel well disposed towards a man who absent or present, mad or sane, locked up or at large, never alters in his feelings towards oneself.

Mazzini is pretty well-very busy as usual with his benevolent schemes—not so solitary as he used to be—having got up to the ears in a good twadly family of the name of Ashurst-who have plenty of money-and help "his things" and toady him till I think it has rather gone to his head. A Miss Eliza Ashhurst *--who does strange things--made his acquaintance first-by going to his house to drink tea with him all alone, &c. &c.!! and when she had got him to her house she introduced him into innumerable other houses of her kindred-and the women of them paint his picture-and send him flowers, and work for his bazaar, and make verses about him, and Heaven knows what all-while the men give capital towards his Institutions and adopt "the new ideas" at his bidding. . . . Miss Ashurst has been staying with Geraldine in Manchester and G. is coming to London with her. She is not in her "choicest mood" towards me at present as always happens when new "everlasting friendships" are getting sworn-but I know her ways now, and can let her take her swing sure that she will right herself at last. . . .

Ever your own

J. C.

^{*} Miss Ashurst was a daughter of the Radical reformer W. H. Ashurst, whose friendship with Mazzini sprang from indignation at the opening of his letters by the Post Office in 1844. In 1851 he founded the society of the "Friends of Italy,"



THOMAS CARLYLE.
From a photograph by Elliott & Fry.



130. To Helen Welsh

A sleepless night and its occupations—Visit from the Duke of Saxe Weimar—Miniature of Mrs. Carlyle, recovered from Seaforth—Mr, Fairie.

Monday (Spring, 1847).

DEAREST HELEN,

... If it had not been for my plenty of headaches; I would have sent you sooner, for the benefit of my Uncle chiefly, a penny-a-line account of the Grand-Duke's visit to Chevne Row-and now it looks an old story, and I cannot get up even penny-a-line-steam about it. Here however is the fact of the business. Saturday gone a week the Secretary announced in official style, that "his Royal Highness Reigning Duke of Saxe Weimar" would call for Mr. Carlyle next day at twelve if convenient-and received of course an affirmative reply. On Sunday morning I dusted all my little things very accurately-put clean water to some flowers I already hadsaw that Ann bloomed out into her best gown-(for Ann unless expressly ordered would not dress herself out of the usual time for Queen Victoria never to speak of a foreign Highness)-and then I walked off into space! Had I staid at home I was going to have felt myself "in a false position" -either I must have been put au secret in my own house-or invited down to my own sitting room, as an ineffable condescension-and I did not feel any besoin of the condescension of anybody. With Carlyle it was all right-the Prince had to do with him-and the visit was honourable to both parties-but I should only have embarrassed his Highness and he me-and so I went up to Mrs. Buller's. She insisted on my staying till her driving hour, when she would take me home. I came in half an hour after the dinner hour expecting to be reproved—but C.'s first words were "you have just missed these people by ten minutes!"-" From twelve till twenty minutes after five "? What a frightful royal visit I thought; but it had not been so bad as that. At twelve the little Secretary had arrived "all in sweat" to say the Queen Dowager (our visitor's aunt) had insisted on his going to church with her!! so it was hoped an hour or two later would make no difference. About four they came, that is to say the Prince his Chamberlain and Secretary,

in a handsome open carriage with two servants behind, who excited Ann's admiration by their "genteel dress-plain black coats, blue breeches, and white silk stockings-nothing the least fine about them except their-gold garters!" Another thing seemed to have struck her rather forcibly. "So soon as the carriage stopt the Prince took off his hat and then all the rest did the same—and at going away they all remained bareheaded till the Prince put on his hat after he had sat down in the carriage." And all this uncovering of heads I really believe Ann considered honour paid to-her Master! In which blessed illusion I allowed her to remain, as a new reason for cooking his chops to the best of her power! C. liked the Prince very well-but who would not like a Prince that comes to pay one a morning visit ?—he is only some four or five and twenty—very handsome C. said, "with beautiful blue eyes" "extremely aristocratic looking "-(who is to look aristocratic if not Kings and Queens?)-" the most dignified German" C. had ever seen. "More dignified than Plattnauer?" I asked. "Whyno-the indestructible dignity of Plattnauer in all sorts of coats is what one never sees the like of." When they arrived C. was doing a Yankee of all things-introduced by Emerson, but he had him upstairs and dismissed him summarily, with apologies -the Yankee loitered, and seemed to think it strange that he should not be invited to assist at the interview.

When C. came down to the low room he found his Highness standing with the other two men. He apologised for intruding on his retired habits &c. &c. then said looking about that he could fancy himself at home in Weimar here; so many reminiscences of Goethe and of Germany—then he went about looking at the various portraits of Goethe and finally seated himself on the sofa and invited C. to be seated. That was one of the prospective etiquettes that scared me out—having to stand till I was permitted to sit down on my own chair! He staid some hour and quarter talking "intelligently enough" and being talked to I imagine emphatically enough. He invited C. to Weimar—promised to show him various things—promised to send him a scarce book they had talked of—begged that "he would not forget him"—(how touching! and I should think superfluous) and then went in peace.

I have heard nothing of Geraldine for many days, she is very busy finishing her book down there. By the way I had to write to Mrs. Paulet the other day that I must have back my miniature—when she got it I told her it was C.'s property—but a chance if he would remember anything about it till after my death when she was to be sure and restore it.

The long Mr. Fairie—is going North—in search of two things—neither of which do I think he will ever find—for lack of a strong enough wish—an occupation—and a wife! I gave him

your address in case-

Pray send this letter on to Babbie—I will write to herself in a day or two—about the Bazaar.

Ever your affectionate J. C.

131. To Helen Welsh

A spell of calm—Geraldine's second visit: makes up for the first by taking her to many parties—A "situation" at Monckton Milnes' breakfast—Geraldine too expansive for John—Her aim at marriage—Lady Harriet has other people to amuse her in town.

(15th June, 1847.)

DEAREST HELEN,

At length I have a day of calm—not a day of leisure yet; for I have much to do in the way of what you used to call "siding things" and making up accounts etc.-my natural love of order having for the last fortnight succumbed to force of circumstances. But I am relieved from the worry of having to be amiable and lively all day long-and need not go to any party or public place for a month to come unless it be my own good pleasure. It is a fortnight past last Wednesday since Geraldine removed hither from her Ashursts-and ever since I have "lived and had my being" in a racket very foreign to my habits and tastes. Being up to going about however, so far as physical strength was required, and vexed by the recollection of the wretched time you had of it in winter-and the failure of Geraldine's first visit also-and never forgetting the endless pains she took to keep me comfortable and amused last year in Manchester I " felt it my duty " to accept for her behoof all the invitations that turned up—the more that on the strength of Zoe people whom I could hardly have intruded

her upon before-were now quite glad to have her at their parties as a new specimen for their several menageries. Upon my honour I believe if a Lady had been tried for murder, so that she only escaped hanging or transportation; she would have a better chance of "getting on" in society here than one of whom nothing had been talked. Geraldine was a much more lively and agreeable person in company, when I knew her first-before her book-than now-but there was hardly a house in London then, to which I could have used the freedom of taking her along with me-and now because she has put her cleverness into a book—above all a book accused of immorality (quite a new sort of distinction for a young Englishwoman) there is no house I visit at where the people would not thank me for giving them a sight of her and an opportunity of exhibiting her to their friends. She feels no misgivings about all this -she is received-politely-complimented on her book-and thinks the people are very kind, and it is all right. But I as her Chaperon have had considerable qualms I can tell you! Especially at Breakfast at Richard Milnes's the other morning -got up on purpose for us two-Carlyle was not asked-and tho' he might have gone if he liked would not go-so I had to be responsible not only for myself but for Geraldine. I thought the first entrance would be the worst of it-but figure my consternation on finding ourselves in a room with eight men! and not one woman! "Lady Duff Gordon had fallen sick." I never made such a comfortless breakfast in my life -the situation would just have suited Lady Harriet, but me it was too strong for-obliged to make conversation with all these men brought to meet us-and obliged at the same time to keep an ear open to what Geraldine was saying to her next neighbour lest she should get on dangerous ground. She enjoyed herself immensely and was astonished afterwards to find I had been put about! She "thought it queerish for the first moment, but when she remarked the perfect tranquillity and aplomb with which I was going thro' the thing she supposed it was all quite natural"! So little do one's most intimate friends see into one's heart—provided one have self-command chough to keep clear of hysterics and such like outward visible

signs. I did not tell her that the chief apprehension which haunted me-was lest I should be mixed up in the minds of these men with the Chapel scene and certain other questionabilities in Zoe. We breakfasted another morning at Rogers's and dined at the Macreadys' with Jenny Lind of all peopleand attended a hall at Mrs. Procter's—in fact I am sick of gaieties and very thankful that Geraldine is gone into Essex to her Miss Darby. John did most of the sight-seeing with her-for a few days it looked almost as if he were trying to work himself up into a matrimonial sentiment for her. But she did not play her cards well—she made him take her to too many Plays etc.,—and John dislikes paying out shillings on all hands-she was becoming rather expensive-and his incipient sentiment was too weakly for bearing up against constant demands on his purse. On the whole I rather imagine no man will ever be found so constituted as to fall in love with Geraldine and think of her as a Wife-which is a pity-as her heart seems to me set on being married to any sort of a male biped who could maintain her-at all risks! Tell me of Sophy. There is no talk yet of summer schemes-nor will be while C.'s aristocratic friends are all in town. I see very little of the Lady-as usual when she is in her town-house-with plenty of other people to keep her from weariness.

I must be quiet for some weeks to come for I am required to give some heed to a large tumour on my throat—a result J. Carlyle says of "extreme physical irritation"—nobody knows of it but John—as I can cover it with the black lace I wear round my neck. . . . I have said nothing about it even to Carlyle. Speculating about it will not help to absorb it—and a tumour is not an interesting phase of human ailment. Besides as I have been able to hold my peace on the physical suffering which has produced this beautiful little dumpling in my throat—I may surely hold my peace on a symptom which is not painful. I tell you—because should it turn to anything serious you would think it unnatural that I should have made

a secret of it.

And now I must off to my housewifery.

Love and kisses to my Uncle.

Ever your affectionate, J. C.

132. To Jeannie Welsh

"Real" letters—Misses Alverstoke—John thoughtful.

5, Cheyne Row. (12th Feb., 1848.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

This last is the only letter I have had from you for an age that I have felt a besoin to answer at once, I would have written yesterday had not my head been too bad for writing. Perhaps you wonder what was in this letter to make it particularly acceptable—but no—you cannot but have an inward sense that it was the real transcript of your mind at the moment which your letters have long ceased to be-I have had letters of many sheets from you-not "stupid" letters by any means -as kindly phrased too as I had any business to expectwhich I have nevertheless thrown into the fire the minute after reading them, with a feeling of the most profound disappointment and chagrin-because they contained no one word that seemed to have come out of any deeper source than your ink bottle—were not in fact letters from you to me. but such as might stand labelled in the Ready letter writer letter from a young Lady residing in the country to a female cousin in town-letters written not to communicate your real thoughts but to conceal them. And yet who is there who can understand all that is in your heart—even the saddest of it, and what you may feel to be the least creditable to you-your discontents with yourself-your circumstances &c. so well as just I who have passed my whole existence in that sort of thing-and to whom there is no sorrow in life, no weakness in human nature that is not intelligible thro' my own experience! You may say my own letters are as little written out of the heart as yours -certainly! I am very sensitive-morbidly so-and I can only be confidential where I am met by confidence-besides my inward life is connected with outward facts on which I am bound to be silent-so that I could not always let you see into my heart without exposing myself to cruel misconstructions. Still were you less shut up-I should never have got so *inarticulate* for you as I have long been. But it is a truth you say; friends should see one another from time to time, if they would go on understanding one another. And yet—the *last* time we saw each other were we any better for it in the matter of understanding?

I wish we could carry the Switzerland project into effect —be together awhile somewhere quite far away from all interference.

I have got over the Alverstoke visit this year most unexpectedly. We were to have gone the beginning of January for five or six weeks, but I fell ill—really ill just the night before—and after waiting for me a few days C. went alone—for a fortnight while confined to my bedroom with a dreadful cough and the usual accompaniments—never getting a wink of sleep except by means of Morphia, I was every day written to "when will you be well? When are you coming?"—and I fixed time after time; to oblige them—which when arrived was found impossible—at length I believe I should really have gone to be done with it—ill as I was—and got done with it once for all had not C., I must say happily, taken a cold there, which he felt no hope to get rid of in a houseful of company with seven o'clock dinners, French beds &c. and so he came home himself instead of insisting any longer on my going. . . .

John was very attentive to me both in this last illness and the one I had after my return from Yorkshire. He is much subsided and improved since he got his Book * under weigh—especially in regard for me he is singularly improved. Yes I can see it all at Maryland Street. Give them my love a kiss most warm to my Uncle.

Ever your affectionate

JANE C.

[Note.—A long passage omitted from No. 133 again welcomes a "real letter," though self-styled an "unsatisfactory scrap," which carries "one word out of Babbie's own heart." "Write me always such scraps—write to me when you are sad—when you are out of humour—when the Devil is in you, if you like—I love you all the same, whatever is in you."]

^{*} Translation of Dante.

133. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Mazzini leaving England—Her feelings towards him unconcerned—Gifts: her small possessions—Plattnauer.

Monday (20th March, 1848).

DEAREST BABBIE

He went to Paris so soon as Louis Philippe decamped—to see I suppose if anything could be arranged for a new "Savoy's Expedition"; the distinct prospect of being permitted to return to Genoa "in peace" being extremely distressing to him!! He had no time to come before he went—merely wrote—and since his return I have not yet seen him. He wrote that he would be here to-day at two o'clock; and was going off again to Paris on Wednesday—probably not to return—I shall hear if he got your note. I take the prospect of his final departure with a calm that would surprise you. Whether it be that my feelings have got extremely chilled by years and suffering—or that he has worn them out—perhaps both causes have operated towards making me tolerably unconcerned. God bless you Babbie.

Ever your affectionate

J. C

Not one word said of the beautiful little mats! and one of them all the while before my eyes—in the tray that holds my "details." Thanks—it is curious how these net-things have always come just at the right moment. I had got a beautiful amber-box from Capt. Sterling which I was afraid of getting chipped in a hard tray—and was thinking what sort of round thing I could make to lay in the tray—when voilà! these! the little one—the beauty—lies in the little black Templand tray in my bedroom which holds my watch. While I was ill I made my bedroom so pretty with all the pictures and little things belonging to the Past that I set most store on, Cavaignac's medallion amongst the rest—I thought I should like to die amidst all these things.

Plattnauer is still in Ireland—still keeps sane in spite of these Revolutions—so far as I can judge from his letters—he is a noble man—and true as death! Love to Walter.

134. To Helen Welsh

The gaieties of the season-Young girls cured of shyness-Chopin's playing—Cavaignac.

(After 14th July, 1848.)

My DEAREST HELEN.

. . . I have been very gay of late weeks! Nobody unless the paralytic Miss Chorley, I should think, has been going more resolutely "a-head" in "the gaieties of the season" (so-called)—with my body—that is to say—for my soul has been at quite other work.

We dined at Mrs. Norton's * one day! we grow very compatible don't you think? Well she is a beautiful witty graceful woman-whatever else, then a dinner at the Macreadys' where was Count D'Orsay! and old Lady Morgan "naked as robins half wav down "-age seventy-five !-- and Lady Duff Gordon and an American Mrs. Jay. . . . Then we had another dinner at the Procters'-where were Adelaide Kemble and her husband -and a morning music party at Lady Eddisbury's-" the beautiful Mrs. Stanley "-that was +-Darwin's "Moonface" 1 -young girls very young and pretty-sang with the selfpossession of Grisis to an immense concourse of Ladies and (more to the purpose) of young marriageable Lords one of whom (Lord Dufferin) said to me-" a charming way of passing a morning this !-- and such a capital thing-don't you think, for curing them of all sort of shyness?" Decidedly! There was one girl a real beauty—the daughter of Sir James Graham -about seventeen -- with the most innocent modest face in the world and there she stood with her face to the company -trilling and quavering with the smile of a consummate opera singer! It seemed to me really bad all this!

But I went to hear Chopin too—once in private and once at a morning Concert and Chopin has been here!! I never heard the piano played before-could not have believed the

^{*} The Hon. Mrs. Norton, Lady Dufferin's sister, was famous as a poetess and for her matrimonial troubles, especially her husband's suit, perhaps politically inspired, against Lord Melbourne in 1836.

† Here begins a fresh sheet of grey notepaper, headed "no more good

[‡] Mrs. Stanley was a Dillon. Her husband was created Lord Eddisbury in 1848, and later became the second Lord Stanley of Alderley.

capabilities that be in it. Quantities of more things of the same nature I have done—I was going to say in my sleep—but in a bad dream were nearer the truth.

The one earthly thing that I have been getting any real satisfaction out of has been something very far away from all that—the wise and valorous conduct of General Cavaignac—and the admiration he has won from all parties. If I had been his sister I could not have watched his progress with more interest. . . .

And now I must really make an end.

Love and a kiss to my Uncle.

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

135. To Jeannie Welsh

Proposed cottage on the Ashburton estate—Lady Ashburton and her guests—Two new friends: one, Aubrey de Vere.

(Addiscombe, 28th Sept., 1848.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

... The Parlours are painted and papered I understand -and it is to be hoped will not smell too bad when we return in ten days I expect. "All's well that ends well." For this time nothing is settled or even strongly proposed about "The intellectual gate." Lord A.* finds so many unexpected drains on his fortune-large as it is-just at the first coming into possession that they are not indulging in any fancies this year -and other years it is to be hoped will bring their own requirements—it is much more agreeable for me that the project should sink away thus than that I should have put a veto on it or he for my consolation. But anyhow he could never have been mad enough to dream of letting that farm house be fitted up for him !--as unless the genii could have carried it a quarter of a mile from its offices and farm yard-sleep for him-never to say for me-would be perfectly impossible there-it is no poetical farm-with the farming left out-but the place where all the cocks and hens and geese and ducks and pigs and cows and horses and carts requisite for the maintenance of this immense household are kept-and the noise is something too

^{*} Mr. Baring succeeded his father as Lord Ashburton, 13 May, 1848.

dreadful! I question if that which greeted the ears of Adam amidst the first Creation of animals came up to it.

Lady A. got a bad cold in going up to London last week to see her Dr., and could not return next day as she proposed, and only came the day after to go to bed; where she remained, at least in her bedroom, for several days—even now she is only a few hours in the day in the Drawing-room-does not dine with us-but I play chess and talk with her in her private sitting-room—which is the beautifulest room you can imagine and opening into a large conservatory with a glass door. Most of the company were gone or going when she fell ill-and there now only remains her mother Lady Sandwich-who is very agreeable and a good sort of woman to my notion tho' her daughter can hardly endure her. She goes on Saturday and Lady A. proposes that next Monday she should take Mr. C. and me to Freshwater in the Isle of Wight for a week while Lord Ashburton is doing his yeomanry in Winchester. After that I rather expect we shall be allowed to go home—as she has a great houseful of people coming on the 16 of October and will need a few days of Alverstoke to put her up to them. . . .

I have made two new acquaintances whom I mean to keep up in London—a male and female acquaintance—the female one has already reached its culmination—and no more can come of it than has come—pleasant superficial intercourse—with the male one it is better—that may develop itself into a real friendship—the name is romantic enough, Aubrey de Vere—and the man who bears it romantic enough—very hand-some—young—religious—to the extent even of eating fish on Fridays and fasting in Lent. A Poet—highly accomplished every way, despising "wits" (wonderfulest of all) and in short a rare mortal as men go. But I must stop—"Her Ladyship expects me in her sitting room." God bless you my Babbie.

Ever yours.

136. To Jeannie Welsh

Reconciliation with Mrs. Anthony Sterling.

Millbank was the first of our new-model prisons, finished in 1821. The system was continued at Pentonville, opened in 1842; Mr. and Mrs. Carlyle visited this on January 2, 1851

(see L.M. ii. 144), and Mr. C. was taken over the King's Bench prison in 1835 (L.M. i. 43).

(Autumn, 1848.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

Is he gone yet?—are you at leisure to listen to me? for I have today actually something to tell! I have had a visit which threw me into perfect—or to speak quite veraciously -into comparative beatitude for several hours-guess from whom !-but you never could come within a hundred miles of her !—for it is a her—so I must just tell you. I have had a visit-indeed two visits from-Mrs. Anthony Sterling!! I cannot tell you how it pleased me to be no longer however unintentionally a cause of misery to that poor woman! She came voluntarily-" would have come long ago if she could have believed I would receive her." Nothing could be more beautiful than her behaviour-she came alone-stopt "on the mat" (Helen said) until I said she might come in, and then came forward with meek and brave words of apology-which you may be sure I cut short with kisses. Poor soul, I almost fainted myself from putting myself into her situation. I begin to think I must have some sympathy after all. She said "I must be an angel to receive her as I did after her conduct" —but it was she who was the angel this time—I in her place could not have gone thro' the thing as well as she did-and after all what had I to forgive her poor woman? the suffering to herself which attended her mistake about me was proof enough of its involuntariness. Oh don't I know what she has suffered?-too hard punishment for her error of judgment! That was Saturday. I had received a note from Anthony in the morning telling me not to be surprised if she came-but there had been some talk of the same thing before—and it ended in smoke, so I could hardly expect her till the carriage drove up—had just thought it so far possible as to put myself into a cap and shawl to make out a decided case of an old woman! for her better opinion in case she did come.—Would any mortal have thought of that but myself?-Of course I did all I could to raise her up in her own esteem again and make her aware that she had not sunk but infinitely risen in mine. I wrote

her the most encouraging letter, after, that I could invent to meet the reaction which I feared would follow her magnanimous act-and she has answered so sweetly. To-day she came again -with Anthony to get me to go to Headley * for a few days-"She would not believe I had quite forgiven her till I came to Headley."-Perhaps I will go. I would do anything to help her with her life-but it looks a sad mess to me. Anthony and she grate on each other like a couple of files-she proud and petulant towards him and he cold and contradictory towards her-since seeing them together this morning I almost despair of ever being able to make them better friends. But I have great influence over him of a moral sort—and I will get influence over her too or the devil is in it-seeing I have set my heart on reconciling them.

Yesterday I went over Tothillfields prison † with Forster and Mr. C. and we dined with Forster after and were filled half drunk with champagne as usual. The Prison must remain over for another letter for I perceive to my horror it is twenty minutes past four-ten for sealing and posting! Only I must tell you I saw and received a curtsey from Annette Meyers the sauciest looking commonplace little creature that ever played the part of a [illegible] criminal.

Love and kisses.

Ever your, I. C.

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137. To Jeannie Welsh

A sad Christmas letter-Death of Charles Buller: a visit to his Mother—Lady Ashburton's grief—Lady Sandwich and other friends—Devotion of the Sterlings.

Charles Buller died November 29, 1848: six months after his father. Mrs. Buller died broken-hearted on March 13, 1849.

Saturday (23rd or 30th Dec., 1848).

DEAREST BABBIE,

The notion of its being Christmas time when people are, or ought to be, all "merry" complicates my difficulties

* Headley Grove, his farm on the downs near Betchworth.
† I.e. Millbank. The girl they saw had in March been sentenced to death, but with a recommendation to mercy, for shooting the young soldier who had betrayed and swindled her.

in writing letters—for a merry letter such as would be seem the season is wholly above the reach of my imaginative powers. And therefore do I write to you instead of to my Uncle to whom my heart most devoutly wishes all the good wishes that one is in the habit of giving voice or ink to on the approach of a new year. You are to kiss him for me, and tell him that I hope to kiss him myself before another year is done—and that he is to wish this good wish for me—that if I live to his age I may be found then as good a man as he is, God bless him.

Since I got your last I have been two days in bed—with that eternal sickness—and three days and two nights on a visit to Mrs. Buller at the other side of Hyde Park. This locality for her is extremely inconvenient for me—in the short cold days and I have to go seldomer and stay longer. On Friday gone a week she sent a miserable letter beseeching me to come for some days as Fleming was gone to the Grange—and I could do no otherwise than go. "Very mad" Mr. C. called my going—for I had not slept for two nights and was ill enough—but John said I could not, at her house, "sleep worse than none—and perhaps the change might do me some good"—and so it did—I felt a great calm come over me when I lay down in that new bed—and in spite of carriages rushing by all night, and a housemaid snoring in the next room—I got the best sleep I had had for many weeks.

She is a sad spectacle and every time I see her I feel more desperate of being any help to her. It is not her grief that is saddest in it—that is nothing like so violent as one might have anticipated—and her health seems to me rather better than it has been for years—but it is the complete giving up of herself to the sensations of the moment, her complete want of self denial when a momentary indulgence brings prolonged suffering—her recklessness about expense where the merest whim is concerned—all that is miserable to see; for it overlays her great sorrow with the meanest troubles and difficulties—and will drive away from her much sympathy and many consolations that might have cheered her remaining years.

Lady A. is with her husband at the Grange. Fleming writes that he left her on Monday in much better health and spirits

-but her last letter-to Mr. C.-was sad as death-as sorrowful a letter as I could have written. Mr. C. is unwearied in writing consolations, and sending her books and doing everything that in him lies to comfort her, and she seems extremely grateful for his kindness. Lady Sandwich goes to her on Tuesdaybut that will be no comfort. Meanwhile Lady S. will be rather a loss to me, for she is the pleasantest person I have here just now to go off and talk with when I am too bad company for myself. She seems very fond of me, and she who was always represented to me as the most insolent of English Peeresses is precisely the only one of them I have known with whom I feel entirely free to say what I like, and whom I can run in to with as little ceremony as I could do to any old woman living on a hundred a year. Miss Wynn who was my most constant visitor last winter, and for whom my friendship always increases the longer I know her, has got some lingering illness that makes me rather anxious and is sent out of London for the present. Bölte is still at Brighton. Capt. S. still at Headley-but he comes to town every week and calls both in coming and going -and brings me flowers-the beautifulest hothouse flowers tho' it is winter now-and if he could bring me health and happiness there is no man who would sooner do it. I wonder what strange attraction lies in me for all of the blood of Sterling? For Father and Mother and both sons I have been more than any other woman-not married to them. There is no understanding these things. I am sure I have taken a hundred times more pains to please some others who never took to me at all. . . .

Write soon.

Ever your affectionate J. C.

You will take heart about your handwriting when you see this scrawling—but you are a young lady, my dear, and are not permitted to be illegible as I am.

138. To Helen Welsh

A child's visit.

Saturday (20th Jan., 1849).

DEAREST HELEN,

What a shame! The only real business I have "here down" (as Mazzini used to say) seems to be writing to the people who like to hear from me-and see how I bestir myself in that! The fact is; nobody that is much caring to do ever the "things that they ought to do" and even the things they intend to do should live in London—even on the most domestic principles; there being here a parti pris on the side of the pigs to "run thro" all one's "best laid schemes"! I have been interrupted dreadfully these two weeks, but the wonderfulest "go" of all has been a child! Yes indeed! I have had a child-to keep,-to sit at meat with, and sleep with (good God!) and dress dolls for, and wash and comb and all that sort of thing-and also (-most fatiguing of all-) to protect it from Mr. C. who gave manifest indications of a tendency to wring its neck! Where did I pick the creature up? —Ah my dear! the creature picked up me—" quite promiscuously "-I went some six weeks ago to call at the Macreadys' -and dined at the children's dinner and was reminded that I had a godchild, by seeing it.* Not one godmotherly thing had I ever done towards the child! and really it was a godchild to be proud of, so now I took it on my knee and kissed it and, like a fool, asked "will you go with me?" "I should like it very much" said the child. "That she would" said the mother, "and you need not be afraid of her misconducting herself for she is a good child." I saw the thing had been taken on the serious so I backed out of it as well as I could, "some time we shall see !--when I come again with a carriage." Well! ten days ago I went there again with Anthony Sterling-and was asked gravely by the eldest daughter if I " meant to take Jane Lydia back with me?" "She had never ceased talking about her visit since I had been there." I was in for it! so I said "not to-day;" (it was necessary to prepare C.'s mind as

^{*} She became godmother to another Macready child also (p. 332).

well as my own) " but if her mother would bring her any day she liked to name I should do my best with her." So Saturday was named—and the little creature delivered over to me in a transport of joy, (hardly mutual) to stay " as long as I could be troubled to keep her." I modestly suggested that three days and three nights—just the time that Jonah was in the whale's belly—would probably be enough of it for her as well as for me -and the mother went and I remained alone-with a child of six years—very stirring and very small and delicate! during the first day I " ran horses" at her bidding, and performed my new functions with a determined energy—but the night came, I durst not put her to sleep in the spare room—for fear of her crying in the night-and awaking Mr. C., and being herself very miserable, so after infinite perplexity in getting off her clothes (all sewed together) I laid her in my own bed, where she soon commenced—singing !--after an hour's waiting upon her I left her still awake-when I went up again she was asleep but lying right across the bed-at twelve I placed her properly, and went into bed myself, but of course not to sleep: all night long she pitched into my breast with her active little heelsand when she awoke at seven and threw her arms about my neck calling out "Oh I am so glad to be here!" I had not once closed my eyes, and in this state to have to wash and dress her and play at horses again! it was a strange and severe penalty for being a Godmother. Next night I put her in the spare bed at all risks-with a good fire and trusted in Providence-and she did very well there-but I had got some cold by the job and the idea of being laid up in such a cause after having got so far thro' the winter on foot-was very vexatious. So I kept the house a few days and when the child's time came Anthony Sterling took her home for me!! I have a great quantity more to tell you about this "go" and other thingsbut Mr. C. has been bothering ever since I began to write about helping him to pack a boxful of old clothes and things for Scotsbrig-and in an hour I have to be off to Mrs. Buller so I will finish this letter to Babbie. God bless you all

Your affectionate

JANE WELSH.

139. To Jeannie Welsh

Apologies needless—Society without a carriage—Duty with Mrs. Buller; pleasure with Lady Sandwich—Lady Ashburton makes a generous gift—Hides grief for C. Buller—Carlyle will never make her "more earnest"—A. Sterling and his wife—G. H. Lewes described—The Schwabes and Cobdens—Robertson and the death of Cavaignac.

Monday (5th Feb., 1849).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Thanks for your letter, notwithstanding the apologies. Bless your life, my child, we are got long beyond apologies you and I! I should as soon think of returning into tuckers and bead-necklaces for my part—I have been and am, and look as (if) I should continue to be pressed for time.

"Oh my!"—Really the business of Society gets to be quite business enough for me without aiming at any other—so long

at least as I have no carriage to help me thro' it. . . .

My chief social occupations however have been Mrs. Buller and Lady Sandwich. The former I go to from a sense of duty the latter because I like it-for Lady S. amuses me more than any woman I ever heard speak, more than even her daughter.* She is going off to Paris again however presently, and there will be an end of that. The Ashburtons have been in town for a week, returned to-day to the Grange for another week and then back to London for the season. Lady A. came to see me on her arrival with an armful of shawl which she laid into my arms, saying "there, dear Mrs. Carlyle-there is my late new year to you-at new year's day we had so much to think of else!" and she kissed me. It was well and graciously donestill, valuable presents for which I can make no return, distress me always from that quarter-there are people from whom I can take things without any spoiling sense of obligation, but then I feel that I can repay them with love-now Lady A. can do perfectly well without love of mine-love from me beyond a certain point would bore her rather than otherwise. She looked quite herself again-all her wild grief over C. Buller crushed down out of sight into the bottom of her heart, or perhaps out of it altogether. She spoke of him with supreme

^{*} Lady Ashburton.

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composure—and was in a racket of company all the time of her stay. Poor Mr. C. will never succeed in making her "more earnest," dear, gay hearted, high spirited woman that she is! God bless her for her seeming determination not to be " earnest " for his pleasure, or anyone else's, but to be just what God has made her, the enemy of cant and lover of all mirthful things. It is a great faculty that of being able to throw off grief-I would not somehow care to have it, and yet I see well enough how much better people, who have it, both enjoy their life and contribute to the enjoyment of "others."

The Anthony Sterlings are living at the Knightsbridge house at present—he intends that Mrs. S. should henceforth remain there, and the children and Governess at Headley where he will spend most of his days, out of the tear and wear of his wife's incompatibility-it is a great pity she will not separate from him-it would be better for herself as well as for himfor he cannot conceal the worse than indifference which all that is past between them has left in his mind towards her. One cannot blame him-he was the most devoted husband for sixteen years-and even her madness did not estrange him from her-until she got into that horrid state in Rome . . . no man's love could stand that—his died of it, and cannot be brought to life again, and he is not a man to make believe what he does not feel-and she hates him (naturally) because having loved her so long and passionately he now shies away from her. You may fancy the little domestic hell of all this! A little of "the new ideas" might really be introduced into English married life with benefit.

But what I took up my pen to tell you is that little Lewesauthor of Rose Blanche * &c., &c. is going to lecture in Liverpool —one of these days and I have given him my card for you and you must try and introduce him to my Uncle; for he is the most amusing little fellow in the whole world-if you only look over his unparalleled impudence which is not impudence at all but man-of-genius-bonhomie-either you or Helen saw

^{* &}quot;Rose, Blanche and Violet," 1848. G. H. Lewes, brilliant in philosophy and science, biography and criticism, was less successful as a novelist. He had married Miss Jervis in 1840, but left her for George Eliot in 1854.

him here—and his charming little wife. He is [the] best mimic in the world and full of famous stories, and no spleen or envy, or bad thing in him, so see that you receive him with open arms in spite of his immense ugliness. What nice people these Manchester Schwabes of Geraldine's turned out! I quite took to the Lady and she to me. I had a kind letter from her this morning "swearing everlasting friendship" and pressingly inviting us to visit them. I will certainly go the next time I am in Lancashire. When that will be God knows. They were staying with the Cobdens here and Mrs. Cobden took the opportunity of calling for me. I was out and when I returned her visit to-day she was out. I suppose the next thing will be an invitation to dinner—which will be accepted as Cobden is not absolutely nobody for Mr. C.

Isn't it great work that I have not had the least bit of cough, or chest devilry this whole winter?—and very few headaches—really I seem to be "looking up" as they say of the funds.

Robertson who has again appeared on our horizon is to bring Louis Blanc * to tea here on Friday night. He (Robertson) was trying to make me get up an interest about it, and when all else failed, he said—"I am sure you will like him—he was talking to me to-day many things that would have interested even vou. It was in his arms, he tells me, that Godefroi Cavaignac died!"-I started as if he had shot me-the thing took me so by surprise—and I could not answer one word—this man was coming on Friday night! I felt as if he would transmit to me even thus late Godefroi Cavaignac's last breath! And Robertson was watching the effect of his words! I cared not -why should I? I had my boa gloves reticule &c. in my lap, I flung them all violently on the floor-why, I don't know-I could not help it! Robertson went on to say that he, Louis Blanc, talked of Godefroi as of a Divinity, that General Cavaignac was very inferior to him in Blanc's opinion—and then seeing that I was not even going to make an effort to converse on this topic he stooped and gathered up my things saving with a significant look—" that, I suppose, is not the place where these articles are meant to remain, Mrs. Carlyle." I took them out

^{*} The French Revolutionary.

of his hands and left the room—I could have killed him—I cried a little upstairs then dressed myself, and returning to the parlour where C. had by this time joined Robertson, I said to the latter with proud defiance enough: "now, Mr. Robertson, I have thrown off my spattered gown and everything that made me unfit for enjoying your agreeable company." He looked hard at me with his diabolical look, and said "the metamorphosis is really astonishing! I never saw you so magnificent before!" "Yes," said Mr. C., "it is a smart gown!"

I believe Robertson said that about Godefroi, in the devilish intention of watching its effect on me—I know he has been heard to speculate on my intimacy with him. Well! let him draw his inferences—it is no disgrace to any woman to be accused of having loved Godefroi Cavaignac, the only reproach to be made me is that I did not love him as well as he deserved. But now he is dead I will not deny him before

all the Robertsons alive!
... Love to them all.

Ever your affectionate

JANE C.

140. To Jeannie Welsh

Picnic visit to Headley—Consideration for Mrs. Anthony Sterling; mad again—Exit Helen.

The final catastrophe of Helen is also told in L.M. ii. 37 and N.L. i. 251; this, however, is a livelier description than either of the others.

DEAREST BABBIE, (27th Feb., 1849.)

I have so much to tell and so little time to tell it in that I don't know where to begin—besides I have forgotten in the "hubbub wild and dire dismay" of late days where I left off in my life—that is to say the history of my life—outwardly speaking—but certainly when I wrote last I was not gone nor meaning to go to Headley—so I shall begin with that—Mr. C. surprisingly invited himself to Headley (Capt. S.'s country place) incited thereto by the charming description given of it by John Carlyle, who had gone down with Capt. S. for a couple of days—a beautiful country mansion, with "fresh air" and horses

to ride, and no woman in the house, or servant of any sort indoors, but one old Scotch cook-taking care of the premises in the absence of Mrs. Sterling and the children now settled at Knightsbridge-all that had charms for Mr. C .- and there being nobody in town just then that he cared to stay for, he proposed to go down with Anthony on his next weekly visit to the place—but Anthony had no notion of having him without me, and Mr. C. himself thought I should go, to "keep Anthony off him and let him enjoy the perfect silence "-(as if that man could enjoy or yet endure perfect silence for one week!)-I liked the idea of going; but would not agree till I had written to Mrs. Sterling about it, and asked her to go too! It was all very well to tell me she was fast going mad again, and that it was determined she should never go back to Headley. All that was no concern of mine, no reason that I should cause her annoyance. So I wrote and she answered me in the friendliest manner-without mentioning the thing to her Husbanddeclining to go to Headley "from the shades of which she was too happy to have just escaped" but "seeing no earthly reason why I should not go with Mr. C. and Capt. S." I was so glad after that I had, as Mr. C. phrased it, "completely attended to the three thousand punctualities with her," for if I had not, I could not have felt sure the irritation of our settling such a thing without her knowledge, had not hastened the final explosion of the fit of mania hanging over her the last six weeks. It exploded before our visit took place—for a fortnight she was in a strait waistcoat occasionally; but is now more quiet tho' still confined to a room with two mad-nurses. She has shown no dislike of me this time—on the contrary seems to want to make me a party against her Husband-poor thing. But all this of her is nothing new now. Her Husband takes it, as a matter of course-and tries to keep "never minding." We went to Headley on Tuesday gone a week, meaning to return on Friday-but the curious gipsey life we led, on a basis of all the comforts and luxuries of civilization-answered so well that on Friday I came to town with Anthony (who had to go and speak with mad-doctors) leaving Mr. C. in perfect blissif solitude be bliss—and having provided changes of linen &c.

returned next morning to remain till Monday. It was the most successful visit I have made for long. Anthony and I laid the table, set wax candles &c. &c., the old woman cooked out of sight what victuals were not brought ready from London—and Mr. C. let himself be waited upon by us with an amiability!! Then He had four riding horses which he might by turns gallop to death—and I had a pony which took me, as fast as Anthony could walk at his head, over all the beautiful hills in the neighbourhood—and we sat and smoked in the carpenter's shop Capt. S. has fitted up for himself—and I learned to turn and shoot with a bow—and shot—myself! in the cheek!—as a green mark can testify to this hour: and indeed indeed I felt very like little Macready in its late three days' visit to myself—with no end of wishes and whims and in childish surprise and felicity to find them all immediately gratified.

Monday came however—and we must return—the Ashburtons were to come to town that day, and we were to dine at Bath House Tuesday. We drove to our own door where Mr. C. and the luggage were to be deposited, I going on to Knightsbridge with Anthony to settle about a governess for him. But Mr. C. knocked in vain for a good while and we were speculating about breaking in at a window and storming at Helen for having gone out when she knew we were coming -when the door opened to a twentieth blow and an apparition presented itself which I shall remember as long as I live. There stood Helen-her mouth all over blood, her brow and cheeks white with chalk from the kitchen floor-like an excessively ill got up stage-ghost! her dark gown ditto-her hair hanging in two wild streams down her neck-her crushed cap all awryand on her face a hideous smile of idiotic self-complacency! Nothing could be more drunk! We ordered her downstairs but she refused to be "used in that way" so Mr. C. had to drag her down !-- and leave her on the kitchen floor. I walked off, with the sublime calm which always comes to me in purely material trouble, followed by Anthony to Mrs. White to tell her to come to the rescue—when we came in Mr. C. was on his knees lighting the parlour fire. Anthony then drove off coolly remarking that "as I seemed to have affairs of my own to attend to he could not expect me to come and settle his." Mr. C. retired to his study—there was no fire in the kitchen either. Mrs. White lighted one and proceeded to get dinner cooked while the little beast stormed at her for "daring to do her work." I tidied things upstairs—the whole house was beastly—she had been drunk every day of our absence and having drinking parties in the house. That it escaped being either burnt or robbed is a miracle.

About five in the afternoon—(we came at one)—she got her legs and rushed out into space for more drink-staggered home at ten and fell insensible on the kitchen floor-she had had half a pint of rum, and a quart of ale-in addition to the half pint of gin she had taken in the morning. Mrs. White got her into bed with difficulty, took away by my desire all combustibles and bolted her in (as she believed). I was to open the outer door to Mrs. White at seven in the morning, and barred and chained it for the night as usual. When I came down at seven the bars and chain were all undone and there was a sound as of an animal rolling on the kitchen stairs. The little beast had been out! with a bonnet and shawl on the top of her night clothes and had more drink—at night she got her senses again-and was told by Mrs. White that she must get ready to leave the house next day-I would not see her at all. Providence under the form of Miss Bölte had sent a most promising looking servant here the very day we came home. Miss Bölte knew nothing of the exigency but this servant "had come in her way and she could not resist sending her to me, to see if the sight of her would not tempt me to put away that dirty little Helen." Did you ever know such luck? I liked the girl *—found her character satisfactory and engaged her to come as soon as I could get the little beast out of the house. She tried her old despair and tears upon me-but in vain this time-I had found her a shocking dirty stupid servant ever since she came and now I knew why-she had been all the time partially drunk. When I was not to be moved by tears she took to bed, and swore she would not go. I told her thro' Mrs. White-that I would take her at two on Friday in

^{*} Elizabeth Sprague.

Capt. S.'s carriage to the house of her dearest friend—who lives at Camden Town and has a room to let or I would put her on board a Kirkaldy steamer and pay her expenses—whichever she liked—if she insisted on lying in bed I would send for a Policeman and have her taken to the Station. She saw there was no irresolution more, rose and dressed herself—and agreed to go to Camden Town. I spoke hardly ten words to her all the way—explained the circumstances to the woman of the house—put two sovereigns into her hands, that she might pay herself the present shelter afforded her—and came away desiring never to see her (Helen) again in this world. She may go to the Devil her own way—I have bothered myself enough in trying to hold her back.

The new servant came on Saturday—and bodes well to be an immense blessing to us. And now tho' I have not told you half what I had to tell I must make an end for the present—and try to walk off the headache I got at a dinner at Thackeray's

last night where you were not-love to them all.

Your affectionate

J. CARLYLE.

141. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Neglect and patience—Dinner with Dickens—Rogers's offensiveness about Carlyle and Lady Ashburton—Mazzini and the Roman rising—Portraits of Mrs. Carlyle by Laurence and a German.

Holy Thursday (1849).

DEAREST BABBIE,

Your unreproachingness is touching—upon my honour—almost equal to Mrs. Allan Cunningham's who, when I called for her the other evening, after having let her alone for some eighteen months, during which interval she had left two cards at this house, exclaimed, heartily clasping me in her large arms; "Oh Mrs. Carlyle I'm ashamed to look you in the face!" There is more human patience and goodness in the world, than I gave it credit for. And it is rational of you as well as patient and good, to believe that my silence has not been this time more than any other time the natural expression of my feelings towards you—the more I have to say to you always, the less I like to write—the things I have to say being

for most part Lamentations of Jeremiah, for which transient human breath is only too good. To write Lamentations has always you know been contrary to my ideas—and is.

I have had no more headaches since that dreadful one I told Helen about-now that the weather is warmer I can stand a pitcher of cold water on the back of my neck every morning and that always agrees with me. I have been to several partiesa dinner at Dickens's last Saturday where I never went before. "A great fact!" Forster might have called it. Such getting up of the steam is unbecoming to a literary man who ought to have his basis elsewhere than on what the old Annandale woman called "Ornament and grander."* The dinner was served up in the new fashion-not placed on the table at all-but handed round—only the dessert on the table and quantities of artificial flowers-but such an overloaded dessert! pyramids of figs raisins oranges-ach! At the Ashburton dinner served on those principles there were just four cowslips in china potsfour silver shells containing sweets, and a silver filigree temple in the middle! but here the very candles rose each out of an artificial rose! Good God! Mrs. Gaskell the Authoress of Mary Barton was there-I had already seen her at my own house, a natural unassuming woman whom they have been doing their best to spoil by making a lioness of her. Before dinner, old Rogers, who ought to have been buried long ago, so old and ill-natured he is grown, said to me pointing to a chair beside him, "sit down my Dear-I want to ask you; is your husband as much infatuated as ever with Lady Ashburton?" -" Oh of course" I said laughing, "why shouldn't he?"-"Now-do you like her-tell me honestly is she kind to youas kind as she is to your husband?" "Why you know it is impossible for me to know how kind she is to my husband; but I can say she is extremely kind to me and I should be stupid and ungrateful if I did not like her." "Humph! (disappointedly) Well! it is very good of you to like her when she takes away all your husband's company from you-he is always there isn't he?" "Oh good gracious no! (still laughing

^{* &}quot;'What ornament and grandeur! Indignant old sailor to me once about his new binnacle in his new-fangled steamship." (T. C. in L.M. ii. 377.)

admirably) he writes and reads a great deal in his own study."
"But he spends all his evenings with her I am told?"
"No—not all—for example you see he is here this evening."
"Yes," he said in a tone of vexation, "I see he is here this evening—and hear him too—for he has done nothing but talk across the room since he came in." Very devilish old man! but he got no satisfaction to his devilishness out of me—

"On Earth the living Have much to bear!".

Poor dear Mazzini-all my affection for him has waked up since I knew him in jeopardy and so gallantly fulfilling his destiny—and not mine only—the public sympathy is fast going over to his side—under the atrocious injustice of the French, who one year ago loudly invited all nations to form republics and now proceed to shoot lead into the only one that has obeyed the call. It will be the ruin of Napoleon's government this work in Italy- I have had an Italia del populo sent me daily since Mazzini started it in Rome-and you may fancy how anxiously I expect it every morning-not sure whether its discontinuance will not indicate that the French have overcome. -I sometimes feel myself up to wishing that the Romans and Mazzini included may let themselves be all blown to atoms and their city made into a heap of ruins—it would be perhaps, that, the last thing that could be done to rouse Italy into a right fervour of patriotism.

And now I must like Mazzini "put on my bonnet" to go off to Laurence—to—sit for my picture!!! Actually I am just now sitting to two artists—"by particular request"! Bölte wants to possess my image—and that is natural enough as she likes me dearly—and has employed a German painter, under great obligations to her, to paint it—(gratis of course)—but the other picture—or rather drawing for it is to be in chalk—is a "grande mistero," Laurence wrote to beg I would sit to him as a personal favour—as if I were simpleton enough to believe that after having known me for twelve years he would be suddenly now when I am so old and ugly seized with an

^{*} From "Tieck's Phantasms, the trusty Eckart of my translating." (T. C. in L.M. ii. 388.)

enthusiasm for my face !—No, No! Laurence has some other motive—most probably a money motive—somebody who wishes my picture for the sake of my—what shall I say?—virtues—has employed him to draw me—not seeing any other way of attaining the end. I told him I knew there was a do at the bottom of the thing but I would oblige him by sitting all the same—and he laughed and blushed. I think I know who is fool enough to be up to giving fifteen guineas for a sketch of my faded charms. It is too ridiculous! And if you just saw what a fright I am just now! Kindest love to Walter. God bless you dearest Babbie. Don't drop the system of writing off a few lines at any willing moment.

Your affectionate

TANE CARLYLE.

142. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Unitarianism and amiability—Addiscombe: after Charles Buller's death—Death of Mrs. Buller—G. H. Lewes and his wife—Walter's supposed gaiety.

Chelsea first, then Addiscombe. (1st and 4th April, 1849.)

Upon my honour, dearest Babbie, I am afraid you are growing into a—Unitarian!—you heap coals of fire on my head with such an air of unconscious amiability!—not that unconsciousness of all things is a distinctive feature of unitarianism but the amiability!—it is more than Christian this writing away—all the same as if your letters got duly answered. Well! you do quite right—it is the only way of touching me in certain periods of devil-possessedness—in which periods by the way, the most striking symptom is a horror at letter-writing, similar to the horror mad-dogs conceive at water. You might have sulked at me in silence a good while yet, or you might have written me several letters of—

There's a fine go! The above was written at Chelsea three days ago—I was interrupted by little Louis Blanc—interruption followed interruption—till here I am—at Addiscombe—for twenty four hours with my letter still just begun!

This visit is one of the things that has been unsettling me-

it was to have come off a fortnight ago—but Lady A. fell ill—or rather fell worse—and could not move from London till the weather softened. I am alone with her hitherto—Lord A. is in town and also Mr. C.—but the latter is asked to come on Thursday and will not fail, and we shall then stay, both, till Monday next.

It looks very sad here without Charles Buller—everything reminds me of him—there are two foolish strings of beads which he once brought to Lady A. from some fair—a red string and a blue one, hanging about the china candlesticks of a writing stand, that I could almost cry over—me—! but Lady A. has recovered entire composure on that subject—speaks of him as unconcernedly as I do. And his poor mother is dead!—better so—her life was miserable and she died without pain. I was with her the night of her death till within half an hour of her breathing her last—but the scene was shocking for me in more ways than one—and I could do no good by remaining as she was quite unconscious of my presence—so I kissed her little cold hand and came away. That and other things put me on a tack of headaches—which I cannot at all get out of—perhaps the week here may break the spell.

... Little Lewes came the other night with his little wife—speaking gratefully of you all—but it is Julia Paulet who has taken his soul captive!! he raves about her "dark luxurious eyes" and "smooth firm flesh"—! his wife asked "how did he know? had he been feeling it?" In fact his wife seems rather contemptuous of his raptures about all the women he has fallen in love with on this journey, which is the best way of taking the thing—when one can.

I used to think these Leweses a perfect pair of love-birds always cuddling together on the same perch—to speak figuratively—but the female love-bird appears to have hopped off to some distance and to be now taking a somewhat critical view of her little shaggy mate!

In the most honey-marriages one has only to wait—it is all a question of time—sooner or later "reason resumes its empire" as the phrase is. Cultivate this new thought of writing off six lines at me whenever you have movement that way.

I hear her Ladyship gone down—and must follow to tea. God bless you. This is as good as no letter tho' long enough—but I have not settled down here yet—indeed it is a while since

I was settled down anywhere.

John Fergus* told me the other day that "Mr. Welsh was surely the gayest young Reverd. going—he constantly met him driving young ladies in gigs." I answered very coldly—"any man, even revd., might drive his sisters I supposed without a scandal "—he asked what relation he was to me—and when I said my cousin, he pretended surprise and repeated "What? your whole cousin?"—but I must go.

Ever your affectionate

I. C.

143. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

Ancestral gift of prophecy—Impending visit from Geraldine—Her superabundance of emotion—Copies out a correspondence—Friendships nipped by children—Another Macready godchild—Darwin in ill-health—A man uninteresting even in sorrow—Thackeray's practical joke—FitzGerald—Garnier—On being eaten up by little things, like Mazzini—Born to be a martyr.

Thursday evening (17th May, 1849).

DARLING,

Do you know, between ourselves, I am not at all sure that I have not got a little of—the spirit of prophecy! And why not? My Great Great Ancestor John Welsh the Covenanter had the gift of prophecy beyond all doubt—he displayed it on many remarkable occasions—once, I remember, he foretold to a certain city in France which had used him scurvily that the plague would devour it in a few days—as it actually did—now why not fancy a little of a turn for prophecy to be still in the blood as well as a tendency to consumption &c. &c.? Even Carlyle tells me sometimes that I have "the intelligence of Schupingsing" (you remember that Chinese young lady?)—"who resembled a disembodied spirit" in the accuracy of her insight; being able to tell always what her enemies were plotting on the other side of stone walls. The occasion on which my spirit of prophecy—or Shupingsing-

^{*} Of Kirkcaldy, Elizabeth Pepoli's brother.

intelligence—call it what you like—has just evinced itself, relates to you and your dose of physic—both Tuesday and Wednesday when I returned disappointed from the letter box I said to myself—"there is something strange in this—if it be not that she has worn herself out in Manchester, and has had to take physic since her return!" When to-day I came to the physic in your letter I felt a sort of fear—of myself—really shuddered at the superhuman in me!

Along with your letter to-day came one from Geraldine which I allowed to repose on the mantel-piece till I had read yours all thro'; and behold when I opened it the first words were that she would be here on Monday! Good heavens and this Thursday-I feel as if I should have little enough time to get up the steam-I do not mean the house-steam for that you know will not be put out of its natural course, but my own internal steam. Carlyle now says "My dear I wish that girl may not fatigue vou dreadfully ?-! it is needless to be getting up such apprehensions after the matter has reached its actual stage." "Oh I hope not" says I "Jeannie like the judicious little soul she always is, has told her that it will be best she should let me alone, and not fuss me when I am ailing." He reflected a moment and then asked—" would it not be better if I wrote to her myself and impressed the same thing on her before she arrived at all?" Poor Geraldine! I declined this considerate offer-for really I thought if he should write to that same effect, she might be driven to carry the letting alone system to an extreme-and I should be as much worried with her unnatural stillness as with her natural superabundance of emotion. Indeed I am so prepared for the worst that I do not think she will drive me out of my composure. At all events it is very absurd to ask her to come and then to take fright at the thought of it-the beautiful confidence of sixteen with [which] she is rushing to my arms on the first word—deserves a kinder return.

Now Babbie never pique yourself any more on the *crimping* of that collar—I grant you it was a devoted proof of affection but I flatter myself I have done as much, and more, for you in the copying of my whole correspondence with Robertson for

your delectation!—I who have an absolute horror of copying—especially my own letters!—there it is nevertheless! manuscript enough to curl your hair with for a month—besides the "intellectual feast" it will be to you!—a feast, by the way, not unlike that which was once set before me at a fine country-town evening party where I happened to find myself in appetite (I was young then, and not above feeling hungry at times) well, supper came in due course, and each person received a wine-glass heaped with white froth (of milk) with a teaspoonful of red currant jelly at the bottom! devil a thing else!

I can sympathize with you in your Manchester "miseries of human life "-oh yes, I know the irritation of feeling oneself entirely superseded in the heart and life of an old companion by a little troublesome monkey of a child. I remember my first visit to Agnes Vetch after she became a haus-frau-my friend par excellence—as I considered her—before I knew what the word friend meant—for one's first friendships are apt to be as great spooney-isms as one's first Loves! That does not however hinder one from thinking them life-and-death matters at the time, and so I had my heart quite crushed within me by being made to feel at every turn, that the vilest squall of her little slobbery red-coloured child was more precious music to her ears than the most eloquent language of my long-tried affection—but I learned as you will do—just to take back my friendship from those who knew not the worth of it and to bestow it on such as did. "That minds me" as Helen says-I am going to be found in a child!—without personal inconvenience however and-without possibility of detriment to my other affections. I am requested to be Godmother to the new Macready! Jane Welsh Macready!!* What a strange combination-Tristram Shandy's Father might shake his head portentously over the poor infant that is to be launched in the world with such a name!

You have asked more than once about Darwin and K. and never been answered. Darwin is better—not yet well—he has only been once here these last three weeks—a bad account of him—but I have been oftener than once to him. As for K.

^{*} She was already godmother to Jane Lydia (p. 316).

your tender sympathies need not trouble your sleep on his account. A man must be sorry more or less for the death of his own child—but K. is as uninteresting in sorrow as out of it. He has been here several times and except that he has on black clothes, and minces his words a little more affectedly than usual I can trace no difference in him. If you look narrowly at his countenance indeed—you find on it always a smile which seems to challenge your warmest admiration and gets your heartiest disgust—a smile which says as plainly as words—"look with what manly cheerfulness and sublime resignation I bear my trial—look and take example by me!" Bah!—Cavaignac stamping on the floor, and repeating his awful "ce n'est pas juste—mon Dieu!" was not a perfect sufferer but was one that I could sympathize with better than with this "diffusion-of-useful-resignation" Mr. K.!!

Thackeray is returned from Paris; he was here with Fitz-Gerald the other evening—I was upstairs when they came in—and on coming into the room went to Thackeray first, to shake hands in enthusiasm—as one does after a journey to Paris—but I gave a loud scream on finding a small, cold, hard hand—as of a dead fairy—laid in mine—it was your hand which he had fastened at the end of his sleeve! I declared the joke to be a heartless one which seemed to vex him greatly—he repeated a dozen times during the evening that he wished he had not done it!

FitzGerald had lost a good deal of his high colour and was very good and rational—I got to like him. Garnier was here last week—saner than I ever saw him in my life—he asked many questions about you and about the German. By the way my dear you will never do anything effectual in German or in things in general until you muster courage and determination enough to lock yourself up—in a cupboard,—if so be that you cannot be allowed a room, all to yourself. I see for ever before my eyes—in Mazzini—how little all the talents and good intentions in the world can avail—so long as one submits to be eaten up as it were, by little things—one, two, twenty of them could not tell on one's general results—but let them become infinite—of daily recurrence and like the pack-threads of the Lilliputians they make a mesh that the strong man cannot tear himself loose

from. Poor Mazzini! I declare I could weep over him sometimes—there in his enchanted Tancioni * Castle holding no free communication with the world he lives in—just as you figured him in your dream!—and then I get angry—and scold—but it is of no use—he is born to make a martyr of himself, and the great not having accepted his sacrifice he offers himself, bound hand and foot, to the little—which always accepts! Love and kisses to them all—I am out of humour with Spiridione † entirely.

Your own

J. CARLYLE.

144. To Jeannie Welsh

On the way to Scotland—Visits to Lady Ashburton—The Neubergs

"A good joy." So one of Leigh Hunt's children at sight

of flowers (T. C. in L.M. i. 104).

Mr. Neuberg was a friend and literary helper of Carlyle. This agreeable description is a set-off to a depreciatory sally of Mrs. Carlyle's elsewhere.

W. E. Forster, Esq. Rawdon, Leeds.

(17th July, 1849.)

DEAREST BABBIE,

It is "all right "—I am thus far on my road to you! —have been waiting till I had settled the day in my own mind, before writing to you—that's all!... Have I written at all since Mr. C. went? I have been ever since in such a hurry that I positively can't recollect. I went to Addiscombe with Lady A. three hours after Mr. C. started for Ireland and stayed three days—very pleasantly. On my return I had all sorts of things to do and was so beset with visitors as I never remember to have been before in all my life—every evening there was an improvised tea-party. At last I cut out of it all and reached Nottingham at nine on Monday night, a week gone. And there I remained till Friday—at least till Friday I was under the good providence of these Neubergs—getting myself carried to this

^{*} He lodged with some compatriots of this name. † Gambardella.

place and the other and kept in a perpetual series of "good joys." Germany must be a Heaven of a country to live in, if this be the ordinary style of German hospitality; but Mr. Neuberg is a very exceptional man I fancy in *any* country and his sister is a little darling.

... Meanwhile kisses to you all—I will write again to fix the day and hour.

Your own

J. C.

I dare hardly think that I am on the road to Scotland.

145. To Helen Welsh

"Shirley" and other novels—The Sketchleys—The Manning murderers.

Mr. and Mrs. Manning were hanged in October, 1849,

for the murder of Mr. O'Connor.

The reference to them is an instance of the often morbid interests which Sir James Crichton-Browne notes in this period of Mrs. Carlyle's life. The part omitted tells of ill-health and restlessness.

5, Cheyne Row. Sunday (November ? 1849).

My DEAREST HELEN,

Spike—clever but four-fifths of it unintelligible except for seamen—Shirley *—The Ogilvies *—curious as being written by a young Irish girl—twenty years old—with little knowledge of anything, Society included—but it is full of Love "as an egg's full of meat "—the old highflown romantic circulating Library sort of love—which one looks at in these days of "the new ideas" as one would look at a pair of peaked shoes or a ruff out of the reign of Elizabeth—and the plot goes ahead famously. The young woman supports both herself and a Brother by her literature.

I have seen no more of the Sketchleys—if Miss Pen don't write a novel I am no prophet—she wants to distinguish herself and that is the career open to female talent just now.

* Both published in 1849, "Shirley" on October 26. Miss Mulock, later of "John Halifax" fame, was then 23 years old.

And now I will thank you to write or make somebody write about yourself—you have not ceased yet to be "an

object of interest" so you must pay the penalty.

Have you taken much interest in these "interesting but ferocious" beings the Mannings—the General Public has talked of little else here—and even now that they are got well hanged out of the road "additional particulars" are turning up daily. I will send you their pictures. *Maria* has a strange likeness to (never tell it)—Lady Ashburton! God bless you Dear, love to Walter and Jeanie.

Ever your affectionate

JANE W. CARLYLE.

146. To Jeannie Welsh

Mrs. Carlyle as prototype if not author of "Shirley"—The Sketchleys in London—Gambardella and the child—Carlyle rides a velocipede—The Captain and the Actor—Plattnauer again.

The old velocipede for two riders, one at either end, had four wheels, and long treadles within like those on a sewing machine or a portable grindstone.

Thursday night (November, 1849).

DEAREST BABBIE,

A question if I should write even now had I such a mirror as that which Beauty had from the Beast, and might, by merely looking in it, inform myself of all your welfares and Helen's in particular—who is at present the interesting member of the family. In fact I do everything and anything just now rather than write letters. For the last two days I have been wholly occupied in reading—a novel! Shirley—not that the interest was so very "absorbing" but I had it from the London Library in an unlawful manner on condition of returning it as fast as possible—the fact that I made this effort to get a novel was wonderful enough—but you see I get the credit with certain critics in style of writing these Jane Eyre books myself—and I was curious to see whether the new one was up to my reputation!—besides Anthony S. had told me Shirley (the woman) was so ridiculously like myself that the author must have drawn

it from me feature by feature. I was curious to know what he thought "ridiculously like me"-and have reason to be satisfied! especially with the age of my likeness. For the rest I am not satisfied at all with anything in heaven or earth—unless perhaps with the new black cat I have got which seems full of good dispositions. Did I tell you I had a call from the Sketchleys? I laid by their card to send you—I fancy it so " ridiculously like" the old Lady. Both Mother and Daughter looked extremely well and in good spirits, the old Lady had quite a "spicy" bonnet with a feather in it-green I think. They have got a very pretty little house in a new square opposite Elizabeth Pepoli's old house in Gloucester Road. When I returned their visit Miss was out-Mrs. sewing window curtains with a great many caps of different colours on her head. I sat a good while and found her "a capital talker"—that is to say listener-she has the art of seeming so charmed with one's conversation. Gambardella and they might blow kisses to one another from their several windows but catch him letting himself be seen by them. Did I tell you moreover-I have forgotten all about my last-that Mr. C. actually went with Gambardella one day on the same velocipede to Wimbledon !- three hours that strange pair were toiling along the Highways on a great sprawling velocipede!! and one day Gambardella brought to the door the loveliest phaeton and white pony and laced-hatted tiger all as small as might have suited Queen Titania and in it the loveliest-child! about 3-dressed like a miniature Garibaldi-another Spiridione *- I suppose, not, it is to be hoped to "go to the undertaker"—this one?

Another thing I laid by in my head to tell you-I met one day since my return the Capt. who lived with the Liverpool Actor-no longer in the queer green and red carriage-no longer side by side with the little Actor but walking sorrowfully along in the deepest mourning—as for a wife—and a Lady in deep mourning, whom I saw by her nose must be the Actor's sister leaning sorrowfully on his arm. Whence I inferred that the poor old foolish rich Actor must have passed away-and the

poor companion was left on his own sad basis.

[·] Gambardella's Christian name.

But the strangest thing of all—a rap came to the door one evening a week ago which I did not know-" that " I said to Mr. C. "is nobody that comes here at present but it has been here often." "What an odd faculty that is of remembering people's raps" said Mr. C .-- and the door opening there walked in-Plattnauer. Mazzini would have surprised me much less! I received him with a scream—of real terror. He had tired of his situation—been unsettled by seeing Mr. C. at Ballyan I think-had got some notions about his time being come-and suddenly left in spite of the tears of Lord George. He was to send a substitute—but has not succeeded in finding such—had had letters from Lord George and the little children that touched his heart. I have persuaded and remonstrated and finally he has written to Lord G. that he will return. Thank God-for tho' he appears quite sane-a little while's starving in London would soon have sent him to the Madhouse again. News of Helen please?—Love to her and all of them.

Ever your affectionate

JANE CARLYLE.

147. To Jeannie Welsh

Geraldine's new MS.—Zoe began in a joint authorship—Delight in Nero—Latter-Day pamphlets—Sweet-briar cuttings.

Monday (4th March, 1850).

DEAREST BABBIE,

the three or four previous ones. I cannot understand what Geraldine means by showing up Seaforth in this way. Mrs. P. and she are not such friends as they have been I think—still anything like a coldness between them would have as little tempted her as justified her for publishing anything that would annoy the Paulets—ergo she must either be perfectly unconscious that she is drawing these flagrant likenesses or perfectly satisfied that Mrs. P. will take no more of it to herself than will be pleasing to her. To do Geraldine justice she is extremely noble in her quarrels—and would be more tied up with a friend she had quarrelled with than one she was on the best terms with. What makes me think she can have no intention to

show up Mrs. P. nor fear of her fancying that, is that long ago—Geraldine and Mrs. P. and I were to write a book among us in the form of letters. I told them to start it and I would take it up when I saw their scheme—they did send me a screed of MS. which I augured no good of, it was so stormy—and so I backed out of my engagement, and then Mrs. P. gave up out of indolence—and Geraldine went on—and that beginning after all sorts of manipulating and repairing in the Highlandman's gun fashion, turned into Zoe—but I remember much of this tale that seems bare-faced painting of Seaforth was in these pages they wrote between them!!

. . . My little dog continues to be the chief comfort of my life—night and day he never leaves me, and it is something, I can tell you, to have such a bit of live cheerfulness always beside one.

Elizabeth [the servant] has been to Exeter for a fortnight visiting her Parents and her sister Maria has been here in her stead. For the rest, Mr. C. is very busy with his pamphlets all the forenoons and in the evenings is generally at Bath House or elsewhere. I have got to-day some slips of the sweet briar and some others from Templand which I wrote to Mrs. Russell for—the slips I got from the garden at Haddington having taken root. Love to all.

148. To Jeannie Welsh

Bad cold after Addiscombe-Nero tries to fly.

5, Cheyne Row. Monday (25th March, 1850).

DEAREST BABBIE,

I came back from Addiscombe on Thursday afternoon and ever since have been spending half my time in bed. Of course I caught a bad cold, that house being *incapable* of getting itself heated in cold weather—fortunately the mischief lying in me did not *explode* until the day after my return—there I kept up appearances well enough, and here I can get my bed kept without annoyance to anybody, except perhaps

poor little Nero, who feels it his duty to remain there while I do, and has nobody to take him out for a run—besides missing various lumps of sugar and occasional windfalls of that sort which make life more of a pleasure to him when I am on foot.

He has had another wonderful escape that dog! I begin to think he "bears a charmed life." This time the danger was entirely of his own seeking. Imagine his taking it into his head that he could fly-like the birds-if he tried! and actually trying it-out at the Library window! For a first attempt his success was not so bad; for he fairly cleared the area spikes-and tho' he did plash down on the pavement at the feet of an astonished Boy he broke no bones, was only quite stunned. He gave us a horrid fright however. It was after breakfast, and he had been standing at the open window, watching the birds—one of his chief delights—while Elizabeth was "dusting out" for Mr. C. Lying in my bed, I heard thro' the deal partition Elizabeth scream; "oh God! oh Nero!" and rush downstairs like a strong wind out at the street door. I sat up in my bed aghast-waiting with a feeling as of the Heavens falling till I heard her reascending the stairs and then I sprang to meet her in my night shift. She was white as a sheet, ready to faint-could just say; "oh take him!" the dog's body lay on her arm! "Is he killed?" I asked with terrible self possession. "Not quite,-I think, all but!"

Mr. C. came down from his bedroom with his chin all over soap and asked, "has anything happened to Nero?" "Oh Sir he must have broken all his legs, he leapt out at your window!" "God bless me!" said Mr. C. and returned to finish his shaving. I sat down on the floor and laid my insensible dog over my knees, but could see no breakage—only a stun. So I took him to bed with me—under the clothes—and in an hour's time he was as brisk and active as ever. I wonder if he intends to persevere in learning to fly—for I don't think either my own or my maid's nerves can stand it!



MRS. CARLYLE. From a photograph by W. Jeffrey.



THOMAS CARLYLE AND THE BOG "NERO" IN THE GARDEN OF NO. 5, CHEYNE ROW.



149. To Jeannie Welsh at Auchtertool

C. absorbed in Latter Day pamphlets—A "comfortable" visit to Addiscombe—The story of a pimple on the nose—On resisting hypochondriac tendencies—Consideration for friends in reduced condition—Autographs—Sermons.

Saturday (? April, 1850).

DEAREST BABBIE,

This is the only sheet of paper I have in the world, and I dare not interrupt Mr. C. at his pamphlet, to borrow some, so I must write close and to the purpose. When I wrote last I was in the thick of a cold caught at Addiscombethat wound itself up with a little fit of cholera, and then I went back to Addiscombe to get up my strength!! Mr. C. going this time for three days out of the six I stayed. Nobody else was there but Miss Farrar whom I like well enough in other people's houses-in my own she is too riotous. Lady A. was well this time and in "tearing spirits" very kind and somehow I felt more comfortable than usual in most respects, but there was one grand drawback quite fatal to my enjoymentin consequence of my cholera I suppose, there commenced the very day I left home an outrageous pimple on the very top of my nose, making me really "too ugly for anything" and so painful that I could not get it forgotten if I had had philosophy enough to forget it for a moment. Could there be a more unsuitable position for transacting such a thing? it only reached its "culminating point" the day I came away—and has since been gradually subsiding, but there is still a redness very distressing to my own sense of the beautiful as well as to other people's. The only person who put me at ease about it was Anthony S. who when I told him how it had annoyed me at Addiscombe exclaimed cordially-" Damn your nose! for a sensible woman you have really the oddest ideas! as if anybody really attached to you could love you an atom less if you were all covered over with small-pox!!!" I should not like however to try human love with permanent small-pox.

I wrote a scolding letter to Helen the other day—I had not

got a word from Maryland Street and can see that she is letting herself get imprisoned in the details of her own sick body. She had not written to Miss Sketchley either—very wrong to neglect the letters of a person fallen into poverty, and consequently more sensitive to attentions!* If anybody has a right to remonstrate with another for giving up to the egoistic temptations of long-continued ailment it is surely I who have felt them so strongly and have for so many many years kept them under by efforts like to tear the life out of me. If Helen could just feel for an hour the bodily sensation and consequent mental depression with which I go to most parties and do most of the things my hand finds to do, she would know that she is not entitled to occupy herself exclusively with the cares for herself. She had written however a nice long letter which crossed mine—and the next day came a good-natured note, really she had taken my hard sayings extremely well! My paper is getting filled. I send you a royal invitation—as a curiosity in "the Provinces" and to make you great in the eyes of Mr. Liddle! I should not wonder if he would like to buy it of you !- I will also send one of these days a vol. of sermons to Walter as a model! they are considered wonderfully fine, and were recommended to me by Thomas Erskine-but I cannot get up a sentiment for sermons.

. . . God bless you dear-Love to Walter-

Yours affectionate

TANE C.

150. To Helen Welsh

The ball at Bath House—An unaccustomed low dress—The Duke of Wellington—Week-end with young folk at Addiscombe—Death of Peel: effect on Carlyle—Geraldine and Fanny Lewald—Meets Charlotte Brontë.

Thursday (4th July, 1850).

DEAREST HELEN,

. . . The Bath House Ball threw me into a perfect fever for one week—as I had got no dress for it; not understanding

* Passages omitted from the preceding letters talk of the Sketchleys' impracticable gentility, and how Pen's friends employ her to make not very satisfactory copies of their existing portraits.

that I was to go-but Mr. C. was "quite determined for once in his life" to see an aristocratic Ball and "if I chose to be so peevish and ungracious as to stay away there was no help for me." I pleaded the want of a dress—he "would pay for any dress I chose to get;" and then I fell back on the horror of stripping myself, of "being bare"—at my age after being muffled up so many years! and that if I didn't I should be like no one else-to which he told me angrily-" true propriety consisted in conforming to other people's fashions!!! and that Eve he supposed had as much sense of decency as I had and she wore no clothes at all!!!" So I got a white silk dress-which first was made high and long-sleeved-and then on the very day of the ball was sent back to be cut down to the due pitch of indecency !- I could have gone into fits of crying when I began to put it on—but I looked so astonishingly well in it by candle light, and when I got into the fine rooms amongst the universally hare people I felt so much in keeping, that I forgot my neck and arms almost immediately. I was glad after that I went-not for any pleasure I had at the time, being past dancing, and knowing but few people-but it is an additional idea for life, to have seen such a party-all the Duchesses one ever heard tell of blazing in diamonds, all the young beauties of the season, all the distinguished statesmen &c., &c. were to be seen among the six or seven hundred people present-and the rooms all hung with artificial roses looked like an Arabian Nights entertainment—what pleased me best was the good look I got into the eyes of the old Duke of Wellington-one has no notion, seeing him on the streets, what a dear kind face he has. Lady Ashburton receiving all these people with her grand-Lady airs was also a sight worth seeing. On Saturday I went to Addiscombe with a party of boys and girls and returned on Monday night. Mr. C. and Thackeray came to dinner on Sunday but had to return at night every room being taken up. I can't imagine why Lady A. always asks me to help her with these flirting young Ladies and gentlemen. I feel more disposed to wring their necks than take part in their riotous nonsense.

Now; all is changed in that quarter by the death of Peel.

Lady A. was deeply attached to him—she is off into the country again to escape parties; came here on her way, all in tears, and asked Mr. C. to come by himself this week—as one asks the Clergyman when one is in affliction!—indeed this death has produced a greater dismay than any public event of my time—not only among his own set but crowds of working people pressed round his house all the time of his illness demanding news which a constable lifted above their heads tried to make heard in vain—and written bulletins were finally hoisted up to be read by the crowd from hour to hour. Mr. C. is mourning over him as I never saw him mourn before—went to-day to look at the house where he lies dead!—

But no impression lasts long in London society—in a few weeks they will all be visiting and "making wits" again as

if nothing had happened.

I have seen little of Geraldine, she comes pretty often but has always engagements to hurry her away. She has sworn friendship with Fanny Lewald the German authoress who is also lionizing in London at present—and gives me much of her semi-articulate company. I also met Jane Eyre (Miss Brontë) one night at Thackeray's, a less figure than Geraldine and extremely unimpressive to look at.

Write to me how you feel after your journey. John wrote that you seemed to him much better than last year. Kindest

love to them all and kisses to my Uncle.

Ever your affectionate

J. C.

151. To Helen Welsh at Buxton

Mazzini returns with a beard.

Sunday (25th Aug., 1850).

DEAREST HELEN,

... I was immensely glad the other day to receive—Mazzini! I did not think I could have felt so very glad. He looks much better than I expected and is in excellent spirits—he has a greyish beard—which is altogether a new feature—

as before he wore only black mustachios-but this beard he "begged me to believe was no efflorescence of Republicanism but necessitated in the first instance and then persevered in because found so convenient—' for you must recollect, my Dear, that in the old times I needed always to have a barber to shave me-and in the camp with Garibaldi, and flying for my life, I could not of course take everywhere with me a barber! and so my beard had to grow and now and then be cut with a scissor." For the rest he looks much as he did -and is the same affectionate simple-hearted, high-souled creature—but immensely more agreeable—talks now as one who had the habit of being listened to-and has so much of interesting matter to tell. Imagine his going to live in a madhouse at Marseilles! while waiting for a false passport—he "thought they would not seek him amongst mads, decidedly" -and another time at Geneva he lodged in the same house with the Magistrate who was empowered to discover himsure that the magistrate would look for him in every house before his own-and they lived under the same roof for fifty days.

pray tell me soon about you both. Give him the best kiss you can for me. Remember me kindly to Sophy.

Ever your affectionate,

JANE CARLYLE.

152. To Helen Welsh (?)

Not yet well—Stayed on at the Grange—Lady Ashburton has nothing to say.

5, Cheyne Row. Sunday (Oct.-Nov., 1850).

Alas, my dear Cousin, my hostile star is still in the ascendant! and hardly anything short of a strong impulse of natural affection could prevail on me to write a letter just now. But it looks so very long since I wrote, and you are so good in answering: that I must find half an hour's time and

a little composure of soul just to tell you briefly how it has

been and is going with me here.

Your last long good letter found me still at the Grangewhere I remained three days beyond the appointed time. Lady A. caught a cold at the end of the business and was in bed the day we were all to come away. Lord A. was not yet returned from Spain where his wife had sent him for the purpose of being made seasick in the Bay of Biscay—sea sickness being "extremely good for all that family." Among the thirty servants at the Grange there was not one in whose kind nursing her Ladyship seemed to trust-moreover she seemed a little afraid of being murdered by housebreakers!! So I offered to stay behind the rest till she was about again if it pleased her-and it did please her-tho' why were difficult to tell, for-she would not have me sit with her above an hour in the day while in bed, and when out of it, the third day, she had absolutely nothing to say to me! I don't know whether she is always so when alone with women—but the longer we know one another and the more we are intimate to outward appearance the less have we to say to one another alone. . . .

153. To Jeannie Welsh

Upset by a dose of morphia—Mazzini arrives—Engages a new servant
—Tenderness for her servant's infirmities.

5, Cheyne Row, Wednesday (5th March, 1851).

DEAREST BABBIE,

I am in poor case for writing, having been laid up in bed for pretty well three days—I suppose it is an unpronounced cold—if not the effects of—poison! Not that I suppose my Life in any one's way—or have been attempting it myself—at least voluntarily. I merely wished to get myself some sleep after having gone without it for three nights, and took about four of the third morning a dose of Morphine which might or might not have been the right quantity—for the little black pills had melted and run all together and I had to divide

them with a penknife. All next day I felt quite dead—as if I were only kept going by galvanism. Mazzini dropt on me from the skies, and even the surprise did not awake me—and at night I took to fainting and having horrid spasms. It might be that the morphine, so useful sometimes, had merely on this occasion had a quarrel in me with the ailment, whatever it was, that had been taking away my sleep—certainly the effects of that must be quite over now—and I still feel sick and sore and miserably all-overish.

Yesterday I got up about four in the afternoon, and came down to-engage a new servant! a thing very repugnant to me even in the perpendicular position—and horrible to think of on the flat of my back. I told you I think that the last new one had gone deaf on New Year's Day. She has never recovered yet and has been a very heavy handful latterly; as I have had to do all the door-answering in the first instance, (having to go to seek her to open it). How It gets opened when I am out of the house I have no conception! Then instead of exerting her other faculties to make up for the defect of hearing, she grows more and more nervous and helpless-not to be wondered at poor thing! having a most delicate finelady organisation to begin with. Still I thought if I who was used to her and so hated new faces and new ways could not make shift to go on with her who would be likely to begin with her? And nobody knows how long it would have been before I should have mustered inhumanity enough to give her warning on account of her deafness-to say nothing of courage enough to front another change. But a week ago she took the initiative and told me with the most placid indifference that she "meant to leave in a month" as she should certainly "die of grief" if she went on "listening to bells and never hearing them!" "But what will you do?" I asked. "Oh! (she had it all cut and dry) I will go into a kitchen where I shall have fellow servants to speak loud to me and, have nothing to do with the bells, or the up-stairs." I could not but approve her purpose—provided she get it " carried out ". So yesterday I was engaging another—equally refined—less sensitive looking but more sentimental--with I should say a great tendency to "George Sandism and all that sort of thing." I remarked that she did not look very strong—the answer was "perhaps I look more delicate for being in mourning—mourning (for her mother) is such a denial to a young person, everyone, I think, looks best in colours." But she has a three years' character and can cook—especially fish her mistress said—"all sorts of fish in all sorts of ways"—pity we never eat fish hardly—I suppose I shall get hardened to changes like other people—certainly I am taking this one easily. To be sure there has been no row—the general accompaniment of change—and which puts one all bilious at the outset. I really am very sick Babbie dear! and must not begin another sheetkin.

Kindest love to Uncle and all the rest,

Your ever affectionate,

JANE CARLYLE.

154. To Jeannie Welsh

Volition weakened by ill-health—Recent letters could not be private—Regrets Babbie's impending marriage—Further change of servants—The Great Exhibition disappointing.

Sunday (11th May, 1851).

DEAREST BABBIE,

When I got your last note, I meant to answer it by the next post; but what I mean to do is precisely the last thing I get done, anything, everything rather than that! Of course the fault is in myself and not in my contrairy circumstances—if I could rid myself of the weak notion that I am too bothered, or too wearied out, for doing this or that, for writing to you, for instance; there is no such pressure of bother on me that I might not write you at least a dozen lines every day of my life, but believe that you haven't time nor strength and you haven't them, tho', for the rest, you may be all the while yawning over the fire, and up to walking ten miles were the temptation great enough.

Don't suppose, like a dear Babbie as you are and will always be for me, that there is anything more in these long silences than a defective condition of my *volition*, the result in great measure of general ill-health I am sure, for long ago, whatever thing I had it in my mind to do, I did and the more hindrances, the more haste—and latterly there has been too a complication in our correspondence rendering my letters to you individually a pro bono publico affair, a sort of letters which I have no skill in writing, and less than no liking to write. If I was to be always keeping Helen in view in my letters-better, certainly easier it was, to write direct to herself, and so at the same time show her the little attention which is the privilege of invalids. Do you write to me as formerly?—there is no invalid here keeping a sharp look out on all the letters that come to the house, and feeling aggrieved if they be not imparted to her; and yetwhat do you tell me but small nonsenses that you evidently fall half asleep over while you are writing them-for example you had to tell me in your last letter that Andrew had been a fortnight with you in Liverpool-and a good deal besides I should think-and what did you tell me? Oh Babbie! how I wish it had not been your idea to pitch your tent in this "valley of the shadow of marriage" -it is a very relaxing air I am sure and peculiarly unsuitable to your constitution. But certainly I am not the best authorized person to tell people how they should manage their lives under that head of Method-having made such a mess of my own life-God help me!

If you have heard from Liverpool in these days they would perhaps tell you that I am scheming to have Helen up for a week or two to see this eternal "Exhibition." If Mr. C. had only carried out his project of going off to Copenhagen the beginning of May, great things might have come off—in which you might have taken some part—but instead of what I had set my heart on I find myself more tied up even than usual—Mr. C. here, correcting proofs with no more tendency towards Denmark for the present—and oh horror! the old story of a change of servants to be gone over again the week after next!

. . . I was not purposing to go near the Exhibition myself till I took her or someone to see it—I had not so much as gone to view the outside since it was roofed in. But the other day Forster offered us his Examiner-ticket* which admitted both Mr. C. and a lady—so we went and oh how—tired I was!

^{*} I.e. a press ticket for his paper "The Examiner."

Not that it is not really a very beautiful sight-especially at the entrance; the three large trees, built in, because the people objected to their being cut down, a crystal fountain, and a large blue canopy give one a momentary impression of a Bazaar in the Arabian Nights Entertainments-and such a lot of things of different kinds and of well dressed people-for the tickets were still 5/- -was rather imposing for a few minutes-but when you come to look at the wares in detail—there was nothing really worth looking at-at least that one could not have seen samples of in the shops. The big diamond indeed-worth a million! that one could not have seen at any jeweller's—but oh Babbie what a disappointment! for the big diamond-unset -looked precisely like a bit of crystal the size and shape of the first joint of your thumb! And the fatigue of even the most cursory survey was indescribable and to tell you the God's truth I would not have given the pleasure of reading a good Fairy Tale for all the pleasure to be got from that "Fairy Scene"! I have surely a great many things to tell you not about the Exhibition-but I have only a horrid steel pen and my paper appears to be scarce.

Write soon again, you demoralised little dear Babbie-and

believe me your ever loving,

I.C.

155. To Helen Welsh

Thackeray's Lectures—Nero lost again—Her "superfluous sensibility.'

Thackeray lectured on English Humorists, May 22-July 3, 1851.

5, Cheyne Row, Thursday (? 5th June, 1851).

DEAREST HELEN,

Just one line to say that I find I miscounted by a day. I said the 12th, and it is on Wednesday which is the 11th. that I want you-Thursday is Thackeray's Lecture day, and I have a ticket waiting for you. The Lectures between you and me are no great things-as Lectures-but it is the fashion to find them "so amusing"! and the audience is the most brilliant I ever saw in one room—unless in Bath House drawing-rooms. So I will expect you on Wednesday—about four—that is much the pleasantest hour for arriving—especially as going to meet you at the station would be perfectly useless—as I should certainly miss you in the crowd.

I am very dull this morning having again lost my dog. I went out to walk with Mr. C. last night (for a wonder) towards dark; and at the top of Cook's Grounds, close by my own door, on returning, the poor little creature was snapt up by two men and run off with into space! It is a very cruel sort of thieving that! His name and address is on his collar, so they can bring him back if they like—but won't I fear unless I again advertise and offer a specific reward which I will try hard to keep myself from doing, miserable as I feel under his loss; for there is no doubt of its being the regular gang that have got him this time, and if they find I am ready to buy him back at any price (as I am) they will be always stealing him—till I have not a penny left! or else I should have to take him out only with a chain—and that is so sad a life for the poor dog. What his life is to-day I am afraid to conjecture.

I wish I had never set up a dog. I did not think there was so much superfluous sensibility left in me—that I should lose my sleep for the dog's absence out of my bed.

God bless you.

J. C.

156. To Jeannie Welsh

Carlyle returns from visiting the Ashburtons at Paris—Apparent slights from Lady Ashburton.

Wednesday (15th Oct., 1851).

DEAREST BABBIE, . . .

vigorously since his return from Paris—the Ashburtons were only two days behind him—a fact which threw some light on his return sooner than was expected. They (the Ashburtons) are now in town. She brought me a woollen scarf of her own knitting during their stay in Switzerland and a cornelian bracelet

and—a similar scarf only smaller for Mr. C.—in fact I believe the dear woman would never have done all that knitting for me unless as a handsome preparation for doing the comforter for Mr. C. She is really "what shall I say?—strange upon my honour." On her first arrival in London she staid only two hours and drove down here with these things. I was gone out so she left them-with Mr. C. whom she saw-and then wrote me a note of invitation to the Grange-which I answered negatively-" being so wearied of visiting for the present" -but begged she would let me see her on her coming to town this week—I would go up to her at any hour morning or evening. After knitting me a scarf one might have supposed she would have cared to see me for ten minutes in six months and after having Mr. C. away in Paris she might have felt it decent to constrain herself to receive his wife whether she liked it or no. But not at all! When Mr. C. who of course was there so soon as she arrived, and before I knew she was to arrive that day, asked "if she would be disengaged at any time so that I might see her" she made no answer he said, and on the following morning comes a note which I will enclose.

Because she must go to the Exhibition with Lady Sandwich one day she could not have me come to see her any of the three days she was to be in town! and the very day this note came—and after reading it Mr. C. walked off and sat an hour with her and is off now again thro' a pouring rain to sit till dinner time. And he "could not see what the devil business I had to find anything strange in that or to suppose that any slight was put on me"—on the contrary she "had spoken of the impossibility of receiving me in the most goodnatured manner!!"

I suppose I ought to feel by this time quite resigned to such annoyances—or rather I ought to feel and to have always felt quite superior to them—but I am angry and sorrowful all the same. It is not of course any caprice she can show to me that annoys me. I have long given up the generous attempt at loving her. But it is to see him always starting up to defend everything she does and says and no matter whether it be capricious behaviour towards his wife—so long as she flatters himself with delicate attentions.

This did not get finished in time for the post—thro' the Sterling girls coming to call—and while they were here your letter came—thanks for it dear Babbie—it is very kind of you to write at such length besides so often—when you must have your hands and head and heart all so busily employed. With your letter came a note from Lady A. to Mr. C. which turned out to be an invitation to him for this evening at 9 and after that another note came begging he would come at 8—and he is now off there again. I will not write any more tonight being in rather a bitter mood and the best in such moments is if possible to consume one's own smoke—since one cannot help smoking. God bless you all.

Your affectionate

J. CARLYLE.

157. To Helen Welsh

Dressing dolls at the Grange—The servants' tyranny—Macaulay, Lord Grey, etc.—Will not stay if ill—Books to read—French affairs—Ledru Rollin.

The Grange,
Alresford,
Hants.
Saturday (6th Dec., 1851).

DEAREST HELEN,

Your note followed me here without delay and now here is the direct address for you. Recollect moreover that when one is on a visit, the time seems always much longer than when in the monotonous routine of home—so by next week it will be seeming a month since I had news of my Uncle. Also to touch your heart as much as possible; let me add; that the very day after I arrived, I took cold which has been keeping me in-doors till I am grown quite low, and imaginative, after my bad fashion, to an even unusual degree. Happily there are no visitors here except the old Countess of Sandwich, Lady Ashburton's Mother, and the days pass quite calmly in—dressing dolls! If I had to sit thro' long dinners and take part in "wits," I could not hold out on my legs 24 hours. But that doll-dressing suits me entirely. There is to be a fine

Christmas tree for Lady A.'s school children and seven dolls form part of the gifts. These were bought naked, except for a wrappage of silkpaper and a piece of cotton wool on each of their noses to prevent damage to that interesting feature and Lady A., tho' not much given to a credulous faith in her fellow creatures, actually hoped that her Lady's maid and the Housekeeper, and their numerous subordinates would take an interest in these dolls and dress or assist her to dress them. But not a bit—not only did they show themselves impassive in the dressing question but not a rag of ribbon or any sort of scrap would they produce so that Lady A had to insist on the Housekeeper giving some pieces of furniture chintz to make frocks for the dolls and to write to London, to her ci devant Lady's maid for some scraps!!-The very footmen won't carry the dolls backwards and forwards! When told to bring one or to desire Josephine (the Lady's maid) to bring one they simply disappear and no doll comes !- I remarked on this with some impatience vesterday, and Lady A. answered, "Perfectly true, Mrs. Carlyle-they won't bring the doll !- I know it as well as you do-but what would you have me do ?-turn all the servants men and women out of the house on account of these dolls? for it would come to that-if I made a point of their doing anything in the doll line! Perhaps it would be the right thing to do-but then what should we do next week without servants when all the company come?" Such is the slavery the grandest people live under to what they call their " inferiors."

Ask my Uncle "why does a duck put his head under water?"

Answer-" For diver's reasons."

Lord Ashburton is gone into Devonshire till this day week when plenty of company comes—among the rest Mr. Carlyle and Mr. Twisleton.* Then we stay on together till after Christmas—betwixt the 18th. and 22nd. the house is to be as full as it can hold—Macaulay, the Chancellor of the Exchequer,

^{*} Lawyer, politician and author—1809-1874. While investigating the authorship of the Letters of Junius, he employed Chabot, the handwriting expert, to examine the original MSS.

Lord and Lady Grey, the Humphrey Mildmays etc. etc. God grant my cold be gone before then. I have kept myself quiet hitherto by an internal resolution, that should I grow too ill for taking part in the treadmill of society,—have to go to bed and that sort of thing—on no account to do it here, but put myself on the railway at all risks and go straight home to my own house where I might at least die without being considered a bore. . . .

What work in France again. The President's audacity astonishes me—nothing else. I want Ledru Rollin to be President because he will withdraw the French troops from Italy—and because I have bet—five shillings with Lady Sandwich on his head. Send my address to Jeanie.

God bless you all,

Your affectionate,

I. C.

158. To Helen Welsh

Titania's ledger—Induced to stay on at the Grange—Cannot get presents there to send—The Christmas tree—Carlyle and the dissected map—Trifling presents to the school children—The Thackerays—Miss Farrar—Lady Airlie's confidences.

The Grange. (27th Dec., 1851.)

DEAREST HELEN,

Your letter and the "tiny book"—that might have served as house-ledger to Titania the Fairy Queen—were none the less welcome that they came on the morning after Christmas day. I am very thankful to you for writing so often—but I do regret that I should be at such a distance from you all that I cannot drop in now and then, and get a kiss of my dear Uncle, and see how he is with my own eyes. Another regret is that I shall not now be able to get The Romance of the Peerage to him by new year's day as I intended to—for we are to stay here till Friday of next week. Had Lady A. confided to me when she begged me to stay, and help her to do the little Thackerays that both Miss Farrar and Emily Baring were to be

here at the same time I should have kept to the original programme for my share—Miss Farrar having a fund of liveliness and good nature up to taking on her own shoulders the weight of any number of little Misses-but I was left to believe Lady A. should be alone with these children and her Mother, if I refused to stay; and in that case there would have been a certain ungraciousness in refusing her request. It puts me out considerably however not being home before new year's day to send the little remembrances I am in the habit of sending to dear old Haddington Betty, Mrs. Russell and various othershere, there is absolutely nothing to be got. Alresford the nearest place has no decent shops in it, and besides I could no more get there than to London, being still a sort of prisoner-all my walking being a few turns on sunshiny days (which are few) on the sheltered side of the flower garden. I can write to them however in the meantime and send the ribbons &c. after I go back. Then too I will not forget my Uncle's book.

Our Christmas Tree came off with great success on Wednesday evening. It stood in the middle of the Servants' Hall which was profusely decorated with evergreens, and inscriptions written in red berries "God save the Queen"-" Long live Lord and Lady Ashburton &c. &c."—the tree was a fir tree six feet high-stuck quite full of apples and walnuts gilded with Dutch leaf-lighted coloured wax tapers-and little bundles of comfits-the presents, of which the seven dolls were much the finest, lay on a table erected all round the tree and covered with white cloths—the forty-eight children with their school mistress and Mothers and most of the servants. were ranged round while Lady A., attended by his Lordship, the Clergyman and his wife and two daughters, Mr. C. and myself, distributed the presents calling up each child by name and saying something graceful and witty along with the doll, top, or whatever it might be. Mr. C. had begged to have a map of the world in pieces given to him, which was done very cleverly. "Thomas Carlyle-the Scholar," shouted her Ladyship and the Scholar himself advanced. "There is a map of the world for you-see that you put it all together and make the pieces fit." The scholar made his bow, and looked as enchanted as any little boy or girl among them. There was afterwards some mumming executed before us by country lads in paper dresses-and then we came away leaving the children and their mothers to enjoy the mugs of tea with large junks of currant loaf spread for them on a long table. The whole thing had a very fine effect—and might have given occasion for a laudatory newspaper paragraph, but one reflection that I could not help making rather spoiled it for me—viz: that the whole forty-eight presents had cost just 2 pounds twelve and sixpence; having been bought in the Lowther Arcade the most rubbishy place in London-with a regard of expense that would have been meritorious in the like of us but which seemed to me-what shall I sav?-incomprehensible-in a person with an income of f,40,000 a year—and who gives balls at the cost of f,700 each, or will spend f,100 on a china jar !—I should have liked each child to have got at least a frock given it—when one was going to look munificent. But everyone has his own notions on spending money.

For the rest it has been what Miss Farrar would call "a dreadful slow Christmas" except for the servants who had a ball last night which lasted till six in the morning—we upstairs were in the reactionary state of our company spirits of last week. But Thackeray and Miss Farrar come to-day—and the steam must be got up again.

And now I must end having several other letters to write—to the young Countess amongst others (Blanche Airlie) who continues to send me letters so confidential, that I feel as if I were being constituted dry nurse to her soul!—without having been "trained to the business." Love to you all, kisses to my Uncle

Your aff.
J. W. C.

159. To Helen Welsh

Lady Sandwich and evening dress—Recovering—Clough, Emily
Baring, Lady Grey—Lady Alice Lambton—Invitation from
Lord Lansdowne—Miss Sedgwick's book on England.

The Grange. (Monday).

If it were not for the worry to yourself, dearest Helen, I should rejoice at the little mistake which has procured me two nice long letters from you instead of one—the other letter came with its enclosure all right, nor did I even notice the misdirection. Thanks very many for your prompt and liberal execution of my little commission—the tinsel ribbon was quite an inspiration of Providence, it suits so beautifully the ornament to be suspended round my neck and without which I could not wear the only low dress I had brought with them-any bareness being horribly against my feelings at this date tho' Lady Sandwich who is turned 70 shows a whole neck and breast much less presentable than mine, any day. I have counted sixteen splendid silk dresses in which that old Countess has appeared since she emerged from her sick room !-- the last was white glacé with a low polka of the same profusely embroidered with white bugles! As for me I have just two decent gowns and I put them on on alternate days.

For the rest, I am pretty well recovered now—tho' I have only once gone further than the Conservatory *—so afraid I am of getting fresh cold, our five visitors all went off this morning—for a Cabinet meeting—leaving behind only Mr. Clough (a Liverpool man) and Emily Baring Lord A.'s sister. Lady Grey who generally calls her husband "my Earl" reminds me always of Mrs. Davidson at Haddington—no great shakes of a Lady—and a young Lady Alice Lambton whom she brought with her would in our circles be called a little white Negro—but as the daughter of Lord Durham, she passes for a "young person of very elegant manners and great intelligence." The old Marquis of Lansdowne was

^{*} This conservatory, being one-thirty-sixth of a mile in length, made a good promenade.

also here and, as a proof that my private sufferings did not make me dull—whatever else—he has invited me as well as Mr. C. to Bowood—a crowning grace of aristocratic favour—which may remind you of Miss Sedgwick's book on England, in which she mentions having "scaled the social ladder" beginning with tea at Thomas Carlyle's and ending at Lansdowne House. There is a good deal that is wearisome in it but also an interesting account of Jewish manners—and many eloquent and thoughtful pages.

I must stop—Dear—the meaning of this separate page I

will tell you next time.

God bless you all.

Yours affectionately

JANE CARLYLE.

160. To Helen Welsh

Nero lost and found—Lady Ashburton's misfortunes on the way to Windsor—"That nose on a pillow!"—A cushion for Lady Ashburton.

Sunday (Feb., 1852)

DEAREST HELEN,

. . . Yesterday I went with Miss Farrar to buy some pots of flowers, and when she had terminated her bargaining with the man—(she has a mania for beating people down in their prices, that young Lady!) I perceived that I had lost-Nero! After looking all about for him, I hurried back home and when the door was opened he bounded out into my arms. Ann said "he got a lady to knock at the door for him!" "The lady said 'wasn't this our dog, she had found him very unhappy in the streets." I said to Miss Farrar, "I wonder he followed a stranger lady home." "Pooh," says Miss Farrar, "depend on it the lady followed him home, by way of looking obliging!" The half-hour's fright however had given me what Ann called "quite a turn "-I could stand the creature's loss now less than ever. Tom Taylor has made a poor thing of the stealing of Mrs. Baker's Pet-Mrs. Baker is not half miserable enough—only very foolish. By the way how is Mary's blessed Tearem? Her attachment to that I must say

not very lovely dog was quite beautiful, so superior to both abuse

Lady Ashburton has been in town for a few days on her way to Windsor to visit the Queen. She had just laid by all her fine clothes till they should be needed for the London season-the Company at the Grange being all over-and had got a couple of gowns packed to go with to Addiscombe when the invitation arrived—the Carriage already at the door to take them to the Train. So she left her French maid behind to get out the necessary finery and came up to town without a maid, and "drove about Islington all the forenoon seeking up a former maid to help her in getting a new gown "-(as if she hadn't enough) and next day the French woman arrived, having left half of what was required behind her!! "The troubles that afflict the just" etc. The old Countess is also come to town-going back to live at Paris, which I am sorry for-at 72 she is decidedly one of the very most entertaining and agreeable people I know. I was talking to her of A. B., saying I wondered that she didn't get married, with sixty thousand pounds. "Married!" said Lady Sandwich-" what are you thinking of-who would marry anything so ugly?" "But really," I said, "she is not after all so very ugly. She is Ladylike-has a very nice figure, a good skin and hair-is not too old-is accomplished, amiable; men don't need all that usually to help them to marry sixty thousand pounds!" The old Countess sat staring at me till I had done and then exclaimed almost indignantly—" Great God, Mrs. Carlyle, what nonsense you are talking! just imagine that nose on a pillow!" But unless you had seen the nose you cannot enjoy the fun of this speech. That is the style of the thing.

I had such a laughable note from Lord Ashburton the other night which I will send you—but let me have it back for it contains a riddle which I have not yet been able to solve—where has he put my cushion? When I was at the Grange I had some wool for crocheting—by way of drawingroom work, after the dolls were dressed. I had chosen it myself and nothing could well be uglier—everybody cried out "what a frightful piece of work!—what are you going to make of it?"

One night amidst the general reprobation I had spread it on my knee and was looking at it quite disheartened, when Lord A. who never attends to what is said or if he does, forgets it in an instant, said suddenly, "that is very pretty!" "You really think so?" "Yes, certainly!" "Then you shall have it! I will finish it after all—for you!" He looked quite terrified—everybody laughed at him, and Lady A. said, "Mouse, I pity you with that cushion! you will inevitably get it! and whatever you are going to do with it Heaven only knows!" A fortnight ago I made it up—and left it at Bath House for his coming—with a ridiculous note inside of the paper cover. When I saw him on Tuesday evening he said not a word of the cushion, and on Thursday night came this note. Read it and tell me if you can where has he put my cushion.

And now I have written enough to make your eyes weary. Good night dear Helen. Kisses to my Uncle and God bless you all.

Yours affectionately,

JANE CARLYLE.

161. To Helen Welsh

No lawful claim to a letter -The "year in Germany" given up -C. stays during building alterations till the middle of the month-Builders less fatiguing than soirces.

Friday (July, 1852).

DEAREST HELEN,

I am well aware that I have no lawful claim to any letter from Auchtertool—and yet such is the natural injustice of me that I have been daily expecting one, and feel as if I were an injured woman. Clearly none is coming, anyhow, until I shall have myself written, and so I write—tho' in circumstances of "distraction" making all reflection and even all grammar impossible. Our "year in Germany" has ended, for the present at least, in a general repair of this house, worse than repair indeed, for certain alterations are being made that have thrown the whole first floor in ruins, and every day irruption is made into some room above or beneath rendering it necessary to catch up all the furniture in one's arms and rush

away with it-one knows not where! A week now has passed in this violent exertion and there may be some three months more of it for any hope I see to the contrary, and if you consider that the thermometer has been all the while standing at 83 in the shade—and also that Mr. C. exactly at the wrong moment has been seized with an invincible disposition to stay where he is you will readily figure that my situation is rather wonderful, and not favourable to letter-writing. If Mr. C. had but gone away, I should have had his bedroom, which is only to be papered and painted; into which I might have stowed away myself and the furniture for a time—but he has had the little dressing room turned into a most delectable study for the occasion, and there he sits serene in the middle of a noise as of a battle of Waterloo, and universal chaos throughout the rest of the house—then of course meals and all that sort of thing must go on as usual, and cold baths! and his floor must be kept constantly watered-and in short I have had to bring back my little girl to attend on him specially. For a week or two before the disturbance began I was every day running up and down to the City and elsewhere-after the lease and lawyers, and house-agents and architects and the devil knows whatand all the while not knowing whether Mr. C. would go or stay or whether I myself was not to go on the first of July to Homburg with the Ashburtons. Now, it seems pretty certain that I must stay here—at least till the painting begin, and then I must retire into the neighbourhood to superintend it-Mr. C. thinks it would be all botched if nobody looked to itand I daresay it would. Lady A. offered me the use of Addiscombe whence I could come twice a week or so-but I shall hardly accept that magnificent retirement-if I can find any other.

Nero is very unhappy and I am uncomfortable enough—but like better being tired out in this way than in soirees etc., etc.,—thanks God I keep clear of headache—and in spite of the intense heat my sickness is not so continuous this summer as the two or three previous ones.

Interrupted—
Best not miss a post.

162. To Helen Welsh

Distressing neuralgia, result of a call on Miss Mulock—Lady Airlie and the authoress—Character of Lord Airlie—Letters and one's inmost feelings—The "year in Germany"—Geraldine's phases and "getting old"—The Sketchleys: use for a portrait by Pen—Ann.

Thursday (July? 1852).

DEAREST HELEN,

I cannot bear that you should think me slow in answering your kind and I cannot tell you how welcome letter, so I sit down to write just risen out of my bed, and holding my face with one hand; being in severe pain with the faceache. It is four or five days that I have been in and out of bed, kneeling before chairs, walking desperately about the room, trying all ways of bearing this gnawing pain which prevents me from either eating or sleeping. Lady Airlie (Blanche Stanley whom you remember) made me go with her last Friday to Camden Town in an open carriage to call for Miss Mulock, Authoress of The Ogilvies, Head of the Family, etc. from whom the romantic and not very wise young Countess had taken it into her head she could extract "the secret of the Universe"! Miss Mulock was much amused seemingly at this aristocratic vagary, looked down on the Lady Airlie who like all romantic women had chosen to sit on "a low seat" beside her, with an expression of humouring condescension! and answered her questions as if she had been some precocious child! I keeping silence till Blanche got on the subject of "Husbands who have married women of superior minds to their own "-and then I told Miss Mulock "not to let that young lady talk nonsense about her husband to her-that her Husband was quite a different person from what she led people to suppose"!!!

"Let us hear," said Blanche quite good-humouredly—
"do tell us what he is!!!" "He is young and handsome and
gentlemanly" I said—"is very unpresuming, very affectionatelooking, very silent and shy—but what he does say is sensible!"
"Dear me" interrupted Blanche, "I shall tell him all that—
he will be quite pleased!" Did you ever hear of such a foolish

creature?

On the way home she put her arm round my neck and begged me "not to be angry"—that she "didn't mean to speak against Airlie-only against the sportsman class generally!" But I can give you no idea of her indiscretion nor of the charm of beauty and childlikeness that makes one always pardon her. What we have to do with her here is as the involuntary cause of all this pain in my face—and teeth. I shivered all the way home and in the course of the night awoke wild-and have been going on more or less wild ever sinceobliged to give up a great party at Bath House last night-but that was the compensation rather than a sacrifice.

Indeed dear Helen I was heartily glad to see your clear, lady-like handwriting on the back of a letter to me again, and very grateful to you for writing at such length tho' you were quite mistaken if you made a point of saying next to nothing about your health from the idea that anything else could be more interesting to me. Understand this another time-that what you think and feel about yourself, if it do yourself no harm to write it, is just what I should like best to read, and sometimes it does one good to speak one's inmost feelings-tho' oftenest

harm I believe.

The German scheme is lying quiet, only now and then such phrases as "it will do till we go to Germany "-" When we go to Germany we will etc." strike a sudden terror into my mind. For a little while well and good-but for a whole year to have nothing to fall back upon under his and my own

gloom! Mercy that will be awful!*

Geraldine desired me to tell you "how very sorry she was to hear of your having been so ill again "-I hear from her but seldom at present, she has been in one of her perverse phases, which however is passing. "The fact is I believe (as Darwin said the other day when I complained of some man being grown disagreeable) "The fact is I believe we are all getting rather old!" And the wind has also been very long in the eastand that I observe makes everybody quarrelsome.

I have been in rather intimate relations with the Sketchleys

^{*} In the end, Carlyle went alone to Scotland in the last week of July and then to Germany for six weeks from August 29.

lately. Pen was very officious in seeking superfluous charwomen for me after I had suited myself in Helps—and now Ann being found equal to the work I have made over my little girl to them —until they get a grown servant—they had been without a servant or anything instead for ten days—had parted with the large woman because "she lied" and "was curious" and "read novels." Pen is painting she says to order at a great rate—but the fact is dear Helen, these people live on their—"difficulties"—their difficulties are all their "visible means." Penny is kissing-kind with me just now and has asked as a favour that I would sit to her! She "wishes to give me my own picture as a proof of her gratitude." I shall sit because if the picture has a shadow of resemblance it will be a great Heaven-sending* to the Countess von Reichenbach.

Ann is much more effective and obliging than for long before she went away and will do quite well "until we go to Germany." Especially as I know now of an adorable cook to assist whenever I want her—the woman who was with me daily at dinner time and whom I got quite fond of. As for Mr. Carlyle he will lament her loss I think all the rest of his life.

Good bye now dearest Helen and don't forget the position in which I have had to write this letter; that you may excuse the illegibility and stupidity. Write soon again like a Dear.

Your affectionate cousin,

JANE W. CARLYLE.

163. To Helen Welsh

Helen writes good letters, if too seldom—Carlyle's "bilious misery" and its only suitable end as in Cavaignac's story—Returns early from the Grange to finish the house—Thieves again—Carlyle cannot endure new arrangements—Alterations described—John and his wife—Funeral of the Duke of Wellington (18th Nov.).

5, Cheyne Row. Sunday (14th Nov., 1852).

As I have told you before, I think dear Helen, you write exceedingly good letters; the more's the pity that you write them so seldom.

^{*} Himmelsendung, as p. 7.

But in protesting against the silence of others just now, I feel quite in a false position. "Pluck the beam out of etc., etc."

I won't however lose time in excuses.

You seem to be in Cimmerian darkness as to the conditionof-5-Cheyne-Row question-don't even know if Mr. C. be returned. We here have known of his return only too well I can tell you; for he came home * (a month ago) in such a state of what he calls "bilious misery," that I really saw no more suitable winding up of the whole thing, than that in Cavaignac's Tale of "L'Homme de Bien-L'homme de Rien," viz. that he and I should step out into the garden, and joining hands, each holding a loaded pistol in the other, calmly, and resolutely-blow each, his own brains out! X had such a capital pair of pistols too, all ready at half cock ! We did nothing so sensible however but went instead to the Grange, the second day after his return; and stayed there a fortnight, where the "bilious misery" was increased to a pitch! rather than assuaged, by eight o'clock dinner and the excitements of high life. I too caught a cold there as usual, which kept me very dull-and I was glad enough at the end of the fortnight to come home to my new painted house, leaving Mr. C. behind for three days till I should get things in some better order for him than they were on his arrival from Germany-for then the painters and paper-hangers, three of the one and five of the other, were just making a great effort to finish the staircase before his coming. I found that Fanny [the maid] had had the thieves again. Did I tell you of their first invasion? But the last time they did not effect an entrance. Mr. Piper slept in the house during my absence, and my pistols were here-but nobody but myself I fancy would have had the spirit to fire them. You can't imagine how utterly strange and unhomelike all these improvements have made the poor house, I perfectly hate it as yet. And Mr. C. who can't bear anything not exactly as he has been used to it; you may fancy how he likes having all his books and clothes and everything in new places!

^{*} From Germany:—"'half dead' out of those horrors of indigestion, insomnia, and continual chaotic wretchedness." (T.C. in L.M. ii. 208.)
† "The identical pistols with which old Walter of the *Times* was to have fought his duel, which did not come off." (L.M. ii. 207.)

Thank God it has been all his own doing—I suppose however the house is much improved—for those who haven't to live in it.

The drawing-room is a fine square room with new modern window and modern chimney—will be comfortable perhaps when it is papered and painted which it cannot be till next year. Meanwhile it has got the old furniture in it and Mr. C. sits there with bare walls. My old bed-room in which I still sleep, is prettily painted and papered in pink, but for practical purposes quite spoiled—three feet taken off it and the large bookcase set into it make it too small for my breathing in. The spare bed (its own being too large for it) stands facing the fire place and I have not had one good night's sleep in it since I was put into these new conditions. My imagination is tormented with all that various literature in the wall, and with the feeling of being in The Iron Shroud (do you know that story?) and with the change in my curtains etc.—alas! when one's sleep is so easily scared away!

The up-stairs room-yours, is enlarged by having the chimney and closets taken back two feet-and has the centre window broken out, and the red bed is to be put up there and I am to sleep there—hereafter when it is papered and painted but that also could not be finished this year on account of the damp of the walls. Mr. C.'s bed-room is as it was in size—but beautifully painted-faint pink-and there are wainscot closets for his clothes running all along the recess at the fireplace and he has got my pretty green carpet, and Mrs. Carlyle's picture over the mantelpiece, and is very smart indeed; the closet at the top is half filled with a great cistern and the kitchen and back kitchen are flagged and painted anew and the larder smoothed up with a window broken into it—the same at which the thieves came in and took six pounds worth of things. There is also a window broken out in the upper staircase-and that I think is all.

John and his wife passed thro' last week to the Isle of Wight. I did not see them but they return for a week on Tuesday. I took yesterday a beautiful lodging in Sloane Street for them—at this end of it—and I expect to like my new sister-in-law from all I hear.

This end of London is in a quite horrible confusion at present with that Lying in State of the dead Duke. Thousands and Thousands of people thronging to see him and trampling one another to death! I went yesterday along Paradise Row, meaning to see the thing myself if it were practicable—but when I saw the sea of human beings swaying to and fro I made off fast enough. I don't know for certain how many people were killed yesterday—Mr. Piper saw two dead women carried away on stretchers—and a Policeman said four bodies were lying in the workhouse, nine were taken to the Hospital but it is impossible to ascertain all the accidents in such a horrid confusion.

We are to go to Bath House to see the Procession—which will cost me a new black bonnet, not having such a thing. Numbers of men have been working all day (Sunday) and all last night and are to work all to-night putting up barriers to prepare against the crowd to-morrow. Better a great deal to have buried the Duke and been done with it.

God bless you all.

Your loving cousin,
JANE CARLYLE.

164. To Helen Welsh

A perplexing address and gift—For the dog, the feet, the teapot or a baby?—Wants a fireside talk—Summer plans—The Reichenbachs: real friends—London friendships based on locality—John Greig—Lady Ashburton wants her company—Uncle John and his son—Death of William Gibson.

Saturday (25th Dec., 1852).

Well, certainly! dearest Helen, anything like my perplexity over that beautiful piece of work yesterday morning is not easy to conceive. Was it a delicate attention to my dog, carried out on the most foolishly extravagant principles, both as to materials and pains? to increase my confusion of mind I could not determine whether the address on the packet was in your handwriting or Geraldine's. You write my name and address—tho' nothing else—so excessively like Geraldine.

Now Geraldine couldn't have done that work herself, but she was quite up to having imposed it on some female friend, with an eye to Nero! then if it was not a bag to put my blessed dog into; surely it must be to put feet into—but again "what a waste!" (as Dwerkanaught said to Lord Ashley of the eighteen young women burnt in a Suttee). The feet that went into that must be Venus's feet to begin with and attired in cobweb stockings and white satin slippers! At night came "the solution," if solution it could be called! to put over a teapot!!! Mercy of Heaven! all that lovely braiding put over a teapot! that seems the absurdest waste of all! Indeed my dear, I shall do nothing of the sort—I will keep it till—I have a baby! and as it is likely to be "a very small one" it shall be a little

bed for my baby!

I am glad to see such signs both in your letter and in this labour of love that you are about and active-much should I like to descend on a "wishing carpet" now and then and have a fire-side talk. I wonder if I shall be in Scotland this summer -Chi sa? I am trying to get off from my visit to the Grange at Easter. I shall be better here with the house all to myselfbesides the Reichenbachs are going to America soon, almost immediately *--and I have been very intimate with them for the last year-and am become so deeply attached to them all, man, woman and children! Oh such people they are when one knows them! and the idea of their going away-under all the circumstances—is heart-breaking to me! I did not think I had so much heart-breakableness left-and I cannot and will not cut off ten days of them, out of the little spell left-not for all the Lords and Ladies in the Kingdom. There will be time enough for the Grange and any good that is to be done there, when I am again without real friends near me-for what do I really care for all these London people or do they care for me? London friendship! Ah God! Henry Taylor truly told me long ago "its ruling principle was locality" and its minor principles are ennui, vanity, convenience,-I have found out for myself.

But-but-quietness is best. Do you know if John Greig



^{*} They settled near Philadelphia.

be still at Canandaigua—I should have heard surely if he were dead. I don't suppose the Reichenbachs will be in his direction—but I should like to know if he be still there, in case of any possibility of an introduction to him—which were as great a kindness to him as to them.

Lady A. is in town and was to have gone back to the Grange to-day but she has now sent a man on horseback with one line—"ill—and can't stir"—which means I suppose "will you come and see me—so I must go and put my bonnet on."

How glad I am dear Uncle has got his little Benjamin * back!—it will do him more good than all the medical advice in the world.

Poor old Gibson! † I was thinking about a month ago where was he? I would ask you and write him a letter; it would please him so much. Now one can do nothing to please him never more. Oh that sad word nevermore!

Your affectionate,

J. W. C.

165. To Jeannie Chrystal

Photograph of Jeannie's baby—Death of Elizabeth Pepoli and Lady Sandwich.

5, Cheyne Road, Chelsea.

Saturday (Jan., 1863).

My DEAR JEANIE,

That Photograph gives me the queerest unearthly feeling! I seem to be pitched suddenly back into the year 1820, and seeing yourself—as you lived and looked, when—"what shall I say?"—coquetting with Dr. Carson or some other of your early admirers. I never saw a more perfect likeness—of you! Thanks for sending it, and for sending it on new year's day! Your packet and a letter from Maggie were the only "delicate attentions" paid me this new year's day. And my "first foot" was a woman who bores me to death, and who performed that mission quite unconsciously.

^{*} His son John (born 1826, died 1860), who was now returning from abroad.

[†] See note in Letter 119.

Well! the new year's day before—I had a quite satisfactory first foot; and beautiful new year's gifts—and a great many charming letters,—and God knows the good luck spent itself all on the first day! Three of those who tried to make my year lucky to my imagination, and sent me gifts and letters, were dead, one after another, within two months after! Countess Pepoli, The Countess of Sandwich and Mrs. Twisleton—and except that I got to Scotland for a little change and rest sorely needed, it has been a luckless year, the last, all thro'! It is time to give up speaking about luck when one has got past sixty. Indeed I am somewhat of the Suffolk girl's opinion who justified herself for strangling her aunt and robbing her; on the ground that "such old creatures shouldn't be allowed to live"!...

A kiss to the Princess Royal—and thanks for her bonny little portrait. Kind regards to your Husband and a good new year to you all.

Yours affely., JANE CARLYLE.

This letter, with the picture of Jeannie's baby so strangely recalling Jeannie's own baby days, concludes the series now brought to light. Save one letter to Maggie Welsh of November in the same year (L.M. iii. 187), it is the last recorded to one of the beloved family of Welsh. Twelve years had passed since any intimate letter had gone to the more than sister of old days, estranged since her marriage, not by time and distance only, but by the fatal pressure of alien interests. This letter could not but be kind, but it is not one of the old Babbie letters. After so long a silence it is the more pathetic because, though friendship had become only a memory, the detachment of the present could not escape the echoes of a beloved and irrecoverable past.

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